



भारत में स्वास्थ्य Health in India

एन. एस. एस. 71वाँ दौर
NSS 71st Round
(जनवरी – जून 2014)
(January – June 2014)




भारत सरकार
Government of India
सांख्यिकी और कार्यक्रम कार्यान्वयन मंत्रालय
Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation
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National Sample Survey Office

प्रस्तावना

राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण कार्यालय (एनएसएसओ) के स्वास्थ्य सम्बंधी सामाजिक उपभोग सर्वेक्षण, स्वास्थ्य क्षेत्र से संबंधित प्राथमिक मात्रात्मक जानकारी जैसे रूग्णता, अस्पताल में भर्ती, महिलाओं द्वारा प्रसव पूर्व और प्रसव उपरांत देखभाल की प्राप्ति, सार्वजनिक और निजी क्षेत्रों से प्राप्त उपचार पर किया गया स्वास्थ्य सेवाओं पर व्यय, आयुष्य द्वारा उपचार का उपयोग तथा लागत आदि के मुख्य स्रोत है। इनका उपयोग योजना, नीति-निर्माण, निर्णय लेने में सहायता हेतु और विभिन्न सरकारी संगठनों, शिक्षाविदों, शोधकर्ताओं तथा विद्वानों द्वारा आगे विश्लेषणात्मक अध्ययन में इनपुट के तौर पर किया जाता है।

2. एनएसएसओ ने अपने 7वें दौर (अक्टूबर 1953 –मार्च 1954) में स्वास्थ्य संबंधी सूचना एकत्र करने हेतु अपना प्रथम प्रयास किया था। यह सर्वेक्षण और तीन तदंतर दौरों (11वें से 13वां दौर, 1956-58 के दौरान) में आयोजित सर्वेक्षण सभी अनुसंधान मूलक थे। इन सर्वेक्षणों के बाद रूग्णता की जानकारी के वैकल्पिक दृष्टिकोण की जांच करने के लिए 17वें दौर (सितंबर 1961-जुलाई 1962) में प्रायोगिक सर्वेक्षण कराया गया। पिछले सर्वेक्षणों के अनुभव के आधार पर रूग्णता संबंधी व्यापक सर्वेक्षण 28वें दौर (अक्टूबर 1973 – जून 1974) में किया गया। 42वें दौर (जुलाई 1986 – जून 1987) तथा 52वें दौर (जुलाई 1995 – जून 1996) में किए गए सामाजिक उपभोग के एनएसएस सर्वेक्षणों के आंकड़ों पर आधारित रिपोर्टों में सार्वजनिक वितरण प्रणाली, स्वास्थ्य सेवाओं, शैक्षणिक सेवाओं तथा बुजुर्गों की समस्याओं पर सूचना दी गई है। जनवरी-जून 2004 के दौरान एनएसएस के 60वें दौर के भाग के रूप में, बुजुर्गों की समस्याओं सहित रूग्णता तथा स्वास्थ्य देखभाल संबंधी सर्वेक्षण, भारत सरकार के स्वास्थ्य एवं परिवार कल्याण मंत्रालय के अनुरोध पर किया गया।
3. राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण कार्यालय का यह सतत प्रयास रहा है कि उपयोगकर्ताओं की सामयिक अपेक्षाओं को पूरा करने के लिए, शीघ्रतापूर्वक अपने सर्वेक्षण परिणामों को प्रकाशित जारी कर दिया जाए। इस उद्देश्य को ध्यान में रखते हुए तथा सर्वेक्षण के प्रमुख परिणामों को उपलब्ध कराने हेतु विस्तृत रिपोर्ट जारी करने से काफी पहले, राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण कार्यालय ने सर्वेक्षण के प्रमुख परिणाम “भारत में सामाजिक उपभोग के मुख्य संकेतक: स्वास्थ्य” प्रकाशित किये तथा साथ ही जून, 2015 में इकाई स्तरीय आंकड़े जारी किए। वर्तमान रिपोर्ट शीर्षक " भारत में स्वास्थ्य" अधिक विस्तार में सर्वेक्षण के निष्कर्षों की एवं समान विषयों पर पूर्ववर्ती राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण कार्यालय सर्वेक्षण परिणामों की, यथोचित, सामयिक तुलना प्रस्तुत करती है। इस रिपोर्ट में पांच अध्याय तथा चार परिशिष्ट हैं।
4. सर्वेक्षण अभिकल्प तथा अनुसंधान प्रभाग (एसडीआरडी) ने सर्वेक्षण पद्धति, सर्वेक्षण-साधन विकसित करने तथा यह रिपोर्ट तैयार करने का कार्य किया। क्षेत्र संकार्य प्रभाग (एफओडी) ने क्षेत्र कार्य किया और आंकड़ा विधायन तथा सारणीयन का कार्य समंक विधायन प्रभाग (डीपीडी) ने किया। समन्वय एवं प्रकाशन प्रभाग (सीपीडी) ने सर्वेक्षण संबंधी विभिन्न कार्यकलापों में समन्वयन का कार्य किया।
5. मैं सर्वेक्षण के विभिन्न चरणों में बहुमूल्य मार्गदर्शन प्रदान करने हेतु राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण के 71वें दौर के कार्य दल एवं राष्ट्रीय सांख्यिकीय आयोग (एनएससी) के अध्यक्ष और सदस्यों का अत्यंत आभारी हूँ। मैं इस रिपोर्ट को तैयार करने में शामिल एनएसएसओ के विभिन्न प्रभागों के अधिकारियों द्वारा किये गये प्रयासों की भी सराहना करता हूँ।
6. मैं आशा करता हूँ कि यह रिपोर्ट योजनाकारों, नीति-निर्माताओं, शिक्षाविदों और शोधकर्ताओं के लिए उपयोगी सिद्ध होगी। इस रिपोर्ट की विषयवस्तु, अभिन्यास अथवा रिपोर्ट के किसी अन्य पहलू में सुधार के लिये सुझावों का स्वागत है।


(समीरन मल्लिक)

नई दिल्ली
अप्रैल 2016

महानिदेशक तथा मुख्य कार्यकारी अधिकारी
राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण कार्यालय

Preface

The surveys on Social Consumption relating to Health, conducted by the National Sample Survey Office (NSSO) are the primary source of data on basic quantitative information on the health sector like morbidity, hospitalization, extent of receipt of pre-natal and post-natal care by women, expenditure incurred on treatment received from health services in public and private sectors, use and cost of treatment by AYUSH, etc.. These are used for planning, policy formulation, decision support and as input for further analytical studies by various Government organizations, academicians, researchers and scholars.

2. NSSO made its first attempt to collect information on health sector in its 7th round (Oct 1953- March 1954). This survey and those conducted in the three subsequent rounds (11th to 13th rounds, during the period 1956-58) were exploratory in nature. These surveys were followed up by a pilot survey in the 17th round (September 1961 - July 1962) to examine alternative approaches of morbidity reporting. With the experience of the earlier surveys, a full-scale survey on morbidity was conducted in the 28th round (October 1973 - June 1974). Reports based on the data of the NSS surveys of social consumption carried out in the 42nd round (July 1986 - June 1987) and the 52nd round (July 1995 - June 1996) provided information on the public distribution system, health services, educational services and the problems of the aged. As part of the 60th round of NSS conducted during January-June 2004, a survey on morbidity and health care, including the problems of aged persons, was carried out at the request of the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Government of India.

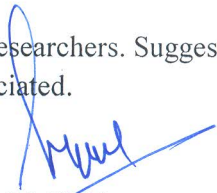
3. It has been the persistent endeavour of NSSO to bring out its survey results at the earliest to meet the requirements of its data users. With this aim in mind and with a view to making available the important results of the survey, well in advance of the release of its detailed report, NSSO brought out 'Key Indicators of Social Consumption in India: Health' containing the key results of the survey and also disseminated the unit level data in June, 2015. The present report titled "Health in India" presents the survey findings in more detail, with temporal comparison with earlier NSSO survey results on similar subjects, wherever appropriate. The report is organized in five chapters and four appendices.

4. Survey Design and Research Division (SDRD) undertook the development of survey instruments and the preparation of this document. Field work of the survey was carried out by the Field Operations Division (FOD) and the data processing and tabulation work was done by the Data Processing Division (DPD). Coordination and Publication Division (CPD) coordinated various activities pertaining to the survey.

5. I am highly thankful to the Chairman and Members of the Working Group for NSS 71st round and National Statistical Commission (NSC) for providing their valuable guidance at various stages of the survey. I would also like to appreciate efforts made by the officers of the different Divisions of NSSO involved in preparation of this report.

6. I hope this report will be useful to planners, policy makers, academicians and researchers. Suggestions for improvement in content, layout and other aspects of this report will be highly appreciated.

New Delhi
April, 2016


(Samiran Mallick)
Director General & Chief Executive Officer
National Sample Survey Office

मुख्य विशेषतायें

{यह रिपोर्ट जनवरी-जून 2014 के दौरान रा.प्र.स. अनुसूची 52.0 (सामाजिक उपभोग: स्वास्थ्य) के माध्यम से पूरे देश में फैले हुए 65932 परिवारों (36480 ग्रामों, एवं 2952 नगरीय) से प्राप्त सूचनाओं पर आधारित है।}

I. अस्वास्थ्यता एवं अस्पताल में भर्ती करना

- ग्रामीण जनसंख्या का करीब 9% एवं नगरीय जनसंख्या का करीब 12% ने 15 दिन की सदर्थ अवधि के दौरान बीमारी दर्ज करवायी । [कथन 3.1]
- अस्वस्थ व्यक्तियों का अनुपात (प्रति 1000 पर संख्या) (पीएपी) बच्चों में अधिक पाया गया (ग्रामीण में 103, नगरीय में 114) एवं उम्र समूह (60 एवं उससे अधिक) के लिए (276 ग्रामीण में, 362 नगरीय में) उच्चतम था । [कथन 3.2]
- करीब 96% ग्रामीण एवं 97% नगरीय बीमार व्यक्तियों को कुछ उपचार/चिकित्सा निर्देशित किया गया । [कथन 3.7]
- बिना किसी चिकित्सकीय सलाह के ईलाज का प्राथमिक कारण आर्थिक बाध्यता थी । (57% ग्रामीण में, 68% नगरीय में) । [कथन 3.8]
- 70% से अधिक (72% ग्रामीण में एवं 79% नगरीय में) रोगियों ने निजी क्षेत्र (निजी डॉक्टर, नर्सिंग होम, प्राइवेट अस्पताल, धर्मार्थ संस्थाएं, आदि.) से ईलाज करवाया । [कथन 3.9]
- सरकारी अस्पताल में सापेक्ष रूप से चिकित्सा का उच्च प्रतिशत ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में आसाम (84%), तत्पश्चात् ओड़ीसा (76%), राजस्थान (44%) एवं तामिल नाडू (42%), का रिपोर्ट किया गया, एवं नगरीय क्षेत्रों में यह ओड़ीसा (54%), आसाम (44%) एवं केरल (31%) में सबसे अधिक था । [कथन 3.10]
- दोनों क्षेत्रों में ऐलोपैथी चिकित्सा के प्रति अधिक रुझान था (करीब 90%) । [कथन 3.12]
- 365 दिनों के सदर्थ अवधि के दौरान किसी भी समय करीब 4.4% नगरीय जनसंख्या (शिशु जन्म छोड़कर) अस्पताल में भर्ती हुई । ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में अस्पताल में भर्ती हुए व्यक्तियों का अनुपात कम था (3.5%) । [कथन 3.13 एवं 3.14]
- ग्रामीण एवं नगरीय दोनों क्षेत्रों में अस्पताल में भर्ती होने (शिशु जन्म को छोड़कर) का उच्चतम अनुपात (करीब 25%) 'संक्रमण' (सभी प्रकार का बुखार, जॉन्डिस, ट्यूबरक्यूलॉसिस, टेटनस, डायरिया/डीसेन्ट्री एवं अन्य संक्रमण) के लिए था । [कथन 3.15]

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- ग्रामीण (58%) एवं नगरीय (68%) दोनों क्षेत्रों में भर्ती रोगियों के ईलाज में निजी संस्थानों का वर्चस्व था। [कथन 3.16]
- ग्रामीण जनसंख्या (₹509) के मुकाबले नगरीय जनसंख्या (₹639) द्वारा अस्पताल में बिना भर्ती किए रोगियों के ईलाज के लिए अधिक राशी खर्च किया गया। [कथन 3.19]
- कुल चिकित्सा व्यय में, ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में करीब 72% एवं नगरीय क्षेत्रों में 68% खर्च अस्पताल में भर्ती हुए बिना ईलाज के लिए 'दवा' खरीदने पर हुआ। [कथन 3.21]
- सार्वजनिक क्षेत्र के अस्पताल में भर्ती होकर इलाज करने के लिए ग्रामीण जनसंख्या ने औसततन रु 5636 खर्च किया एवं निजी क्षेत्र अस्पताल में रु21726। [कथन 3.24]
- अधिकतम 86% ग्रामीण जनसंख्या एवं 82% नगरीय जनसंख्या किसी भी स्वास्थ्य व्यय प्रणाली के तहत नहीं थी। [कथन 3.26]
- ग्रामीण परिवारों ने अस्पतालीकरण के लिए मूल रूप से अपने 'घरेलु व्यय/बचत' (68%) एवं 'उधारी' (25%) पर निर्भर किया जबकि, नगरीय परिवारों ने अपनी 'आय/बचत' (75%) एवं 'उधारी' (केवल 18%) पर निर्भर किया। [कथन 3.28]

II. शिशु जन्म एवं प्रसूति देखरेख सेवाएं

{रा.प्र.स. के 71 वें दौर के सर्वेक्षण में सम्पूर्ण देश में 15-49 वर्ष के बीस हजार (लगभग) गर्भवती महिलाओं (11288 ग्रामीण एवं 8157 नगरीय) पर आधारित व्युत्पन्न परिणामों एवं शिशु जन्म, संस्थागत शिशु जन्म पर विशेष बल दिया गया, पर विस्तृत सूचनाएँ एकत्रित की गईं।}

- 15-49 वर्षीय उम्र समूह की महिलाओं में करीब 10% ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में एवं 7% नगरीय क्षेत्रों में सर्वेक्षण की तारीख से 365 दिन पहले की अवधि के दौरान गर्भवती थी। [कथन 4.1]
- गर्भक्षय सर्वाधिक (21%) नगरीय क्षेत्रों के किशोर वर्ग वय समूह (<20 वर्ष से कम उम्र) में था। [कथन 4.1]
- सभी गर्भावस्थाओं में से 77% ग्रामीण एवं 74% नगरीय क्षेत्रों में जीवित-जन्म के साथ सम्पन्न हुई। गर्भपात ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में 2% एवं नगरीय में 3% था। गर्भपात का सर्वाधिक प्रतिशत (14%) नगरीय क्षेत्रों के किशोर वय समूह (<20) में पाया गया। [कथन 4.2]
- ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में 56% शिशु जन्म सरकारी अस्पतालों में एवं 24% निजी अस्पतालों में हुआ। तदनु रूप आँकड़े नगरीय क्षेत्रों में क्रमशः 42% एवं 48% थे। करीब 20% गैर

मुख्य विशेषतायें

संस्थागत शिशु जन्म ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों पाया गया । यही नगरीय क्षेत्रों में 11% था ।

[कथन 4.3]

- संस्थागत शिशु जन्म के लिए औसतन, ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में सरकारी अस्पतालों में 3 दिनों का ठहराव एवं निजी अस्पतालों में 5 दिनों के ठहराव की सूचना दी गई । शहरी क्षेत्रों में यही 4 दिन एवं 5 दिन दर्ज हुआ । [कथन 4.7]
- औसतन प्रति संस्थागत शिशु जन्म पर ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में ₹5544 और नगरीय क्षेत्रों में ₹11685 खर्च हुआ । [कथन 4.9]
- ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में करीब 89% गर्भवती महिलाओं ने प्रसवपूर्व कुछ देखभाल प्राप्त की और नगरीय क्षेत्रों में तदनु रूप संख्या 93% थी । [कथन 4.12]
- सन्दर्भ अवधि के दौरान ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में करीब 77% एवं नगरीय क्षेत्रों में 84% महिलाओं ने प्रसवोत्तर देखभाल प्राप्त की । [कथन 4.12]

III. वृद्ध व्यक्तियों की स्थिति (60 एवं उससे उपर का)

{रा.प्र.स. के 71वें दौर के सर्वेक्षण के अनुसार, देश में वृद्ध व्यक्तियों की प्राकृतिक सं. 87.6 मिलियन पाई गई ।}

- ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में वृद्ध व्यक्तियों का प्रतिशत 7.7% एवं नगरीय क्षेत्रों में 8.1% था । [कथन 5.1]
- वृद्ध व्यक्तियों में लिंगानुपात (1000 पुरुषों पर महिलाओं की संख्या) ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में 1035 और नगरीय क्षेत्रों में 1029 था । [कथन 5.2]
- भारत में जनवरी-जून 2014 के दौरान दोनों क्षेत्रों में करीब 96% वृद्ध व्यक्तियों के पास कम से कम एक जीवित बच्चा था । [कथन 5.3]
- ग्रामीण क्षेत्र में करीब 61% वृद्ध व्यक्ति एवं नगरीय क्षेत्रों में 63% वृद्ध व्यक्ति अपने पति/पत्नी के साथ रह रहे थे । [कथन 5.4]
- अधिक से अधिक 52% वृद्ध व्यक्ति ग्रामीण क्षेत्र में एवं 51% नगरीय क्षेत्रों में अपने भरण-पोषण के लिए दूसरे पर आश्रित थे । [कथन 5.4]
- आर्थिक रूप से आश्रित वृद्ध व्यक्तियों में 82% ग्रामीण क्षेत्र में एवं 80% नगरीय क्षेत्रों में वित्तीय सहायता के लिए अपने बच्चों पर ही निर्भर थे । [कथन 5.4]
- ग्रामीण वृद्ध व्यक्तियों में करीब 8% एवं नगरीय क्षेत्रों में 7% या तो अपने घर में बन्द थे या बिछावन पर । 80+ उम्र समुह के लिए नगर में 27% एवं ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में 34% व्यक्तियों के लिए अगतिशीलता का रिपोर्ट किया गया । [कथन 5.8]

{The report is based on information collected through NSS Schedule 25.0 (SOCIAL CONSUMPTION: HEALTH), during January - June 2014 from 65932 households (36480 in rural and 29452 in urban) spread over the entire country.}

I. Morbidity and Hospitalisation

- **A**bout 9% of rural population and 12% of urban population reported ailment during a 15 day reference period. *[Statement 3.1]*

- **P**roportion (no. per 1000) of ailing person (PAP) was highest for the age group of 60 & above (276 in rural, 362 in urban) followed by that among children (103 in rural, 114 in urban). *[Statement 3.2]*

- **A**round 96% of rural and 97% of urban ailing persons were administered some treatment. *[Statement 3.7]*

- **T**reatment without any medical advice was primarily attributed to 'financial constraints' (57% in rural, 68% in urban). *[Statement 3.8]*

- **M**ore than 70% (72% in rural and 79% in urban) spells of ailment were treated in the private sector (consisting of private doctors, nursing homes, private hospitals, charitable institutions, etc.). *[Statement 3.9]*

- **R**elatively high percentage of treatment at public hospital was reported in the rural areas of Assam (84%), followed by Odisha (76%), Rajasthan (44%) and Tamil Nadu (42%), and in the urban areas it was Odisha (54%), followed by Assam (44%) and Kerala(31%). *[Statement 3.10]*

- **H**igher preference towards allopathy treatment was prevalent (around 90%) in both the sectors. *[Statement 3.12]*

- **A**bout 4.4% of the urban population was hospitalized (excluding childbirth) any time during a reference period of 365 days. The proportion of persons hospitalised in the rural areas was lower (3.5%). *[Statement 3.13 and 3.14]*

HIGHLIGHTS

- Both in rural and urban areas highest proportion (around 25%) for hospitalisation (excluding childbirth) were reported for 'Infection' (inclusive of all types of fever, jaundice, tuberculosis, tetanus, diarrhoeas/dysentery and other infection). *[Statement 3.15]*

- In treating the in-patients, private institutions dominated both the rural (58%) and urban areas (68%). *[Statement 3.16]*

- Higher amount was spent for non-hospitalised treatment of an ailment by the urban population (₹639) than the rural population (₹509). *[Statement 3.19]*

- Out of the total medical expenditure, around 72% in rural and 68% in urban areas was made for purchasing 'medicine' for non-hospitalised treatment. *[Statement 3.21]*

- The rural population spent, on an average, Rs.5636 for a hospitalised treatment in a public sector hospital and Rs.21726 for that in a private sector hospital. *[Statement 3.24]*

- As high as 86% of rural population and 82% of urban population were not covered under any scheme of health expenditure support. *[Statement 3.26]*

- Rural households primarily depended on their 'household income/savings' (68%) and on 'borrowings' (25%), the urban households relied much more on their 'income/saving' (75%) for financing expenditure on hospitalisation, than on 'borrowings' (only 18%). *[Statement 3.28]*

II. Childbirth and Maternity Care Services

{In NSS 71st round survey detailed information was collected on childbirth, special emphasis was given on institutional child birth and results were derived based on 20 thousand(approx.) pregnant women of age 15-49 (11288 in rural and 8157 in urban) spread over the entire country}

- **A**mong women in the age-group 15-49 years, about 10% in the rural areas and 7% in the urban areas were reported as pregnant during the 365 days preceding the date of survey. *[Statement 4.1]*
- **W**astage of pregnancy was highest (21%) in the youngest age group (<20 years) in urban areas. *[Statement 4.1]*
- **A**mong all pregnancies reported, 77% in rural and 74% in urban areas ended with a live birth, abortion was 2% in rural and 3% in urban. Highest percentage (14%) of abortion was observed in the youngest age-group (<20) of urban sector. *[Statement 4.2]*
- **I**n the rural areas, 56% childbirth took place in public hospitals and 24% in private hospitals. In urban areas, the corresponding figures were 42% and 48% respectively. About 20% non-institutional childbirths were reported in rural areas. The same for urban areas was 11%. *[Statement 4.3]*
- **O**n an average, in the rural areas, around 3 days stay in public hospital and 5 days stay in private hospital were reported for institutional childbirth. In urban areas these were recorded as 4 days and 5 days. *[Statement 4.7]*
- **A**n average of ₹5544 was spent per institutional childbirth in rural areas and ₹11685 in urban areas. *[Statement 4.9]*
- **I**n the rural areas, about 89% of pregnant women took some pre-natal care and in urban areas, corresponding figure was 93%. *[Statement 4.12]*
- **A**bout 77% women in the rural areas and 84% in the urban areas availed some post-natal care services during the reference period. *[Statement 4.12]*

III. Status of the Aged Persons (60 and above)

{As per NSS 71st round survey, estimated no. of aged persons in the country was 87.6 million}

- **T**he percentage of aged persons was 7.7% in rural areas and 8.1% in urban areas. *[Statement 5.1]*
- **T**he sex-ratio (no. of female per 1000 males) among aged persons was 1035 in rural areas and 1029 in urban. *[Statement 5.2]*
- **I**n India, during January-June 2014, about 96% of the aged persons had at least one surviving child in both the sectors. *[Statement 5.3]*
- **A**bout 61% aged persons in rural and 63% aged persons in urban areas were living with their spouses. *[Statement 5.4]*
- **A**s many as 52% of the aged persons in rural and 51% in urban areas had to depend on others for their day-to-day activity. *[Statement 5.5]*
- **A**mong economically dependent aged persons 82% in rural and 80% in urban areas had to depend upon their children for financial support. *[Statement 5.6]*
- **A**bout 8% of the aged persons in rural and 7% in urban areas were either confined to their home or bed. For the age group 80+, 27% persons in urban and 34% in rural areas reported immobility. *[Statement 5.8]*

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Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Description
PAP	Proportion of Ailing Persons
PPC	Proportion of Persons reporting commencement
EC	Excluding Childbirth
UMPCE	Usual Monthly Per Capita Consumption Expenditure
ISM	Indian System of Medicines
AYUSH	Ayurveda, Yoga and Naturoathy, Unani, Siddha, and Homeopathy
ASHA	Accredited Social Health Activist
AWW	Anganwadi worker
HSC	Health Sub-Centre
PHC	Primary Health Centre
CHC	Community Health Centre
ANM	Auxiliary Nurse Midwives
ASPR	Age Specific Pregnancy Rate
WOP	Wastage of Pregnancy
hh (s)	Household (s)

Introduction

1.1 Background

1.1.1 In the National Sample Surveys (NSS) the first attempt was made to collect information on morbidity in the seventh round (Oct. 1953 - March 1954). This survey and the morbidity surveys conducted in the three subsequent rounds (the eleventh to the thirteenth, 1956-58) were all exploratory in nature. The aim of these surveys was to evolve an appropriate data collection method for studying morbidity profile in India. These surveys were followed up by a pilot survey in the seventeenth round (Sept. 1961 - July 1962) to examine alternative approaches of morbidity reporting. With the aid of the findings of these exploratory surveys, a full-scale survey on morbidity was conducted in the twenty-eighth round (Oct. 1973 - June 1974). Since then, the NSSO had not undertaken any separate morbidity survey and data on morbidity became a part of the decennial surveys on social consumption.

1.1.2 The NSSO carried out the first all-India Survey on Social Consumption in its 35th round (July 1980 - June 1981). The items covered were the public distribution system, health services including mass immunisation and family welfare programmes, and educational services. The results of the survey could not be brought out owing to some unavoidable reasons. The second survey on Social Consumption was carried out in the 42nd round (July 1986 - June 1987) with some modifications in the coverage of subjects. Topics like Problems of Aged Persons were included in this round. The third Survey on Social Consumption was carried out in the 52nd round (July 1995 - June 1996). Two topics, viz. utilisation of the public distribution system and utilisation of family planning services, were dropped, as these were covered in the NSS 50th round and in a nationwide survey by the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, respectively. In the 60th round of NSS (January-June 2004), a survey on morbidity and health care, including the problems of aged persons, was carried out and a report (NSS Report No.507) was brought out. Since then there has been no NSS survey on health till this 71st round during January - June 2014 took place.

1.2 Objective of the survey

1.2.1 The survey on Social Consumption: Health in 71st round aimed to generate basic quantitative information on the health sector. One of the vital components of the schedule was dedicated to collect information which was relevant for determination of the prevalence rate of different diseases among various age-sex groups in different regions of the country. Further, measurement of the extent of use of health services provided by the Government was an indispensable part of this exercise. Special attention was given to hospitalisation, or medical care received as in-patient of medical institutions. The ailments for which such medical care was sought, the extent of use of Government hospitals as well as different (lower) levels of public health care institutions, and the expenditure incurred on treatment received from public and private sectors, were investigated by the survey. Break-up of expenditure by various heads was estimated for expenses on medical care received both as in-patient and otherwise. Emphasis was laid on collecting information on average 'out of pocket' expenditure for various episodes of illness.

1.2.2 For the first time in an NSS health survey, the data collected had enabled assessment of the role of alternative schools of medicine in respect of prevalence of use, cost of treatment and type of ailments covered. Besides, the survey was meant to ascertain the extent of use of private and public hospitals for childbirth, the cost incurred and the extent of receipt of pre-natal and post-natal care by women who gave childbirth. Finally, information on certain aspects of the condition of the 60-plus population was also obtained which have a bearing on their state of health, economic independence, and degree of isolation.

1.3 Comparability with previous round survey

Due to the change in coverage and difference in concepts and definitions in respect of some important parameters followed in the two rounds, the results of NSS 71st round are not strictly comparable with the results of NSS 60th round. While making any comparison, these differences may be taken into consideration.

1.3.1 In the 60th round and earlier surveys on health, persons with disabilities were regarded as ailing persons. In this round, pre-existing disabilities were considered as chronic ailments provided they were under treatment for a month or more during the reference period, but otherwise were not recorded as ailments. Disabilities acquired during the reference period (that is, whose onset was within the reference period) were, however, recorded as ailments.

1.3.2 In the earlier NSS health surveys, only treatment of ailments administered on medical advice was considered as medical treatment. Self-medication, use of medicines taken on the advice of persons in chemists' shops, etc. were not considered as medical treatment and ailments for which only such medication was taken were considered as untreated ailments. In this round, all such treatment was considered as medical treatment. But for each ailment treated, it was ascertained whether the treatment was taken on medical advice or not.

1.3.4 Childbirths were given a dummy ailment code so that details of treatment and expenditure of childbirth could be recorded. However, childbirths were, as usual, not be considered in generating estimates of prevalence rate of ailments. In addition, in the light of the experience of earlier surveys, more emphasis has been laid on identification of chronic ailments and information was collected in such a way as to enable separate estimation of the incidence of chronic ailments.

1.3.4 Information on expenditure incurred on treatment was collected with a 'paid' instead of a 'payable' approach; as such information was considered to be much more readily available.

1.3.5 In the earlier surveys, for each person aged 60 years or more, (up to three) ailments existing on the date of survey and the nature of treatment of such ailments, were recorded in addition to information on ailments suffered during the reference period of last 15 days. In this round, such information on ailments as on the date of survey was not collected.

1.3.6 A more detailed and updated code list for ailments was adopted in the current round as per the requirements of the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare. Whenever information on nature of treatment was collected, the options 'Indian system of medicine' (including Ayurveda, Unani and Siddha), Homeopathy and 'Yoga or Naturopathy' were provided in the list of responses to enable tabulation of data separately for treatments by different systems of medicine.

1.3.7 The estimates of health indicators for Telangana are available for the first time from the 71st round survey. It may be noted that, estimates shown for the state of Andhra Pradesh relate to the newly formed state of that name. However, for the earlier rounds, estimates shown for Andhra Pradesh correspond to the erstwhile state boundaries that existed before the new state was carved out.

1.3.8 In this round NSS has marginally deviated from its definition of **Household**. As usual, a group of persons normally lived together and taking food from a common kitchen constituted a household. It included temporary stay-aways (those whose total period of absence from the household is expected to be less than 6 months) but excluded temporary visitors and guests (expected total period of stay less than 6 months). This time, assuming that expenditure related information could be better collected from the person who actually funded it, some exceptions were allowed as follows:

(i) students residing in student hostels were considered as members of the household to which they belonged before moving to the hostel irrespective of the period of absence from the household they belonged.

(ii) any woman who has undergone childbirth during last 365 days was considered a member of the household, which incurred the cost of childbirth irrespective of her place of residence during the last 365 days.

(iii) a child aged less than 1 year was considered a member of the household to which its mother belonged.

1.4 Reports of the 71st round-Health: The results of NSS 71st round survey on Social Consumption: Health, only one report excluding the Key Indicator document (which has already been released in June 2015) is planned for release.

1.5 Contents of this document

1.5.1 This report contains five Chapters and three Appendices. Following the present introductory Chapter, Chapter Two outlines the basic concept and definitions and procedures followed in the survey along with the definitions/terms used in this document. A summary of the information on morbidity and hospitalisation is presented in Chapter Three, followed by childbirth and maternity health care in Chapter Four. In Chapter Five, status of aged (age 60 and above) is presented separately. In Appendix A, detailed tables at State/UT level and some detailed all-India level tables are presented. Appendix B contains details of the sample design and estimation procedure followed and Appendix C consists of the schedule of enquiry (Schedule 25.0) that was canvassed in the surveyed households.

1.5.2 Chapter Three, Four and Five summarise the major findings of the survey and discusses the salient features relating to different aspects of health, childbirth, maternity care and status of aged persons of the household members. The observations are mainly confined to all-India estimates followed by an examination of the disparities between gender, age, type of hospital visited, nature of treatment received etc. across the selected states and its rural-urban sectors; these selected states covered 95% of the total population as per 2011 census. The estimates for the smaller states and union territories (UTs) have not been presented separately as the sample sizes for the smaller states and UTs may not be adequate for getting sufficiently reliable estimates – at least for measuring change or inter-state comparison. The estimates for those states and UTs have, however, been given in the Appendix A.

1.6 Schedules of enquiry

1.6.1 The survey period of the 71st round was from January to June 2014. The required information was collected from a set of sample households using *schedule 25.0* (see Appendix C for details).

1.6.2 In addition to the household characteristics and demographic particulars, the following information was collected in this round from each household:

- I. Particulars of medical treatment received as in-patient of a medical institution during the last 365 days and expenses incurred during the last 365 days for treatment of members as in-patient of medical institution
- II. Particulars of spells of ailment of household members during the last 15 days (including hospitalisation) and expenses incurred during the last 15 days for treatment of members (not as an in-patient of medical institution)

- III. Particulars of economic independence and state of health of persons aged 60 years and above
- IV. Particulars of pre-natal and post-natal care for pregnant women of age 15-49 years during the last 365 days

1.7 Scope and coverage

1.7.1 *Geographical coverage:* The survey covered the whole of the Indian Union.

1.7.2 *Population coverage:* The following rules regarding the population coverage were adhered to compile listing of households and persons:

- ✚ Under-trial prisoners in jails and indoor patients of hospitals, nursing homes etc., were excluded, but residential staffs therein were listed whenever listing was done in such institutions. The persons of the first category was considered as members of their parent households and counted there. Convicted prisoners undergoing sentence was outside the coverage of the survey.
- ✚ Floating population, i.e., persons without any normal residence were not listed. But households residing in open space, roadside shelter, under a bridge, etc., more or less regularly in the same place, were listed.
- ✚ Neither the foreign nationals nor their domestic servants were listed, if by definition the latter belong to the foreign national's household. If, however, a foreign national became an Indian citizen for all practical purposes, he or she was covered.
- ✚ Persons residing in barracks of military and paramilitary forces (like police, BSF, etc.) were kept outside the survey coverage due to difficulty in conduct of survey therein. However, civilian population residing in their neighbourhood, including the family quarters of service personnel, were covered.
- ✚ Orphanages, rescue homes, *ashrams* and vagrant houses were outside the survey coverage. However, persons staying in old age homes, *ashrams/hostels (other than students)* and the residential staff (other than monks/ nuns) of these ashrams were listed. For orphanages, although orphans were not listed, the persons looking after them and staying there were considered for listing.
- ✚ Students residing in the students' hostels were excluded from the hostel as they were considered as members of the household to which they belonged before moving to the hostel. However, residential staff was listed in the hostel. In this round, however, following exceptions in the definition of household was integrated:

1. *Students residing in students' hostels were considered as members of the household to which they belonged before moving to the hostel irrespective of the period of absence from the household they belonged.*
2. *Any woman who has undergone childbirth during last 365 days before the date of survey was considered a member of the household which incurred the cost of childbirth irrespective of her place of residence during the last 365 days.*
3. *A child aged less than 1 year was considered a member of the household to which its mother belongs.*

1.7.3 Table 1.1 shows the numbers of villages and urban blocks surveyed, the numbers of rural and urban sample households, and also the number of persons surveyed for each State and Union Territory.

Table 1.1: No. of villages/blocks, households and persons surveyed for Schedule 25.0, NSS 71st round, Central sample: rural, urban

State/UT	no. of fsu's (villages/blocks) surveyed		no. of surveyed					
			households			persons		
	rural	urban	rural	urban	all	rural	urban	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	156	154	1240	1208	2448	5482	5154	10636
Arunachal Pradesh	48	32	379	247	626	1942	1052	2994
Assam	212	70	1695	560	2255	8757	2654	11411
Bihar	264	132	2111	1056	3167	11638	5958	17596
Chhattisgarh	85	66	680	525	1205	3524	2502	6026
Delhi	8	148	63	1095	1158	366	5058	5424
Goa	12	12	96	96	192	470	446	916
Gujarat	182	180	1456	1432	2888	8082	7129	15211
Haryana	90	90	720	704	1424	4152	3888	8040
Himachal Pradesh	88	24	704	192	896	3552	840	4392
Jammu & Kashmir	92	68	735	544	1279	4003	2785	6788
Jharkhand	104	82	832	621	1453	4884	3434	8318
Karnataka	186	184	1488	1471	2959	7824	6903	14727
Kerala	160	160	1199	1279	2478	5484	5745	11229
Madhya Pradesh	248	204	1984	1629	3613	10416	8715	19131
Maharashtra	340	340	2711	2692	5403	14072	13052	27124
Manipur	96	80	768	640	1408	4002	3185	7187
Meghalaya	68	36	544	288	832	2931	1449	4380
Mizoram	48	48	384	384	768	1924	1940	3864
Nagaland	44	28	352	224	576	1650	1001	2651
Odisha	212	94	1696	746	2442	8186	3390	11576
Punjab	96	96	768	761	1529	4044	3753	7797
Rajasthan	210	156	1678	1234	2912	9645	7010	16655
Sikkim	40	24	320	192	512	1343	757	2100
Tamil Nadu	246	246	1960	1957	3917	8237	7853	16090
Telangana	94	96	744	750	1494	3317	3265	6582
Tripura	104	72	832	576	1408	3608	2369	5977
Uttar Pradesh	616	378	4918	3003	7921	29924	17159	47083
Uttarakhand	44	40	352	320	672	1756	1421	3177
West Bengal	324	304	2592	2427	5019	11860	10923	22783
A & N Islands	20	12	159	95	254	827	407	1234
Chandigarh	8	16	64	120	184	311	563	874
Dadra & N. Haveli	8	8	64	64	128	371	270	641
Daman & Diu	8	8	64	64	128	288	249	537
Lakshadweep	8	8	64	64	128	403	433	836
Puducherry	8	24	64	192	256	298	819	1117
all	4577	3720	36480	29452	65932	189573	143531	333104

Sample size

- (i). *First-stage units*: As usual, most States and Union Territories participated in the survey: a “State sample” was surveyed by State Government officials in addition to the “Central sample” surveyed by NSSO. For rural India, the number of villages surveyed in the Central sample was 4577 and the number of urban blocks surveyed was 3720. This document is based on the estimates obtained from the Central sample only.
- (ii). *Second-stage units*: Stratification of households was done on the basis of (i) with at least one child of age less than 1 year, and (ii) households with at least one member (including deceased former member) hospitalised during last 365 day. For the survey, from each sample village and urban block, 8 households were surveyed. Detailed sampling design and estimation procedure is presented in Appendix C of this document. In 36480 households in rural areas and 29452 households in urban areas this schedule 25.0 schedule was canvassed.

1.8 Conceptual framework

1.8.1 The estimates of number of households presented in this report are based on data with a moving reference point, from 1.1.2014 to 30.6.2014, which spans a period of six months. These estimates, therefore, may be taken to represent the number of households existing as on 31.03.2014, the mid-point of the six-month period.

1.8.2 *Reference period*: Details of all ailments (as in-patient or otherwise) during last 15 days were collected for all current members and former members. On the other hand, the number of ‘hospitalised’ members and the number of ‘death occurred’ were collected with a different reference period as follows:

- (i). details of hospitalisation for all current and former members were collected for last 365 days (hospitalisation occurred from January 2013 to June 2014)
- (ii). details of death were collected for last 365 days (death occurred from January 2013 to June 2014).

Thus the estimates of number of ‘hospitalised’ members as well as number of ‘death occurred’ may be taken to represent the same as on 30.09.2014.

1.8.2.1 In 60th round, however, ratio of estimated number of persons ailing during last 15 days and current population (plus estimated former members) during last 365 days was used for calculating Proportion of Ailing Persons (PAP). But it was understood that using current population plus estimated former members during last 365 days as denominator cannot represent the actual size of population that suffered from ailment at a particular time during the reference period or the population exposed to the risk during the same time point. Thus to determine PAP, ratio of current population (excluding former/deceased members) reporting ailment and the current population exposed to the risk is considered for this report.

1.8.2.2 On the other hand, rate of hospitalisation for any population category is calculated as a ratio of hospitalised members among current population & the former members and estimated current population (plus estimated former members) during last 365 days. The same formula was used in 60th round as well.

1.8.3 Any estimate for the smaller states and union territories (UTs) needs to be analysed cautiously as the sample sizes for the smaller states and UTs may not be adequate for getting sufficiently reliable estimates – at least for measuring change or inter-state comparison. The estimates for all states and UTs have, however, been given in the Appendix.

1.8.4 *Quintile class of UMPCE (Usual Monthly Per Capita Expenditure):*

1.8.4.1 This refers to the 5 quintile classes of the Rural/Urban ALL-INDIA distribution (estimated distribution) of households by MPCE. In the tables, the different quintile classes are referred to simply as 1 (lowest quintile class), 2, 3, 4 and 5.

1.8.4.2 Thus, for example, the words “quintile class 2” (or “20-40%”) in a table for the State PUNJAB, RURAL sector, means households of the rural Punjab falling in the second (second lowest) quintile class of the estimated distribution of RURAL households by MPCE of PUNJAB . These 5 classes are demarcated separately for each sector based on the amount of usual consumer expenditure of the household in a month.

1.8.4.3 Following table 1.2 shows the lower and upper limits of the all-India quintiles to have an idea of level of living of the households belonging to these quintile classes.

Table 1.2: Lower and upper limits of UMPCE in different quintile classes for each sector

quintile class of MPCE	MPCE in Rs.			
	rural		Urban	
	lower limit	upper limit	lower limit	upper limit
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1	0	800	0	1182
2	800	1000	1182	1600
3	1000	1264	1600	2200
4	1264	1667	2200	3200
5	1667	-	3200	-

C Concepts and Definitions

2.0 Household and Related terms

2.0.1 Household : A group of person normally living together and taking food from a common kitchen constitutes a household. The word "normally" means that temporary visitors are excluded but temporary stay-aways are included. "Living together" is usually given more importance than "sharing food from a common kitchen" in drawing the boundaries of a household in case the two criteria are in conflict; however, in the special case of a person taking food with his family but sleeping elsewhere (say, in a shop or a different house) due to space shortage, the household formed by such a person's family members is taken to include that person also. Under-trial prisoners in jails and indoor patients of hospitals, nursing homes, etc., are considered as members of the households to which they last belonged. In this round, however, as already mentioned in Chapter 1, following exceptions in the definition of household was integrated:

- (a) students residing in students' hostels was considered as members of the household to which they belonged before moving to the hostel irrespective of the period of absence from the household they belonged.
- (b) any woman who has undergone childbirth during last 365 days before the date of survey was considered a member of the household which incurred the cost of childbirth irrespective of her place of residence during the last 365 days.
- (c) a child aged less than 1 year was considered a member of the household to which its mother belongs.

2.0.2 Household size: The size of a household is the total number of members in the household.

2.1 Nature of Treatment

2.1.1 **Allopathy:** In this survey the term ‘allopathy’ is used to refer to the broad category of medical practice that is sometimes called Western medicine, biomedicine, evidence-based medicine, or modern medicine. According to Med Terms Dictionary, allopathic medicine is defined as ‘the system of medical practice which treats disease by the use of remedies which produce effects different from those produced by the disease under treatment’. The term ‘allopathy’ was coined in 1842 by C.F.S. Hahnemann to designate the usual practice of medicine (allopathy) as opposed to homeopathy.

2.1.2 **AYUSH:** Each letter of the word AYUSH represents a specific system of medicine: A for Ayurveda, Y for Yoga and Naturoathy, U for Unani, S for Siddha, and H for Homeopathy. Thus AYUSH encompasses the Indian System of Medicines, Yoga and Naturopathy, and Homeopathy. Treatment by any of these systems were therefore qualify as AYUSH treatment, and medicines used by any of these systems were called AYUSH medicines.

2.1.3 **Indian System of Medicines (ISM):** This includes Ayurveda, Siddha, Unani and Sowa-Rig-Pa medicines. These medicines are also called *Desi Dawaiyan* in India. Herbal medicines are also included in this category of medicines. The practitioners of these systems may be called Vaidji, Vaidya, Siddha Vaidya, Hakim, etc. (Sometimes people also say *Jadi-Booti wale* Vaidji, Hakimji, etc.) This category also includes Home-made medicines and Gharelu Nuskhe, Herbal Medicines (*Jadi-Bootiyan or Desi Dawa*), and the medicines given by local Vaidya/Hakim. e.g. Neem leaf for skin diseases, Tulsi leaf for common cold, Haldi (turmeric) for injuries and fracture, Adarak (ginger) for cough, cold, throat problem etc., Lahasun (Garlic) for gathiya/ joint pain, Kali Mirch (pepper) and honey for dry and productive cough, Ashwagandha, Chyawanprash as tonic /Rasayana for energy, Gulab Jal for eye diseases and face wash, Saunf for indigestion, Ajowain and Hing for stomach pain, *Methi seeds, Ajawain, Pudina* (mint), *Jeera, Sunthi* (dry ginger), *Laung* (clove), *Triphala* powder for problems like indigestion, loss of appetite, constipation, *Laung* (clove) oil for toothache, *Bilva* (Bel) powder for diarrhoea, etc.

2.1.4 **Homoeopathy:** Homeopathy is a system of medicine that uses highly diluted doses from the plant, mineral and animal kingdoms to stimulate natural defenses in the body. Oral Homoeopathy medicine is available in many forms, including the traditional homoeopathic pellets (balls), liquid dilution, tablets (lactose-based) and mother tincture.

2.1.5 **Yoga and Naturopathy:** Yoga is a combination of breathing exercises (*pranayam*), physical postures (*asanas*) and meditation for curing illness and releasing stress, both physical and mental. In Naturopathy treatments are based on five elements of nature, namely, (i) Earth (mud baths, mud packs, mud wraps) (ii) Water (hydrotherapy methods like baths, jets, douches, packs, immersions, compresses/fomentations) (iii) Air (breathing exercises, outdoor walking, open-air baths) (iv) Fire (sun baths, magnetized water) (v) Ether (fasting therapy).

2.2 Level of Care: Explanations of Associated Terms

2.2.1 Medical institution: This refers to any medical institution having provision for admission of sick persons as in-patients for treatment. Thus it covers all HSC, PHC, CHC, public dispensaries with facilities for in-patient treatment, any public hospital (district hospital/state general hospitals/ medical college hospitals etc), and private hospital of any kind (private nursing home, day care centre, private medical college and hospital, super-speciality hospital, etc.).

2.2.2 ASHA (Accredited Social Health Activist): ASHAs are local women trained to act as health educators and promoters in their communities. There is one ASHA for every 1000 population. Their tasks include motivating women to give birth in hospitals, bringing children to immunization clinics, encouraging family planning (e.g., usage of condoms, IUDs, surgical sterilization), treating basic illness and injury with first aid, keeping demographic records, and improving village sanitation. They often have a drug kit – which has tablets like paracetamol, anti-malarials, oral contraceptives, and sometimes co-trimoxazole (an antibiotic), etc.

2.2.3 AWW (Anganwadi worker): These are the staff of the Anganwadi centre in the village. There is one Anganwadi centre for every 1000 population. These centres provide supplementary nutrition, non-formal pre-school education, nutrition and health education, immunization, health check-up and referral services. They are provided with a drug kit and may give tablets for about 1 to 3 children in a day.

2.2.4 HSC (Health Sub-Centre): This is the most peripheral facility in the primary health care system. There is one sub-centre for every 3000 population in hilly/tribal/difficult areas and 5000 population in all other areas. Each Sub-Centre is staffed by one or two Auxiliary Nurse Midwives (ANM) (female health worker) and may have a male health worker. Their main task (as perceived) is to provide immunization to children and antenatal care. Some sub-centres also conduct normal delivery but they have no beds and the sub-centre is not considered as an institution with in-patients. They perform some outpatient care largely in the form of treatment for basic illnesses. Any treatment taken from ANM during her visit to the village can be considered as treatment taken at sub-centre.

2.2.5 Auxiliary Nurse Midwives (ANM¹) are female health workers and their main task is to provide immunization to children and antenatal care. Some sub-centres also conduct normal delivery but they have no beds and the sub-centre is not considered as an institution with in-patients. They perform some outpatient care largely in the form of treatment for basic illnesses. Any treatment taken from ANM during her visit to the village can be considered as treatment taken at sub-centre.

¹ An ANM is a nurse, usually with 18 months training, who is expected to provide a range of services as required in a health sub-centre. In some States the post is called village health nurse, or junior public health nurse.

2.2.6 Dispensary: This is a public institution from which medical supplies, preparations, and treatments are dispensed, but which does not have facilities for treatment of in-patients. Dispensaries are staffed by one or more doctors.

2.2.7 PHC (Primary Health Centre) is staffed by a Medical Officer (MBBS or AYUSH) and Para medical staff. They provide curative OPD services and ante natal checkups and deliveries. They usually have 4-6 beds to conduct delivery. They may or may not have facilities for in-patient treatment. There is one PHC for every 30000 population in most areas but one for every 20,000 populations in hilly/tribal/difficult areas. The terms ‘additional PHC’, ‘mini-PHC’ and ‘new PHC’ are considered synonymous to ‘PHC’.

PHCs in Bihar and Uttar Pradesh are the equivalent of CHCs in other States that their area of coverage is a block and may even have 30 beds. Admissions/in-patients are always there in this facility type. Their equivalent of a PHC in these States is called an additional PHC.

2.2.8 CHC (Community Health Centre): CHC is usually located at block/division or *taluk* level and serves as a referral centre for PHCs. It is to be staffed by medical specialists and medical officers and AYUSH doctors – but in practice there are usually only medical officers. It always has provision for in-patients and 10 to 30 beds. It usually has an OT, X-Ray, Labour Room and laboratory facilities.

2.2.9 Public Hospital: All other government hospitals, including district hospitals in the district headquarters town (which acts as referral site for all the CHCs and PHCs and sub-centers), government medical college hospitals, ESI hospitals, other government hospitals like maternity hospitals, cancer hospitals, TB or leprosy hospitals, railway hospitals, etc. run by the government covered under the category ‘public hospital’ for the purposes of this survey.

2.2.10 Private Hospital, private clinic: Any other hospital/ nursing home/ day care centre with facilities for in-patient treatment called a private hospital. A private clinic is having facilities for consultation with private doctor(s) but no facility as in-patient.

2.3 Ailment and Related Terms

2.3.1 Ailment – illness or injury: Ailment, i.e. illness or injury, meant any deviation from the state of physical and mental well-being. In this round whether a person suffered an ailment during a particular period, it was judged by some deviation from physical or mental well-being was felt² by the person during the period subject to the following inherent limitations:

- An ailment may not cause any necessity of hospitalisation, confinement to bed or restricted activity.
- An ailment may be untreated or treated.

For the purpose of this survey, ailments are INCLUSIVE of:

² Note that the identification of ailments is necessarily subjective as it depends on the feeling or perception of the person concerned. This is a problem inherent in all surveys of general morbidity or illness.

- All types of injuries, such as cuts, wounds, haemorrhage, fractures and burns caused by an accident, including bites to any part of the body
- Cases of abortion – natural or accidental.

However, following

- Cases of sterilisation, insertion of IUD, getting MTP etc.
- A state of normal pregnancy without complications
- Cases of pre-existing visual, hearing, speech, locomotor and mental disabilities. were NOT INCLUDED in ailment

2.3.2 Chronic ailment: If any member of the household was experiencing symptoms persisting for more than one month on the date of survey – indicating any problem caused by an ailment affecting any organ of the body? excluding (i) Minor skin ailments (ii) Cases of headache, body ache, and minor gastric discomfort after meals, even if of a long-standing nature, unless these cause restriction of his/her activity. (iii) Disabilities such as congenital blindness, OR he/she was taking a course of treatment on medical advice for a period of one month or more and continuing as on the date of survey, aimed at alleviation of the symptoms of any ailment, is defined as having chronic ailment. (Such treatment may have resulted in non-appearance of symptoms that would otherwise have appeared, during a part of the last one month, or the entire month.)

2.3.3 Ailment of short duration: Any ailment which is not of chronic nature (i.e. persisting more than one month) is defined as ailment of short duration

2.3.4 Spell of ailment: A spell is a continuous period of sickness due to a specific ailment.

2.3.5 Hospitalisation: Admission as in-patient to a medical institution (as defined above) for treatment of some ailment or injury, or for childbirth, was called hospitalisation. The birth of a baby in a hospital was not a case of hospitalisation of the baby. If, however, a baby who had never left the hospital after birth contracts an illness for which it had to stay in hospital, was regarded as a case of hospitalisation. *Surgeries undergone in temporary camps set up for treatment of ailments (say, eye ailments) were treated as cases of hospitalisation for the purpose of the survey.* For such cases it was possible for admission and discharge to take place on the same day.

2.4 Medical expenditure for treatment

The total expenditure during the last 365 days for medical treatment during the stay in the hospital or not as inpatient was accounted against the following items:

2.4.1 Package component (Rs.): “Packages” of treatment involving specific surgical or non-surgical medical procedures, inclusive of different items like operation theatre (OT) charges, OT consumables, medicines, doctor’s fees, bed charges, etc. are common nowadays in all private hospitals. Normally, packages do not include additional diagnostic tests, attendant charges, physiotherapy, personal medical appliances, blood, oxygen, etc. When some treatment is received as a package (with pre-determined total cost) from the hospital, the information for constituent for this treatment, were not separately available. The total cost of

the package treatment received will, however, as informed by the informant was recorded against “package component”. However, even when treatment has a package component, some extra medical expenses might have been incurred over and above the package component and those information were also recorded.

2.4.2 Doctor’s/surgeon’s fee: This was inclusive of the total amount paid on account of doctor’s/surgeon’s fees chargeable for the period of treatment within the reference period during the stay in hospital.

2.5.3 Medicines: The total amount paid for medicines (including drips) used for treatment whether of AYUSH or other – were recorded.

2.4.4 Diagnostic tests: The total amount paid for diagnostic tests carried out on the patient as in-patient or otherwise within the reference period – whether using the hospital’s diagnostic facilities or not – were recorded here.

2.4.5 Bed charges: Amount paid for bed charges during stay in hospital within the reference period was recorded here.

2.4.6 Other medical expenses (attendant charges, physiotherapy, personal medical appliances, blood, oxygen, etc.): All other expenditure involved in medical treatment were recorded as ‘Other’.

- a. Attendant charges: This refers to charges for services of hired attendant(s) (caregivers) who stay with the patient in the hospital or not otherwise to attend to their needs. If any household member or relative attends to the patient, no imputation of charges for his/her services was made.
- b. Physiotherapy: If the patient had any physiotherapy during the stay at hospital, the amount chargeable was included in this ‘Other’
- c. Personal medical appliances: This refers to personal medical appliances of durable nature like spectacles, contact lenses, intro-ocular lenses, hearing aids, trusses, crutches, catheter, nebulizer, artificial limbs, pacemaker, etc. for the purpose of treatment.
- d. Blood, oxygen cylinder, etc.: Charges for blood, oxygen cylinders and other consumables such as gloves, bandages, plaster, etc., used.
- e. Apart from these, expenses on any other item used in medical treatment or diagnosis during stay in the hospital, or otherwise such as thermometer, infra-red lamp, blood pressure measuring equipment, blood sugar measuring kit, bed-pan, urinal, etc., were included in ‘Other’ if borne by the household.

2.5 Non-Medical expenditure

2.5.1 Transport for patient: Here the amount paid for transport charges (by ambulance or other vehicle) for the patient – whether accompanied by other household members or not – for the journey to hospital, Clinic or any other and for the return journey, were recorded in addition to the expenditure incurred to undergo a diagnostic test which the doctor advised.

2.5.2 Other non-medical expenses incurred by the household (food, transport for others, expenditure on escort, lodging charges if any, etc.): All other non-medical expenses were recorded here. Some important ones are:

- (i). *Food*: will include expenses incurred on food supplied by the hospital for in-patient treatment and/or purchased from outside for the patient. The cost of meals supplied from home for the patient will not be included.
- (ii). *Transport (other than ambulance)*: This includes transport expenses incurred by household members for travelling to the hospital to visit the patient and attend to the patient's needs, and for return journeys, including travel for procuring medicines, blood, oxygen, etc. for the hospitalised person or just to accompany the ailing person. *Lodging charges of escort(s)*: Charges for lodging incurred by those household members who were required to stay in a hotel or a lodge for attending to the patient's needs during hospital stay were included.
- (iii). *Other expenses incurred by the household*: Other incidental charges paid and expenses incurred due to hospitalisation, such as telephone charges made from PCO, and expenditure on soap, towel, etc. for the patient and escort(s), were included

2.6 Total amount reimbursed by medical insurance company or employer: It is important to note that the expenses incurred, as recorded here are basically the expenditure made by the household ("out-of-pocket" expenditure) even if it was reimbursed later. However, expenses met through "cashless facility" of medical insurance (paid directly to hospital by the insurance company) and expenses directly met by the employer to the hospital were excluded. Thus, of the out-of-pocket expenditure as recorded, the amount reimbursed or expected to be reimbursed by the employer (public/private) or any insurance companies (public/private) or any other agencies was defined as 'amount reimbursed by medical insurance company or employer'. Entry was made only in those situations where the household initially bears the medical expenditure, which the employer or the insurance company subsequently reimbursed partly or fully.

2.7 Health expenditure support: If a household was reported to be covered under any scheme of financing (future) expenditure on treatment for hospitalised/non-hospitalised treatment (like RSBY, CGHS, Employer (non-govt.) supported health protection, Private Insurance provider etc.) the household is defined to avail 'Health expenditure support.'

2.8 Source of finance for expenses: The total expenditure exclusive of the amount reimbursed was borne by the household. The money needed for this might have been spent from current household income or accumulated household savings. It might have been partly or wholly spent from the proceeds of sale of cattle or draught animals, jewellery or other

physical assets or financed by borrowing. Part of it might have been contributed by friends and relatives as outright assistance.

2.9 List of ailment (both for chronic and short duration) used in this survey

2.9.1 TABLE 2.1: LIST OF CHRONIC AILMENTS AND THEIR SYMPTOMS (The following list is indicative- not exhaustive):

Disease of	Symptoms
respiratory system	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Cough with sputum/ with blood - Breathlessness/fever
cardiovascular system	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Breathlessness on exertion and even at rest - Recurrent chest pain - Hypertension
central nervous system	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Persistent convulsions - Paralysis of one or more limbs - Persistent severe head ache with or without vomiting
musculoskeletal system	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Swelling and pain in the joint/muscles
gastrointestinal system	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Repeated episodes of diarrhoea/dysentery - Passing blood in motion - Vomiting/blood in vomit - Persistent abdominal pain - Persistent jaundice - Incontinence in motion
genito-urinary system	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Difficulty in passing urine - Blood stained urine - Colicky pain with difficulty in urination - Incontinence of urine - Bleeding from genital tract in men - In women: irregular vaginal bleeding during reproductive age - Persistent vaginal bleeding after menopause
Skin diseases	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Chronic ulcers - Recurrent rashes
Goitre	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Swelling in front of neck, painless swelling in front of neck
Elephantiasis	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Swelling of foot/leg progressively increasing over the years with thickening of skin
Eye problems / diseases	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Redness and irritation, pain in the eye, discharge from the eye, blurred vision and double vision
ENT problems/ diseases	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Sore throat, hoarseness of voice, discharge from the ear, ringing in the ear, pain in the ear, impaired hearing (inability to hear well but not deafness)
Mouth and dental problems	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Toothache, bleeding/ swelling/ discharge from the gums, ulcers in the mouth / tongue
Others	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Other chronic symptoms not covered above

2.9.2 The working definitions of all the ailments given below:

Reported diagnosis* (main symptom	Working definition
INFECTIONS	
Fever with loss of consciousness or altered consciousness	Any fever which was followed by or accompanied with loss of consciousness or altered consciousness <u>AND/OR</u> reported diagnosis of meningitis, encephalitis, high fever with delirium, cerebral malaria, typhoid encephalopathy etc.
Fever with rash/eruptive lesions	Reported diagnosis of Chickenpox, Measles and German measles <u>OR</u> Any Fevers with any eruptive lesions on skin or rashes.
FEVER DUE TO DIPHTHERIA, WHOOPING COUGH	Diphtheria: <i>Reported diagnosis only</i> . (Diagnosis rests on fever, sore throat, and presence of a patch over the tonsils confirmed by the presence of C. diphtheriae on culture through a laboratory test report.) If a doctor's diagnosis or lab report is not there, then such fever are 'all other fevers'. Whooping cough: <i>Reported diagnosis only</i> (diagnosis rests on fever with bouts of coughing followed by a whoop and confirmed by the presence of B. pertussis through lab test.) If a doctor's diagnosis or lab report is not there, then such fever should be coded as 'all other fevers'.
All other fevers (Includes malaria, typhoid and fevers of unknown origin, all specific fevers that do not have a confirmed diagnosis)	Malaria: Reported diagnosis <u>OR</u> Fever with chills and rigors, profuse sweating, intense headache and presence of malarial parasite in the peripheral blood smear. Other known causes of fever – reported diagnosis of typhoid, viral fever, chikungunya, dengue, flu <u>OR</u> any other condition where fever is the main symptom, which does not fit any of the former description – or does not fit better with any of the other codes given later. Fever of unknown origin: where no specific cause of fever is known and no diagnosis was made, or where respondent did not know the diagnosis.
TUBERCULOSIS	Tuberculosis: <i>reported diagnosis only</i> . The respondent should have a TB card or a physician's prescription confirming the diagnosis. Can include cases where they report that service provider has verbally communicated this diagnosis. (Usual symptoms are: Cough for 3 weeks or longer duration, and/or chest pain, and/or coughing of blood, and demonstration of Mycobacterium tuberculosis in the sputum). If it could not be confirmed, then such fever are 'all other fevers'.
Filariasis	Filariasis/Elephantiasis: Rests on reported diagnosis <u>OR</u> on clear history of fever with unilateral/ bilateral swelling of any limb/ gland/ scrotum confirmed by the presence of microfilaria in peripheral night blood smear or elephantiasis. If it could not be confirmed, then such fever are 'all other fevers'.
Tetanus	Tetanus: Rests on reported diagnosis <u>OR</u> a clear history of generalized painful spasms/ jerkiness and stiffness of muscles without loss of consciousness with/without history of injury – usual to be confirmed by a physician's prescription noting the

Reported diagnosis* (main symptom)	Working definition
	diagnosis. If it could not be confirmed, or if it recurs with a gap of days or months between episodes, then it should be classified under nervous system code 23.
HIV/AIDS	HIV/AIDS: <i>reported diagnosis only</i> . Symptoms alone, without a professional or laboratory confirmation cannot make the diagnosis.
Other sexually transmitted diseases	Sexually transmitted diseases: Rests largely on reported diagnosis <i>only</i> <u>OR</u> sometimes a clear symptoms of urethral discharge or genital ulcers or vaginal discharge, scrotal discharge, painful acute scrotal swelling, swelling in the groin <i>with</i> history of sexual exposure. If it could not be confirmed, then it should be classified under 'reproductive tract infection/pelvic inflammatory disease'.
Jaundice	Hepatitis/jaundice: Reported diagnosis <u>OR</u> presence of yellowish discoloration of eyes, passing high-coloured urine, nausea, and itching. Confirmation by a laboratory test/physician desirable but not essential. Fever may or may not be present.
Diarrheas/ dysentery/ increased frequency of stools with or without blood and mucus in stools	Amoebiasis/diarrhoea/dysentery/cholera/giardiasis: Reported diagnosis <u>OR</u> passage of 3 or more semisolid or liquid stools a day with/without fever/abdominal pain. If blood and mucus could be found in stool it is dysentery. A reported specific diagnosis like cholera or gastro-enteritis is also entered here. Diarrhoea or dysentery with fevers is entered under this code, despite the fever.
Worms infestation	Worm infestation: Either a reported diagnosis <u>OR</u> clear history of passing worms with stools or vomitus is required.
CANCERS	
CANCERS (known or suspected by a physician) and occurrence of any growing painless lump in the body	Cancer and other tumours: <i>Reported diagnosis only</i> . (Symptoms are usually non-healing growing ulcer/sores, unusual bleeding and discharge, change in bowel and bladder habits, thickening or lump in breast or any other part of the body, difficulty in swallowing, any obvious change in wart or mole, with documentary evidence of diagnosis.)
BLOOD DISEASES	
Anaemia (any cause)	Anaemia: Reported diagnosis <u>OR</u> pallor associated with fatigue, general weakness, and palpitation with a confirmatory diagnosis from a laboratory test/physician. Sickle cell disease – <i>reported diagnosis</i> . Any other cause of anemia with a reported diagnosis – e.g., iron deficiency anaemia, thalassemia.
Bleeding disorders	Bleeding disorder, hemophilia, etc: Reported diagnosis <u>OR</u> a history of recurrent frequent bleeding after even minor injuries, or from one nasal passage or the other.
ENDOCRINE, METABOLIC, NUTRITIONAL	
DIABETES	Diabetes mellitus: <i>Reported diagnosis only</i> . (Symptoms are: Excessive thirst, frequent eating, passing large quantities of urine at frequent intervals associated with impaired glucose

Reported diagnosis* (main symptom)	Working definition
	tolerance confirmed through a laboratory test/ physician's prescription or taking medication (Tablet Metformin/ Injection Insulin) for diabetes.
Under-nutrition	Under-nutrition: Reported diagnosis <u>OR</u> When the child is very thin built, lethargic and the actual weight is less than weight for age/ weight for height. Reported diagnosis could include weight chart, ICDS records, etc. Symptoms of vitamin deficiency including night blindness, lethargy, ulcers in the angles of the mouth, swelling feet with protruberent stomach also indicate this code.
Goitre and other diseases of the thyroid	Goitre and other thyroid disease: Reported diagnosis of thyroid disease <u>OR</u> Swelling in the front of the neck; with/ without weight gain, swelling of the face or palpitations and tremors in hands. To be confirmed by a physician's diagnosis/ laboratory test or medication.
Others (including obesity)	
PSYCHIATRIC AND NEUROLOGICAL	
Mental retardation	From birth – lack of normal mental development.
Mental disorders	Psychiatric disorders: Diseases of longer duration of irregular nature affecting behaviour/ abnormal behaviour including excessive fears, anger and violence; depression; detached from reality. Drug abuse or alcoholism interfering with the performance of major life activities such as learning, thinking, communica-ting, sleeping, etc.
Headache	Headache – if it was a cause of seeking health care. If no health care is sought, then report only if self-reported as a cause of illness without prompting or leading question. Reported diagnosis of MIGRAINE also.
Seizures or known epilepsy	Seizures/Epilepsy: Reported diagnosis <u>OR</u> recurrent episodic convulsions, usually with normalcy between episodes.
Weakness in limb muscles and difficulty in movements	Muscular weakness or movement difficulty: Includes tremors, difficulty in walking, paralysis of both lower limbs, and difficulty in picking up or holding objects with either hand.
Stroke/ Hemiplegia/ Sudden onset weakness or loss of speech in half of body	Stroke: Reported diagnosis of stroke or hemiplegia <u>OR</u> cerebro-vascular disease <u>OR</u> sudden onset of weakness or paralysis of one half of body or even of one limb with or without impairment of speech.
Others including, memory loss, confusion	Memory loss, confusion, acquired mental retardation – acute or chronic – especially in the elderly (excluding mental retardation which is a condition persisting from birth).
EYE	
Discomfort/ pain in the eye with redness or swellings/ boils	Conjunctivitis/Corneal Ulcer/Iritis/Infection of eyelids or lacrimal glands/Foreign body in eye/trauma: Reported diagnosis of any of these <u>OR</u> Redness of eyes with watering and foreign body sensation with/without discharge.
Cataract	Cataract: Reported diagnosis <u>OR</u> self-reported with blurring/loss of vision over a period of time most commnly related to ageing with presence of opacity in either or both eyes

Reported diagnosis* (main symptom)	Working definition
GLAUCOMA	Glaucoma: <i>Reported diagnosis only.</i> (Symptom: Often with pain in the eyes with blurring/loss of vision of sudden onset in either/both eyes and where decreased vision could not be corrected with glasses – needs confirmation by an ophthalmologist’s diagnosis. Sometimes glaucoma is slow-onset and painless. Include this too if there is a reported diagnosis.)
Decreased vision (chronic) NOT including where decreased vision is <i>corrected</i> with glasses	Could be complete or partial blindness – rapid onset or slow: Retinopathies: Could be diabetic, or having other causes like retinal detachment, or degenerative. Could have begun with night blindness and progressed. Could be undiagnosed glaucoma or untreated/undiagnosed refractive errors. Exclude those visual defects which wearing glasses/contacts have almost or fully corrected. Those corrected by glasses shall not be counted as illness.
Others (including disorders of eye movements – strabismus, nystagmus, ptosis and adnexa)	Ptosis, nystagmus, strabismus or squint, styes, etc: Reported diagnosis <u>OR</u> drooping of eyelids, inability to close eyes, squints, and other disorders of eye movements or swellings and infections of eyelids.
EAR	
Earache with discharge/ bleeding from ear/ infections	Infections of the ear/ Other ear ailments: Reported diagnosis of infection to external or internal ear/ discharge from the ear, with/without fever <u>OR</u> pain or bleeding from ear of any cause without decreased hearing.
Decreased hearing or loss of hearing	Deafness: Loss of hearing – partial or full – one ear or both – subsequent to any cause and for any duration.
CARDIO-VASCULAR	
HYPERTENSION	Hypertension: <i>Reported diagnosis only.</i>
Heart Disease: Chest pain, breathlessness	Heart Disease: Rheumatic, Ischemic, Congenital etc. Heart Disease: Reported diagnosis <u>OR</u> has unexplained recurrent or severe chest pain, breathlessness with/without palpitation even on normal activity with/without swelling of legs and feet.
RESPIRATORY	
Acute upper respiratory infections (cold, runny nose, sore throat with cough, allergic colds included)	Upper Respiratory ailments including nose/throat: Characterized by one or more of the following: Running nose, Cough, Sore throat, with or without fever all of short duration, though it could be recurrent.
Cough with sputum with or without fever and NOT diagnosed as TB	Lower respiratory infections/ Chronic obstructive pulmonary diseases: acute or chronic – Reported diagnosis <u>OR</u> cough as the main symptom, with or without fever, with or without sputum and blood in it, with or without marked breathlessness. Exclude those where there is reported diagnosis of TB.
Bronchial asthma/ recurrent episode of wheezing and breath-lessness with or without cough over long periods or known asthma)	Bronchial Asthma: Reported diagnosis <u>OR</u> chronic, recurrent episodes of difficulty in breathing as main symptom usually with wheezing with or without cough and usually normal or minimal problems between episodes.
GASTRO-INTESTINAL	
Diseases of mouth/teeth/gums	Diseases of the mouth/teeth/gums:

Reported diagnosis* (main symptom	Working definition
	Presence of white elevated curd like patches in the mouth that are difficult to remove/bleeding from the gums/bad breath/pus discharge/tooth ache/decayed/missed/filled tooth/teeth.
Pain abdomen: Gastric and peptic ulcers/ acid reflux/ acute abdomen	Gastritis/ gastric or peptic ulcer: Pain abdomen, indigestion, acid reflux and burning sensation in the stomach. Appendicitis/Pancreatitis, Acute abdomen: severe abdomen pain usually requiring surgery and/or hospitalization.
Lump or fluid in abdomen or scrotum	Includes hydroceles, hernias, abdominal mass undiagnosed or due to chronic liver, e.g. cirrhosis or intestinal disease or due any cause other than those which have been given specific codes. Unlike for the earlier code, pain is not a feature.
Gastrointestinal bleeding	Hemorrhoids, fistula or any bleeding from the anus, blood mixed in stools due to any cause, or vomiting of blood. (NOT bleeding gums or teeth)
SKIN	
Skin infection (boil, abscess, itching) and other skin diseases including leprosy	Diseases of skin: Characterized by presence of lesions – raised, rings, blisters, scales, discoloured patches, itching, redness.
MUSCULO-SKELETAL	
Joint or bone disease/ pain or swelling in any of the joints, or swelling or pus from the bones	Disorders of joints and bones: Reported diagnosis of any arthritis or bone disease <u>OR</u> Pain/swelling/stiffness of any joint, or pain, deformities, or pus from any bone – excluding due to injury.
Back or body aches	Back pain or body ache: which was a cause for seeking medical care/ taking medication, or, if no care sought, was complained of without prompting/ interfered with work, caused significant distress.
GENITO-URINARY	
Any difficulty or abnormality in urination	Diseases of kidney/urinary system: Difficulty in passing urine and/or burning sensation while passing urine, or passing urine at increased frequent intervals and/or fever and/or passing blood in urine. Prostatic disorders: In males, passing small quantities of urine and frequent intervals, sense of incomplete emptying, inability to hold urine, with/without pain/burning sensation.Genital disorders – problems related to male genitalia with respect to urination
Pain the pelvic region/ reproductive tract infection/ pain in male genital area	Pelvic inflammatory disease/Reproductive tract infections: In women: As reported diagnosis <u>OR</u> and /or lower abdominal pain / pain in pelvic area and/with or without abnormal vaginal discharge in women <u>OR</u> just abnormal vaginal discharge (not diagnosed as sexually transmitted diseases) <u>OR</u> genital ulcer. In men: Ulcer or pain in male genital area. (Scrotal swellings)
Change/ irregularity in menstrual cycle or excessive bleeding/ pain during menstruation and any other gynaecological or andrological disorders including male/female infertility	Menstrual disorders: As reported or irregular menstruation, abnormal lack of menstruation, or excessive bleeding during menstruation; Other gynaecological/andrological disorders: Any abnormal bleeding per vaginum /or mass or growth NOT diagnosed as cancer and/or inability to conceive/ infertility <u>OR</u> leaking urine/ urinary incontinence.

Reported diagnosis* (main symptom)	Working definition
OBSTETRIC	
Pregnancy with complications before or during labour (abortion, ectopic pregnancy, abortion, hypertension, complications during labor)	Pregnancy with complications: <i>Before onset of labour pains</i> – would include abortions, fevers, hypertension, moderate to severe anemia, severe swelling of feet, severe headaches, severe vomiting, or in-utero death of fetus, bleeding from vagina and stillbirths. <i>After onset of labour pains</i> – would include prolonged labour, baby born in abnormal positions, bleeding, fits, very high blood pressure and stillbirths – and any reason for which surgery or assisted delivery was resorted to.
Complications in mother after birth of child	Post partum complications: fits, depression, infections, bleeding, descending uterus, leaking urine etc. that developed from when the child emerged to within 42 days of childbirth.
Illness in the newborn/ sick newborn	Illnesses in the newborn: Reported diagnosis OR (a) Any complications in the newborn arising out of delivery (b) Breathlessness and infections (c) Pre-term or low birth weight (d) Others (digestive system disorders, temperature, congenital anomalies).
INJURIES	
Accidental injury, road traffic accidents and falls	Injury which was not deliberate but accidental leading to lacerations, fractures, crushing injuries, injuries to internal organs or multiple body parts.
Accidental drowning and submersion	
Burns and corrosions	Any burns, corrosions due to fire, steam/vapour, hot liquids, acids or chemicals leading to boils, abrasions and lacerations.
Poisoning	Internal ingestion of excessive inappropriate levels of medicines, any levels of pesticides, insecticides, rat poisons or other chemicals, applications on skin.
Intentional self-harm	Intentional self-harm – suicide, attempted suicide or even deliberate self-injury inflicted on oneself for whatever reason.
Assault	Harm inflicted deliberately by another human being.
Contact with venomous/harm causing animals and plants	Snake-bites, scorpion stings any other insect bite, any other animal bite – dogs, wild animals. Accidental poisoning or contact with plants – excludes that done with suicidal intent.
OTHER	
Symptom not fitting into any of above categories	
Could not even state the main symptom	
(DUMMY AILMENT)	
Delivery of child	Childbirth – Caesarean/ normal/ any other (for both live birth and stillbirth).

* Reported Diagnosis refers to a diagnosis that was communicated to the person with ailment or family member by an attending healthcare provider or diagnostician. It could be verbal or written. In some ailment codes there are further clarifications or probing hints provided to enquire whether there is a reported diagnosis available.

Morbidity and Hospitalisation

3.1 General

3.1.1 The present enquiry on health was carried out as a part of the survey on social consumption in the 71st round of the NSSO. The objective of the survey was primarily to study the self-reported morbidity rates, the utilisation of public and private health services by various sections of the population to address these morbidities, and the out of pocket expenditure incurred on health care.

3.1.2 The goals of health systems are improved health status of the population, a responsiveness to health care needs, financial protection for the costs of health care and health equity. The NSSO survey on “Social consumption in India: Health” is one of the important tools that throws light on the nation’s progress towards these goals. The National Health Policy (NHP) enacted in 1983 and the National Health Policy of 2002 spells out the road-maps to achieving these objectives. Since 1983, when the first NHP was adopted, the NSSO has conducted four nationwide surveys on utilisation of medical services by the various sections of the population. The present enquiry, the 71st round of the NSS during January to June, 2014 is the fourth in the series, and has been carried out after a gap of 10 years. The first of these was carried out during 1986-87 (NSS 42nd round), the second during the post ‘economic liberalisation’ period in 1995-96 (NSS 52nd round) and the third during January to June 2004 (NSS 60th round). In recent years in addition to the challenges of ensuring access to health care, financial protection against the growing costs of care have also gained importance. This present survey, therefore, assumes special significance for a comprehensive study on the health care systems in India. It measures the morbidity and hospitalization rates, the utilization of both public and private health care institutions. It has a special emphasis on ‘out of pocket expenses’ as well as on access to government financed health insurance programmes’. Also, for the first time in an NSS health survey, the data collected has enabled assessment of the role of alternative schools of medicine (AYUSH) in respect of prevalence of use, cost of treatment and type of ailments covered.

3.1.3 This chapter summarises the important findings of the survey and discusses the salient features pertaining to the (i) morbidity and changing trend and pattern in morbidity rates in India and some selected states, (ii) Hospitalisation and cost of hospitalisation in private and public hospitals. Wherever possible, the results of the earlier rounds have been placed side by side so that trends and changes over the periods of survey may be examined. The focus is principally on the all-India estimates but attempts have been made to depict the disparities across some selected states and across their rural and urban sectors.

3.1.4 This may be important to note in this perspective that, households (or persons within households) are segregated in sector (rural/urban) by their place of domicile, and not by the place of treatment. This may be also kept in mind that all these data are summarised based on the information ‘as reported by the informant.’ It is well recognized in literature that “self-reported morbidity” differs from morbidity rates measured by clinical examination or examination of bio-markers. But if due caution is exercised in interpretation, especially for disease-specific data, this information is still very useful- especially with regards to utilization of ambulatory and in-patient health care services and the costs of such health care.

3.2 Morbidity Rates

3.2.1 *Statement 3.1* gives the survey estimates on prevalence of morbidity, measured as the number of persons reporting ailment during the last 15 days per 1000 persons. It shows substantial difference in the rate between rural and urban areas. A perceptible gender difference seems to have exist in both rural and urban areas while the difference in urban areas is higher. The difference in PAP between the male and female populations is 19 points in rural India and 34 points in urban India. It may be noted once again that the normal pregnancy and childbirth related events were not treated as ailment in the survey; only the complications of pregnancy/childbirth were considered as ailments. The morbidity rate shows a difference of 29 points between the rural and urban areas.

Statement 3.1: Number (per 1000) of persons reporting ailment during last 15 days

sector	ailment	Male	Female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Rural	short duration	44	54	49
	chronic	36	45	40
	any	80	99	89
Urban	short duration	45	56	51
	chronic	56	79	67
	any	101	135	118

Note: Ailments for long-duration (30 days or more) are referred as chronic ailments with a 15 day reference period, rest are short-duration ailments.

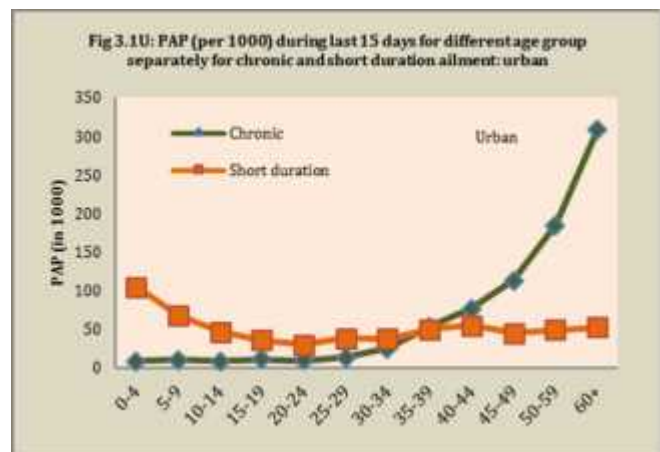
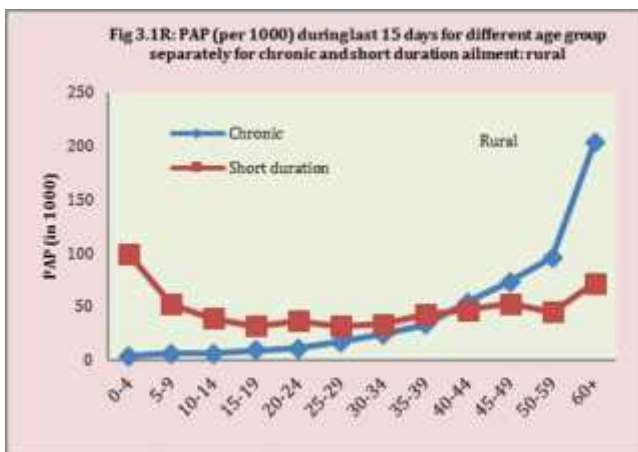
3.2.2 The morbidity rate presented in this document gives the estimated proportion of persons reporting ailment at any time during 15-day reference period and are not strictly the *prevalence rates* as recommended by the Expert Committee on Health Statistics of the WHO. The WHO defines *prevalence rate* as the ratio between the number of spells of ailment at any

time during the reference period and the population exposed to the risk. It measures the *frequency of illnesses* prevailing during the reference period, whereas Statement 3.1 gives the *number of (living) persons reporting ailments* during a 15-day period per 1000 (living) persons.

3.2.3 As the estimates are based on self-reported morbidity data, rather than on medical examination, the information on number of spells of different ailments during the reference period likely to under-estimate the illness-status of the patients, particularly latent diseases that have not presented with clear symptoms. It would also be less reliable for disease specific morbidity rates. Thus, the main morbidity rate that this report presents is termed the estimated **Proportion (number per 1000) of Ailing Persons (PAP)**. It may be noted in this connection that hospitalization in the last 15 days is included in estimating PAP though we exclude it when we are estimating costs of care.

3.2.4 **Short duration ailment and chronic ailment:** It is mentioned in this connection that persons having at least one chronic ailment (who are reporting more than one ailment during last 15 days reference period) are considered in the ‘chronic ailment’ group. It is seen that the chronic ailments are more frequent than short-duration ailments in urban areas of the country in both males and females. For the rural area it is the other way round. This distinction between short-duration and chronic, was determined as reported by the respondent; and this was recorded for every spell of ailment in form of appropriate codes.

3.2.5 **Level of Morbidity for different age groups:** Statement 3.2 gives the survey estimates on Proportion (number per 1000) of Ailing Persons (PAP) for different age-groups separately for chronic and short duration ailments. As expected, the morbidity rates were found to be higher for children and much higher for the higher age groups – the lowest rates being for the youth (age bracket 15-29 years) in both sectors.



3.2.6 It is seen that, both for rural and urban areas, age patterns of PAP for short-duration ailments differ markedly from those for chronic ailments. For both rural and urban areas, age-specific PAPs for short duration ailments show a distinct U-shaped pattern, while those for chronic ailments a positively-sloped pattern. There are significant rural-urban differentials. In chronic illness PAPs are more in urban areas in almost all age groups- the difference rising

sharply after 35 years age. In short duration illness it is rural India which has higher PAPs- both in the very young (below 5 years of age) and after 60 years.

3.2.7 Up to middle age, PAP for chronic ailments was less than that for short-duration ailments (age 40 for rural and 35 for urban). After this age the incidence of chronic ailment increases as age increases, as expected; and it reaches to its peak at the highest age-group (70 or more). Both for acute and chronic ailments, morbidity prevalence were found to be much higher among those aged 70 years or more than the other age-groups.

Statement 3.2: Proportion (per 1000) of ailing persons during last 15 days for different age group separately for chronic and short duration ailment

age-group	PAP (in 1000)					
	rural			urban		
	Chronic	Short duration	all	Chronic	Short duration	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-4	4	99	103	9	105	114
5-9	6	52	58	11	69	80
10-14	6	39	45	9	47	56
15-19	9	32	41	12	37	49
20-24	11	37	48	10	31	41
25-29	17	32	49	14	39	53
30-34	24	34	58	26	38	64
35-39	33	43	76	54	51	105
40-44	54	47	101	77	56	133
45-49	73	53	126	114	46	160
50-59	96	45	141	185	50	235
60-64	175	79	254	302	48	350
65-69	203	61	264	305	57	362
70+	235	71	306	320	53	373
60+	204	72	276	309	53	362
all	40	49	89	67	51	118

3.2.8 *Level of Morbidity in different rounds:* Statement 3.3 gives the morbidity rates estimated by the NSS for the country as a whole since 1995-96. The morbidity enquiries conducted earlier, in the 7th to 13th rounds, were exploratory in nature. In these rounds, the definition of sickness adopted was rather stringent and did not include the chronic non-disabling cases as also the residual effects of an ailment. The estimates of these rounds are, therefore, not comparable with those of the latter rounds. The morbidity rates estimated from the earlier NSS rounds are not based on same duration of reference period. The estimated PAPs of the present round, 60th round, 52nd round and the 28th round are based on a reference period of 15 days preceding the date of survey, while those of the 17th and 42nd rounds are based on a 30-day reference period. Further, estimates of proportion (per 1000) of ailing persons (PAP) are not available for the 28th round; it gives only the prevalence rates (PR). In this report, however, last three NSS rounds figure are presented.

3.2.9 This is important to note that these observed differences in the morbidity estimates cannot be taken as true reflection of actual changes in morbidity, because these are also compounded with the effects of changes in perception due to changing health awareness, access to health services available and changing social and cultural contexts, and the changing age structure of the population over these 20 years.

Statement 3.3: Proportion (per 1000) of ailing persons (PAP) during last 15 days: rural, urban

gender	PAP in NSS rounds		
	52 nd (’95-’96)	60 th (Jan-June ’04)	71 st (Jan-June ’14)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	rural		
male	54	83	80
female	57	93	99
all	55	88	89
	urban		
male	51	91	101
female	58	108	135
all	54	99	118

3.2.10 *Level of Morbidity for different quintile classes:* Statement 3.4 shows the relationship between morbidity and level of living, measured by usual per capita monthly consumption expenditure (UMPCE).

Statement 3.4: Proportion of ailing persons (per 1000) during last 15 days by quintile class of UMPCE

quintile class of UMPCE	PAP	
	rural	urban
(1)	(2)	(3)
01	65	79
02	73	101
03	85	124
04	93	127
05	131	156
all	89	118

Ref: Appendix Table 3

3.2.11 It reveals a positive association between UMPCE and PAP, in both rural and urban areas. The range in variation in PAP was larger in the urban areas than in the rural areas. If UMPCE is considered to be a proxy for level of living of the households, the data appear to depict that the level of morbidity increased with the level of living. This may also mean that the reporting of morbidity improves with improvement in the level of living. It is generally understood that this morbidity reporting and level of health consciousness is somewhat

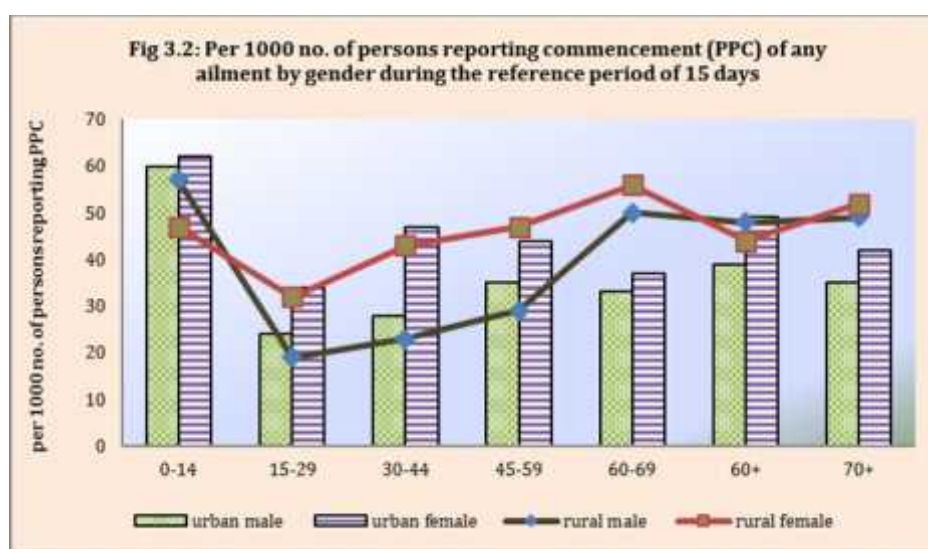
related; and this level of health awareness may be attributed to level of education, access to health services, purchasing power, etc.

3.2.12 Commencement of Ailment: Statement 3.5 gives the age and gender-specific Proportions (number per 1000) of Persons reporting Commencement (PPC) of any ailment during the reference period of 15 days, separately for rural and urban areas. It may be noted that the PPC is also different from the incidence rate, as defined in the recommendations of the Expert Commission on Health Statistics of the WHO. While the incidence rate measures the frequency of illnesses commencing during a reference period, the PPC gives the estimated proportion of persons reporting onset of any ailment.

Statement 3.5: Number per 1000 of persons reporting commencement (PPC) of any ailment during the reference period of 15 days

broad age-group	proportions (number per 1000) of persons reporting commencement	
	rural	urban
(1)	(2)	(3)
0-14	52	61
15-29	25	28
30-44	33	37
45-59	38	39
60-69	53	35
60+	46	44
70+	50	38
all	39	41

3.2.13 PPC also has the similar pattern as PAP of short duration, higher for lower (0-14) age group and higher (more than 60) age group than the other age groups for both the sector. In the age group (0-14) PPC is high for both the sector. Moreover, for persons of higher age bracket (60-69, 60+ and 70+) PPC for rural was higher than its urban counterpart.



3.2.14 **Level of Morbidity -- inter-state comparison:** The estimated number (per 1000) of ailing persons (PAP) for selected states is presented in statement 3.6 for inter-state comparison of level of morbidity. The observed differences in PAPs, it may be noted, do not reveal the difference in the actual health status; rather they confirm the widely held view that self-perceived morbidity reporting is highly influenced by the cultural context, general health awareness, and access to health care and age pyramid prevailing in the states.

3.2.15 Statement 3.6 reveals large inter-state variations in PAP in both rural and urban areas for each gender. The level of morbidity for rural areas, measured in terms of PAP, varied from 31 in Assam to 310 in Kerala in rural area and for urban area it ranges from 44 in Chhattisgarh to 306 in Kerala. No big gender difference is observed in most of the states (exception in Punjab, urban Kerala).

Statement 3.6: Proportion (number per 1000) of ailing persons in selected states for each gender

States	PAP (per thousand) for					
	rural			urban		
	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	154	156	155	190	217	204
Assam	23	41	31	42	53	47
Bihar	52	64	57	66	57	62
Chattisgarh	45	34	40	36	53	44
Gujarat	88	95	92	93	115	103
Haryana	48	65	56	77	72	75
Jharkhand	47	57	52	69	125	96
Karnataka	85	102	93	84	125	103
Kerala	305	315	310	277	332	306
Madhya Pradesh	50	56	53	59	84	71
Maharashtra	73	88	80	66	74	70
Orissa	90	119	103	86	108	97
Punjab	124	203	161	143	196	170
Rajasthan	44	64	54	82	84	83
Tamil Nadu	133	158	146	148	221	184
Telangana	84	110	97	80	112	95
Uttar Pradesh	66	88	77	82	143	111
West Bengal	139	184	161	147	214	179
all-India	80	99	89	101	135	118

Ref: Appendix Table 6R/U

a) To interpret this variability among States and among gender within each state it is to be understood that the data on ailment collected in the NSS Survey on “Health” during 71st round is based upon ‘self-reporting’, where the respondent reports illness as per his own perception of being well or sick. Thus latent illness might have gone under-reported.

b) “Perception of being ill” is dependent on ‘level of literacy’ and ‘cultural factors’, apart from ‘health awareness’ and ‘access to healthcare system’. In this regard the economic

condition (in NSSO Survey, it is measured by UMPCE) of the household (where the individual belongs to) also plays a significant role. An individual ignores his/her illness till he/she is unable his/her normal economic activity and then only takes some treatment. Considering UMPCE as a proxy for level of living of the households, the statement 3.4 depicts that the level of perceived morbidity increases with the rise of level of living. This means that the reporting of morbidity improves with improvement in the level of living. Thus this variability in PAP among the states, and the rural-urban as well as gender differentials need to be analysed and co-related with different social, cultural and epidemiological factors for a better understanding of the determinants of such variation.

3.3 Spells of Ailments and Treatment of Ailments

3.3.1 Proportion of ailing persons treated on medical advice: A *spell of ailment* is a continuous period of sickness due to a specific ailment. Statement 3.7 gives the percentage of spells of ailment treated during the reference period estimated from the 52nd round (1995-96), 60th round (Jan-June 2004) and the present round (Jan-June 2014). In all these surveys, this proportion is found to be higher in urban areas than in rural areas. In this context it may be important to note that in the earlier NSS health surveys before 71st round, only treatment of ailments administered on medical advice was considered as medical treatment. Self-medication, use of medicines taken on the advice of persons in chemists' shops, etc. were not considered as medical treatment and ailments for which only such medication was taken were considered as untreated ailments. In this round, all such treatment was considered as medical treatment. Moreover, taking AYUSH treatment from individuals as well as private/public clinics and hospitals is also listed as medication. Thus percentage of such 'other' treatment (other than allopathic treatment i.e. AYUSH and other) is placed in the bracket along with the 71st round estimates.

Statement 3.7: Percentage of spell of ailment treated during last 15 days on medical advice

gender	NSS rounds		
	52 nd ('95-'96)	60 th (Jan-June '04)	71 st (Jan-June '14)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	Rural		
male	84	82	96 (5.3)
female	82	82	96 (7.3)
	Urban		
male	91	90	97 (6.8)
female	90	89	97 (6.5)

values in the bracket in col.4 represents % of ailing persons treated through 'other'(other than allopathy treatment)

3.3.2 The statement shows that the reported rates of treatment of the sick do not indicate any perceptible gender bias in either of the surveys. Although the results of the 52nd and 60th rounds do not reveal any detectable change over time in the percentage of spell of ailment

treated, there is considerable increase in the rate of administering some treatment for the sick from the last decade i.e. from 60th round to 71st round.

3.3.3 Reasons for treatment without medical advice: In 71st round the reasons related to ‘treatment without medical advice’ were collected. Statement 3.8 gives the percentage distribution of treatment of ailments without medical advice (differs from no treatment) by reason as estimated from the present round.

3.3.4 It is seen that, in 71st round, the reason for treatment without medical advice is most often cited as “financial constraint”. This reason was reported for over 55% and 60% of the in rural and urban areas, respectively. The next most important reason was “no medical facility available in neighbourhood” in rural area, accounting for 15% cases but in urban areas the reason was “others” accounting for more than 20% of the cases. Thus a lack of access to the services that are required- either due to geography or financial barriers remains the most important reason

Statement 3.8: Percentage distribution of treated ailments without medical advice by reason for not seeking medical advice for each gender

reason for treatment of ailments without medical advice	% spells of ailments by reason for treatment without medical advice					
	rural			urban		
	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
no med. facility available in neighbourhood	17.7	13.5	15.4	2	0.8	1.3
facility of satisfactory quality not available	3.4	3.9	3.7	2.4	2.1	2.2
facility of satisfactory quality, too expensive	8.7	3.9	6.2	3.1	7.2	5.3
satisfactory quality involves long waiting	2.9	3.7	3.3	1	3.3	2.3
financial constraint	55.4	59.1	57.4	75	62.8	68.3
other	11.9	15.8	14.0	16.6	23.9	20.6
all	100	100	100	100	100	100

Ref: Appendix Table 35

3.3.5 Choice of Health-care Provider: This survey results throw some idea on the choice of health-care providers at the rural and urban area i.e. from whom people took treatment and at which level.

3.3.6 Statement 3.9 describes the *share of health-care providers by public and private sources in treatment of ailment* (State/UT wise fig. in Appendix table 4). The public providers for health care include government hospitals, clinics, dispensaries, Primary Health Centres (PHCs) and the Community Health Centres (CHCs), Mobile Medical Unit (MMU) and the state and central government assisted ESI hospitals and dispensaries. The lowest level of care viz. Health Sub Centre (HSC), ANM/ASHA/AWW, (please see Appendix B for detailed definition) were also included in this round. But possibility of misclassification of these ‘levels of care’ (other than public hospital) by the informant cannot be ruled out, due to

plausible positional overlapping of these units in some state (rural/urban). Thus figures are shown as a combined estimate of “HSC, PHC & Others”. Rest of the providers belong to the category of ‘private’ sources. The ‘private’ sources include private doctors, nursing homes, private hospitals, charitable institutions, etc. Statement 3.9 shows how the share of public provider in treatment of ailments varies with gender and sector.

Statement 3.9 : Percentage distribution of spells of ailment treated during last 15 days by level of care separately for each gender

level of care	percentage of spells of ailment treated					
	rural			urban		
	male	female	persons	male	female	persons
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
HSC, PHC & others*	10.6	12.3	11.5	3.5	4.2	3.9
public hospital	15.9	17.5	16.8	17.4	17.3	17.3
private doctor/clinic	52.7	48.9	50.7	48.9	50.8	50.0
private hospital	20.8	21.3	21.0	30.2	27.7	28.8
all	100	100	100	100	100	100

* includes ANM, ASHA, AWW, dispensary, CHC, MMU

Ref: Appendix Table 31b

3.3.7 It is seen that private doctors were the single-most significant source of treatment in both the sectors. They accounted for around 50% of the treatments in rural as well as urban areas. In fact, more than 70% (72 per cent in the rural areas and 79 per cent in the urban areas) spells of ailment were treated in the private sector (consisting of private doctors, nursing homes, private hospitals, charitable institutions, etc.). In 60th round the corresponding figures were 78% in rural areas and 81% in urban areas. So in overall share of public sector there is an increase although the rise is marginal in urban area.

3.3.8 *Inter-state Variation in Proportion of Ailments Treated by Government Sources:* Statement 3.10 reveals wide inter-state variation in the % of ailment treated from government sources and non-government sources.

3.3.9 Among these states, the utilisation of government sources for treatment of ailments varied considerably. Relatively high percentage of treatment at public hospital was reported in the rural areas of Assam (84%), followed by Odisha (76%), Rajasthan (44%) and Tamil Nadu (42%), and in the urban areas of it was Odisha (54%), followed by Assam (44%) and Kerala(31%). Use of public health care facilities for treatment of ailment was lowest in the rural areas of Haryana, preceded by Bihar and Uttar Pradesh.

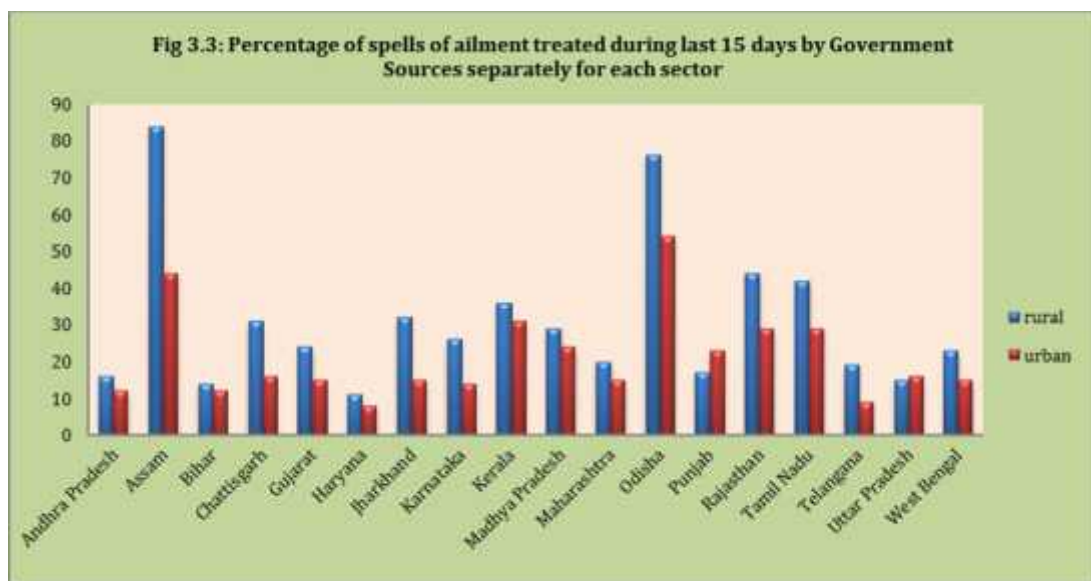
3.3.10 In the urban areas, although the proportion of treated cases of ailments was, in general, higher than in the rural, the reliance on the government health institutions was less than in the rural areas. It is seen that in rural Bihar and Chhattisgarh proportion of treatment taken at government sources was much higher for female than male (difference more than 20%).

Statement 3.10: Percentage of spells of ailment treated during last 15 days by Government Sources separately for each gender

States	percentage of spells of ailment treated by Government Sources at								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Andhra Pradesh	15	16	16	12	13	12	14	15	14
Assam	86	83	84	48	37	44	77	80	78
Bihar	6	23	14	16	9	12	7	21	14
Chattisgarh	16	56	31	8	24	16	15	47	27
Gujarat	23	24	24	18	12	15	21	18	20
Haryana	15	8	11	9	8	8	12	8	10
Jharkhand	40	23	32	23	10	15	34	16	24
Karnataka	25	27	26	14	14	14	21	22	21
Kerala	32	40	36	31	31	31	31	36	34
Madhya Pradesh	30	29	29	28	21	24	29	26	28
Maharashtra	18	22	20	13	16	15	16	19	18
Orissa	73	78	76	52	56	54	70	75	72
Punjab	17	17	17	30	18	23	22	17	19
Rajasthan	45	43	44	25	33	29	37	39	38
Tamil Nadu	43	42	42	27	30	29	34	35	35
Telangana	15	21	19	3	13	9	11	18	15
Uttar Pradesh	15	14	15	13	18	16	14	16	15
West Bengal	22	23	23	16	14	15	20	20	20
all-India	27	30	28	21	22	21	24	26	26

Ref: Appendix Table 31b

3.3.11 Fig. 3.3 gives the percentage of spells of ailment treated during last 15 days by Government sources for each selected states.



3.3.12 **Changing Role of Public Institutions:** Statement 3.11 shows the changes in the share of government institutions in the case of non-hospitalised treatment of ailments for different states over the periods.

3.3.13 It can be seen that there has been a considerable rise in the share at the all-India level for rural and marginal increase for urban areas. Almost all the states show an increase in the utilisation of government institutions in the rural areas. The only exception is Karnataka and perhaps Andhra Pradesh (figures for 2004 for Andhra Pradesh is inclusive of Telangana). States showing a sharp increase in this share were Assam, Odisha, Chhattisgarh and Tamil Nadu. In many states the increase was modest. In urban areas in contrast most states showed a decline in the share of public institutions in treating ailments. The only notable exception is Assam and Kerala. In many states like Odisha and Tamil Nadu which had done well in their rural areas- it stagnated at the same levels in the urban areas.

Statement 3.11: Percentage of ailments receiving non-hospitalised treatment from government sources over three NSS rounds

States	% of treatment from government sources					
	rural			urban		
	1995-96 52 nd Rd	2004 60 th Rd	2014 71 st Rd	1995-96 52 nd Rd	2004 60 th Rd	2014 71 st Rd
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	22	21	16	19	20	12
Assam	29	27	84	22	24	44
Bihar	13	5	14	33	11	12
Chattisgarh	-	15	31	-	20	16
Gujarat	25	21	24	22	18	15
Haryana	13	12	11	11	20	8
Jharkhand	-	13	32	-	24	15
Karnataka	26	34	26	17	16	14
Kerala	28	37	36	28	22	31
Madhya Pradesh	23	23	29	19	23	24
Maharashtra	16	16	20	17	11	15
Odisha	38	51	76	34	54	54
Punjab	7	16	17	6	18	23
Rajasthan	36	44	44	41	53	29
Tamil Nadu	25	29	42	28	22	29
Telangana	-	-	19	-	-	9
Uttar Pradesh	8	10	15	9	13	16
West Bengal	15	19	23	19	20	15
all-India	19	22	28	20	19	21

3.3.14 **Choice of type of treatment:** Persons who were ailing had different nature of treatment like allopathy, homoeopathy, etc. Even sometimes no medical care was taken for their ailments. From this round the options of 'Indian System of Medicine' (including Ayurveda, Unani and Siddha), Homeopathy and 'Yoga or Naturopathy' has been included for nature of treatment. Statement 3.12 gives the percentage distribution of spells of ailments by different nature of treatments (State/UT wise figures in Appendix A-table 2R/U).

3.3.15 Clearly a higher inclination towards allopathy treatment was prevalent (around 90% in both the sectors). Only 5 to 7 percent usage of 'other' including AYUSH (Ayurveda, Yoga or Naturopathy Unani, Siddha and homoeopathy) has been reported both in rural and urban area. It was however, interesting to note higher usage (1.5 percentage point) of such 'Other' treatment by urban male than its rural counterpart while less usage of the same (0.8 percentage point) by urban female than rural female. Moreover, un-treated spell was higher in rural (both for male and female) than urban.

3.3.16 This statement also reveals the relationship between the percentages of un-treated spells of ailments and level of living separately for the rural and urban areas. Untreated spell was less in the fifth quintile class for both rural and urban sector.

Statement 3.12: Percentage distribution of spells of ailments treated (by nature of treatment) during last 15 days separately for each gender for each quintile class of UMPCE

quintile class of UMPCE	percentage of spells of ailment with treatment received					
	male			female		
	none	allopathy	other	None	allopathy	other
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
	rural					
01	3.0	88.9	8.0	5.8	86.2	8.0
02	5.2	91.7	3.0	4.4	89.9	5.6
03	4.0	90.1	5.8	4.5	87.6	7.9
04	5.8	89.9	4.3	5.1	89.5	5.4
05	2.8	91.7	5.5	2.0	89.2	8.8
all	4.1	90.6	5.3	4.0	88.7	7.3
	urban					
01	3.4	93.9	2.7	3.9	89.7	6.3
02	3.9	87.1	9.1	3.6	89.2	7.3
03	4.4	87.2	8.5	2.6	92.2	5.2
04	1.9	92.8	5.4	2.0	92.8	5.3
05	1.5	91.1	7.4	1.5	90.4	8.1
all	2.8	90.4	6.8	2.5	91.0	6.5

Ref: KI of Social Consumption in India: Health

3.4 Hospitalised treatment of ailments

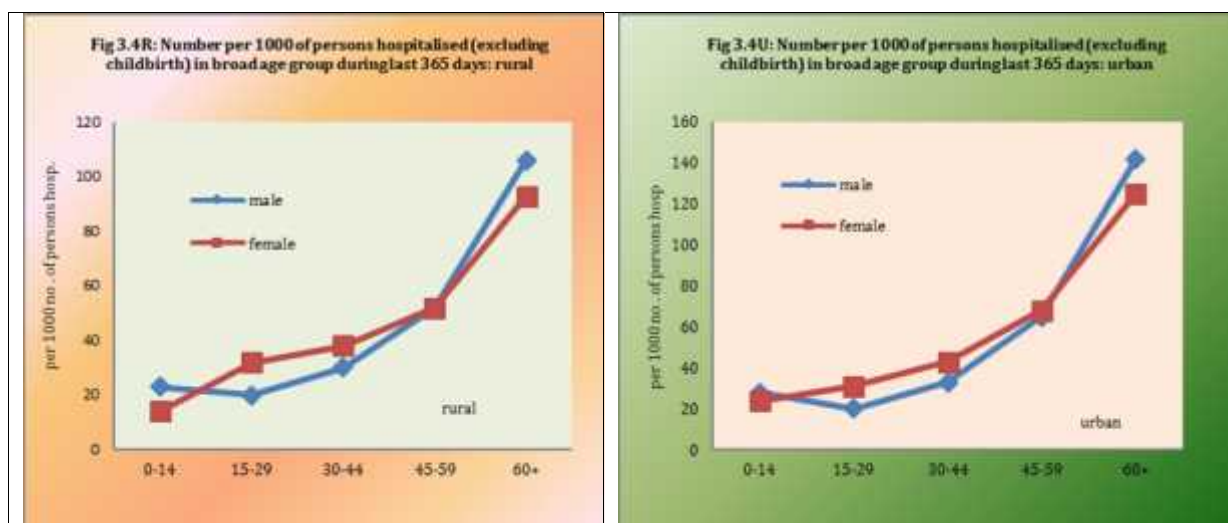
3.4.1 *Proportion of persons hospitalised in last 365 days:* Medical treatment of an ailing person as an in-patient in any medical institution having provision of treating the sick as in-patients is considered as hospitalised treatment. Here all hospitalisation for Child-birth is excluded. All such cases (hospitalisation for childbirth) is discussed in the next chapter. Statement 3.13 gives the estimated of number (per 1000) of persons hospitalised during a reference period of 365 days.

3.4.2 It is seen that the estimated proportion of hospitalised persons differed substantially between rural and urban areas. About 44 per 1000 of the urban population were hospitalised any time during a reference period of 365 days. The proportion of persons hospitalised in the rural areas was lower (35 per 1000). The survey results, however, do not reflect any perceptible gender-differential in this respect, either in rural or urban areas. The statement also provides the available estimates of the 60th (2004) and 52nd round (1995-96). Comparison between the estimates of these three rounds shows that, both in rural areas and in urban areas it has increased significantly.

Statement 3.13: Number per 1000 of persons hospitalised (excluding childbirth) in last three NSS rounds by gender

gender	NSS rounds		
	52 nd (‘95-’96)	60 th (Jan-June ‘04)	71 st (Jan-June ‘14)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	rural		
male	14	23	34
female	13	22	36
all	13	23	35
	urban		
male	20	31	41
female	20	31	46
all	20	31	44

3.4.3 *Hospitalisation and broad age group*: Statement 3.14 gives the estimated of number (per 1000) of persons hospitalised during a reference period of 365 days for broad age group.



- a) The rate of hospitalisation, when looked corresponding to age group, it is observed that the rate increased with the age of a person and was the highest for the aged (60+) persons, both in rural and urban areas. Among the aged, the sectoral differences is most pronounced in age group ‘45-59’ & above.

Statement 3.14: Number per 1000 of persons hospitalised (excluding childbirth) in broad age group during last 365 days by gender

age-group	number per thousand of persons hospitalised in					
	rural			urban		
	male	female	persons	male	female	persons
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-14	23	14	19	28	24	26
15-29	20	32	26	20	31	25
30-44	30	38	34	33	43	38
45-59	52	52	52	65	68	66
60+	106	93	99	142	125	133
all	34	36	35	41	46	44

Ref: Appendix Table 8

b) It is also remarkable that for both the sectors among the youngest age group (0-14) and the aged person (60+) rate of hospitalisation is higher in male than female. For the other age group it is the just opposite.

3.4.4 *Hospitalisation by broad ailment type*: Statement 3.15 shows percentage of hospitalisation by broad ailment type separately for rural and urban.

Statement 3.15: Percentage of hospitalised cases (EC) over broad ailment categories

broad ailment category	% of hospitalised cases	
	rural	urban
(1)	(2)	(3)
infections	25	24
cancers	2	3
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	2	2
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	2	3
psychiatric & neurological	6	6
eye	5	4
ear	0	1
cardio-vascular	8	11
respiratory	5	5
gastro-intestinal	11	11
skin	1	1
musculo-skeletal	5	4
genito-urinary	6	7
obstetric & neonatal	6	4
injuries	12	10
other	3	3
all	100	100

Ref: Appendix Table 24R/U

- a) Both in rural and urban area highest proportion for hospitalisation is recorded for 'Infection' (inclusive of all types of fever, jaundice, tuberculosis, tetanus, diarrhoeas/dysentery and other infection (Please refer page 16 for details of ailment).
- b) In rural areas other more frequent reasons for hospitalisation were injuries and gastro-intestinal problems. In urban areas however, cardio-vascular and gastro-intestinal were second most common reasons for hospitalisation and this was followed by injuries.

3.4.5 Hospitalisation and Type of Hospital: Statement 3.16 gives the share of government and private institutions in treating the hospitalised cases of ailments in the rural and urban areas for last three NSS rounds (52nd round – July 1995 to June 1996, 60th round – Jan to June 2004 and 71st round – Jan to June 2014). It is seen that the private institutions dominate the field in treating the inpatients in the previous three decades, both in the rural and urban areas. A steady decline in the use of Government sources and a corresponding increase in the use of private sources over the last three NSS rounds are evident in urban India. This decline plateaued in rural areas during the period between 2014 and 2004- but in urban areas it persisted. Private institutions remained the main provider of inpatient health care in both rural and urban areas.

Statement 3.16: Percentage distribution of hospitalised cases by type of hospital (public and private) during 1995-96, 2004 and 2014: rural, urban

type of hospital	percentage of hospitalised cases in					
	rural			urban		
	1995-96	2004	2014	1995-96	2004	2014
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
public	44	42	42	43	38	32
private	56	58	58	57	62	68
all	100	100	100	100	100	100

3.4.6 Share of Public Provider in Hospitalised Treatment -Inter-state Variation: Statement 3.17 gives the proportion (per 1000) of cases of hospitalised treatment received from public sector and private sector hospitals for rural and urban areas of selected states.

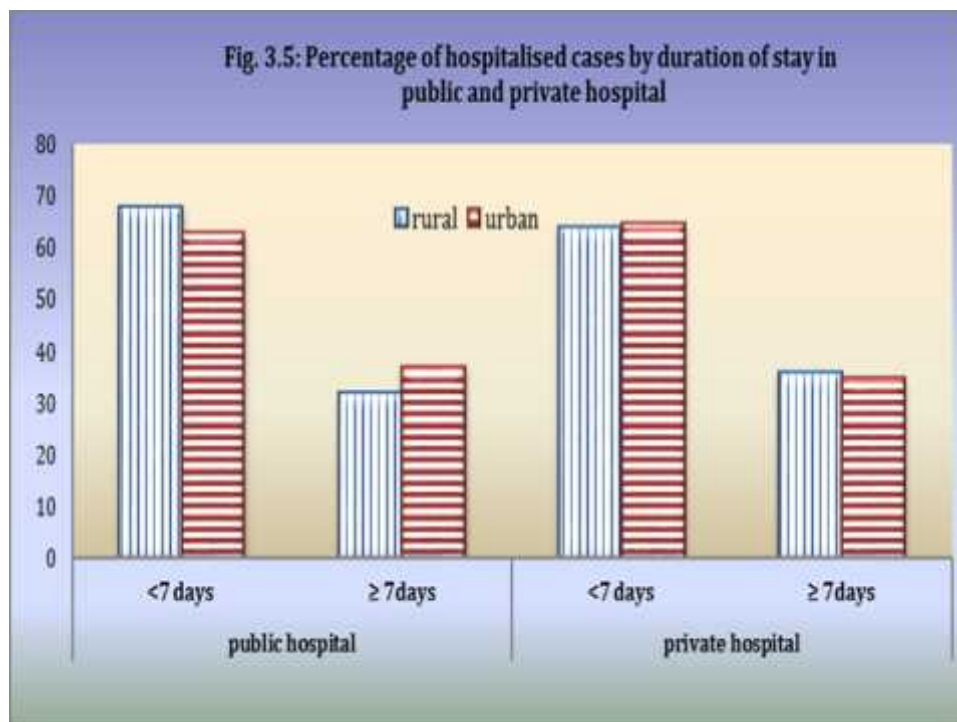
3.4.7 The statement indicates that reliance on the public sector for hospitalised treatment varied a great deal from state to state. The percentage of hospitalised treatments received from public sector hospitals varied from 19 (Maharashtra) to 89 (Assam) in the rural areas. Apart from Assam, two other states, viz., Orissa, West Bengal reported relatively high proportions of cases of hospitalised treatment from public institutions. On the contrary, Andhra Pradesh, Gujarat, Karnataka, Telangana, Punjab and Uttar Pradesh showed a high degree of reliance on private sector hospitals. In the urban areas the percentage of hospitalised treatments received from public sector hospitals varied from 18 (Haryana & Karnataka) to 58 (Odisha). In Maharashtra, Andhra Pradesh and Telangana also higher extent of dependence on private sector hospitals is observed.

Statement 3.17: Percentage distribution of cases of hospitalised treatment received from public sector and private sector hospitals for rural and urban areas

State	% persons hospitalised in			
	private hospital		public hospital	
	rural	urban	rural	Urban
(1)	(2)	(3)	(3)	(4)
Andhra Pradesh	77.5	78.2	22.5	21.8
Assam	10.8	48.5	89.2	51.5
Bihar	57.4	61.2	42.6	38.8
Chhattisgarh	50.6	70.6	49.4	29.4
Gujarat	76.6	76.7	23.4	23.3
Haryana	66.7	81.7	33.3	18.3
Jharkhand	60.4	73.6	39.6	26.4
Karnataka	73.2	81.7	26.8	18.3
Kerala	65.3	66.7	34.7	33.3
Madhya Pradesh	46.5	58.3	53.5	41.7
Maharashtra	80.8	80.0	19.2	20.0
Odisha	18.7	42.0	81.3	58.0
Punjab	70.7	69.8	29.3	30.2
Rajasthan	45.8	45.6	54.2	54.4
Tamil Nadu	59.6	70.7	40.4	29.3
Telangana	71.4	78.8	28.6	21.2
Uttar Pradesh	69.8	71.7	30.2	28.3
West Bengal	22.8	47.4	77.2	52.6
all	58.1	68.0	41.9	32.0

Ref: Summary Statement S6R/U

3.4.8 Duration of Stay in Hospital: Statement 3.18 shows the distribution of hospitalised cases by duration of stay in the hospital, separately for the government and private hospitals.



3.4.9 The average duration of stay for inpatient care in a hospital during a period of 365 days was shorter in the private hospitals (7 days) than in the govt. hospitals (8 days) in urban sector and equal (7 days) in rural sector. At the same time in 68% cases in rural and 63% cases in urban duration of stay in public hospital was less than 7 days. Corresponding figures for private hospital was 64% and 65% in rural and urban sector respectively

Statement 3.18: Percentage distribution of hospitalised cases by duration of stay in the hospital and average duration of stay: public and private hospital

quintile class of UMPCE	Duration of stay in				average duration of stay (day)	
	public hospital		private hospital		public hospital	private hospital
	<7 days	7days	<7 days	7days		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
	rural					
01	70	30	63	37	6.2	6.6
02	70	30	64	36	6.3	6.8
03	70	30	66	34	6.4	6.4
04	69	31	63	37	6.8	6.9
05	62	38	63	37	7.9	7.3
all	68	32	64	36	7.0	7.0
	urban					
01	68	32	62	38	7.0	6.3
02	65	35	66	34	7.2	6.5
03	60	40	68	32	7.6	6.3
04	61	39	67	33	11.5	7.2
05	58	42	62	38	8.4	7.1
all	63	37	65	35	8.0	7.0

Ref: Appendix Table 14a-R/U

3.4.10 It appears from statement 3.18 that there is apparently no relation between the level of living and duration of stay. But it is seen that in both rural and urban area percentage of hospitalised cases with less than 7 days duration of stay in public hospital reduced as one moves from lower to higher quintile class. For private hospital no such tendency can be observed.

3.5 Cost of Non-hospitalised Treatment

3.5.1 In the present survey, data on expenses incurred for medical treatment was collected separately for each case of hospitalisation for hospitalised treatment, but in the case of non-hospitalised treatment, expenditure for the ailing person irrespective of the number of spells and type of ailment was recorded. Along with the medical expenses, the 'other expenses' also were recorded separately. *Medical expenses* included expenditure on items like cost of medicines (for non-hospitalised treatment cost of medicine was split into AYUSH and non-AYUSH), bed charges for hospitalised treatment, charges for diagnostic tests, and fees for doctor/surgeon. The 'other expenses' constituted all expenses relating to treatment of an ailment incurred by the household in connection with treatment of an ailing member of the

household, but other than the exclusive expenditure on medical treatment. This category of expenditure included all transport charges paid by the household members in connection with the treatment, food and lodging charges of the escort(s) during the reference period. The estimates of 'total expenditure' were arrived at as the sum of 'medical expenditure' and 'other expenditure.'

3.5.2 Average expenditure for non-hospitalised treatment per ailment: Statement 3.19 gives the estimates of total expenditure per-ailment incurred for non-hospitalised treatment during the reference period of 15 days. The statement provides separate estimates for treatment of male and female patients of rural and urban areas for the country as a whole. It is seen that, on an average, a higher amount was spent for non-hospitalised treatment of an ailment by the urban population than the rural population. The statement also indicates presence of gender difference in respect of expenses incurred per ailment especially for urban residence, though the estimates on proportion of ailing persons treated (*given in statement 3.1*) reflects no difference between the male and female population of both rural and urban areas.

Statement 3.19: Average total expenditure (₹) for non-hospitalised treatment per ailment

gender	Average total expenditure (₹) for	
	rural	Urban
(1)	(2)	(3)
male	502	683
female	515	604
all	509	639

Ref: Appendix Table 36

3.5.3 Expenditure for Non-hospitalised Treatment per Treated Person and Level of care: The following Statement 3.20 gives the *total expenditure* incurred on non-hospitalised treatment per treated person for different level of care. The estimates of total expenditure incurred per-ailing person who were suffering from only one ailment (not as an in-patient) during the reference period of 15 days are shown here.

Statement 3.20: Average total medical expenditure (₹) for non-hospitalised treatment per ailing person suffering from only one ailment for different level of care

level of care	average total medical expenditure (₹) per ailing person			
	rural		urban	
	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(5)	(6)
HSC, PHC & others*	309	314	347	386
public hospital	407	505	372	411
private doctor/clinic	560	600	672	646
private hospital	773	810	1131	785
all	549	589	741	629

Ref: KI of Social Consumption in India: Health

3.5.4 The statement provides separate estimates for male and female patients of rural and urban areas. It is already seen that, on an average, a higher amount was incurred for non-hospitalised treatment of an ailment by the urban population than that by the rural population. The statement reflects perceptible difference of expenditure incurred among the levels of care utilized for the treatment taken for. As expected, the statement reveals rise in expenditure incurred with respect to rise in level of care, i.e. least amount was incurred at more primary levels of care and so on. It may be kept in mind that because of the structure of the schedule (Appendix C), it is possible to generate table of medical expenditure vis-à-vis level of care per ailing person suffering from only one ailment.

3.5.5 *Inter-state variation in expenditure per non-hospitalised treatment:* Statement 3.21 gives the percentage of items of expenditure to total expenditure for rural and urban areas of selected states. In this statement medicines includes AYUSH and allopathic medicines whereas 'others' is inclusive of diagnostic tests. These estimates given in the statement pertain only to the non-hospitalised treatment of ailments.

Statement 3.21: Percentage distribution of total expenditure by different items of expenditure

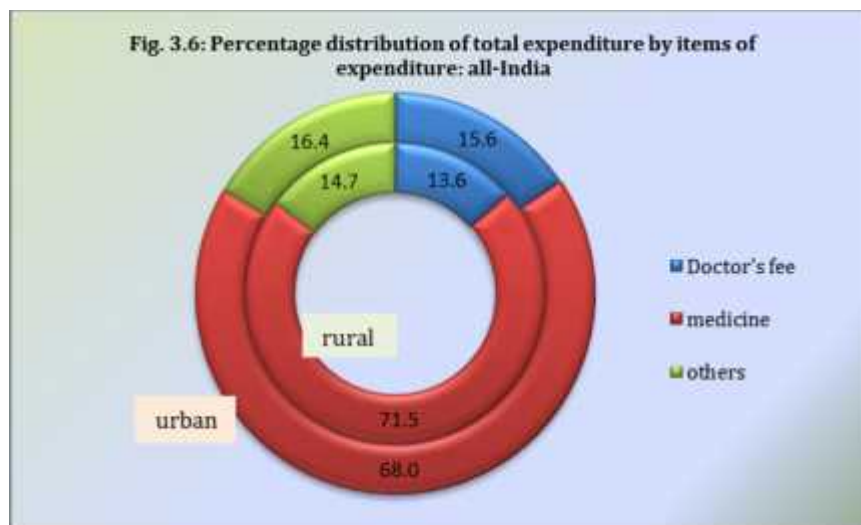
State	% distribution of total expenditure by different items of expenditure					
	Rural			urban		
	Doctor's fee	medicine	others ^{\$}	Doctor's fee	medicine	others ^{\$}
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	11.3	76.2	12.7	8.5	79.3	12.2
Assam	7.0	63.8	29.4	10.3	52.1	37.7
Bihar	12.0	71.9	16.1	15.0	62.9	22.2
Chhattisgarh	25.5	69.5	5.0	10.6	82.5	6.8
Gujarat	23.6	57.5	18.6	28.6	54.2	17.2
Haryana	10.3	72.7	17.2	15.5	67.3	17.1
Jharkhand	17.9	66.0	15.9	16.2	45.5	38.2
Karnataka	18.2	67.0	14.9	16.2	64.4	19.3
Kerala	11.2	73.8	15.1	10.2	74.6	14.9
Madhya Pradesh	14.4	68.6	17.0	15.2	71.4	13.4
Maharashtra	23.4	63.6	12.8	23.1	60.3	16.6
Odisha	4.8	74.9	20.3	6.2	79.2	14.8
Punjab	9.8	76.2	14.2	9.4	72.8	18.0
Rajasthan	10.2	82.4	7.4	20.9	67.4	11.8
Tamil Nadu	20.8	60.7	18.5	15.8	70.6	13.5
Telangana	11.8	69.4	18.8	13.5	71.6	14.8
Uttar Pradesh	12.8	76.1	11.2	14.9	70.9	14.3
West Bengal	15.5	69.8	14.7	15.5	68.7	15.8
all-India	13.6	71.5	14.7	15.6	68.0	16.4

\$: inclusive of diagnostic test

Ref: Appendix Table 40R/U

3.5.6 *Variation in medical expenditure:* It is seen that in 2014 at all-India level as well as state level highest percentage of total expenditure is made towards medicines. At all-India

level around 72% in rural sector and 68% in urban sector of the total medical expenditure was done for purchasing 'medicine'. Second in this list for both for rural (15%) and urban sector (16%) was 'Diagnostic test and other expenditure', followed by 'doctor's fee'. In rural sector, 10 states show similar pattern in rural areas except Chhattisgarh, Gujarat, Jharkhand, Karnataka, Rajasthan, Maharashtra, Tamil Nadu, UP and WB. In urban sector all states other than Chhattisgarh, Gujarat, MP, Maharashtra, Rajasthan and Tamil Nadu follow similar pattern. In Chhattisgarh, Gujarat and Maharashtra and Tamil Nadu share of 'doctor's fee' exceeded 20% in rural area and in urban area of Assam and Jharkhand diagnostic test and other expenditure contributed to more than 35% of the total expenditure.



3.6 Cost of hospitalised treatment

3.6.1 For the hospitalised treatments, information on expenses was collected separately for each different event of hospitalisation during the reference period. Besides the expenses treated as medical expenses for non-hospitalised treatment, expenditure on items like bed charges, and cost of medicines and other materials and services supplied by the hospital, charges for diagnostic tests done at the hospital were included in the medical expenditure for a hospitalised treatment. The "other expenses" relating to hospitalised treatment is the same as that for non-hospitalised treatment. The estimates of "total expenditure" for hospitalised treatment were arrived at as the sum of "medical expenditure" and "other expenditure".

3.6.2 **Average expenditure for hospitalised treatment per ailment:** Statement 3.22 gives the estimates of total expenditure incurred for hospitalised treatment during the reference period of 365 days.

3.6.3 The statement 3.22 provides separate estimates for treatment of male and female patients of rural and urban areas for the country as a whole. It is seen that, on an average, a higher amount was spent for hospitalised treatment by the urban population than the rural population. All such hospitalisation cases are excluding childbirth (EC).

Statement 3.22: Average total medical expenditure (₹) for treatment per hospitalisation case (EC) during stay at hospital

gender	average total medical expenditure for treatment (₹) per hospitalization case		
	rural	urban	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
male	17528	28165	21223
female	12295	20754	15292
all	14935	24436	18268

Ref: Appendix Table 18a

3.6.4 **Expenditure on Hospitalisation and Level of Living:** The following Statement 3.23 gives the average *expenditure* incurred on a case of hospitalisation by households belonging to quintile classes of monthly per capita consumer expenditure, widely considered to reflect the level of living of a household, separately for medical and other expenditure for both the sectors (State/UT wise fig. in Appendix table 8R/U). It is seen that the expenditure incurred on hospitalisation was positively linked with levels of living irrespective of type of expenses (medical/other). The relationship seems to be stronger in the urban areas than in the rural areas. A modest drop in *medical expenditure* and ‘*other expenditure*’ on hospitalisation as one moves from the second quintile class to the third quintile class can be seen in rural sector. This drop, which is difficult to explain, was more pronounced in *medical expenditure* than in ‘*other expenditure*’.

Statement 3.23: Average medical and other related non-medical expenditure (₹) per hospitalisation case for each quintile class of UMPCE

quintile class of UMPCE	average expenditure (₹) during stay at hospital					
	medical		other		total	
	rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
01	10146	11199	1658	1317	11805	12516
02	11276	14533	1791	1620	13067	16153
03	10326	17926	1766	1772	12092	19697
04	13482	24776	1879	2131	15361	26907
05	21293	42675	2458	2743	23752	45418
all	14935	24436	2021	2019	16956	26455

Ref: KI of Social Consumption in India: Health

3.6.5 **Cost per hospitalisation by type of hospital:** Statement 3.24 gives the estimates of average total expenditure incurred for an event of hospitalisation in different types of establishments for rural and urban population of the country as a whole. It is seen that the average expenditure for hospitalised treatment from a public sector hospital was much lower than that from a private sector hospital in both rural and urban areas.

3.6.6 The rural population spent, on an average, Rs. 5636 for a hospitalised treatment in a public sector hospital and Rs. 21726 for that in a private sector hospital. The average total expenditure of the urban population for a hospitalised treatment in a public and private

hospital were respectively Rs.7670 and Rs.32375. Average expenditure incurred for treatment for female was lower than male in both from public and private hospital.

Statement 3.24: Average medical expenditure (₹) per hospitalisation at public and private hospital for each gender

level of care	avg. total exp. (₹) per hospitalisation		
	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	rural		
Public hospital	6473	4843	5636
Private hospital	24756	18419	21726
all	17528	12295	14935
	urban		
Public hospital	10040	5125	7670
Private hospital	37181	27783	32375
all	28165	20754	24436

Ref: Appendix Table 18b-R/U

3.6.7 Inter-state variation in cost per hospitalisation: Statement 3.25 gives the average medical and non-medical expenditure per event of hospitalisation during 365 days for rural and urban population of selected states.

Statement 3.25 : Average medical expenditure (₹) and non-medical expenditure (₹) on account of hospitalisation per hospitalisation case (EC) for selected State

State	average total expenditure (₹) per event of hospitalisation during 365 days					
	rural			urban		
	medical	non-med.	all	medical	non-med.	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	13227	2184	15411	31242	2429	33671
Assam	6966	1554	8520	47064	5304	52368
Bihar	11432	2194	13626	25004	3054	28058
Chhattisgarh	12149	1895	14043	22647	2245	24891
Gujarat	14298	1362	15660	20155	1121	21276
Haryana	18341	2604	20945	32370	2847	35217
Jharkhand	10351	2227	12578	13151	1860	15011
Karnataka	14091	2027	16118	22190	2012	24202
Kerala	17642	1743	19385	15465	1652	17117
Madhya Pradesh	13090	2236	15326	23993	2381	26374
Maharashtra	20475	2011	22486	29493	1534	31028
Odisha	10240	2376	12616	19750	2963	22713
Punjab	27718	2061	29779	29971	2007	31978
Rajasthan	12855	2755	15609	16731	1616	18346
Tamil Nadu	11842	2126	13968	23757	2336	26092
Telangana	19664	2019	21683	20617	1966	22584
Uttar Pradesh	18693	1901	20594	31653	1749	33402
West Bengal	11327	1514	12841	24875	2374	27249
all-India	14935	2021	16956	24436	2019	26455

Ref: Summary Statement S8-R/U

3.6.8 It is observed that cost per hospitalisation was lowest in Assam followed by Odisha and Jharkhand in rural sector and in urban sector for Jharkhand, Kerala and Rajasthan comparatively low expenditure was recorded. In addition, it was Gujarat, where non-medical expenditure was lowest for both urban and rural sector. In Kerala, UP, Haryana, Telangana, Maharashtra and Punjab average expenditure was more than all-India average in rural sector. Similarly, in urban sector higher than all-India average was observed in WB, Bihar, Maharashtra, Punjab, UP, AP, Haryana and Assam.

3.7 Coverage of Health Expenditure Support

3.7.1 *Coverage of health expenditure support:* Along with the expenditure incurred per hospitalisation case, it is interesting to know the extent of coverage of health expenditure support for the present population. Following Statement 3.26 reveals the same for each quintile class.

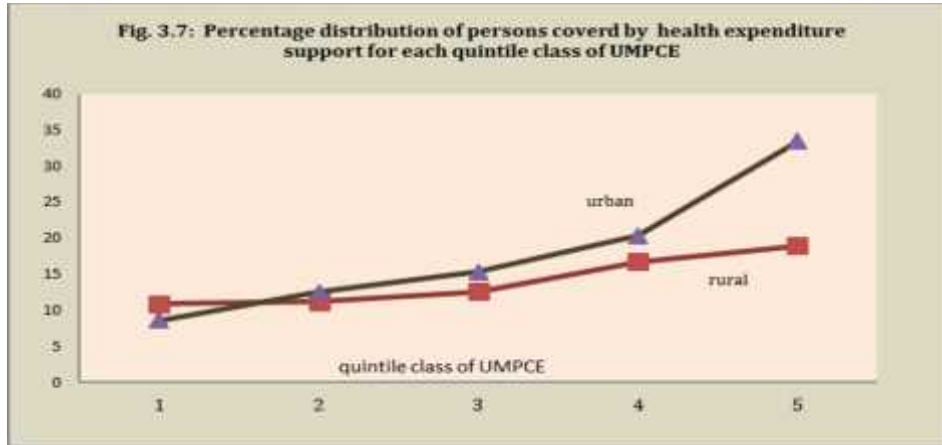
Statement 3.26: Percentage distribution of persons by coverage of health expenditure support for each quintile class of UMPCE

quintile class of UMPCE	percentage of persons having coverage of health expenditure support					
	not covered	Govt. funded insurance scheme	empl. (not Govt.) supported health protection	arranged by hh with insurance company	others	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
	rural					
01	89.1	10.1	0.7	0.0	0.0	100
02	88.8	10.7	0.4	0.1	0.0	100
03	87.4	11.9	0.6	0.1	0.0	100
04	83.3	15.9	0.5	0.1	0.1	100
05	81.1	17.0	0.8	0.9	0.2	100
all	85.9	13.1	0.6	0.3	0.1	100
	urban					
01	91.4	7.7	0.6	0.0	0.2	100
02	87.5	10.6	1.3	0.5	0.2	100
03	84.7	12.9	1.3	1.0	0.1	100
04	79.7	13.5	3.3	3.4	0.1	100
05	66.6	15.1	5.6	12.4	0.3	100
all	82.0	12.0	2.4	3.5	0.2	100

Ref: KI of Social Consumption in India: Health

3.7.2 It is thus seen that as high as 86% of rural population and 82% of urban population were still not covered under any scheme of health expenditure support. It is also observed that such coverage was broadly correlated with levels of living in both rural and urban sector. The relationship seems to be stronger in the urban areas than in the rural areas. On the whole, the poorer households appear unaware or beyond the reach of such coverage, both in rural and urban areas. Government, however, was able to bring about 12% urban and 13% rural population under health protection coverage through Rastriya Swasthya Bima Yojana (RSBY) for unorganized workers and those below poverty line, ESI for organized workers,

CGHS for government employees and other state levels insurance plans that cover the below poverty line population. Only 12% households of 5th quintile class of urban area had some arrangement of medical insurance from private provider. For all others, this share of private medical insurance is negligible.



3.7.3 Reimbursement of expenses of hospitalisation in each State: The following Statement 3.27 reveals the same for each state separately for rural and urban sector. Expenditure on hospitalised treatment in urban area was reimbursed partly or fully in 6% cases, whereas the similar figure for rural area was only 1%. In urban area, Maharashtra shows highest (12%) reimbursed case followed by Haryana (11%) and Gujarat (10%).

Statement 3.27: Proportion of hospitalisation cases that received part or full reimbursement in selected States

major State	per 1000 no. of hospitalisation case where expenditure were reimbursed fully or partly		
	rural	urban	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Andhra Pradesh	9	18	12
Assam	10	59	19
Bihar	15	23	16
Chhattisgarh	18	88	33
Gujarat	15	101	54
Haryana	9	106	49
Jharkhand	5	30	13
Karnataka	22	80	44
Kerala	19	59	35
Madhya Pradesh	1	15	6
Maharashtra	10	117	53
Odisha	7	60	17
Punjab	16	40	25
Rajasthan	3	42	14
Tamil Nadu	8	49	29
Telangana	0	34	13
Uttar Pradesh	3	17	7
West Bengal	15	79	36
all-India	12	62	29

Ref: KI of Social Consumption in India: Health

3.7.4 On the other hand the lowest was recorded in Madhya Pradesh (1.5%). In rural India however, in Karnataka, Kerala and Chhattisgarh percentage of reimbursement cases was around 2% while for the other States, this was even smaller. The interview schedule does not capture reimbursements made to hospitals directly, because patients are often unaware of the amounts re-imbursed.

3.7.5 *Source of Finance for Hospitalised Treatment during the last 365 days:* The contributions of different sources of financing, if not covered by some health protection scheme, to meet the total expenditure on hospitalisation are tabulated in Statement 3.28.

3.7.6 Perceptible rural-urban difference was noted in the relative importance of different source categories. While the rural households primarily depended on their 'household income/savings' (68%) and on 'borrowings' (25%), the urban households relied much more on their 'income/saving' (75%) for financing expenditure on hospitalisation, than on 'borrowings' (only 18 per cent).

Statement 3.28: Percentage distribution of households meeting hospitalization expenditure by major Source of finance in quintile classes of UMPCE

quintile class of UMPCE	% of household reporting as source of finance for meeting the medical expenditure					
	income/savings	borrowings	sale of physical assets	contribution from friends/relatives	others	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
	rural					
01	65.6	26.8	1.1	5.3	0.5	100
02	67.1	25.8	1.4	4.8	0.5	100
03	68.1	25.3	0.6	5.1	0.5	100
04	68.8	26.0	0.4	3.8	0.8	100
05	68.1	23.1	0.9	6.9	0.7	100
all	67.8	24.9	0.8	5.4	0.7	100
	urban					
01	68.4	21.7	0.4	6.4	2.7	100
02	71.8	21.9	0.4	4.5	1.1	100
03	74.1	20.7	0.3	3.9	0.7	100
04	74.9	16.1	0.3	6.9	1.6	100
05	80.9	13.7	0.4	3.7	1.0	100
all	74.9	18.2	0.4	5.0	1.3	100

Ref: KI of Social Consumption in India: Health

Childbirth and Maternity Health Care Services

4.1 General

4.1.1 As already mentioned in Chapter One, the survey results on issues related to child birth and maternity health care services received before and after childbirth and expenditure incurred on these services will be discussed in this chapter. In 71st round, for the first time, comprehensive information regarding institutional childbirth were collected, and therefore there is more detailed information available on this as compared to the previous rounds.

4.1.2 The information collected includes detailed information on incidence of childbirth, and proportion of childbirths that happen in institutional settings, childbirths occurring at different levels of care, nature of treatment (AYUSH/Allopathy) received and wastage of pregnancy. Moreover, detailed expenditure on account of institutional childbirth as well as incidence and cost associated with pre-natal and post-natal care have been derived for many socio-economic categories and some selected States to understand the situation in utilization of maternity services.

4.2 Pregnancy of women of age 15-49 years and outcome of pregnancy

4.2.1 Estimates on Age-Specific Pregnancy Rate (ASPR) during the 365 days prior to the date of survey and 'Wastage of Pregnancy' (per 1000) are given in Statement 4.1 for broad age groups of women.

ASPR is defined as Per 1000 no. of women belonging to a specific age group years who were pregnant any time during last 365 days

Wastage of pregnancy (WOP) is defined as the 'total number of pregnancies which did not result into live-birth during the reference period' per 1000 number of completed pregnancies (not continuing) during the same period'

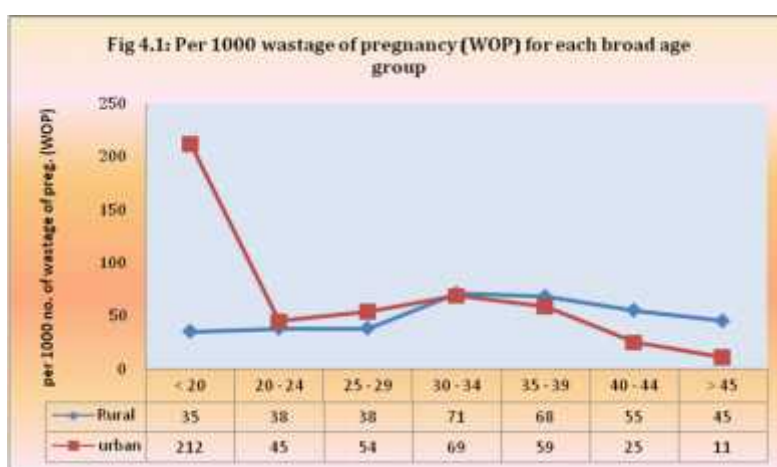
4.2.2 In deriving this indicator, one needs to know - if a woman was pregnant anytime during a reference period, and if so, the outcome of each of the pregnancies during that period. In this round information in respect of 'number of times pregnant during that period' was also collected. It can be seen that among women in the age group 15-49 years, about 10

per cent of in the rural areas and 7 per cent in the urban areas were pregnant during the 365 days preceding the date of survey.

Statement 4.1: Per 1000 no. of women aged 15 – 49 years who were pregnant any time during last 365 days (ASPR), per 1000 no. wastage of pregnancy (WOP) for each broad age group

broad age-group	ASPR		WOP	
	rural	urban	Rural	urban
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
< 20	36	22	35	212
20 - 24	239	153	38	45
25 - 29	192	161	38	54
30 - 34	89	66	71	69
35 - 39	35	24	68	59
40 - 44	10	3	55	25
45	3	1	45	11
all	96	68	44	59

4.2.3 Fig 4.1 below shows wastage of pregnancy (WOP) for each broad age group. It depicts that there was high urban WOP in the youngest age group (less than 20).



4.2.4 It may be interesting to note in this connection that about 4 per cent of the pregnancies were wasted in the rural areas, and the percentage was a little higher in the urban areas (6 per cent). In one sub-group viz. the youngest age group (< 20 years) in urban areas- it is disproportionately high. A number of factors - a greater readiness to report, a greater incidence, a better access to abortion services could all account for it - but further studies would be required to comment. Another point that we note is that the age standardized wastage rate increases with age from 20 to 25 to 30 to 35 and in these age groups is higher in urban areas than that in rural areas except the age group 30 to 34. It may be noted that the

number of sample count reporting pregnancy in the last two age groups was very small and hence the estimates may suffer from less reliability.

4.2.5 Outcome of Pregnancy by Age of mother: As already seen from statement 4.1 that 10 per cent of women in their child bearing age group in the rural areas and 7 per cent in the urban areas were pregnant during the 365 days. Statement 4.2 shows percentage distribution by outcome of pregnancy separately for each age-group and for each sector.

4.2.6 Of all pregnancies reported to the survey, more or less 80% were completed within the year in both the sectors while about 20% were ongoing. In terms of pregnancy outcomes of those pregnancies which were completed 96% in rural areas and 94% in urban areas ended with a live birth (or in other words of all pregnancies reported, 77% in rural and 74% in urban was ended with a live birth). Percentage of still birth was about 2% for each sector, while same for abortion was 2% in rural and 3% in urban. Highest percentage (14%) of abortion is observed in the youngest age of urban sector. Comparing with the other available figure there is reason to believe that the abortion hence the wastage of pregnancy is under-reported.

Statement 4.2: Percentage distribution by outcome of pregnancy separately for each age-group

age group	outcome of pregnancy (%)				
	pregnancy continue	live birth	still birth	abortion	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
rural					
< 20	34.0	63.7	1.6	0.7	100
20 - 24	20.1	76.9	1.7	1.3	100
25 - 29	18.4	78.5	1.9	1.2	100
30 - 34	13.1	80.7	3.3	2.9	100
35 - 39	14.3	80.0	0.4	5.4	100
40 - 44	3.0	91.7	1.8	3.5	100
45	4.3	91.3	4.3	-	100
all	19.0	77.4	1.9	1.7	100
urban					
< 20	26.0	57.7	2.1	13.6	100
20 - 24	22.5	73.9	1.9	1.6	100
25 - 29	20.6	75.1	1.4	2.9	100
30 - 34	12.5	81.5	1.4	4.6	100
35 - 39	30.1	65.7	2.1	2.0	100
40 - 44	19.7	78.3	-	2.0	100
45	-	98.9	-	1.1	100
all	20.8	74.3	1.6	3.1	100

Ref: Appendix Table 60

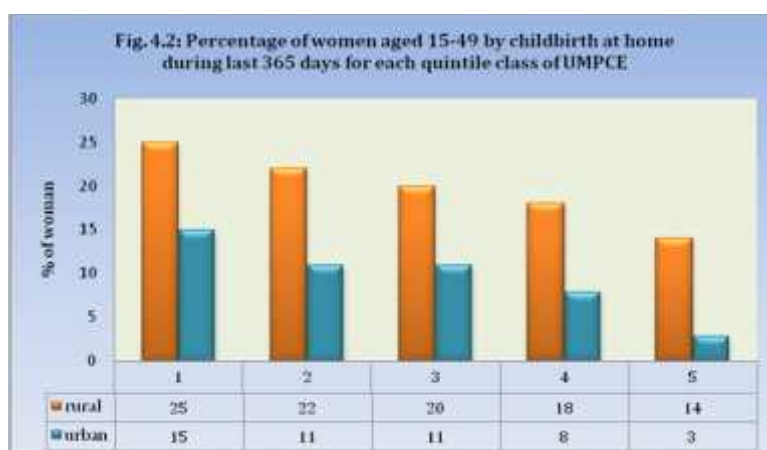
4.2.7 **Place of Childbirth:** Statement 4.3 gives the distribution of women of age 15 to 49 years by the place of childbirth separately for the rural and urban areas in each quintile class of UMPCE.

Statement 4.3: Percentage distribution of women aged 15-49 who gave birth of child during last 365 days by place of childbirth for each quintile class of UMPCE

quintile class of UMPCE	% distribution of women by place of childbirth					
	rural			urban		
	institutional delivery at		delivery at home	institutional delivery at		delivery at home
	pub hosp.*	pvt. hosp.		pub hosp.*	pvt. hosp.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
01	58	17	25	54	32	15
02	58	20	22	48	41	11
03	59	20	20	42	47	11
04	53	29	18	32	60	8
05	48	37	14	19	77	3
all	56	24	20	42	48	11

* includes ANM, ASHA, AWW, HSC, PHC, dispensary, CHC, MMU, Public Hospital

4.2.8 It is already seen that in rural area 9.6% of women in the reproductive age group (15 to 49) were pregnant at any time during the reference period of 365 days; for urban this proportion was 6.8%. In the rural areas, about 20% of the childbirths were at home or any other place other than the hospitals. The same for urban areas was 11%. In 2004 (60th round) these percentages for child-births at home were 65% in rural areas and 26% in urban areas. Thus a shift towards institutional delivery has happened in both the rural and the urban sectors. During the reference period in 71st round for the rural poorest quintile one fourth childbirth took place at home (or any other place other than the hospitals). This percentage decreases as one moves from lower to higher quintile. In urban, sector also high (15%) non-institutional childbirth was observed in the poorest group and then this rate gradually decreases with rise of economic level and dips to 3% in the richest class.



4.2.9 It is seen that 56% of childbirths took place in public hospital and 24% in private hospital in rural area. In urban area, however, the corresponding figures were 42% and 48% respectively. It is observed that the lower the economic quintile class the higher the proportion of institutional childbirths that take place in public hospitals as compared to

private hospitals. But utilization of private hospital increases with improvement in economic status. In urban areas more than half of childbirths occurred in public hospital for lowest quintile class. This proportion gradually decreases and in the highest quintile class one fifth of childbirth took place in public hospital. Since one of the aims of public hospitals is to provide access and financial protection for maternity service needs of the poor- this gradient is to be welcomed.

4.3 Institutional Childbirth

4.3.1 Statement 4.4 gives the distribution of women of age 15 to 49 years by economic status separately for the rural and urban areas for each social group. Huge rural urban differences are observed for all the categories. For rural sector as high as 18% childbirth took place at primary levels of care (HSC/PHC/CHC or ANM, ASHA, AWW), whereas in urban areas this occurs in only 4%. Further, over one fourth of institutional delivery services for tribal mothers occurred in this primary level of health care in rural sector. On the other hand difference among social groups was minimal. Since normal uncomplicated child births are meant to occur at primary level of care, the larger proportions of child birth in primary level in tribal and rural areas is welcome, provided quality of care is assured. On the other hand in urban areas however there are cultural and professional trends in addition to weaknesses in public primary care provision that drive more child-births into secondary and tertiary care facilities.

Statement 4.4: Percentage distribution of cases of hospitalisation for childbirth by level of care for each social groups

social group	hospitalisation for childbirth by level of care (%)							
	Rural				urban			
	HSC, PHC and others*	public hospital	private hospital	all	HSC, PHC and others*	public hospital	private hospital	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
ST	27.0	57.9	15.1	100	4.5	46.6	48.9	100
SC	17.8	60.6	21.6	100	4.9	58.1	37.0	100
OBC	18.9	46.5	34.6	100	3.4	43.9	52.7	100
Others	11.8	50.8	37.4	100	3.8	36.2	60.0	100
All	18.0	52.0	30.0	100	3.8	43.6	52.5	100

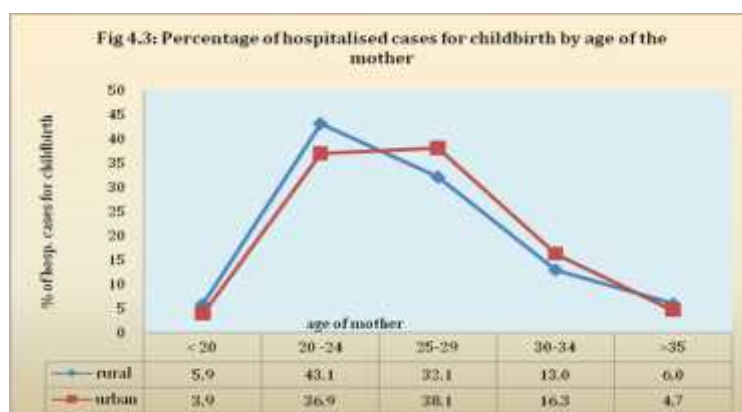
* includes ANM, ASHA, AWW, dispensary, CHC, MMU

Ref: Appendix Table 50

4.3.2 Incidence of Institutional Childbirth and age of mother vis-à-vis level of living

Statement 4.5 gives the percentage distribution of childbirth by age of the mother for each quintile class of UMPCE separately for the rural and urban areas. Incidence of institutional childbirth also was highest in the age group 20-24 years in rural area and in the age group 25-29 in urban area, and lowest is seen in the youngest age bracket (<20) for both the sector. Only 12% childbirth occurred in the youngest (<20) and oldest (>35) age group taken together in rural areas where as in urban it was 9%.

4.3.3 Fig. 4.3 shows the percentage of hospitalised cases for childbirth by age of the mother at all India level separately for rural and urban sector.



4.3.4 More than 68% of childbirth took place in the age group 20-29 in both the sectors irrespective of level of living. As expected, in richest class (5th quintile) pregnancy rates in the younger age group of below 20 is almost negligible, but in rural sector such pattern is not marked. Moreover, in the age group of 30 to 34 in the highest economic quintile of urban areas, pregnancy rates are quite high (24%).

Statement 4.5: Percentage distribution of childbirth by age of the mother for each quintile class of UMPCE

quintile class	% distribution of institutional childbirth by age-group of mother				
	< 20	20-24	25-29	30-34	>35
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
rural					
01	5.6	37.1	31.1	16.5	9.7
02	5.5	42.8	34.2	12.8	4.7
03	5.3	46.1	30.7	11.7	6.1
04	6.6	47.2	29.8	11.9	4.5
05	6.5	42.1	34.8	12.1	4.6
all	5.9	43.1	32.1	13.0	6.0
urban					
01	6.2	40.9	32.6	15.8	4.4
02	4.5	42.3	35.0	14.2	3.9
03	4.8	38.5	39.3	13.5	3.9
04	1.2	32.8	43.5	17.8	4.6
05	0.4	22.4	45.1	23.9	8.3
all	3.9	36.9	38.1	16.3	4.7

4.3.5 *Incidence of Institutional Childbirth and type of ward vis-à-vis level of living*
Statement 4.6 gives the percentage distribution of childbirth by type of ward for each quintile class of UMPCE separately for the rural and urban areas.

4.3.6 It is observed that free bed was utilized for 91% of childbirths at public hospital in rural sector and 92% in urban areas. As expected, contrary to public hospital scenario, in private hospitals, 96% childbirth took place in paying beds in rural and 97% in urban. Paying beds are available in larger public hospitals.

4.3.7 As expected, access of free bed in public hospital was highest in the 1st quintile, that is the poorest echelon of the population, in the rural areas, and this proportion decreases as one moves up in the quintile class, and in the 5th quintile it dropped below 90% level. In private hospitals, however, the percentage of childbirth in free beds is about the same in all quintiles except the first.

4.3.8 In urban cases also, pattern is almost similar to that of rural. Among the urban residents, access of free bed in private hospital as compared to the rural resident - and except for the second quintile where it was slightly higher, all other quintiles had about 2 to 3% utilization.

Statement 4.6: Percentage distribution of hospitalisation for childbirth by type of ward, separately for public/private hospital and each quintile class of UMPCE

quintile class of UMPCE	hospitalised cases for childbirth by type of hospital (%)					
	public hospital			private hospital		
	free bed	paying*	all	free bed	paying*	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
	rural					
01	93.6	6.4	100	7.8	92.2	100
02	93.2	6.8	100	3.6	96.4	100
03	92.4	7.6	100	4.3	95.7	100
04	87.0	13.0	100	3.7	96.3	100
05	89.3	10.7	100	3.8	96.2	100
all	91.4	8.6	100	4.2	95.8	100
	urban					
01	94.9	5.1	100	2.3	97.7	100
02	91.0	9.0	100	5.5	94.5	100
03	90.0	10.0	100	2.9	97.1	100
04	88.7	11.3	100	2.2	97.8	100
05	85.5	14.5	100	2.4	97.6	100
all	91.6	8.4	100	3.2	96.8	100

* includes paying in general and special categories

Ref: Appendix Table 51

4.3.9 *Institutional Childbirth and average duration as in-patient vis-à-vis level of living:* Statement 4.7 gives the average duration as in-patient for childbirth for each quintile class of UMPCE separately for the rural and urban areas.

4.3.10 It is observed that in rural around 3 days stay in public hospital and 5 days stay in private hospital were reported for institutional childbirth. In urban sector these were reported

as 4 days and 5 days respectively. Apparently there is little effect of level of living in connection with average duration of stay in hospital for childbirth.

Statement 4.7: Average duration of stay in hospital, separately for government and private hospitals for each quintile class of UMPCE

quintile class of UMPCE	average duration (days) of stay in			
	rural		urban	
	public hospital	private hospital	public hospital	private hospital
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
01	2.7	5.7	3.9	4.5
02	3.0	4.8	4.3	4.7
03	3.2	4.7	4.1	4.5
04	3.2	4.7	5.0	4.6
05	3.3	5.1	4.4	5.3
all	3.0	4.9	4.2	4.7

Ref: Appendix Table 53

4.3.11 **Selected States and Place of Childbirth:** Statement 4.8 gives the distribution of women of age 15 to 49 by the place of childbirth separately for the rural and urban areas in selected states.

4.3.12 Among the rural residents, other than 4 states - Kerala(31%), Gujarat (33%) Telangana (36%), and Andhra Pradesh (41%), more than half of institutional childbirths chose the public sector facility. Higher incidence of non-institutional delivery was observed in Chhattisgarh (44%) , Bihar (30%), UP (29%) and Jharkhand (26%). In urban sector 50% or more childbirth took place in private hospital in all southern states (*in Tamil Nadu it is exactly 50%*), and in Gujarat, Maharashtra, Punjab and Haryana.

4.3.13 These are all part of what is known as the non- high focus states of the National Health Mission- states which had better reproductive and child health indicators even in 2005. West Bengal is the exception, for 55% of all deliveries and 64% of institutional deliveries happen in the public facility. However in all the high focus states of the National Health Mission most institutional deliveries are in the public sector even in the urban areas- Assam (70%); Odisha (70%), Bihar, Madhya Pradesh and Rajasthan. In UP and Jharkhand though high focus states a greater proportion of institutional deliveries are in the private sector, Non-institutional delivery in urban areas was highest in Chhattisgarh (42%) followed by UP (29%) and Bihar(20%).

4.3.14 It may be noted that in all the 8 north- east states and in the three hilly states of Jammu and Kashmir, Himachal Pradesh and Uttarakhand, both in rural and urban areas, public facilities were the main site of institutional delivery (see S12 R/U).

Statement 4.8: Percentage distribution of women aged 15-49 by place of childbirth in selected States

State	% of women who had							
	rural				urban			
	institutional delivery at			at home	institutional delivery at			at home
	HSC/ PHC*	public hosp	private hosp		HSC/ PHC*	public hosp	private hosp	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	5	36	50	9	1	30	68	1
Assam	24	58	6	12	4	66	22	8
Bihar	12	40	17	30	2	45	33	20
Chhattisgarh	16	30	11	44	2	31	23	42
Gujarat	14	19	59	8	2	23	72	3
Haryana	9	36	39	12	6	29	57	9
Jharkhand	12	47	15	26	10	32	44	13
Karnataka	15	52	31	2	2	39	58	1
Kerala	3	28	63	5	1	31	68	0
Madhya Pradesh	10	63	8	20	2	59	32	8
Maharashtra	16	33	48	3	6	30	60	4
Odisha	38	42	9	10	18	52	27	3
Punjab	8	44	37	11	1	24	63	12
Rajasthan	14	54	15	17	1	59	32	8
Tamil Nadu	10	54	31	6	4	45	50	2
Telangana	7	29	62	2	1	23	75	2
Uttar Pradesh	19	27	23	29	4	26	40	29
West Bengal	3	57	17	23	1	54	31	14
all-India	14	41	24	20	3	38	48	11

4.4 Cost of Institutional Childbirth

4.4.1 *Medical Expenditure per Childbirth from Public and Private Source vis-à-vis level of living:* As mentioned in section 4.1, data of 71st round relating to expenditure on Institutional Childbirth is more comprehensive than the past NSS rounds. Statement 4.9 gives the medical expenditure incurred per childbirth at public and private hospitals separately for the rural and urban areas.

4.4.2 Perceptibly there was a considerable difference in the expenditure incurred during January-June, 2014, for childbirth in the rural and urban areas as well as between the treatment at public and private hospitals. An average of ₹5544 was spent per childbirth in rural area and ₹11685 in urban area nearly double of the rural expenditure. On the other hand it may be noted that an average amount spent per childbirth as an in-patient of private hospital was more than nine times of that spent in public hospital in both rural and urban area.

4.4.3 Similar phenomenon was observed for all quintile classes. Moreover, it is observed that the average expenditure per childbirth increased as one moves from the lower to the higher

quintile class. In the rural area, it was recorded as ₹3062 in the first quintile, and it reaches to ₹10113 (more than 3 times) in the fifth quintile class. The corresponding figures at urban sector was ₹5156 and ₹26143 (more than 5 times) respectively. Substantial increment was noticed in the expenditure when one moves from 4th quintile to 5th quintile for the childbirth taking place in private hospital both for rural and urban area.

Statement 4.9: Average medical expenditure (₹) per childbirth as inpatient over last 365 days by type of hospital (public/private) and quintile class of UMPCE

quintile class of UMPCE	average total medical expenditure (₹) per childbirth in					
	rural			urban		
	type of hospital					
	public	private	all	public	private	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
01	1225	13082	3062	1484	12985	5156
02	1359	14239	4294	1962	14859	8161
03	1623	13123	4646	2389	17739	10447
04	1924	13085	5870	3205	22964	16398
05	2097	17743	10113	3443	31681	26143
all	1587	14778	5544	2117	20328	11685

4.4.4 **Medical and Non-Medical Expenditure on Institutional Childbirth and Type of Hospital:** Statement 4.10 gives the expenditure incurred per childbirth at public and private hospitals separately for the rural and urban areas.

Statement 4.10: Average medical and non-medical expenditure (₹) per hospitalised childbirth—for public and private hospitals

type of hospitals	average medical and non-medical expenditure (₹) per hospitalised childbirth			
	rural		urban	
	medical	non-medical	medical	non-medical
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
public	1587	1060	2117	1091
private	14778	1924	20328	1591
public+private	5544	1319	11685	1354

Ref: Appendix Table 56

4.4.5 In the same line of medical expenditure, non-medical expenditure incurred when the mother was hospitalised in public hospital is less than that of private hospital. But the extent of difference was not as much as the medical expenditure. It is around 2 times in rural area and 1.5 times in urban area- which is much less than the differential for medical expenses.

4.4.6 **Medical Expenditure per Childbirth from Public and Private Source for selected states:** Statement 4.11 gives the medical expenditure incurred per childbirth at public and private source separately for the rural and urban areas.

4.4.7 It is observed that cost of childbirth in public hospital in Tamil Nadu was minimum and in Assam, it was highest both in rural and urban sector. In private sector, as mentioned earlier such expenditure was very high compared to public sector. Let us consider the ratio of the expenditure of childbirth in private hospital to that of public hospital for comparing states. In Assam this ratio is the lowest and in Tamil Nadu it is highest. More importantly, for Tamil Nadu, Rajasthan and Madhya Pradesh this ratio lies beyond $\pm 30\%$ limit of all-India ratio.

Statement 4.11: Average total medical expenditure (₹) per childbirth during stay at hospital (as inpatient) over last 365 days by type of hospital for selected States

State	average total medical expenditure for treatment (₹) per childbirth					
	rural			urban		
	public	private	all	public	private	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	1471	13626	8311	1232	17767	12488
Assam	3599	12502	4158	6949	30031	11219
Bihar	2197	16322	5456	2584	13795	6268
Chhattisgarh	1551	10675	3038	3399	15875	7969
Gujarat	780	7502	5028	1495	13551	10125
Haryana	1530	16206	8484	1674	19264	12251
Jharkhand	1275	10573	2857	1857	13413	8075
Karnataka	1762	15762	6369	2635	21353	13731
Kerala	1662	19443	13830	1534	21578	15346
Madhya Pradesh	882	13818	2184	672	16288	6028
Maharashtra	1147	15537	8496	2480	22752	15154
Odisha	2598	16569	3893	3008	18550	7271
Punjab	2220	18064	9124	3153	22015	15133
Rajasthan	464	12751	2580	972	13811	5318
Tamil Nadu	325	28862	9842	661	30132	15556
Telangana	1511	20054	13320	2433	23443	18969
Uttar Pradesh	1296	11965	4742	2147	16717	10670
West Bengal	2061	14821	4820	3208	22829	9973
all-India	1587	14778	5544	2117	20328	11685

4.5 Pre-natal and Post-natal care

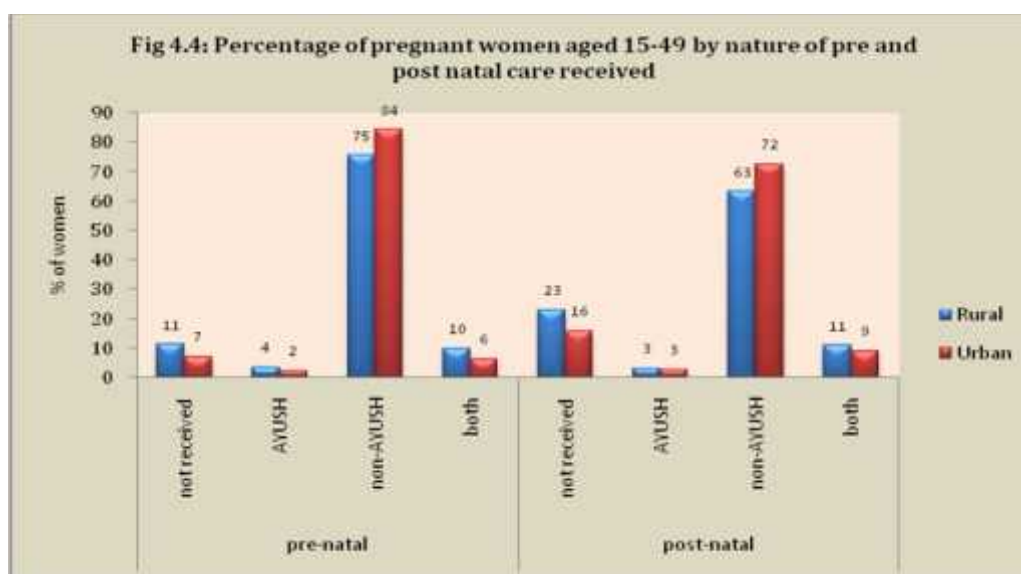
4.5.1 Information on maternal care taken by women who were pregnant anytime during the last 365 days was collected in the survey together with the expenditure incurred for availing pre-natal and post-natal services. Statement 4.12 gives the proportion of such women availing these services in 2004 and 2014.

Statement 4.12: Percentage of women who availed pre-natal post-natal care services in 2004 and 2014

maternity services	% of woman availing services in			
	rural		urban	
	2004	2014	2004	2014
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
pre-natal	69.8	88.7	83.6	92.9
post-natal	62.6	77.1	72.9	84.1

4.5.2 Whereas in the rural areas about 70 per cent of pregnant women took some pre-natal care during 2004, it is about 89 per cent during the reference period of 71st round, showing about 19% increase. In urban area corresponding figures for 2004 was 84 per cent and it has gone up to 93 per cent. Compared to the pre-natal care, on the other hand, the increase in utilization of post-natal care was more modest in the rural as well as in the urban areas. About 63 per cent in the rural areas and 73 per cent in the urban areas availed of some post-natal care services in 2004. In this round the figures are recorded as 77 per cent and 84 percent.

4.5.3 Following fig shows percentage of women aged 15-49 pregnant any time during last 365 days by nature of pre-natal care and post-natal care received



Ref: Appendix Table 61

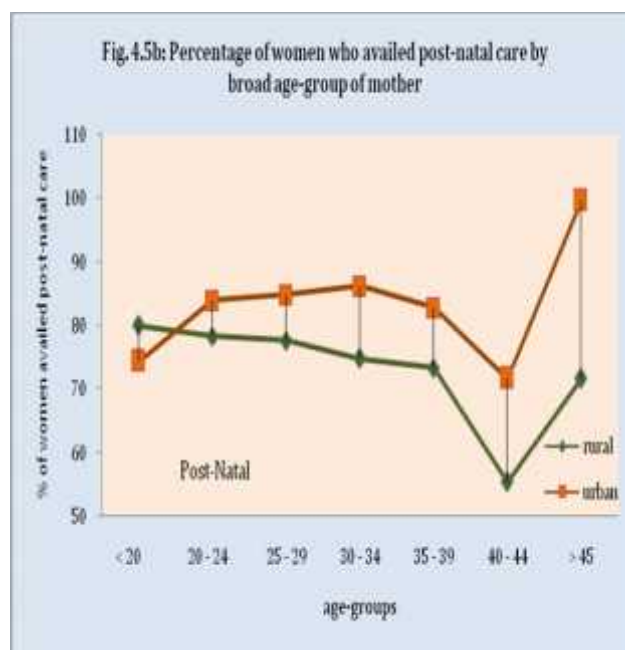
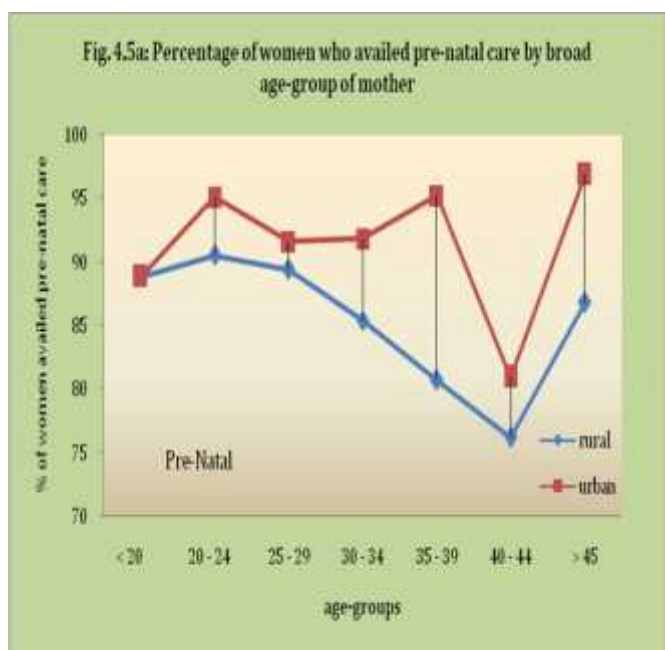
4.5.4 **Maternity Care and Age of mother:** Statement 4.13 shows the scenario of having pre-natal and post-natal care separately for rural and urban sectors for broad age group of mothers.

4.5.5 Except the youngest age group (<20) in urban sector, for all age groups percentage of urban is more than that of rural in availing of both the pre-natal and post-natal services. Difference was highest in the higher age group (more than 40) in availing post-natal care in urban.

Statement 4.13: Percentage of women who availed pre-natal care services post-natal care services by broad age-group of mother

age group	% of woman receiving			
	pre-natal care		post-natal care	
	rural	urban	rural	urban
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
< 20	88.8	88.8	80.0	74.3
20 - 24	90.5	95.1	78.3	83.9
25 - 29	89.4	91.6	77.6	84.8
30 - 34	85.4	91.8	74.8	86.2
35 - 39	80.7	95.2	73.3	82.8
40 - 44	76.2	80.9	55.4	71.6
> 45	86.8	96.8	71.6	99.6
all	88.7	92.9	77.1	84.1

4.5.6 Fig 4.5a/b show percentage of women (aged 15 – 49) who availed pre-natal and post-natal care in rural and urban area for different age groups .



4.5.7 *State level Estimates of Pre-natal and Post-natal care*: Table 4.14 below shows the Percentage of pregnant women aged 15-49 received pre-natal and post-natal care for selected states.

4.5.8 Percentage of pregnant women aged 15-49 received pre-natal and post-natal care for selected states are given in Statements 4.14 for the rural and urban areas. It is observed that

89% rural and 93% urban women of age 15-49 received pre-natal care. For post natal care this proportion is lower; 77% in rural and 84% in urban.

Statement 4.14: Percentage of pregnant women aged 15-49 received pre-natal and post-natal care for selected states

State	% of preg. women received pre-natal care		% of preg. women received post-natal care	
	rural	urban	rural	urban
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Andhra Pradesh	99.4	97.2	92.0	96.9
Assam	92.9	93.2	87.1	80.5
Bihar	86.2	88.9	78.0	84.6
Chhattisgarh	98.3	73.7	75.6	62.6
Gujarat	97.7	99.1	82.4	87.2
Haryana	75.1	92.1	74.4	72.1
Jharkhand	90.2	92.7	77.6	85.8
Karnataka	96.0	99.1	85.3	87.6
Kerala	99.4	98.8	94.7	97.2
Madhya Pradesh	88.8	89.2	77.4	80.1
Maharashtra	98.4	97.4	92.9	94.0
Odisha	94.3	97.1	86.8	90.9
Punjab	84.8	95.4	85.4	89.4
Rajasthan	81.4	90.5	62.8	72.6
Tamil Nadu	99.3	99.9	85.6	92.0
Telangana	99.5	98.4	93.1	90.0
Uttar Pradesh	77.5	78.2	66.0	75.2
West Bengal	93.4	96.3	75.4	80.0
all-India	88.7	93.0	77.1	84.1

4.5.9 The proportion of women availing pre-natal care services was comparatively high in southern states both in rural and urban areas. Except for Bihar, Madhya Pradesh, Uttar Pradesh more than 90% of pregnant women aged 15-49 received pre-natal care either in rural or in urban sector or in both.

4.5.10 For all the states, percentage of women availing post natal care was less than those received pre-natal care (except in rural Punjab). However, in Andhra Pradesh, Kerala, Maharashtra, and Telangana more than 90% women received post natal care in both rural and urban area.

4.5.11 On the other hand it is important to know that in rural areas of Rajasthan and UP and urban area of Chhattisgarh less than 70% women are availing post natal care.

Status of the Aged Persons (age 60 and above)

5.1 General

5.1.1 The results relating to the condition and health care of persons aged 60 and above, to be referred to as the aged persons, have been placed and discussed in this Chapter. The results are based on the information collected in the field through a particular module of the survey schedule (see block [10] of Schedule 25.0 given in Appendix C).

5.1.2 One of the objectives of collecting information through this survey was to assess the structure and composition of the aged with respect to age and sex, and their health and well being. In the survey, those who were of age 60 years and above were considered aged. Information was collected on number of surviving children, on living arrangements, on economic independence and when independent the number of dependants and when dependent the persons supporting them. Their self perception of well being was also collected.. The morbidity in the aged is also presented. The main findings of this survey at the all-India level are discussed in this section.

5.1.3 *Demographic Burden:* It is found from the survey results that of the estimated 87.6 million aged persons in the country as per NSS 71st round survey (ref.: Appendix Table 1R/U), about 69 per cent were residing in the rural areas and remaining 31 per cent in the urban areas. Their magnitude in terms of number or in terms of share to total population is found to rise gradually over the decades. Statement 5.1 below shows the share of the aged to total population (per 1000) obtained from NSS surveys and population censuses for each sex at all-India level both for rural and urban sector from 1981 till now. We note that the proportion of aged persons in both rural and urban areas has consistently risen over this period- by both census and NSSO figures. In 1987-88 the NSSO 43rd round showed that 65 per 1000 of the population were aged in rural areas and this figure has risen to 77 per 1000 in

the 7th round. In urban areas the NSSO 43rd round showed 57 per 1000 in the aged group and this has risen to 81 per 1000 in the 71st round. We note that there is some difference between census figures and NSSO figures in every decade- with NSSO figures being usually but not always lower. This is true of rural areas (77 per 1000 in NSS 71st round and 88 per 1000 in Census 2011)- but in urban areas, for the first time, there is no difference. This is a sample characteristic. Male-female and rural-urban differences in the proportion of aged persons are continue to exist and the differences remain significant. The share of the aged females was higher than that of the aged males in both rural and urban areas.

Statement 5.1: Share of the aged to total population (per 1000) obtained from NSS surveys and population censuses for each sex

Source	share of aged persons in total population (per 1000)					
	rural			urban		
	male	female	person	male	female	person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Census 1981	68	68	68	51	58	54
NSS 43 rd round (1987-88)	65	66	65	54	61	57
Census 1991	78	74	76	62	66	63
NSS 50 th round (1993-94)	68	69	69	55	64	60
NSS 52 nd round (1995-96)	55	59	57	47	53	50
Census 2001	74	81	77	62	72	67
NSS 60 th round (Jan-Jun, 2004)	70	71	70	62	71	66
Census 2011	84	92	88	77	85	81
NSS 71 st round (Jan-Jun, 2014)	74	80	77	77	86	81

Ref: Appendix table 1R/U and 42R/U

5.1.4 *Sex Ratio*: Statement 5.2 shows the Sex ratio (number of females per 1000 males) among aged persons obtained from census and NSS surveys at all-India level separately for rural and urban sector.

5.1.5 According to Population Census, the sex ratio among the aged that was 960 females per 1000 males during 1981, dropped to 930 during 1991 and thereafter increased to 1029 in 2001 and 1033 in 2011.

5.1.6 The NSS estimates, on the other hand, showed a rising trend between the period 1987-88 to 1995-96, but a decline in 2004. In 71st round sex ratio is found to be higher and this time it coincides with the census 2011 figure. The trend is also somewhat different in the rural and urban areas. In urban areas, the ratio has been consistently above 1000. There is an increase till 1993-94 but thereafter it is a small decrease. In rural areas in contrast the sex

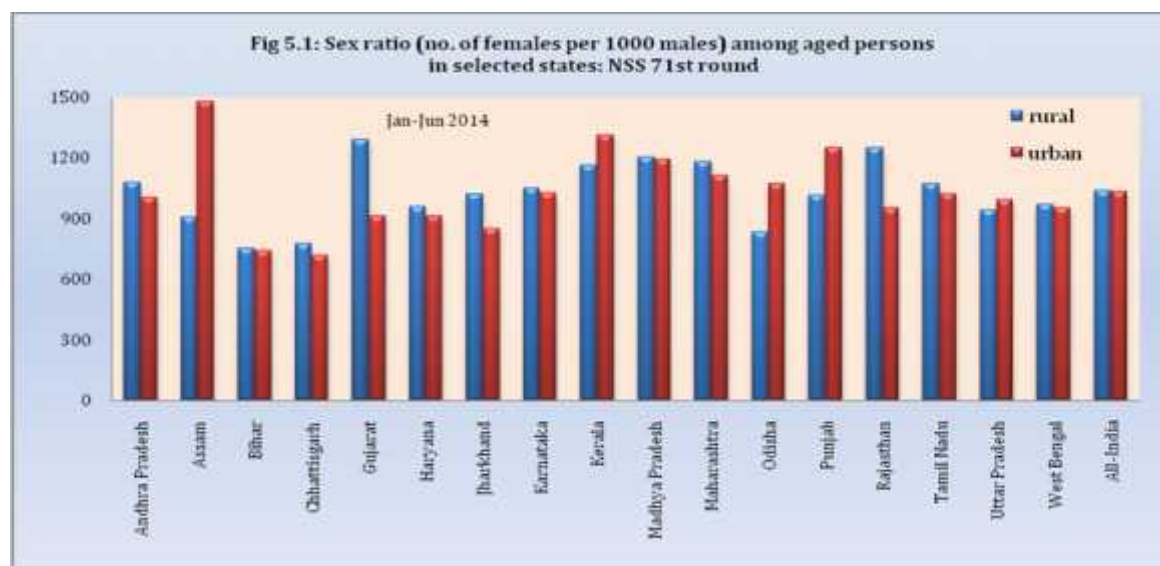
ratio declines in the initial period i.e. till 1993-94, than increases, then decreases again and then from 2004 to 2014 registers an increase.

Statement 5.2: Sex-ratio (number of females per 1000 males) among aged persons obtained from census and NSS surveys

source	sex-ratio among aged persons		
	rural	urban	rural+urban
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Census 1981	954	986	960
NSS 43 rd round (1987-88)	971	1032	983
Census 1991	922	960	930
NSS 50 th round (1993-94)	963	1060	984
NSS 52 nd round (1995-96)	1017	1043	1023
Census 2001	1026	1038	1029
NSS 60 th round (Jan-Jun, 2004)	985	1046	999
Census 2011	1036	1027	1033
NSS 71 st round (Jan-Jun, 2014)	1035	1029	1033

Ref: Appendix table IR/U and 42R/U

5.1.7 Figure 5.1 shows the Sex-ratio (no. of females per 1000 males) among aged persons (60+) in selected states. Among these states, relatively high sex-ratio was reported in the rural areas of Gujarat (1289) and in the urban areas it was Assam (1476).



5.2 Aged Persons and their living condition

5.2.1 *Aged Persons and their Surviving Sons and Daughters:* Statement 5.3 shows Percentage of aged persons by number of their surviving children for each sex separately for rural and urban sector.

5.2.2 In India, during January-June 2014, about 96 per cent of the aged had at least one surviving child for both the sectors. Or, the converse, about 4 per cent of the aged had no surviving children on the date of survey. The rural-urban differences appeared to be nil with respect to the proportion of the aged who are having surviving children.

Statement 5.3: Percentage of aged persons by number of their surviving children for each sex

gender	% of aged persons with number of living children						
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6+
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
	rural						
male	3.3	7.9	16.2	23.4	20.0	14.4	14.8
female	4.3	10.3	15.6	21.8	18.6	13.4	16.0
all	3.8	9.1	15.9	22.6	19.3	13.9	15.4
	urban						
male	3.4	12.0	22.3	27.7	15.7	10.5	8.4
female	4.2	13.1	19.5	23.4	17.5	10.8	11.5
all	3.8	12.5	20.9	25.5	16.6	10.7	10.0

Ref: Appendix table 41R/U

5.2.3 *Living Arrangement*: The extended family system remains the dominant form of family in India. In such a system, most of the aged, particularly those who have lost their spouses, depend on their children for maintenance. Besides the number of surviving children, information on living arrangement of the elderly persons was collected in the survey. Statement 5.4 shows the percentage of aged persons by type of living arrangement separately for rural and urban sector.

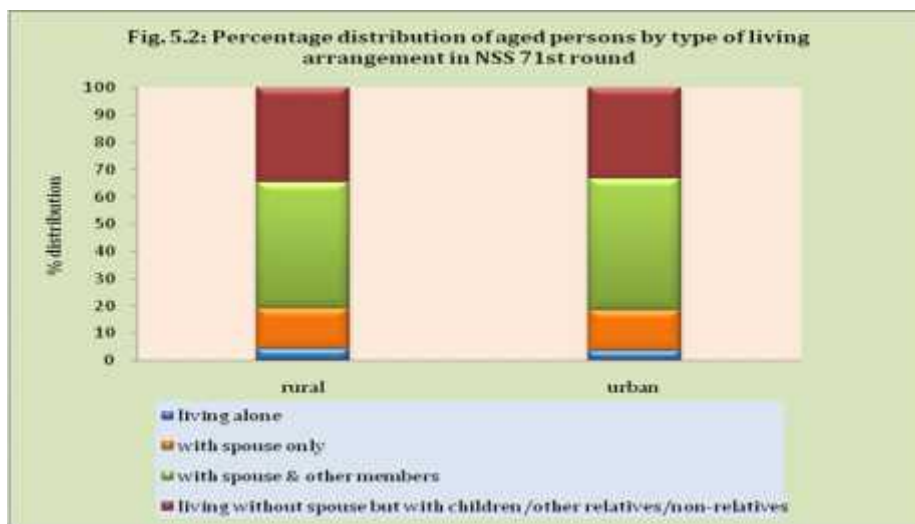
Statement 5.4: Percentage distribution of aged persons by type of living arrangement for 60th and 71st round

living arrangement	% distribution of aged persons by type of living arrangement			
	60 th round		71 st round	
	rural	urban	rural	urban
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
living alone	5.3	4.3	4.4	3.5
with spouse only	12.5	10.4	14.7	15.1
with spouse & other members	44.2	46.8	46.4	48.1
living without spouse but with children/ other relatives/ non-relatives	36.2	37.1	34.6	33.4
all	100	100	100	100

Ref: Appendix table 44R/U

5.2.4 The results show that only 4% of the aged both in rural and urban stayed alone. About 61 per cent aged in rural and 63 per cent in urban areas were living with their spouses and

another 35 per cent in rural and 33 per cent in urban were living without their spouses but with their children/other relations and non-relations. The pattern is similar in both rural and urban areas. However, the living arrangement of the aged has slightly changed over time since 2004, the proportion of the aged living alone remaining almost the same (it was 5% in rural and 4% urban in 2004). Between 2004 and 2014, the proportion of the aged who lived with their spouses had however, gone up significantly from 57 to 63 per cent in urban areas and 57 to 61 in rural areas- perhaps due to increasing life expectancy. There is a proportionate fall between 2004 and 2014 in the proportion of aged persons living with their children/other relatives in urban areas (4%).



5.2.5 Economic Independence: The living arrangement is an indication of how the physical well-being of the aged is taken care of in the family in our society. Similarly, the reported economic dependence reveals the associated problem of day-to-day maintenance of livelihood of the elderly persons. Per 1000 distribution of aged persons by state of economic independence is given in Statement 5.5 for each sex, separately for rural and urban sectors.

Statement 5.5: Percentage distribution of aged persons of each gender by state of economic independence

gender	% distribution of aged persons with economic status			
	not dependent on others	partially dependent on others	fully dependent on others	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
	rural			
male	42.6	23.9	33.5	100.0
female	11.2	19.1	69.6	100.0
all	26.6	21.5	51.9	100.0
	urban			
male	51.5	18.5	30.0	100.0
female	12.9	15.3	71.8	100.0
all	31.9	16.9	51.2	100.0

Ref: Appendix table 42R/U

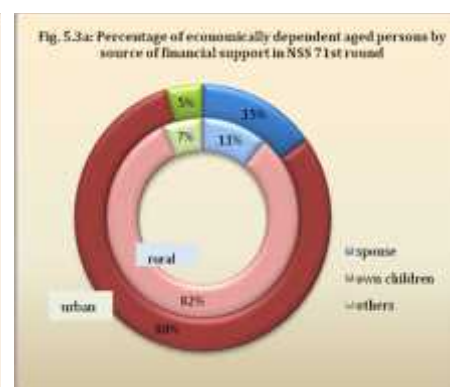
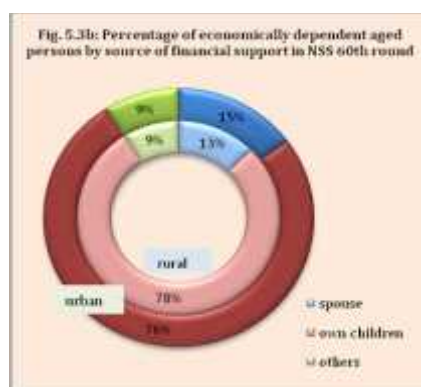
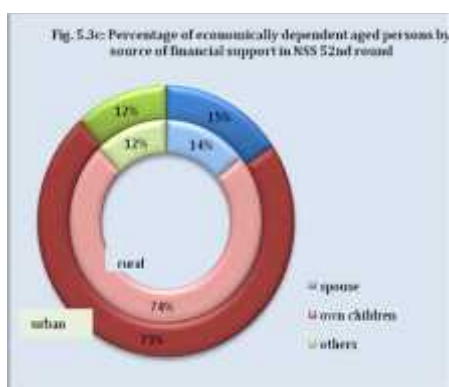
5.2.6 As many as 52 per cent of the aged in rural and 51% in urban had to depend on others for their day-to-day needs. As expected, the dependence was very high for elderly females. Among them, about 90 per cent aged women in rural and 87% in urban were economically dependent either partially or fully. In this respect, 43% males in rural and 52% in urban were fully economically independent for their livelihood. Compared to 2004 the results of the present survey indicate that the economic dependence of the elderly has decreased in general and more in the urban sector, both among men and women. But whether this decreased dependence is associated with a better quality of life, or reflects a lack of financial support needs to be explored.

5.2.7 *Economic Support Providers*: As has been observed, a large proportion of the elderly are economically dependent on others for their livelihood. It is, therefore, pertinent to know economic support provider to these elderly. Such information was collected in the survey and the results are presented in Statement 5.6 separately for each sector at the all-India level.

Statement 5.6: Percentage distribution of economically dependent aged persons by financial support provider in 52nd, 60th and 71st rounds

financial support provider	% distribution of economically dependent aged persons by financial support provider					
	52 nd round		60 th round		71 st round	
	rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Spouse	14.2	15.6	12.7	14.8	11.1	15.0
own children	73.5	72.8	78.4	76.2	82.1	80.4
grand- children	5.2	5.5	2.8	2.6	2.3	1.2
Others	7.1	6.1	6.1	6.4	4.5	3.4
All	100	100	100	100	100	100

5.2.8 It is seen that most of the economically dependent aged persons- 82% in rural and 80% in urban - depend on their children for financial support and a sizable proportion (11% in rural and 15% in urban) on their spouses. A small 5% in urban and 7% in rural areas were supported by their grandchildren or *others* ('*others*' is inclusive of non-relatives).



5.2.9 Over these three rounds percentage of elderly persons getting economic support from spouses is more or less similar especially in urban area. In the inter-survey periods, amongst

those who are economically dependent, the proportion of the aged, dependent on their children for economic support has increased in both rural and urban areas and more so in the rural areas. The proportion of dependence on grand children and *others* has gone down significantly over the two decades both in rural and urban areas.

5.3 Physical Condition

5.3.1 *General health condition*: Statement 5.7 shows Proportion of ailing persons among the aged (per 1000) during last 15 days separately for chronic and short duration ailment.

5.3.2 As already discussed in Chapter three, it is not unusual that persons in these higher age groups are vulnerable to some illness and diseases. PAP (aged persons) is quite high as compared to that for all-age group. In 71st round attempt has been given to cover all chronic illness and it is observed that a high proportion of aged persons were suffering from some chronic illness. More the age, more is the chance to have a chronic illness- though short duration illness more or less plateaus after 60

Statement 5.7: Proportion of ailing persons (per 1000) during last 15 days for different age group separately for chronic and short duration ailment

age-group	per 1000 no. of ailing persons					
	rural			urban		
	chronic	short duration	all	chronic	short duration	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
60-64	175	79	254	302	48	350
65-69	203	61	264	305	57	362
60+	204	72	276	309	53	362
70+	235	71	306	320	53	373
all (for all age groups)	40	49	89	67	51	118

5.3.3 *Physical Mobility*: Statement 5.8 shows percentage of aged persons not able to move and is confined to bed or home.

Statement 5.8: Percentage of aged persons unable to move outside and confined to bed or home

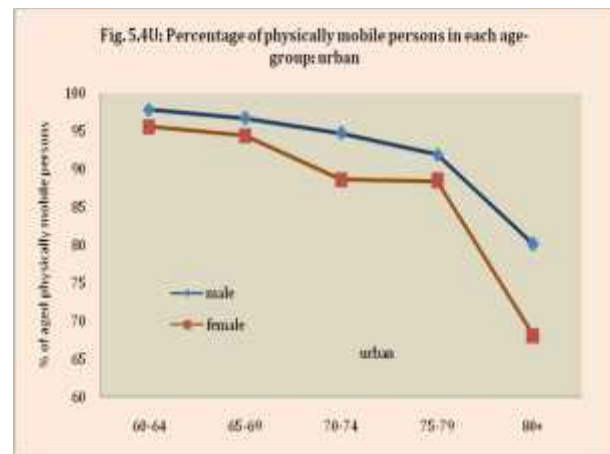
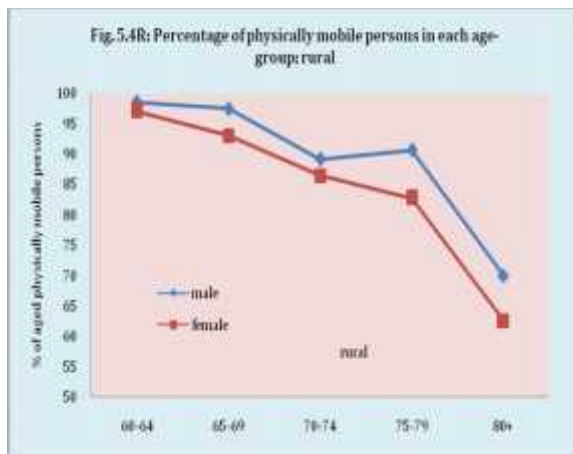
age-group	% of immobile aged persons					
	rural			urban		
	male	female	persons	male	female	persons
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
60-64	1.5	3.0	2.3	2.2	4.4	3.2
65-69	2.6	7.0	4.7	3.3	5.6	4.5
70-74	10.9	13.6	12.4	5.3	11.4	8.2
75-79	9.4	17.3	12.8	8.1	11.6	9.7
80+	30.0	37.4	34.0	19.9	31.9	26.7
all	6.5	10.2	8.4	4.9	9.1	7.0

Ref: Appendix table 45R/U

5.3.4 For the aged persons the ability to move is an important indicator of their physical condition of health and also indicates the degree of their dependence on others for movement and performing their daily routine.

5.3.5 About 8.4 per cent of the aged persons in rural and 7 per cent in urban were either confined to their home or bed. Those reporting that though immobile they are not limited to bed or home due to use of wheel chair are negligible. The proportion of aged persons reporting confinement to their home or bed was found to increase with the age for all categories. For the age group 80+ it sharply increases to as high as 27% in urban and 34% in rural areas. The incidence of such confinement is seen to be higher among women than among men in both rural and urban areas.

5.3.6 Following figures shows the percentage of mobile persons in each of the higher age group separately for gender and for each sector.



5.3.7 *Own Perception about Health*: Statement 5.9 shows percentage distribution of aged persons of each gender with chronic ailments by perception about change in state of health compared to previous year. The perception about one's health is an important factor is an important dimension of assessing health – which is defined as well-being- and not only the absence of disease or disability.

Statement 5.9: Percentage distribution of aged persons of each gender with chronic ailments by perception about change in state of health

state of health	% distribution of aged persons with chronic ailment whose state of health compared to the previous year					
	rural			urban		
	male	female	persons	male	female	persons
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
better	15.4	14.3	14.9	19.8	14.2	16.8
nearly the same	40.1	45.4	42.7	50.5	54.2	52.5
worse	44.5	40.3	42.4	29.7	31.6	30.7
all	100	100	100	100	100	100

Ref: Appendix table 46R/U

5.3.8 A person may be considered as being in good health if he feels so - even if technically that person has a chronic illness. For example an aged person with hypertension which is well controlled may be said to have well-being. This self perception of illness is the criterion generally used in NSS surveys to classify an individual as sick or otherwise. With this idea, information about the perception of aged persons about their current health was collected in the survey and is presented in Statement 5.9 separately for those with chronic ailment. It can be seen that only 15% aged with chronic ailment in rural area and 17% in urban area felt as being in a better state of health as compared to the previous year. About 42% among them felt worse in rural areas and corresponding figure for urban was 31%.

Summary

Statements

Table S1R: Number of ailments reported per thousand persons (PAP) during the last 15 days by each State/UT, and age-group

State/UT	Gender: all							Rural
	PAP for age-group							all
	0-14	15-29	30-44	45-59	60-69	70+	60+	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	88	71	126	242	565	499	545	155
Arunachal Pradesh	109	50	69	109	264	384	315	95
Assam	32	13	31	48	71	59	66	31
Bihar	49	23	57	90	226	206	222	57
Chhattisgarh	54	18	23	53	84	219	106	40
Delhi	29	3	9	31	8	258	26	15
Goa	136	91	40	339	157	726	281	160
Gujarat	69	44	81	121	259	438	338	92
Haryana	41	29	78	50	138	181	154	56
Himachal Pradesh	57	52	44	92	196	292	239	82
Jammu & Kashmir	50	30	51	68	194	445	296	64
Jharkhand	35	34	73	69	124	35	104	52
Karnataka	82	40	65	127	284	316	297	93
Kerala	221	129	198	488	646	645	646	310
Madhya Pradesh	44	26	58	78	172	126	156	53
Maharashtra	76	43	64	107	169	245	195	80
Manipur	33	11	19	19	59	449	147	26
Meghalaya	46	18	2	19	183	261	209	32
Mizoram	13	20	8	84	36	81	48	26
Nagaland	97	8	12	6	0	0	0	31
Odisha	99	75	64	127	215	300	245	103
Punjab	103	96	127	266	383	420	398	161
Rajasthan	28	27	74	92	146	161	153	54
Sikkim	6	47	30	21	114	153	124	34
Tamil Nadu	121	48	111	234	335	298	321	146
Telangana	61	50	66	122	330	296	317	97
Tripura	54	14	27	51	72	12	52	35
Uttar Pradesh	52	42	62	103	199	250	217	68
Uttarakhand	55	22	84	155	121	255	175	77
West Bengal	146	93	144	196	363	605	457	161
A & N Islands	148	78	281	214	306	329	316	188
Chandigarh	6	122	21	676	704	440	586	109
Dadra & N. Haveli	40	72	19	143	15	660	105	56
Daman & Diu	35	10	15	178	53	0	41	39
Lakshadweep	213	81	67	118	311	695	455	159
Puducherry	304	46	194	27	541	10	287	175
all	67	46	77	135	259	306	276	89

Table S1U: Number of ailments reported per thousand persons (PAP) during the last 15 days by each State/UT, and age-group

State/UT	Gender: all							Urban
	PAP for age-group							all
	0-14	15-29	30-44	45-59	60-69	70+	60+	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	100	31	211	395	705	684	700	204
Arunachal Pradesh	31	42	45	99	284	0	249	49
Assam	24	16	59	93	32	134	70	47
Bihar	55	42	47	59	239	218	232	62
Chhattisgarh	46	22	28	82	55	146	91	44
Delhi	35	28	41	59	117	65	99	41
Goa	187	89	42	243	639	377	587	194
Gujarat	81	22	71	241	284	291	286	103
Haryana	46	65	79	100	165	227	185	75
Himachal Pradesh	40	11	30	62	78	289	220	51
Jammu & Kashmir	36	8	27	67	65	230	113	41
Jharkhand	38	67	139	149	238	249	242	96
Karnataka	86	44	74	153	325	421	351	103
Kerala	152	127	240	457	686	736	706	306
Madhya Pradesh	58	48	57	122	120	204	150	71
Maharashtra	77	30	60	92	161	186	171	70
Manipur	3	2	1	8	28	17	23	4
Meghalaya	73	15	8	10	2	16	4	26
Mizoram	7	31	33	55	80	32	56	31
Nagaland	21	10	29	22	0	0	0	19
Odisha	106	50	57	140	241	321	275	97
Punjab	88	109	144	333	330	556	404	170
Rajasthan	55	38	81	163	245	230	240	83
Sikkim	10	31	73	68	453	865	598	67
Tamil Nadu	109	61	140	306	551	487	530	184
Telangana	77	30	36	196	401	411	403	95
Tripura	58	71	26	43	66	49	59	51
Uttar Pradesh	74	42	94	151	251	336	278	91
Uttarakhand	134	44	54	133	597	728	650	111
West Bengal	138	61	143	308	423	417	420	179
A & N Islands	65	122	134	319	743	909	794	156
Chandigarh	148	86	58	381	368	546	454	135
Dadra & N. Haveli	41	62	246	14	892	856	880	165
Daman & Diu	64	72	293	415	297	281	285	186
Lakshadweep	150	105	341	380	406	282	354	219
Puducherry	145	58	192	389	507	591	536	227
all	81	48	98	206	355	373	362	118

Table S2R: Percentage distribution of spells of ailment by nature of treatment received, separately for each State/UT and gender

State/UT	male				female			
	percentage of spells of ailment with treatment received from							
	none	allopathy	other*	all	none	allopathy	other*	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	1.1	96.7	2.1	100	4.0	92.1	3.8	100
Arunachal Pradesh	4.8	70.5	24.6	100	3.8	82.8	13.4	100
Assam	0.6	94.0	5.4	100	1.4	98.1	0.5	100
Bihar	2.3	94.8	2.9	100	3.5	81.7	14.8	100
Chhattisgarh	0.1	80.6	19.2	100	7.0	70.5	22.5	100
Delhi	0.0	100.0	0.0	100	0.0	100.0	0.0	100
Goa	0.0	99.2	0.8	100	1.9	98.1	0.0	100
Gujarat	19.7	73.8	6.6	100	21.5	75.0	3.4	100
Haryana	2.9	91.4	5.6	100	0.3	94.3	5.4	100
Himachal Pradesh	0.6	96.1	3.2	100	4.3	83.2	12.6	100
Jammu & Kashmir	0.0	100.0	0.0	100	0.0	99.6	0.4	100
Jharkhand	2.4	87.3	10.3	100	17.5	78.8	3.7	100
Karnataka	1.9	96.0	2.0	100	0.3	98.0	1.7	100
Kerala	4.0	88.9	7.0	100	2.1	86.2	11.9	100
Madhya Pradesh	3.9	95.1	0.9	100	5.7	90.7	3.6	100
Maharashtra	5.4	89.8	4.8	100	5.0	93.7	1.4	100
Manipur	0.0	99.6	0.4	100	0.0	99.8	0.2	100
Meghalaya	1.2	66.8	32.0	100	12.2	63.9	23.9	100
Mizoram	0.0	50.3	49.7	100	0.0	51.6	48.4	100
Nagaland	0.0	99.9	0.1	100	0.8	21.4	77.9	100
Odisha	1.3	86.6	12.1	100	2.6	90.9	6.5	100
Punjab	0.0	97.5	2.5	100	0.0	98.9	1.2	100
Rajasthan	1.7	95.0	3.2	100	1.7	91.5	6.8	100
Sikkim	0.0	100.0	0.0	100	0.0	100.0	0.0	100
Tamil Nadu	5.1	93.6	1.3	100	2.3	95.4	2.2	100
Telangana	0.7	97.0	2.3	100	0.0	98.7	1.3	100
Tripura	0.0	98.0	2.0	100	0.5	98.5	1.0	100
Uttar Pradesh	5.2	89.1	5.7	100	1.7	89.6	8.6	100
Uttarakhand	1.8	95.2	3.1	100	1.8	96.3	1.9	100
West Bengal	5.1	86.6	8.3	100	6.5	78.9	14.7	100
A & N Islands	4.7	93.8	1.6	100	5.8	76.9	17.3	100
Chandigarh	0.5	98.8	0.6	100	0.3	99.7	0.0	100
Dadra & N. Haveli	10.3	68.8	20.9	100	17.3	82.7	0.0	100
Daman & Diu	0.0	100.0	0.0	100	0.0	100.0	0.0	100
Lakshadweep	0.0	80.0	20.0	100	0.0	80.6	19.4	100
Puducherry	0.0	99.9	0.1	100	0.0	100.0	0.0	100
all	4.1	90.6	5.3	100	4.0	88.7	7.3	100

* includes Indian System of Medicine, Homoeopathy, Yoga & Naturopathy

Table S2U: Percentage distribution of spells of ailment by nature of treatment received, separately for each State/UT and gender

State/UT	male				female			
	percentage of spells of ailment with treatment received from							
	none	allopathy	other*	all	none	allopathy	other*	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	0.1	97.4	2.4	100	1.3	94.9	3.7	100
Arunachal Pradesh	0.0	99.9	0.1	100	35.1	63.6	1.3	100
Assam	0.0	94.2	5.9	100	0.0	96.0	4.0	100
Bihar	0.3	96.0	3.7	100	0.6	98.2	1.2	100
Chhattisgarh	0.1	88.6	11.2	100	0.1	99.1	0.8	100
Delhi	0.0	97.4	2.7	100	0.2	99.7	0.1	100
Goa	6.2	93.8	0.0	100	0.0	98.1	1.9	100
Gujarat	11.1	88.1	0.8	100	11.3	87.8	0.9	100
Haryana	0.7	98.6	0.7	100	3.4	85.8	10.8	100
Himachal Pradesh	0.8	89.1	10.1	100	0.7	97.6	1.6	100
Jammu & Kashmir	0.0	90.9	9.1	100	0.0	94.4	5.7	100
Jharkhand	5.8	87.3	6.8	100	1.4	95.7	3.0	100
Karnataka	4.2	88.3	7.4	100	2.0	94.1	3.9	100
Kerala	6.6	78.2	15.3	100	2.9	85.6	11.6	100
Madhya Pradesh	0.3	91.5	8.3	100	1.6	93.8	4.6	100
Maharashtra	0.6	93.8	5.6	100	1.3	95.6	3.1	100
Manipur	0.0	100.0	0.0	100	0.0	100.0	0.0	100
Meghalaya	0.0	99.5	0.5	100	0.2	99.6	0.3	100
Mizoram	0.0	99.7	0.3	100	0.0	100.0	0.0	100
Nagaland	0.0	17.8	82.2	100	0.0	100.0	0.0	100
Odisha	2.2	92.6	5.2	100	0.4	96.4	3.2	100
Punjab	0.0	85.3	14.8	100	0.0	96.5	3.5	100
Rajasthan	7.6	82.1	10.3	100	0.5	94.7	4.8	100
Sikkim	0.0	99.3	0.7	100	0.0	99.6	0.4	100
Tamil Nadu	1.5	93.5	5.0	100	2.3	93.3	4.4	100
Telangana	0.0	99.7	0.3	100	0.0	98.3	1.6	100
Tripura	0.0	82.0	18.0	100	0.0	89.8	10.2	100
Uttar Pradesh	1.1	90.3	8.6	100	1.6	87.2	11.2	100
Uttarakhand	0.0	99.6	0.4	100	0.0	73.7	26.2	100
West Bengal	1.7	93.5	4.8	100	4.2	84.9	10.9	100
A & N Islands	14.8	75.1	10.1	100	1.7	82.4	15.9	100
Chandigarh	0.0	98.2	1.9	100	0.0	85.0	15.1	100
Dadra & N. Haveli	0.0	98.9	1.1	100	0.3	69.0	30.7	100
Daman & Diu	0.0	95.5	4.5	100	0.0	100.0	0.0	100
Lakshadweep	6.6	81.9	11.5	100	16.4	79.9	3.7	100
Puducherry	0.0	97.2	2.7	100	0.0	96.2	3.8	100
all	2.8	90.4	6.8	100	2.5	91.0	6.5	100

* includes Indian System of Medicine, Homoeopathy, Yoga & Naturopathy

Table S3: Per 1000 no. of persons reporting ailment (PAP) and No. per 1000 of persons hospitalized in each State/UT: rural, urban

State/UT	per 1000 no. of persons reporting ailment		per 1000 no. of persons hosp.		sample household		estimated households (00)	
	rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	155	204	59	55	1240	1208	86652	40667
Arunachal Pradesh	95	49	34	41	379	247	2038	486
Assam	31	47	28	36	1695	560	54883	8507
Bihar	57	62	34	33	2111	1056	164699	18990
Chhattisgarh	40	44	31	42	680	525	43068	10777
Delhi	15	41	15	36	63	1095	770	27846
Goa	160	194	44	40	96	96	1350	1994
Gujarat	92	103	48	49	1456	1432	64634	49883
Haryana	56	75	42	50	720	704	30720	16597
Himachal Pradesh	82	51	57	33	704	192	13669	2026
Jammu & Kashmir	64	41	39	37	735	544	15550	4509
Jharkhand	52	96	32	35	832	621	46986	14115
Karnataka	93	103	52	49	1488	1471	81214	56551
Kerala	310	306	117	99	1199	1279	44166	37116
Madhya Pradesh	53	71	40	44	1984	1629	106045	37794
Maharashtra	80	70	53	47	2711	2692	123345	106335
Manipur	26	4	43	35	768	640	3334	1712
Meghalaya	32	26	27	35	544	288	4805	1224
Mizoram	26	31	36	41	384	384	1107	896
Nagaland	31	19	17	22	352	224	2871	900
Odisha	103	97	45	51	1696	746	77450	17410
Punjab	161	170	41	40	768	761	33707	21962
Rajasthan	54	83	47	43	1678	1234	92447	34387
Sikkim	34	67	26	33	320	192	1082	360
Tamil Nadu	146	184	57	59	1960	1957	98295	101165
Telangana	97	95	48	49	744	750	49391	30011
Tripura	35	51	55	57	832	576	6811	2007
Uttar Pradesh	68	91	34	40	4918	3003	264616	85201
Uttarakhand	77	111	30	37	352	320	13959	4880
West Bengal	161	179	50	51	2592	2427	143608	66831
A & N Islands	188	156	52	61	159	95	576	360
Chandigarh	109	135	28	35	64	120	86	2207
Dadra & N. Haveli	56	165	49	54	64	64	391	509
Daman & Diu	39	186	55	53	64	64	108	795
Lakshadweep	159	219	47	76	64	64	24	95
Puducherry	175	227	58	63	64	192	1095	1927
all	89	118	44	49	36480	29452	1675550	809028

Table S4: Per thousand distribution of spells of ailment treated on medical advice over levels of care in each State/UT for each gender

State/UT	Rural+Urban									
	male					female				
	per 1000 distribution of spells of ailment treated over levels of care									
	HSC/PHC and others*	public hosp.	private doctor	private hosp.	all	HSC/PHC and others*	public hosp.	private doctor	private hosp.	all
(1)	(2)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Andhra Pradesh	28	109	323	540	1000	59	87	249	605	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	594	387	10	9	1000	704	292	3	2	1000
Assam	325	440	200	35	1000	596	199	191	14	1000
Bihar	25	41	844	90	1000	90	122	681	106	1000
Chhattisgarh	97	51	724	128	1000	342	125	448	84	1000
Delhi	41	89	738	132	1000	147	140	690	23	1000
Goa	47	284	573	96	1000	15	190	567	228	1000
Gujarat	104	102	502	292	1000	75	109	557	259	1000
Haryana	45	72	635	248	1000	16	64	654	266	1000
Himachal Pradesh	80	488	340	92	1000	37	361	404	198	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	13	469	512	6	1000	72	396	512	20	1000
Jharkhand	42	298	502	158	1000	67	95	720	118	1000
Karnataka	55	155	439	351	1000	46	171	472	312	1000
Kerala	97	216	360	327	1000	118	242	350	291	1000
Madhya Pradesh	61	231	602	105	1000	63	197	581	159	1000
Maharashtra	67	94	619	220	1000	83	111	624	182	1000
Manipur	165	276	324	236	1000	152	447	333	68	1000
Meghalaya	863	111	15	11	1000	430	55	446	69	1000
Mizoram	452	238	287	22	1000	462	49	416	73	1000
Nagaland	479	447	74	0	1000	281	139	483	97	1000
Odisha	465	234	278	23	1000	446	300	239	15	1000

Table S4: Per thousand distribution of spells of ailment treated on medical advice over levels of care in each State/UT for each gender

State/UT	Rural+Urban									
	male					female				
	per 1000 distribution of spells of ailment treated over levels of care									
	HSC/PHC and others*	public hosp.	private doctor	private hosp.	all	HSC/PHC and others*	public hosp.	private doctor	private hosp.	all
(1)	(2)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Punjab	78	137	564	221	1000	26	145	569	260	1000
Rajasthan	131	236	462	171	1000	128	264	471	137	1000
Sikkim	487	290	151	72	1000	628	162	124	86	1000
Tamil Nadu	71	272	225	432	1000	68	278	237	416	1000
Telangana	41	64	318	577	1000	64	117	410	408	1000
Tripura	135	196	554	115	1000	329	370	300	2	1000
Uttar Pradesh	48	94	745	113	1000	45	111	740	104	1000
Uttarakhand	42	360	305	292	1000	127	405	377	91	1000
West Bengal	40	156	769	35	1000	67	130	777	26	1000
A & N Islands	343	283	272	103	1000	622	188	177	13	1000
Chandigarh	46	268	684	3	1000	138	360	485	17	1000
Dadra & N. Haveli	257	469	17	257	1000	104	210	301	385	1000
Daman & Diu	36	105	491	368	1000	20	1	385	594	1000
Lakshadweep	142	627	9	222	1000	19	680	51	250	1000
Puducherry	0	408	287	305	1000	6	340	205	448	1000
all	79	164	513	243	1000	90	174	497	239	1000

* includes ANM/ASHA/AWW/dispensary/CHC/MMU

Table S5: Cases of hospitalisation (EC) on account of different ailment types reported per 100,000 persons during the last 365 days

ailment	cases of hospitalisation on account of different ailment types reported per 100,000 persons								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	person	male	female	person	male	female	person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
fever with loss of consciousness or altered consciousness	52	52	52	54	70	62	52	57	55
fever with rash/ eruptive lesions	13	29	21	15	12	14	14	24	19
fever due to diphtheria, whooping cough	34	20	27	31	30	31	33	23	28
all other fevers	540	518	530	610	699	653	562	572	567
tuberculosis	61	42	52	66	30	49	62	39	51
filariasis	3	3	3	3	0	2	3	2	3
tetanus	1	3	2	1	2	2	1	3	2
hiv/aids	7	12	10	1	2	2	5	9	7
other sexually transmitted diseases	2	0	1	0	2	1	1	0	1
jaundice	78	45	62	125	63	96	92	50	72
diarrheas/ dysentery/ etc.	113	118	115	138	160	149	120	131	125
worms infestation	10	4	7	6	6	6	8	5	7
infection	913	846	881	1051	1078	1064	955	915	936
cancers	61	96	78	101	126	113	73	105	88
anemia (any cause)	41	66	53	35	80	56	39	70	54
bleeding disorders	15	26	20	15	18	16	15	23	19
blood diseases inc. anemia	56	92	73	50	98	73	54	94	73
diabetes	46	63	54	91	150	119	60	89	74
under-nutrition	7	8	7	1	4	3	5	7	6
goitre and other diseases of the thyroid	11	25	18	8	27	17	10	26	18
others (including obesity)	1	3	2	6	5	5	2	3	3

Table S5: Cases of hospitalisation (EC) on account of different ailment types reported per 100,000 persons during the last 365 days

ailment	cases of hospitalisation on account of different ailment types reported per 100,000 persons								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	person	male	female	person	male	female	person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
endocrine, metabolic, nutritional	66	99	81	106	185	144	78	124	100
mental retardation	12	8	10	11	10	11	12	9	10
mental disorders	23	25	24	47	24	36	30	25	28
headache	19	40	29	22	42	32	20	41	30
seizures or known epilepsy	27	17	22	40	42	41	31	24	28
weakness in limb muscles and difficulty in movements	44	45	45	50	56	53	46	48	47
stroke/ hemiplegia/ sudden onset weakness or loss of speech in half of body	66	58	62	109	62	87	79	60	69
others including memory loss, confusion	9	9	9	23	17	20	13	12	12
psychiatric & neurological	199	203	201	302	253	279	230	218	224
discomfort/pain in the eye with redness or swellings/ boils	11	12	11	10	20	14	11	14	12
cataract	100	149	123	94	181	135	98	159	127
glaucoma	9	14	11	8	6	7	9	12	10
decreased vision (chronic) not including where decreased vision is corrected with glasses	11	7	9	8	11	9	10	8	9
others (including disorders of eye movements – strabismus, nystagmus, ptosis and adnexa)	13	11	12	19	7	13	15	10	12
eye	144	193	167	138	225	179	142	202	171
earache with discharge/bleeding from ear/ infections	9	14	11	20	17	19	12	15	14
decreased hearing or loss of hearing	3	1	2	7	5	6	4	2	3
ear	12	15	14	27	23	25	17	17	17
hypertension	98	91	95	113	191	150	103	121	111
heart disease: chest pain, breathlessness	205	161	184	388	278	336	261	196	230

Table S5: Cases of hospitalisation (EC) on account of different ailment types reported per 100,000 persons during the last 365 days

ailment (1)	cases of hospitalisation on account of different ailment types reported per 100,000 persons								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male (2)	female (3)	person (4)	male (5)	female (6)	person (7)	male (8)	female (9)	person (10)
cardio-vascular	304	251	279	501	470	486	363	316	341
acute upper respiratory infections	41	44	42	49	56	53	43	48	45
cough with sputum with or without fever and not diagnosed as tb	36	28	32	32	27	30	35	28	32
bronchial asthma	107	102	104	146	140	143	119	113	116
respiratory	184	174	179	228	222	225	197	189	193
diseases of mouth/teeth/gums	3	7	5	9	21	15	5	11	8
pain in abdomen: gastric and peptic ulcers/ acid reflux/ acute abdomen	243	314	277	288	331	308	257	319	286
lump or fluid in abdomen or scrotum	76	74	75	109	132	120	86	91	88
gastrointestinal bleeding	32	16	25	42	21	32	35	18	27
gastro-intestinal	354	411	381	448	505	475	382	439	409
skin infection (boil, abscess, itching) and other skin disease	32	28	30	33	58	45	32	37	34
joint or bone disease/ pain or swelling in any of the joints, or swelling or pus from the bones	133	143	138	122	163	142	130	149	139
back or body aches	20	48	34	53	46	49	30	47	38
musculo-skeletal	153	191	171	175	209	191	160	196	177
any difficulty or abnormality in urination	152	63	109	180	161	171	160	92	128
pain the pelvic region/reproductive tract infection/ pain in male genital area	47	38	43	57	48	53	50	41	46
change/irregularity in menstrual cycle or excessive bleeding/pain during menstruation and any other gynecological and andrological disorders incl. infertility	3	142	70	7	201	100	4	160	79
genito-urinary	203	243	222	244	411	323	215	293	252
pregnancy with complications before/ during labour (abortion, ectopic pregnancy, abortion, hypertension, complications during labour)	0	342	-	0	247	-	0	314	-

Table S5: Cases of hospitalisation (EC) on account of different ailment types reported per 100,000 persons during the last 365 days

ailment	cases of hospitalisation on account of different ailment types reported per 100,000 persons								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	person	male	female	person	male	female	person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
complications in mother after birth of child	0	38	-	0	47	-	0	41	-
illness in the newborn/ sick newborn	43	21	33	45	35	40	44	25	35
obstetric and neonatal	43	400	214	45	330	180	44	379	204
accidental injury, road traffic accidents and falls	480	166	330	533	247	397	496	190	350
accidental drowning and submersion	4	2	3	4	2	3	4	2	3
burns and corrosions	10	22	16	12	11	11	11	19	15
poisoning	24	16	20	11	7	9	20	14	17
intentional self-harm	7	6	6	1	2	2	5	5	5
assault	10	5	8	7	5	6	9	5	7
contact with venomous/harm-causing animals and plants	29	21	25	6	7	7	22	17	20
injuries	564	239	408	575	281	435	567	251	416
symptom not fitting into any of above categories or could not even state the main symptom	86	117	101	121	172	145	96	133	114
all	3372	3598	3480	4145	4643	4381	3605	3910	3751

Table S6R: Per thousand distribution of hospitalisation cases(EC) during the last 365 days by type of hospital and gender separately for each State/UT

State/UT	per 1000 no. of hospitalised cases in						Rural
	public hospital			private hospital			all
	male	female	person	male	female	person	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	121	104	225	443	333	775	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	454	432	886	53	61	114	1000
Assam	486	406	892	51	57	108	1000
Bihar	178	248	426	290	284	574	1000
Chhattisgarh	245	250	494	278	228	506	1000
Delhi	517	114	631	84	285	369	1000
Goa	344	166	510	181	309	490	1000
Gujarat	114	121	234	415	351	766	1000
Haryana	174	159	333	364	304	667	1000
Himachal Pradesh	339	418	758	105	137	242	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	458	481	939	23	38	61	1000
Jharkhand	201	195	396	315	290	604	1000
Karnataka	135	134	268	390	341	732	1000
Kerala	187	160	347	328	324	653	1000
Madhya Pradesh	228	307	535	254	210	465	1000
Maharashtra	98	94	192	454	354	808	1000
Manipur	450	438	888	50	62	112	1000
Meghalaya	483	409	891	46	63	109	1000
Mizoram	395	465	860	64	76	140	1000
Nagaland	374	357	731	150	118	269	1000
Odisha	372	441	813	109	78	187	1000
Punjab	109	183	293	335	372	707	1000
Rajasthan	243	299	542	246	212	458	1000
Sikkim	235	492	727	138	136	273	1000
Tamil Nadu	213	191	404	278	318	596	1000
Telangana	148	139	286	387	327	714	1000
Tripura	483	450	933	40	27	67	1000
Uttar Pradesh	118	184	302	342	356	698	1000
Uttarakhand	297	211	508	272	220	492	1000
West Bengal	393	379	772	107	121	228	1000
A & N Islands	596	345	941	50	9	59	1000
Chandigarh	498	273	772	85	144	228	1000
Dadra & N. Haveli	444	256	700	266	34	300	1000
Daman & Diu	198	55	253	428	319	747	1000
Lakshadweep	361	266	628	248	124	372	1000
Puducherry	146	172	318	364	318	682	1000
all	201	218	419	303	278	581	1000

Table S6U: Per thousand distribution of hospitalisation cases(EC) during the last 365 days by type of hospital and gender separately for each State/UT

State/UT	per 1000 no. of hospitalised cases in						Urban
	public hospital			private hospital			all
	male	female	person	male	female	person	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	136	83	218	429	353	782	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	421	455	876	113	10	124	1000
Assam	242	273	515	222	263	485	1000
Bihar	162	226	388	313	299	612	1000
Chhattisgarh	158	136	294	498	207	706	1000
Delhi	287	163	450	289	261	550	1000
Goa	490	178	668	162	170	332	1000
Gujarat	122	112	233	391	375	767	1000
Haryana	102	81	183	488	329	817	1000
Himachal Pradesh	303	414	718	112	171	282	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	365	489	854	68	78	146	1000
Jharkhand	94	169	264	345	391	736	1000
Karnataka	75	108	183	393	425	817	1000
Kerala	162	170	333	275	392	667	1000
Madhya Pradesh	195	222	417	291	292	583	1000
Maharashtra	111	90	200	387	413	800	1000
Manipur	401	385	786	103	112	214	1000
Meghalaya	318	154	473	172	356	527	1000
Mizoram	239	363	601	156	243	399	1000
Nagaland	195	203	399	273	328	601	1000
Odisha	349	231	580	225	195	420	1000
Punjab	167	135	302	348	350	698	1000
Rajasthan	263	281	544	235	221	456	1000
Sikkim	257	296	553	191	256	447	1000
Tamil Nadu	150	143	293	364	343	707	1000
Telangana	101	111	212	344	444	788	1000
Tripura	492	400	892	75	34	108	1000
Uttar Pradesh	137	146	283	312	405	717	1000
Uttarakhand	135	263	397	276	326	603	1000
West Bengal	294	232	526	236	238	474	1000
A & N Islands	350	472	822	106	72	178	1000
Chandigarh	393	456	849	61	91	151	1000
Dadra & N. Haveli	103	96	199	464	338	801	1000
Daman & Diu	112	62	175	223	603	825	1000
Lakshadweep	347	338	685	150	165	315	1000
Puducherry	281	341	622	219	159	378	1000
all	165	156	320	332	348	680	1000

Table S7: Average total medical expenditure (₹) for treatment per hospitalisation case (EC) during stay at hospital (as inpatient) over last 365 days by State/UT and gender

State/UT	average total medical expenditure for treatment (₹) per case								
	rural			urban			rural + urban		
	male	female	person	male	female	person	male	female	person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Andhra Pradesh	15683	10058	13227	42894	16144	31242	23735	11853	18551
Arunachal Pradesh	5882	5468	5678	10685	6908	8926	6759	5709	6247
Assam	7313	6563	6966	31945	60152	47064	11589	18340	14810
Bihar	12918	10124	11432	35363	15632	25004	15318	10699	12865
Chhattisgarh	10429	14030	12149	25360	17465	22647	14363	14614	14475
Delhi	16408	52043	30613	39322	28501	34730	38903	28888	34658
Goa	26096	34211	29954	26134	17606	23165	26119	26492	26270
Gujarat	17576	10619	14298	21954	18262	20155	19527	14146	16952
Haryana	23241	12645	18341	35502	27870	32370	28652	18580	24214
Himachal Pradesh	23382	15238	18860	45243	16776	28590	24583	15333	19431
Jammu & Kashmir	9845	7141	8442	17040	11592	13948	11157	8091	9536
Jharkhand	10231	10479	10351	14689	11946	13151	11541	11009	11270
Karnataka	15948	12039	14091	27592	17456	22190	20027	14232	17148
Kerala	24060	10815	17642	16931	14325	15465	21496	12340	16775
Madhya Pradesh	18696	7853	13090	30851	17516	23993	22750	11052	16713
Maharashtra	21856	18776	20475	28378	30598	29493	24308	23834	24085
Manipur	5311	6810	6061	10052	10380	10215	6647	7806	7226
Meghalaya	1696	2500	2075	16087	21376	18786	5692	8346	6974
Mizoram	9749	7893	8744	11182	14945	13461	10390	11510	11031
Nagaland	7987	3024	5628	17116	14617	15788	10273	6443	8394
Odisha	12749	7920	10240	17186	23199	19750	13744	10454	12095
Punjab	40400	17559	27718	31793	28040	29971	36967	21059	28539
Rajasthan	14419	11359	12855	23458	10054	16731	17070	10986	13976
Sikkim	10860	6360	8035	11169	8942	9939	10954	6987	8543
Tamil Nadu	13920	9839	11842	29093	18115	23757	21944	14025	18006
Telangana	13325	26939	19664	25946	16350	20617	17527	22523	20021
Tripura	7858	3324	5694	13744	8887	11638	9173	4406	6942
Uttar Pradesh	22134	15765	18693	33498	30150	31653	25451	20096	22540
Uttarakhand	8400	10171	9162	30766	22174	25703	13518	14498	13985
West Bengal	13148	9508	11327	28462	20826	24875	18532	13179	15910
A & N Islands	4926	537	3373	15662	2284	8389	8475	1442	5437
Chandigarh	16932	15631	16389	55879	17967	35158	54414	17914	34604
Dadra & N. Haveli	5606	820	4219	9886	4956	7749	7312	3113	5821
Daman & Diu	9633	11213	10223	8570	6105	6930	8778	6453	7309
Lakshadweep	13821	5100	10418	7335	9859	8604	7936	9570	8744
Puducherry	10203	5636	7965	18969	9176	14076	15694	7885	11821
all	17528	12295	14935	28165	20754	24436	21223	15292	18268

Table S8R: Average medical expenditure (₹) and non-medical expenditure (Rs.) on account of hospitalisation per hospitalisation case (EC) for each State/UT, gender and sector**Rural**

State/UT	avg. med. exp. during stay at hospital (₹)			avg. of other exp. on account of hospitalisation (₹)			total expenditure (₹)		
	male	female	person	male	female	person	male	female	person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Andhra Pradesh	15683	10058	13227	2546	1717	2184	18229	11774	15411
Arunachal Pradesh	5882	5468	5678	2441	2283	2363	8323	7752	8042
Assam	7313	6563	6966	1738	1341	1554	9051	7905	8520
Bihar	12918	10124	11432	2319	2084	2194	15237	12208	13626
Chhattisgarh	10429	14030	12149	1735	2069	1895	12164	16099	14043
Delhi	16408	52043	30613	1343	1981	1597	17752	54024	32211
Goa	26096	34211	29954	3035	2014	2550	29131	36225	32503
Gujarat	17576	10619	14298	1447	1267	1362	19023	11886	15660
Haryana	23241	12645	18341	2914	2243	2604	26155	14888	20945
Himachal Pradesh	23382	15238	18860	2595	3584	3144	25977	18823	22004
Jammu & Kashmir	9845	7141	8442	2694	2001	2334	12539	9142	10777
Jharkhand	10231	10479	10351	1753	2731	2227	11984	13210	12578
Karnataka	15948	12039	14091	2153	1887	2027	18101	13926	16118
Kerala	24060	10815	17642	1901	1574	1743	25961	12389	19385
Madhya Pradesh	18696	7853	13090	2528	1962	2236	21224	9816	15326
Maharashtra	21856	18776	20475	2216	1758	2011	24072	20534	22486
Manipur	5311	6810	6061	2859	3135	2997	8170	9945	9058
Meghalaya	1696	2500	2075	2171	1858	2023	3867	4358	4098
Mizoram	9749	7893	8744	3085	2758	2908	12833	10651	11652
Nagaland	7987	3024	5628	2469	1739	2122	10456	4763	7750
Odisha	12749	7920	10240	2514	2248	2376	15262	10168	12616
Punjab	40400	17559	27718	2418	1776	2061	42817	19335	29779
Rajasthan	14419	11359	12855	3070	2453	2755	17489	13812	15609
Sikkim	10860	6360	8035	5183	4275	4613	16042	10636	12648
Tamil Nadu	13920	9839	11842	2397	1865	2126	16317	11704	13968
Telangana	13325	26939	19664	2068	1963	2019	15393	28902	21683
Tripura	7858	3324	5694	1915	1144	1547	9773	4468	7242
Uttar Pradesh	22134	15765	18693	2157	1683	1901	24291	17449	20594
Uttarakhand	8400	10171	9162	1305	1327	1314	9705	11498	10476
West Bengal	13148	9508	11327	1619	1409	1514	14766	10917	12841
A & N Islands	4926	537	3373	883	1217	1001	5809	1753	4374
Chandigarh	16932	15631	16389	1695	2278	1938	18626	17909	18327
Dadra & N. Haveli	5606	820	4219	637	954	729	6243	1774	4948
Daman & Diu	9633	11213	10223	1073	949	1027	10706	12162	11250
Lakshadweep	13821	5100	10418	4998	3334	4349	18819	8434	14766
Puducherry	10203	5636	7965	2482	1350	1928	12685	6987	9893
all	17528	12295	14935	2199	1841	2021	19727	14136	16956

Table S8U: Average medical expenditure (₹) and non-medical expenditure (₹) on account of hospitalisation per hospitalisation case (EC) for each State/UT, gender and sector

State/UT	avg. med. exp. during stay at hospital (₹)			avg. of other exp. on account of hospitalisation (₹)			total expenditure (₹)		
	male	female	person	male	female	person	male	female	person
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	42894	16144	31242	2729	2041	2429	45623	18186	33671
Arunachal Pradesh	10685	6908	8926	2008	1537	1789	12693	8445	10715
Assam	31945	60152	47064	4767	5768	5304	36711	65921	52368
Bihar	35363	15632	25004	4158	2055	3054	39521	17687	28058
Chhattisgarh	25360	17465	22647	2544	1675	2245	27904	19139	24891
Delhi	39322	28501	34730	2542	2016	2319	41864	30516	37049
Goa	26134	17606	23165	3691	2386	3237	29824	19992	26401
Gujarat	21954	18262	20155	1191	1047	1121	23145	19309	21276
Haryana	35502	27870	32370	3325	2161	2847	38827	30030	35217
Himachal Pradesh	45243	16776	28590	3191	2130	2570	48434	18905	31160
Jammu & Kashmir	17040	11592	13948	2940	1682	2226	19979	13274	16174
Jharkhand	14689	11946	13151	2023	1732	1860	16712	13679	15011
Karnataka	27592	17456	22190	2404	1668	2012	29996	19124	24202
Kerala	16931	14325	15465	1923	1442	1652	18854	15766	17117
Madhya Pradesh	30851	17516	23993	3006	1791	2381	33857	19306	26374
Maharashtra	28378	30598	29493	1816	1255	1534	30194	31854	31028
Manipur	10052	10380	10215	3618	3573	3595	13669	13953	13810
Meghalaya	16087	21376	18786	3184	2830	3004	19271	24206	21789
Mizoram	11182	14945	13461	2591	4514	3756	13773	19459	17216
Nagaland	17116	14617	15788	2974	2438	2689	20090	17055	18477
Odisha	17186	23199	19750	2945	2987	2963	20131	26186	22713
Punjab	31793	28040	29971	2240	1760	2007	34033	29800	31978
Rajasthan	23458	10054	16731	2022	1213	1616	25480	11267	18346
Sikkim	11169	8942	9939	9026	3209	5813	20195	12151	15751
Tamil Nadu	29093	18115	23757	2714	1935	2336	31808	20050	26092
Telangana	25946	16350	20617	2541	1506	1966	28486	17856	22584
Tripura	13744	8887	11638	2645	1834	2294	16390	10721	13931
Uttar Pradesh	33498	30150	31653	1990	1554	1749	35488	31704	33402
Uttarakhand	30766	22174	25703	2875	1696	2180	33641	23869	27883
West Bengal	28462	20826	24875	1832	2986	2374	30293	23812	27249
A & N Islands	15662	2284	8389	5186	1030	2927	20848	3314	11316
Chandigarh	55879	17967	35158	2529	1717	2085	58408	19684	37243
Dadra & N. Haveli	9886	4956	7749	619	430	537	10505	5386	8286
Daman & Diu	8570	6105	6930	1662	377	807	10232	6482	7737
Lakshadweep	7335	9859	8604	6213	3291	4744	13548	13150	13348
Puducherry	18969	9176	14076	2241	1389	1815	21210	10564	15891
all	28165	20754	24436	2286	1757	2019	30450	22511	26455

Table S9: Average total medical expenditure (₹) for (non-hospitalised) treatment per person with only one ailment during last 15 days by level of care, and broad nature of ailment

Broad nature of ailments	average total med. exp. for treatment (₹) per person in				
	HSC/PHC and others*	public hospital	private doctor/ clinic	private hospital	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Gender: all					
					Rural
infections	262	338	477	727	455
cancers	665	1720	2302	808	1253
blood diseases inc. anemia	290	1507	846	979	1072
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	392	115	755	708	575
psychiatric & neuro.	287	551	743	885	699
eye	102	237	886	495	537
ear	126	2777	572	898	1330
cardio-vascular	180	247	470	600	438
respiratory	301	897	528	619	570
gastro-intestinal	660	674	636	1036	726
skin	317	318	507	736	491
musculo-skeletal	358	198	678	936	596
genito-urinary	370	416	1177	1024	1023
obstetric and neonatal	308	395	1338	1635	1070
injuries	748	668	1078	1547	1094
other	438	410	537	639	526
all	312	462	581	793	570
					Urban
infections	456	193	533	782	527
cancers	300	1604	952	7241	4258
blood diseases inc. anemia	119	1150	761	2432	1496
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	649	207	653	686	592
psychiatric & neuro.	268	473	848	1216	850
eye	344	170	452	2075	1070
ear	655	206	762	1685	920
cardio-vascular	297	477	597	762	628
respiratory	224	190	516	665	481
gastro-intestinal	466	308	1236	1068	968
skin	156	354	568	757	563
musculo-skeletal	126	274	692	1049	636
genito-urinary	408	1002	1337	1446	1317
obstetric and neonatal	0	302	1378	2616	1997
injuries	232	3108	1635	1649	2011
other	277	358	919	1162	822
all	369	394	658	953	680

* includes ANM/ASHA/AWW/dispensary/CHC/MMU

Table S10: Per thousand distribution of hospitalisation cases (EC) by nature of treatment received during hospitalisation, separately for each State/UT and gender

State/UT	rural						urban					
	male			female			male			female		
	allopathy	AYUSH	all	allopathy	AYUSH	all	allopathy	AYUSH	all	allopathy	AYUSH	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Andhra Pradesh	985	15	1000	1000	0	1000	995	5	1000	995	5	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	976	24	1000	961	39	1000	998	2	1000	962	38	1000
Assam	993	8	1000	999	1	1000	979	21	1000	1000	0	1000
Bihar	995	6	1000	999	1	1000	990	10	1000	991	9	1000
Chhattisgarh	996	4	1000	1000	0	1000	1000	0	1000	996	4	1000
Delhi	1000	0	1000	1000	0	1000	996	4	1000	994	6	1000
Goa	1000	0	1000	973	27	1000	1000	0	1000	1000	0	1000
Gujarat	1000	0	1000	1000	0	1000	997	3	1000	997	2	1000
Haryana	999	1	1000	1000	0	1000	1000	0	1000	999	1	1000
Himachal Pradesh	998	2	1000	992	7	1000	944	56	1000	995	5	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	990	10	1000	999	1	1000	1000	0	1000	997	3	1000
Jharkhand	1000	0	1000	1000	0	1000	1000	0	1000	1000	0	1000
Karnataka	997	3	1000	997	3	1000	994	6	1000	950	50	1000
Kerala	992	8	1000	981	19	1000	996	4	1000	966	34	1000
Madhya Pradesh	997	3	1000	995	5	1000	994	6	1000	993	8	1000
Maharashtra	999	1	1000	999	1	1000	998	2	1000	999	1	1000
Manipur	991	8	1000	985	15	1000	1000	0	1000	1000	0	1000
Meghalaya	994	6	1000	982	19	1000	1000	0	1000	1000	0	1000
Mizoram	982	18	1000	919	81	1000	977	23	1000	995	5	1000
Nagaland	996	4	1000	992	8	1000	943	57	1000	1000	0	1000
Odisha	994	7	1000	1000	0	1000	969	32	1000	996	4	1000
Punjab	995	5	1000	1000	0	1000	986	14	1000	998	2	1000

Table S10: Per thousand distribution of hospitalisation cases (EC) by nature of treatment received during hospitalisation, separately for each State/UT and gender

State/UT	rural						urban					
	male			female			male			female		
	allopathy	AYUSH	all	allopathy	AYUSH	all	allopathy	AYUSH	all	allopathy	AYUSH	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Rajasthan	1000	0	1000	1000	0	1000	1000	0	1000	989	11	1000
Sikkim	1000	0	1000	1000	0	1000	1000	0	1000	1000	0	1000
Tamil Nadu	989	11	1000	993	7	1000	976	24	1000	994	7	1000
Telangana	993	7	1000	1000	0	1000	996	4	1000	998	2	1000
Tripura	990	11	1000	994	6	1000	994	6	1000	997	3	1000
Uttar Pradesh	999	1	1000	997	3	1000	994	7	1000	990	10	1000
Uttarakhand	1000	0	1000	1000	0	1000	1000	0	1000	1000	0	1000
West Bengal	998	2	1000	1000	0	1000	1000	0	1000	998	2	1000
A & N Islands	1000	0	1000	1000	0	1000	1000	0	1000	989	11	1000
Chandigarh	1000	0	1000	1000	0	1000	1000	0	1000	1000	0	1000
Dadra & N. Haveli	1000	0	1000	1000	0	1000	1000	0	1000	1000	0	1000
Daman & Diu	1000	0	1000	1000	0	1000	1000	0	1000	1000	0	1000
Lakshadweep	1000	0	1000	884	116	1000	958	42	1000	1000	0	1000
Puducherry	1000	0	1000	1000	0	1000	994	6	1000	962	38	1000
all	995	4	1000	997	3	1000	993	8	1000	988	12	1000

Table S11R: Average total medical expenditure (₹) for treatment per childbirth during stay at hospital (as inpatient) over last 365 days by type of hospital for each State/UT

State/UT	average total medical expenditure for treatment (₹) per case								
	allopathy			other			all		
	type of hospital								
	public	private	all	public	private	all	public	private	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Andhra Pradesh	1471	13626	8311	0	0	0	1471	13626	8311
Arunachal Pradesh	1590	8883	6112	4200	0	4200	2092	8883	5953
Assam	3602	12502	4164	3000	0	3000	3599	12502	4158
Bihar	2202	16322	5493	1876	0	1876	2197	16322	5456
Chhattisgarh	1551	10675	3038	0	0	0	1551	10675	3038
Delhi	1331	7350	2555	0	0	0	1331	7350	2555
Goa	4814	24757	16351	0	0	0	4814	24757	16351
Gujarat	780	7502	5028	0	0	0	780	7502	5028
Haryana	1530	16206	8484	0	0	0	1530	16206	8484
Himachal Pradesh	2839	10357	3974	0	0	0	2839	10357	3974
Jammu & Kashmir	3277	23750	4449	0	0	0	3277	23750	4449
Jharkhand	1275	10573	2857	0	0	0	1275	10573	2857
Karnataka	1762	15762	6369	0	0	0	1762	15762	6369
Kerala	1662	19443	13830	0	0	0	1662	19443	13830
Madhya Pradesh	879	13818	2183	2400	0	2400	882	13818	2184
Maharashtra	1148	15537	8514	1000	0	1000	1147	15537	8496
Manipur	5396	21503	6488	0	0	0	5396	21503	6488
Meghalaya	811	20989	1529	0	0	0	811	20989	1529
Mizoram	1478	11992	2086	150	0	150	1419	11992	2004
Nagaland	2001	5207	2631	0	0	0	2001	5207	2631
Odisha	2598	16569	3894	1800	0	1800	2598	16569	3893
Punjab	2254	18064	9228	650	0	650	2220	18064	9124
Rajasthan	466	12751	2599	203	0	203	464	12751	2580
Sikkim	1987	8241	2446	0	0	0	1987	8241	2446
Tamil Nadu	327	28816	9759	0	31330	17164	325	28862	9842
Telangana	1511	20054	13320	0	0	0	1511	20054	13320
Tripura	4312	19844	5581	0	0	0	4312	19844	5581
Uttar Pradesh	1297	11937	4728	301	20700	14984	1296	11965	4742
Uttarakhand	1358	5699	1875	0	0	0	1358	5699	1875
West Bengal	2062	14821	4821	500	0	500	2061	14821	4820
A & N Islands	94	57500	1008	0	0	0	94	57500	1008
Chandigarh	3669	14857	4371	0	0	0	3669	14857	4371
Dadra & N. Haveli	0	7550	59	0	0	0	0	7550	59
Daman & Diu	0	10162	5704	0	0	0	0	10162	5704
Lakshadweep	667	16688	2827	0	0	0	667	16688	2827
Puducherry	965	18039	8944	0	0	0	965	18039	8944
all	1589	14761	5547	1235	26771	4603	1587	14778	5544

Table S11U: Average total medical expenditure (₹) for treatment per childbirth during stay at hospital (as inpatient) over last 365 days by type of hospital for each State/UT

State/UT	Urban								
	average total medical expenditure for treatment (₹) per case								
	allopathy			other			all		
	type of hospital								
	public	private	all	public	private	all	public	private	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Andhra Pradesh	1232	17767	12488	0	0	0	1232	17767	12488
Arunachal Pradesh	773	12480	958	0	0	0	773	12480	958
Assam	7001	30031	11300	2200	0	2200	6949	30031	11219
Bihar	2584	13795	6268	0	0	0	2584	13795	6268
Chhattisgarh	3399	15875	7969	0	0	0	3399	15875	7969
Delhi	2985	32556	13915	11670	0	11670	3163	32556	13886
Goa	639	27300	19477	0	0	0	639	27300	19477
Gujarat	1495	13568	10125	0	10000	10000	1495	13551	10125
Haryana	1684	19264	12283	200	0	200	1674	19264	12251
Himachal Pradesh	2807	19172	4536	0	0	0	2807	19172	4536
Jammu & Kashmir	3247	14778	6039	3000	0	3000	3246	14778	6031
Jharkhand	1857	13413	8075	0	0	0	1857	13413	8075
Karnataka	2635	21353	13731	0	0	0	2635	21353	13731
Kerala	1534	21578	15346	0	0	0	1534	21578	15346
Madhya Pradesh	672	16288	6028	0	0	0	672	16288	6028
Maharashtra	2480	22752	15154	0	0	0	2480	22752	15154
Manipur	5883	22706	10116	0	0	0	5883	22706	10116
Meghalaya	2061	17050	5897	0	0	0	2061	17050	5897
Mizoram	2231	16040	6261	0	0	0	2154	16040	6107
Nagaland	3395	7104	4934	4530	0	4530	3406	7104	4932
Odisha	3008	18550	7271	0	0	0	3008	18550	7271
Punjab	3153	22015	15133	0	0	0	3153	22015	15133
Rajasthan	972	13811	5318	0	0	0	972	13811	5318
Sikkim	1355	12466	3931	0	0	0	1355	12466	3931
Tamil Nadu	666	30132	15606	0	0	0	661	30132	15556
Telangana	2433	23215	18760	0	50000	50000	2433	23443	18969
Tripura	5209	22965	7914	0	0	0	5209	22965	7914
Uttar Pradesh	2164	16714	10704	324	20500	2483	2147	16717	10670
Uttarakhand	2173	16114	5854	0	0	0	2173	16114	5854
West Bengal	3208	22829	9973	0	0	0	3208	22829	9973
A & N Islands	114	10500	1128	0	0	0	114	10500	1128
Chandigarh	4695	20340	7141	0	0	0	4695	20340	7141
Dadra & N. Haveli	1183	16651	14340	0	0	0	1183	16651	14340
Daman & Diu	271	19314	14774	0	0	0	271	19314	14774
Lakshadweep	0	20949	3228	0	0	0	0	20949	3228
Puducherry	1308	25137	11650	0	0	0	1308	25137	11650
all	2114	20320	11687	3211	28678	10397	2117	20328	11685

Table S12R: Percentage distribution of women aged 15-49 by place of childbirth during last 365 days

State/UT	per 1000 no. of women who gave birth in						no. of pregnant women aged 15-49	
	HSC/PHC and others*	public hosp.	private clinic	private hosp.	at home	all	estd. (00)	in sample
(1)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Andhra Pradesh	51	360	7	488	93	1000	6342	348
Arunachal Pradesh	343	182	4	58	377	1000	320	98
Assam	240	576	2	60	121	1000	5424	650
Bihar	120	403	45	125	301	1000	24854	683
Chhattisgarh	159	296	20	91	435	1000	3983	214
Delhi	0	543	0	132	325	1000	41	16
Goa	0	415	0	585	0	1000	56	24
Gujarat	137	192	6	582	84	1000	6828	428
Haryana	91	361	3	390	119	1000	3738	215
Himachal Pradesh	88	539	4	118	251	1000	1146	200
Jammu & Kashmir	14	843	5	50	90	1000	1940	218
Jharkhand	117	472	21	127	263	1000	6871	334
Karnataka	154	516	0	307	21	1000	9140	444
Kerala	32	280	42	591	54	1000	4108	343
Madhya Pradesh	100	625	5	73	197	1000	14986	622
Maharashtra	159	329	7	477	27	1000	12338	788
Manipur	82	673	9	51	185	1000	529	227
Meghalaya	252	342	0	20	386	1000	937	217
Mizoram	242	316	0	34	408	1000	160	118
Nagaland	239	241	0	86	433	1000	154	99
Odisha	381	417	11	78	100	1000	7518	515
Punjab	81	439	12	354	109	1000	2670	214
Rajasthan	144	541	5	145	167	1000	15672	563
Sikkim	55	835	0	36	75	1000	69	88
Tamil Nadu	95	540	0	307	57	1000	6019	533
Telangana	69	294	23	593	22	1000	3533	210
Tripura	157	487	17	66	271	1000	597	224
Uttar Pradesh	193	274	23	210	292	1000	40349	1663
Uttarakhand	4	565	3	136	293	1000	1080	112
West Bengal	33	568	6	159	234	1000	14640	740
A & N Islands	464	497	0	15	24	1000	73	47
Chandigarh	277	468	0	255	0	1000	17	23
Dadra & N. Haveli	520	130	0	5	345	1000	32	17
Daman & Diu	262	106	0	470	162	1000	6	18
Lakshadweep	235	642	0	123	0	1000	2	19
Puducherry	0	533	0	467	0	1000	60	16
all	141	414	16	225	199	1000	196236	11288

* includes ANM/ASHA/AWW/dispensary/CHC/MMU

Table S12U: Percentage distribution of women aged 15-49 by place of childbirth during last 365 days

State/UT	per 1000 no. of women who gave birth in						Urban no. of pregnant women aged 15-49	
	HSC,PHC and others*	public hosp.	private clinic	private hosp.	at home	all	estd. (00)	in sample
	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Andhra Pradesh	12	299	9	669	11	1000	2596	334
Arunachal Pradesh	287	396	0	83	233	1000	76	61
Assam	38	658	15	203	81	1000	601	156
Bihar	22	446	100	228	200	1000	2404	339
Chhattisgarh	16	312	0	229	418	1000	1023	153
Delhi	7	509	7	335	142	1000	1452	271
Goa	0	275	46	679	0	1000	230	23
Gujarat	24	233	3	714	27	1000	4325	379
Haryana	60	286	4	563	86	1000	1456	203
Himachal Pradesh	26	661	0	292	21	1000	91	47
Jammu & Kashmir	8	662	44	208	78	1000	435	161
Jharkhand	95	322	69	370	128	1000	1215	182
Karnataka	21	386	0	582	10	1000	4419	410
Kerala	8	307	0	682	2	1000	2640	353
Madhya Pradesh	18	586	29	288	79	1000	3739	472
Maharashtra	58	299	11	592	40	1000	6902	711
Manipur	29	644	24	196	108	1000	217	196
Meghalaya	111	504	0	254	131	1000	97	86
Mizoram	116	589	0	275	20	1000	78	106
Nagaland	93	477	16	289	124	1000	73	61
Odisha	178	521	46	223	32	1000	1571	200
Punjab	14	235	21	605	124	1000	1719	203
Rajasthan	12	586	22	301	78	1000	4209	374
Sikkim	0	729	0	216	55	1000	11	51
Tamil Nadu	37	449	0	497	17	1000	5476	516
Telangana	6	225	8	745	16	1000	2016	199
Tripura	106	672	14	125	63	1000	124	152
Uttar Pradesh	42	261	22	378	288	1000	9168	877
Uttarakhand	7	684	1	226	83	1000	334	90
West Bengal	8	539	8	305	141	1000	4236	628
A & N Islands	23	880	0	98	0	1000	20	29
Chandigarh	44	762	0	159	35	1000	112	28
Dadra & N. Haveli	0	128	0	872	0	1000	18	17
Daman & Diu	191	38	0	732	38	1000	30	13
Lakshadweep	0	864	0	136	0	1000	10	23
Puducherry	0	604	0	396	0	1000	142	53
all	33	384	17	458	105	1000	63266	8157

* includes ANM,ASHA,AWW,dispensary,CHC,MMU

Table S13: Distribution of population by age-group for each gender: rural, urban

age group	Rural						Urban					
	no. of estimated persons (00)			no. of sample persons			no. of estimated persons (00)			no. of sample persons		
	male	female	person	male	female	person	male	female	person	male	female	person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
0-4	385612	352534	738146	12837	11922	24759	131450	124479	255929	8751	8130	16881
5-9	424625	377532	802157	9103	8373	17476	147834	128737	276571	5898	5355	11253
10-14	473940	392148	866088	9000	8027	17027	167363	144614	311977	5861	5299	11160
0-14	1284177	1122215	2406392	30940	28322	59262	446647	397830	844477	20510	18784	39294
15-19	417243	364714	781957	8679	7983	16662	167052	132179	299231	6001	5389	11390
20-24	350081	342762	692843	8322	10328	18650	163436	153443	316879	6522	7749	14271
25-29	307666	322395	630061	8892	9194	18086	164234	145356	309590	7139	7649	14788
15-29	1074991	1029870	2104861	25893	27505	53398	494723	430978	925700	19662	20787	40449
30-34	274351	289763	564114	7520	6727	14247	152840	145212	298052	6803	5822	12625
35-39	275169	296769	571939	6232	5771	12003	134319	136802	271121	5326	4650	9976
40-44	253578	229130	482708	4883	4660	9543	118790	117594	236384	4111	4016	8127
30-44	803098	815662	1618760	18635	17158	35793	405949	399608	805557	16240	14488	30728
45-49	216709	198501	415209	4556	4646	9202	106241	93095	199336	3833	3856	7689
50-59	351496	350581	702077	8308	8591	16899	155457	157531	312988	6428	6717	13145
60-64	101171	110833	212004	2577	2706	5283	50005	53494	103499	2060	2242	4302
65-69	87736	87792	175528	2245	2064	4309	36612	37357	73969	1648	1618	3266
45-69	757112	747707	1504819	17686	18007	35693	348314	341478	689792	13969	14433	28402
70 & above	107066	107645	214712	2835	2592	5427	48110	47836	95946	2327	2331	4658
60 & above	295973	306270	602244	7657	7362	15019	134727	138687	273414	6035	6191	12226
all	4026444	3823100	7849544	95989	93584	189573	1743743	1617730	3361473	72708	70823	143531

Table S14: Distribution of population by gender for each State/UT: rural, urban

State/UT	no. of estimated persons (00)					
	Rural			Urban		
	male	female	person	male	female	person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	170002	166259	336261	70864	76156	147020
Arunachal Pradesh	5092	4814	9907	969	905	1874
Assam	138379	119971	258350	18007	16255	34262
Bihar	443634	406299	849932	51554	45782	97336
Chhattisgarh	107028	94286	201314	24137	20283	44420
Delhi	2961	2250	5211	57738	46707	104445
Goa	2897	2952	5849	4461	4413	8874
Gujarat	154176	147609	301786	116921	98385	215306
Haryana	81423	75752	157175	43463	40528	83990
Himachal Pradesh	28724	31268	59992	3355	3150	6504
Jammu & Kashmir	40974	37300	78273	10313	9985	20298
Jharkhand	122490	114337	236827	36868	33770	70638
Karnataka	186641	182301	368942	117907	108789	226697
Kerala	85102	93970	179072	70981	75502	146483
Madhya Pradesh	255852	236056	491909	94568	85529	180096
Maharashtra	291174	281490	572664	222186	205572	427758
Manipur	9046	7900	16946	4147	3916	8063
Meghalaya	12186	12457	24643	2604	2556	5160
Mizoram	2452	2536	4988	2056	2114	4170
Nagaland	6339	6292	12631	1881	1931	3812
Odisha	177810	162447	340257	32846	30384	63230
Punjab	86984	77518	164502	48663	49264	97927
Rajasthan	233824	232927	466751	91648	83879	175527
Sikkim	2008	1719	3727	511	409	920
Tamil Nadu	170511	183408	353918	176093	170981	347074
Telangana	90883	96835	187718	60148	52183	112331
Tripura	14538	13355	27894	3796	3555	7351
Uttar Pradesh	758782	708195	1466977	222123	202218	424341
Uttarakhand	32834	30024	62858	9390	8495	17886
West Bengal	306533	285798	592332	132499	124412	256910
A & N Islands	1516	1312	2828	698	664	1362
Chandigarh	176	142	318	4512	3679	8191
Dadra & N. Haveli	784	810	1594	768	603	1371
Daman & Diu	184	166	350	1194	869	2063
Lakshadweep	64	49	112	290	222	512
Puducherry	2439	2296	4735	3584	3687	7271
all	4026444	3823100	7849544	1743743	1617730	3361473

Appendix A

Detailed Tables

Table 1R: Number of aged (60 years and above) persons surveyed, number of persons having chronic ailments, and number of hospitalised and ailing persons surveyed separately for each State/UT, for Schedule 25.0**Rural**

State/UT	number of surveyed						estimated number (00) of						
	persons aged more than 60 years	persons hospitalised during last 365 days	cases of hospitalisation	persons reporting chronic ailment	persons reporting ailment during last 15 days for which they were		households	persons	persons aged more than 60 years	hospitalisation cases during last 365 days	persons reporting chronic ailment	persons reporting ailment during last 15 days for which they were	
					hospitalised	not hospitalised						hospitalised	not hospitalised
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
Andhra Pradesh	488	1024	1154	684	159	802	86652	336261	30318	19346	22027	36220	3279
Arunachal Pradesh	107	204	207	14	15	102	2038	9907	610	337	341	129	34
Assam	522	1188	1218	74	35	200	54883	258350	17205	6901	7051	1605	124
Bihar	721	1447	1515	245	97	535	164699	849932	44264	27464	28716	15188	1079
Chhattisgarh	188	422	441	62	25	190	43068	201314	9290	5666	5810	1520	230
Delhi	23	44	45	6	1	11	770	5211	218	80	80	26	4
Goa	64	82	95	28	14	49	1350	5849	657	254	302	464	39
Gujarat	637	1155	1292	525	179	764	64634	301786	19776	14048	15242	13398	1797
Haryana	360	554	620	135	68	229	30720	157175	14226	6550	7215	3478	687
Himachal Pradesh	433	518	584	158	55	238	13669	59992	7577	3294	3606	2639	290
Jammu & Kashmir	314	533	547	151	74	187	15550	78273	5346	3036	3112	2496	419
Jharkhand	300	534	580	72	18	219	46986	236827	17784	7180	7479	3675	97
Karnataka	712	1234	1400	430	168	654	81214	368942	33315	18565	21257	17044	2523
Kerala	793	1162	1451	1084	264	1467	44166	179072	28439	20404	25377	35894	5285
Madhya Pradesh	710	1452	1545	226	156	453	106045	491909	33444	19553	20745	8184	1767
Maharashtra	1385	2239	2467	627	277	989	123345	572664	51047	29407	32577	18905	3546
Manipur	177	556	558	9	7	69	3334	16946	689	725	726	61	7
Meghalaya	130	312	317	14	6	70	4805	24643	1064	670	674	63	7
Mizoram	107	263	264	19	16	49	1107	4988	279	173	173	28	7
Nagaland	82	209	211	0	1	46	2871	12631	633	219	220	0	0
Odisha	823	1282	1385	272	114	736	77450	340257	33292	14726	15838	9735	1048
Punjab	419	582	654	375	106	620	33707	164502	15545	6627	7400	13618	1330

Table 1R: Number of aged (60 years and above) persons surveyed, number of persons having chronic ailments, and number of hospitalised and ailing persons surveyed separately for each State/UT, for Schedule 25.0

State/UT	Rural													
	number of surveyed						estimated number (00) of							
	persons aged more than 60 years	persons hospitalised during last 365 days	cases of hospitalisation	persons reporting chronic ailment	persons reporting ailment during last 15 days for which they were		households	persons	persons aged more than 60 years	hospitalisation cases during last 365 days	persons reporting chronic ailment	persons reporting ailment during last 15 days for which they were		
					hospitalised	not hospitalised						hospitalised	not hospitalised	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
Rajasthan	835	1281	1430	299	149	429	92447	466751	35828	21196	23049	10179	1871	
Sikkim	92	233	252	35	27	32	1082	3727	208	94	101	17	9	
Tamil Nadu	891	1604	1811	757	284	1042	98295	353918	40421	19801	22854	30528	3887	
Telangana	270	599	633	188	69	279	49391	187718	19557	8876	9519	9823	1143	
Tripura	209	635	667	8	11	123	6811	27894	1421	1490	1571	78	34	
Uttar Pradesh	2024	3330	3663	943	423	1878	264616	1466977	93606	47635	51772	32928	4672	
Uttarakhand	124	226	231	19	13	97	13959	62858	3960	1876	1924	384	202	
West Bengal	892	1940	2160	1000	221	1700	143608	592332	41445	28237	31299	48030	3346	
A & N Islands	86	131	164	88	40	111	576	2828	317	144	188	270	36	
Chandigarh	14	53	64	32	15	36	86	318	3	9	11	19	1	
Dadra & N. Haveli	18	46	50	13	7	19	391	1594	72	73	82	52	13	
Daman & Diu	18	49	56	8	3	14	108	350	49	19	21	9	2	
Lakshadweep	22	49	52	39	8	46	24	112	13	5	6	10	1	
Puducherry	29	54	61	14	4	43	1095	4735	325	262	292	264	34	
All-India	15019	27226	29844	8653	3129	14528	1675550	7849544	602244	334940	368657	316959	38851	

Table 1U: Number of aged (60 years and above) persons surveyed, number of persons having chronic ailments, and number of hospitalised and ailing persons surveyed separately for each State/UT, for Schedule 25.0

State/UT	Urban												
	number of surveyed						estimated number (00) of						
	persons aged more than 60 years	persons hospitalised during last 365 days	cases of hospitalisation	persons reporting chronic ailment	persons reporting ailment during last 15 days for which they were		households	persons	persons aged more than 60 years	hospitalisation cases during last 365 days	persons reporting chronic ailment	persons reporting ailment during last 15 days for which they were	
					hospitalised	not hospitalised						hospitalised	not hospitalised
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
Andhra Pradesh	465	996	1134	851	178	983	40667	147020	11788	7612	8789	23328	1526
Arunachal Pradesh	16	134	135	11	19	50	486	1874	32	77	77	16	8
Assam	198	383	408	31	19	58	8507	34262	2652	1200	1252	765	92
Bihar	364	721	760	123	53	241	18990	97336	6323	3119	3261	1904	176
Chhattisgarh	182	395	426	75	26	149	10777	44420	3000	1820	1910	965	76
Delhi	376	754	807	93	47	168	27846	104445	5258	3674	3922	771	300
Goa	54	76	79	42	9	73	1994	8874	1217	348	359	1011	46
Gujarat	588	1133	1281	513	139	706	49883	215306	17416	10100	11319	12679	1147
Haryana	306	551	610	137	46	253	16597	83990	4474	4148	4423	2328	328
Himachal Pradesh	85	137	161	54	18	59	2026	6504	614	201	237	251	30
Jammu & Kashmir	244	390	403	101	40	147	4509	20298	2430	727	747	442	69
Jharkhand	247	476	549	150	37	277	14115	70638	4061	2432	2736	3550	183
Karnataka	580	1190	1329	567	164	793	56551	226697	19251	10801	12216	13036	1741
Kerala	871	1153	1418	1220	259	1553	37116	146483	22994	14129	17325	31916	3383
Madhya Pradesh	708	1264	1431	341	174	560	37794	180096	12623	7690	8538	5421	1192
Maharashtra	1223	2152	2376	643	271	893	106335	427758	34347	19847	21810	12478	2182
Manipur	200	470	476	13	17	14	1712	8063	437	275	278	6	8
Meghalaya	72	198	207	2	11	17	1224	5160	265	140	147	2	5
Mizoram	136	291	295	24	19	42	896	4170	285	165	167	46	10
Nagaland	45	156	161	2	3	19	900	3812	140	85	89	1	2
Odisha	314	577	626	179	58	335	17410	63230	5189	3139	3478	2213	333
Punjab	343	551	605	313	89	552	21962	97927	7816	3799	4104	7037	950

Table 1U: Number of aged (60 years and above) persons surveyed, number of persons having chronic ailments, and number of hospitalised and ailing persons surveyed separately for each State/UT, for Schedule 25.0

State/UT	Urban												
	number of surveyed						estimated number (00) of						
	persons aged more than 60 years	persons hospitalised during last 365 days	cases of hospitalisation	persons reporting chronic ailment	persons reporting ailment during last 15 days for which they were		households	persons	persons aged more than 60 years	hospitalisation cases during last 365 days	persons reporting chronic ailment	persons reporting ailment during last 15 days for which they were	
					hospitalised	not hospitalised						hospitalised	not hospitalised
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
Rajasthan	539	965	1084	309	127	426	34387	175527	13196	7138	8147	8371	1010
Sikkim	52	143	164	38	22	39	360	920	39	30	35	27	5
Tamil Nadu	907	1588	1835	1087	310	1403	101165	347074	37473	20017	23405	41601	4535
Telangana	220	576	604	206	39	307	30011	112331	7565	5322	5533	6543	423
Tripura	233	450	476	6	8	109	2007	7351	524	409	437	7	7
Uttar Pradesh	1137	2140	2403	717	280	1322	85201	424341	23810	16467	18459	14519	2597
Uttarakhand	109	240	253	45	20	101	4880	17886	901	655	696	569	84
West Bengal	1195	1835	2076	1302	260	1712	66831	256910	25996	12243	13998	31404	1852
A & N Islands	21	81	123	62	19	77	360	1362	19	80	119	142	16
Chandigarh	41	92	101	66	22	85	2207	8191	306	285	311	445	51
Dadra & N. Haveli	17	57	58	21	7	35	509	1371	79	73	74	139	8
Daman & Diu	16	53	66	24	5	33	795	2063	115	107	156	296	5
Lakshadweep	32	69	87	61	14	85	95	512	40	37	50	70	9
Puducherry	90	160	175	130	24	159	1927	7271	738	447	494	1207	101
All-India	12226	22597	25182	9559	2853	13835	809028	3361473	273414	158837	179100	225506	24489

Table 2: Per thousand distribution of population by age-group for each gender: All-India

age-group	per 1000 no. of persons in age group			estimated no. (00) of			sample no. of		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Rural									
0-4	96	92	94	385612	352534	738146	12837	11922	24759
5-9	105	99	102	424625	377532	802157	9103	8373	17476
10-14	118	103	110	473940	392148	866088	9000	8027	17027
0-14	319	294	307	1284177	1122215	2406392	30940	28322	59262
15-19	104	95	100	417243	364714	781957	8679	7983	16662
20-24	87	90	88	350081	342762	692843	8322	10328	18650
25-29	76	84	80	307666	322395	630061	8892	9194	18086
15-29	267	269	268	1074991	1029870	2104861	25893	27505	53398
30-34	68	76	72	274351	289763	564114	7520	6727	14247
35-39	68	78	73	275169	296769	571939	6232	5771	12003
40-44	63	60	61	253578	229130	482708	4883	4660	9543
30-44	199	213	206	803098	815662	1618760	18635	17158	35793
45-49	54	52	53	216709	198501	415209	4556	4646	9202
50-59	87	92	89	351496	350581	702077	8308	8591	16899
60-64	25	29	27	101171	110833	212004	2577	2706	5283
65-69	22	23	22	87736	87792	175528	2245	2064	4309
45-69	188	196	192	757112	747707	1504819	17686	18007	35693
70 +	27	28	27	107066	107645	214712	2835	2592	5427
60 +	74	80	77	295973	306270	602244	7657	7362	15019
All	1000	1000	1000	4026444	3823100	7849544	95989	93584	189573
Urban									
0-4	75	77	76	131450	124479	255929	8751	8130	16881
5-9	85	80	82	147834	128737	276571	5898	5355	11253
10-14	96	89	93	167363	144614	311977	5861	5299	11160
0-14	256	246	251	446647	397830	844477	20510	18784	39294
15-19	96	82	89	167052	132179	299231	6001	5389	11390
20-24	94	95	94	163436	153443	316879	6522	7749	14271
25-29	94	90	92	164234	145356	309590	7139	7649	14788
15-29	284	266	275	494723	430978	925700	19662	20787	40449
30-34	88	90	89	152840	145212	298052	6803	5822	12625
35-39	77	85	81	134319	136802	271121	5326	4650	9976
40-44	68	73	70	118790	117594	236384	4111	4016	8127
30-44	233	247	240	405949	399608	805557	16240	14488	30728
45-49	61	58	59	106241	93095	199336	3833	3856	7689
50-59	89	97	93	155457	157531	312988	6428	6717	13145
60-64	29	33	31	50005	53494	103499	2060	2242	4302
65-69	21	23	22	36612	37357	73969	1648	1618	3266
45-69	200	211	205	348314	341478	689792	13969	14433	28402
70 +	28	30	29	48110	47836	95946	2327	2331	4658
60 +	77	86	81	134727	138687	273414	6035	6191	12226
All	1000	1000	1000	1743743	1617730	3361473	72708	70823	143531

Table 3: Proportion of ailing persons (PAP) in households using latrines of different types for (i) each quintile class of MPCE (ii) each social group and (iii) each household type: All-India

characteristic	PAP in households with						no. of hhs per 1000 hhs	no. of households	
	no latrine	service latrine	pit latrine	septic tank/ flush system latrine	others type of latrine	all		estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Rural									
01	63	34	87	60	21	65	167	279687	5576
02	71	53	86	69	64	73	183	306593	6399
03	78	124	113	77	110	85	197	330048	7060
04	84	71	121	90	83	93	210	352257	7887
05	92	156	193	127	11	131	243	406964	9558
all	75	89	128	95	56	89	1000	1675550	36480
ST	72	10	51	69	38	69	120	200942	6255
SC	75	15	121	101	66	86	213	357126	6988
OBC	72	88	138	95	64	88	437	732518	14355
Others	89	135	139	98	51	105	230	384964	8882
all	75	89	128	95	56	89	1000	1675550	36480
self-empl. in agri.	69	95	95	76	43	75	381	638505	14677
self-empl. in non-agri.	83	89	138	100	22	100	144	241880	5435
reg. wage/salary earn.	88	87	149	101	24	106	100	167694	4477
casual lab. in agri.	77	54	120	86	114	85	174	291790	5111
casual lab. in non-agri.	67	15	158	103	45	87	141	235642	4913
others	128	210	273	199	0	179	60	100039	1867
all	75	89	128	95	56	89	1000	1675550	36480
estd.no.of hhd (00)	940975	17494	294321	409123	13637	1675550	-	-	-
sample no.of hhd	17193	367	8267	10135	518	36480	-	-	-
Urban									
01	79	52	92	78	47	79	148	119496	5386
02	114	59	145	90	52	101	170	137898	5775
03	139	141	158	118	30	124	192	155637	6032
04	128	82	178	120	55	127	219	176860	5796
05	191	118	222	152	240	156	271	219138	6463
all	102	85	149	116	56	118	1000	809028	29452
ST	84	184	51	58	7	65	32	26190	2127
SC	110	74	139	108	51	111	132	107189	4070
OBC	99	106	167	118	62	123	423	342405	11487
Others	107	62	133	120	62	119	412	333244	11768
all	102	85	149	116	56	118	1000	809028	29452
self-empl.	99	65	153	105	57	109	354	286055	11503
reg. wage/salary earn.	105	109	136	111	52	113	404	326667	11246
casual lab.	95	43	147	121	60	116	151	121998	4231
Others	224	230	200	213	37	211	92	74308	2472
all	102	85	149	116	56	118	1000	809028	29452
estd.no.of hhd (00)	84073	14177	100484	603627	6668	809028	-	-	-
sample no.of hhd	3132	527	4108	21402	283	29452	-	-	-

Table 4: Proportion of ailing persons (PAP) in households having drainage of different types for (i) each quintile class of MPCE (ii) each social group and (iii) each household type: All-India

characteristic	PAP in households with						no. of hhs per 1000 hhs	no. of households	
	no drainage	open drain		covered (pucca)	under-ground	all		estd. (00)	sample
		kutchha	pucca						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Rural									
01	68	57	58	115	51	65	167	279687	5576
02	79	64	77	56	52	73	183	306593	6399
03	97	70	74	90	82	85	197	330048	7060
04	101	93	72	91	112	93	210	352257	7887
05	138	107	113	162	155	131	243	406964	9558
all	92	75	83	117	113	89	1000	1675550	36480
ST	73	64	55	54	51	69	120	200942	6255
SC	93	71	82	117	103	86	213	357126	6988
OBC	88	77	79	132	114	88	437	732518	14355
Others	121	82	97	101	123	105	230	384964	8882
all	92	75	83	117	113	89	1000	1675550	36480
self-empl. in agri.	80	68	67	86	88	75	381	638505	14677
self-empl. in non-agri.	110	69	88	125	136	100	144	241880	5435
reg. wage/salary earn.	108	96	112	101	113	106	100	167694	4477
casual lab. in agri.	86	78	85	126	90	85	174	291790	5111
casual lab. in non-agri.	86	77	71	204	113	87	141	235642	4913
others	190	122	178	189	253	179	60	100039	1867
all	92	75	83	117	113	89	1000	1675550	36480
estd.no.of hhd (00)	773345	392703	311656	109092	88754	1675550	-	-	-
sample no.of hhd	15965	8993	7138	2363	2021	36480	-	-	-
Urban									
01	91	67	70	79	101	79	148	119496	5386
02	124	129	81	95	111	101	170	137898	5775
03	176	94	120	118	127	124	192	155637	6032
04	176	187	108	146	113	127	219	176860	5796
05	193	245	172	163	144	156	271	219138	6463
all	129	109	101	124	125	118	1000	809028	29452
ST	93	37	65	82	31	65	32	26190	2127
SC	126	97	113	111	106	111	132	107189	4070
OBC	130	118	100	130	136	123	423	342405	11487
Others	141	117	100	122	124	119	412	333244	11768
all	129	109	101	124	125	118	1000	809028	29452
self-empl.	132	100	90	113	117	109	354	286055	11503
reg. wage/salary earn.	126	114	102	117	114	113	404	326667	11246
casual lab.	113	102	103	141	130	116	151	121998	4231
Others	224	197	164	205	249	211	92	74308	2472
all	129	109	101	124	125	118	1000	809028	29452
estd.no.of hhd (00)	85230	53221	198730	201206	270641	809028	-	-	-
sample no.of hhd	3533	2655	8884	6824	7556	29452	-	-	-

Table 5: Proportion of ailing persons (PAP) in households having major source of drinking water of different types for (i) each quintile class of MPCE (ii) each social group and (iii) each household type: All-India

characteristic	PAP in households with									no. of households	
	bottled water	tap water	tubewell/ hand pump	tankers	pucca well	tank/ pond reserved for drinking	river/ canal	others	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
Rural											
01	56	88	62	20	53	56	55	37	65	279687	5576
02	53	72	70	28	106	29	80	76	73	306593	6399
03	110	92	82	18	87	64	63	89	85	330048	7060
04	89	96	87	64	118	86	137	115	93	352257	7887
05	202	117	115	147	268	61	32	173	131	406964	9558
all	141	97	79	68	132	63	70	107	89	1675550	36480
ST	102	70	65	9	97	15	74	36	69	200942	6255
SC	165	97	79	18	96	49	85	87	86	357126	6988
OBC	75	101	74	91	144	53	68	160	88	732518	14355
Others	239	99	98	69	188	134	45	141	105	384964	8882
all	141	97	79	68	132	63	70	107	89	1675550	36480
self-empl. in agri.	130	75	71	88	99	64	97	104	75	638505	14677
self-empl. in non-agri.	107	113	87	101	163	65	18	62	100	241880	5435
reg. wage/salary earn.	172	109	86	40	179	45	64	159	106	167694	4477
casual lab. in agri.	161	92	77	12	112	84	91	64	85	291790	5111
casual lab. in non-agri.	73	104	76	36	121	46	6	103	87	235642	4913
others	237	197	151	450	309	86	33	289	179	100039	1867
all	141	97	79	68	132	63	70	107	89	1675550	36480
estd.no.of hhd (00)	23630	536200	940158	7894	123038	19143	8951	16536	1675550	-	-
sample no.of hhd	355	13041	17975	173	2842	807	454	833	36480	-	-

Table 5: Proportion of ailing persons (PAP) in households having major source of drinking water of different types for (i) each quintile class of MPCE (ii) each social group and (iii) each household type: All-India

characteristic	PAP in households with									no. of households	
	bottled water	tap water	tubewell/ hand pump	tankers	pucca well	tank/ pond reserved for drinking	river/ canal	others	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
Urban											
01	56	88	62	20	53	56	55	37	65	279687	5576
02	53	72	70	28	106	29	80	76	73	306593	6399
03	110	92	82	18	87	64	63	89	85	330048	7060
04	89	96	87	64	118	86	137	115	93	352257	7887
05	202	117	115	147	268	61	32	173	131	406964	9558
all	141	97	79	68	132	63	70	107	89	1675550	36480
ST	102	70	65	9	97	15	74	36	69	200942	6255
SC	165	97	79	18	96	49	85	87	86	357126	6988
OBC	75	101	74	91	144	53	68	160	88	732518	14355
Others	239	99	98	69	188	134	45	141	105	384964	8882
all	141	97	79	68	132	63	70	107	89	1675550	36480
self-empl.	130	75	71	88	99	64	97	104	75	638505	14677
reg. wage/salary earn.	107	113	87	101	163	65	18	62	100	241880	5435
casual lab.	172	109	86	40	179	45	64	159	106	167694	4477
Others	161	92	77	12	112	84	91	64	85	291790	5111
all	73	104	76	36	121	46	6	103	87	235642	4913
estd.no.of hhd (00)	237	197	151	450	309	86	33	289	179	100039	1867
sample no.of hhd	141	97	79	68	132	63	70	107	89	1675550	36480

Table 6R: Proportion of persons ailing during the last 15 days by age-group and gender

age-group	Rural								
	PAP			estd. no. of persons (00)			sample no. of persons		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Andhra Pradesh									
0-4	224	52	153	15827	10954	26781	345	334	679
5-9	62	84	74	11088	12878	23967	177	150	327
10-14	38	48	43	16047	16011	32059	211	202	413
0-14	113	61	88	42963	39844	82807	733	686	1419
15-19	68	82	75	14771	16878	31649	218	238	456
20-24	68	99	82	18734	15884	34619	272	366	638
25-29	9	100	54	15710	15174	30884	262	249	511
15-29	49	93	71	49215	47937	97151	752	853	1605
30-34	121	84	104	14339	12910	27249	197	157	354
35-39	144	108	125	12522	15094	27616	168	210	378
40-44	180	132	155	10960	11527	22487	169	186	355
30-44	146	107	126	37821	39530	77352	534	553	1087
45-49	178	226	198	12417	9012	21429	179	180	359
50-59	221	326	276	12983	14221	27204	253	271	524
60-64	577	522	542	4447	8126	12573	94	101	195
65-69	550	653	597	4792	4052	8843	74	59	133
45-69	297	383	340	34639	35410	70049	600	611	1211
70 & above	594	356	499	5364	3538	8902	80	80	160
60 & above	574	519	545	14603	15715	30318	248	240	488
all	154	156	155	170002	166259	336261	2699	2783	5482
Arunachal Pradesh									
0-4	122	75	98	481	485	967	117	123	240
5-9	40	187	100	501	346	847	111	92	203
10-14	138	108	123	580	558	1138	102	114	216
0-14	102	116	109	1563	1389	2952	330	329	659
15-19	18	68	44	593	633	1226	101	88	189
20-24	22	113	68	490	510	1000	80	79	159
25-29	8	61	37	425	487	912	75	98	173
15-29	16	80	50	1508	1630	3138	256	265	521
30-34	57	69	62	437	361	797	86	89	175
35-39	3	189	106	355	442	797	84	74	158
40-44	0	11	6	192	183	374	55	39	94
30-44	26	112	69	984	985	1969	225	202	427
45-49	123	97	111	323	243	566	53	46	99
50-59	88	126	107	325	347	672	72	57	129
60-64	314	0	217	148	66	214	23	19	42
65-69	531	229	338	49	88	137	13	15	28
45-69	167	117	143	845	744	1589	161	137	298
70 & above	427	258	384	193	66	259	25	12	37
60 & above	397	169	315	390	220	610	61	46	107
all	85	105	95	5092	4814	9907	997	945	1942

Table 6R: Proportion of persons ailing during the last 15 days by age-group and gender

age-group	Rural								
	PAP			estd. no. of persons (00)			sample no. of persons		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Assam									
0-4	35	16	27	14989	10703	25692	706	566	1272
5-9	33	46	38	15013	10329	25342	481	358	839
10-14	30	31	30	12052	9217	21269	369	287	656
0-14	33	31	32	42054	30250	72303	1556	1211	2767
15-19	15	40	27	10941	9567	20508	294	279	573
20-24	6	2	4	10300	10929	21229	342	496	838
25-29	21	1	11	13229	14687	27915	498	544	1042
15-29	15	12	13	34469	35183	69652	1134	1319	2453
30-34	18	12	15	12122	11350	23472	441	363	804
35-39	7	53	30	10529	10411	20940	384	290	674
40-44	43	80	56	10402	6145	16547	273	161	434
30-44	22	42	31	33052	27906	60959	1098	814	1912
45-49	30	20	26	6624	6302	12926	162	199	361
50-59	11	114	60	13164	12142	25306	367	375	742
60-64	15	106	58	2541	2322	4863	103	91	194
65-69	43	140	84	2800	2003	4803	94	64	158
45-69	20	90	53	25128	22769	47897	726	729	1455
70 & above	29	87	59	3676	3863	7539	91	79	170
60 & above	30	105	66	9016	8189	17205	288	234	522
all	23	41	31	138379	119971	258350	4605	4152	8757
Bihar									
0-4	121	41	80	43302	44624	87926	853	835	1688
5-9	63	31	47	60850	62414	123265	748	705	1453
10-14	17	46	29	70011	51159	121169	778	685	1463
0-14	58	39	49	174163	158197	332360	2379	2225	4604
15-19	16	32	23	51274	37105	88379	604	458	1062
20-24	12	46	28	35073	31646	66719	426	515	941
25-29	6	29	18	28743	28551	57294	479	520	999
15-29	12	36	23	115090	97301	212391	1509	1493	3002
30-34	27	78	59	20964	36749	57713	395	422	817
35-39	40	31	36	33851	29899	63750	391	350	741
40-44	45	123	81	27758	22965	50723	315	239	554
30-44	39	74	57	82573	89613	172186	1101	1011	2112
45-49	80	57	70	18556	13589	32145	212	211	423
50-59	52	148	101	27953	28633	56586	398	378	776
60-64	222	232	226	11301	9719	21020	152	135	287
65-69	151	333	226	8430	6020	14450	101	105	206
45-69	101	160	129	66239	57962	124201	863	829	1692
70 & above	248	134	206	5569	3225	8794	143	85	228
60 & above	204	247	222	25300	18965	44264	396	325	721
all	52	64	57	443634	406299	849932	5995	5643	11638

Table 6R: Proportion of persons ailing during the last 15 days by age-group and gender

age-group	Rural								
	PAP			estd. no. of persons (00)			sample no. of persons		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Chhattisgarh									
0-4	110	132	121	8222	7908	16130	225	241	466
5-9	82	29	63	14693	8530	23223	193	161	354
10-14	1	3	2	14412	10206	24617	186	143	329
0-14	57	50	54	37327	26644	63971	604	545	1149
15-19	34	24	30	12000	8847	20847	169	161	330
20-24	2	21	12	7256	8093	15348	162	193	355
25-29	6	13	10	7667	9232	16900	176	180	356
15-29	17	19	18	26923	26172	53095	507	534	1041
30-34	9	3	6	8813	8792	17605	129	104	233
35-39	95	7	52	8397	8083	16480	110	115	225
40-44	1	18	8	6737	5302	12040	90	91	181
30-44	37	8	23	23947	22178	46125	329	310	639
45-49	11	22	17	4856	5767	10623	101	95	196
50-59	77	72	74	8737	9473	18210	153	158	311
60-64	60	138	90	3067	2013	5080	42	31	73
65-69	150	28	73	1032	1719	2751	26	24	50
45-69	60	60	60	17693	18971	36664	322	308	630
70 & above	247	119	219	1138	321	1459	36	29	65
60 & above	118	89	106	5237	4053	9290	104	84	188
all	45	34	40	107028	94286	201314	1798	1726	3524
Delhi									
0-4	87	5	67	434	138	572	25	18	43
5-9	0	0	0	90	294	384	21	15	36
10-14	0	0	0	275	88	362	18	8	26
0-14	47	1	29	798	519	1318	64	41	105
15-19	15	0	7	218	261	480	15	13	28
20-24	0	6	3	592	478	1070	18	26	44
25-29	0	0	0	504	415	920	28	22	50
15-29	3	3	3	1314	1154	2469	61	61	122
30-34	9	0	8	168	13	181	19	11	30
35-39	0	51	10	89	21	109	10	10	20
40-44	0	12	10	19	85	104	11	8	19
30-44	5	18	9	276	119	395	40	29	69
45-49	93	0	61	86	45	131	6	8	14
50-59	50	0	25	334	347	681	15	18	33
60-64	199	0	24	8	55	63	5	4	9
65-69	0	0	0	138	1	138	6	1	7
45-69	47	0	26	565	448	1013	32	31	63
70 & above	0	484	258	8	9	16	3	4	7
60 & above	10	65	26	153	65	218	14	9	23
all	23	4	15	2961	2250	5211	200	166	366

Table 6R: Proportion of persons ailing during the last 15 days by age-group and gender

age-group	Rural								
	PAP			estd. no. of persons (00)			sample no. of persons		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Goa									
0-4	72	32	41	117	373	490	26	29	55
5-9	9	730	149	263	63	326	14	7	21
10-14	449	33	222	220	265	485	15	15	30
0-14	183	95	136	600	701	1301	55	51	106
15-19	545	0	208	231	375	606	10	14	24
20-24	0	9	2	349	102	451	18	23	41
25-29	6	0	3	195	145	340	21	21	42
15-29	164	2	91	775	622	1397	49	58	107
30-34	189	0	80	250	343	593	22	25	47
35-39	10	0	3	114	281	396	22	15	37
40-44	17	9	16	286	63	349	18	13	31
30-44	82	1	40	651	687	1338	62	53	115
45-49	0	352	216	168	266	433	10	19	29
50-59	676	299	414	219	503	723	17	32	49
60-64	45	688	195	278	84	362	13	10	23
65-69	11	343	68	125	26	151	11	8	19
45-69	205	354	283	791	879	1670	51	69	120
70 & above	820	603	726	81	62	143	12	10	22
60 & above	166	605	281	485	172	657	36	28	64
all	179	141	160	2897	2952	5849	229	241	470
Gujarat									
0-4	106	92	100	14430	12791	27222	526	510	1036
5-9	51	79	64	15546	13310	28855	372	379	751
10-14	55	45	50	17074	17077	34151	334	334	668
0-14	69	70	69	47050	43178	90228	1232	1223	2455
15-19	40	67	51	17010	12582	29592	349	332	681
20-24	20	42	31	12760	12532	25291	374	450	824
25-29	51	45	48	10597	10463	21060	375	386	761
15-29	36	52	44	40368	35576	75944	1098	1168	2266
30-34	16	45	31	10961	12427	23388	324	284	608
35-39	88	77	82	11085	12071	23156	228	215	443
40-44	152	122	138	10594	8979	19573	198	217	415
30-44	85	77	81	32640	33477	66117	750	716	1466
45-49	102	80	92	9870	9153	19023	241	216	457
50-59	113	166	139	15610	15087	30697	401	400	801
60-64	263	413	335	2608	2442	5050	86	100	186
65-69	259	149	194	2409	3531	5940	83	105	188
45-69	134	158	146	30497	30214	60710	811	821	1632
70 & above	571	344	438	3622	5164	8786	124	139	263
60 & above	391	297	338	8639	11138	19776	293	344	637
all	88	95	92	154176	147609	301786	4015	4067	8082

Table 6R: Proportion of persons ailing during the last 15 days by age-group and gender

age-group	Rural								
	PAP			estd. no. of persons (00)			sample no. of persons		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Haryana									
0-4	95	24	60	7570	7387	14957	269	269	538
5-9	43	23	34	8453	6833	15286	206	175	381
10-14	31	24	28	6682	5911	12593	199	150	349
0-14	57	24	41	22705	20131	42836	674	594	1268
15-19	2	8	5	9516	8099	17615	206	161	367
20-24	62	65	63	9270	9650	18920	210	246	456
25-29	17	6	12	6066	5805	11870	204	190	394
15-29	28	31	29	24851	23553	48405	620	597	1217
30-34	9	141	70	5235	4446	9681	159	129	288
35-39	75	107	91	4984	5021	10005	127	116	243
40-44	6	138	74	4935	5327	10262	106	101	207
30-44	30	128	78	15154	14793	29947	392	346	738
45-49	7	181	73	5188	3203	8392	92	83	175
50-59	44	27	35	6250	7119	13370	196	198	394
60-64	168	179	173	2827	2283	5110	63	69	132
65-69	26	155	92	1902	1954	3857	51	44	95
45-69	52	102	75	16167	14561	30728	402	394	796
70 & above	251	115	181	2546	2713	5259	63	70	133
60 & above	160	147	154	7275	6951	14226	177	183	360
all	48	65	56	81423	75752	157175	2151	2001	4152
Himachal Pradesh									
0-4	123	74	101	2698	2122	4820	238	234	472
5-9	77	7	46	2288	1849	4137	126	144	270
10-14	50	12	30	2831	3143	5974	124	123	247
0-14	83	29	57	7817	7114	14931	488	501	989
15-19	12	89	46	2508	2063	4571	113	106	219
20-24	109	27	59	1954	3018	4973	133	190	323
25-29	23	70	50	1977	2616	4592	149	209	358
15-29	45	58	52	6439	7697	14136	395	505	900
30-34	42	25	34	2091	2101	4192	157	130	287
35-39	6	72	48	1963	3419	5382	110	116	226
40-44	15	104	51	2067	1402	3468	83	81	164
30-44	21	64	44	6121	6922	13043	350	327	677
45-49	78	162	123	1930	2278	4208	77	112	189
50-59	48	90	70	2867	3229	6097	165	199	364
60-64	15	271	154	930	1108	2038	62	59	121
65-69	102	404	235	1202	946	2148	53	62	115
45-69	61	178	122	6929	7561	14491	357	432	789
70 & above	114	419	292	1418	1974	3392	92	105	197
60 & above	84	375	239	3550	4028	7577	207	226	433
all	58	104	82	28724	31268	59992	1682	1870	3552

Table 6R: Proportion of persons ailing during the last 15 days by age-group and gender

age-group	Rural								
	PAP			estd. no. of persons (00)			sample no. of persons		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Jammu & Kashmir									
0-4	84	75	80	3062	2277	5339	204	217	421
5-9	94	51	69	2796	3875	6671	175	172	347
10-14	0	26	11	4189	3310	7499	189	166	355
0-14	52	48	50	10047	9462	19509	568	555	1123
15-19	5	50	26	4744	4238	8982	212	194	406
20-24	33	47	39	4666	3309	7975	185	179	364
25-29	27	26	27	4693	3672	8365	199	212	411
15-29	22	41	30	14103	11219	25322	596	585	1181
30-34	12	60	36	2821	2837	5658	174	148	322
35-39	34	88	63	2228	2544	4772	144	132	276
40-44	40	74	58	2440	2657	5096	112	122	234
30-44	28	73	51	7489	8038	15526	430	402	832
45-49	32	122	76	2075	2025	4100	101	95	196
50-59	46	82	64	4324	4146	8470	185	172	357
60-64	161	198	179	1067	1046	2113	53	55	108
65-69	193	255	223	542	519	1061	40	40	80
45-69	68	120	93	8007	7737	15744	379	362	741
70 & above	419	487	445	1328	844	2173	78	48	126
60 & above	284	312	296	2937	2410	5346	171	143	314
all	52	76	64	40974	37300	78273	2051	1952	4003
Jharkhand									
0-4	49	24	37	13407	12642	26049	378	351	729
5-9	50	33	41	14446	15270	29716	274	300	574
10-14	20	33	25	16137	10708	26845	255	236	491
0-14	39	30	35	43991	38620	82610	907	887	1794
15-19	52	5	33	12046	8341	20387	230	190	420
20-24	2	63	34	10026	10942	20968	212	258	470
25-29	3	57	33	7778	9941	17719	226	228	454
15-29	23	45	34	29850	29225	59075	668	676	1344
30-34	36	36	36	9123	8163	17286	179	180	359
35-39	58	96	76	9790	8390	18180	175	128	303
40-44	113	126	119	7601	5672	13273	101	92	193
30-44	67	81	73	26513	22226	48739	455	400	855
45-49	42	79	62	4198	4831	9029	98	107	205
50-59	35	104	72	9125	10466	19590	191	195	386
60-64	132	24	72	2838	3576	6414	57	61	118
65-69	157	182	169	4035	3371	7406	54	45	99
45-69	74	97	86	20195	22244	42439	400	408	808
70 & above	41	30	35	1941	2023	3963	46	37	83
60 & above	123	85	104	8814	8970	17784	157	143	300
all	47	57	52	122490	114337	236827	2476	2408	4884

Table 6R: Proportion of persons ailing during the last 15 days by age-group and gender

age-group	Rural								
	PAP			estd. no. of persons (00)			sample no. of persons		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Karnataka									
0-4	146	86	118	17930	15239	33169	500	504	1004
5-9	99	96	97	13163	13427	26591	277	266	543
10-14	40	34	38	20881	15821	36702	327	285	612
0-14	92	71	82	51975	44487	96462	1104	1055	2159
15-19	33	44	39	16745	16525	33270	320	312	632
20-24	41	49	45	17462	17702	35165	378	470	848
25-29	38	36	37	16937	15585	32522	363	391	754
15-29	37	43	40	51144	49812	100956	1061	1173	2234
30-34	16	99	56	11294	10409	21703	285	230	515
35-39	57	88	76	11975	19015	30990	239	282	521
40-44	45	77	58	15798	10779	26577	212	207	419
30-44	40	88	65	39066	40203	79269	736	719	1455
45-49	55	118	88	11490	12658	24148	222	254	476
50-59	156	152	154	16698	18094	34792	390	398	788
60-64	215	284	247	5595	4750	10344	120	110	230
65-69	290	350	325	3971	5502	9472	108	112	220
45-69	148	183	166	37753	41004	78757	840	874	1714
70 & above	308	325	316	6703	6795	13498	137	125	262
60 & above	272	322	297	16268	17046	33315	365	347	712
all	85	102	93	186641	182301	368942	3878	3946	7824
Kerala									
0-4	291	247	270	7335	7150	14485	341	326	667
5-9	298	139	214	5704	6338	12041	190	195	385
10-14	211	133	180	8804	5984	14788	187	147	334
0-14	261	177	221	21843	19472	41314	718	668	1386
15-19	103	152	126	6473	5908	12381	174	164	338
20-24	128	169	152	5396	7762	13159	148	293	441
25-29	106	113	110	6226	8158	14384	194	291	485
15-29	112	143	129	18095	21828	39923	516	748	1264
30-34	147	114	129	6263	7075	13339	224	221	445
35-39	160	204	182	6495	6880	13375	171	184	355
40-44	299	297	298	5835	5282	11117	154	151	305
30-44	199	196	198	18594	19237	37831	549	556	1105
45-49	335	519	440	5059	6748	11807	134	176	310
50-59	469	551	516	8374	11383	19758	261	365	626
60-64	636	587	609	4078	5131	9209	128	149	277
65-69	677	704	690	3911	3971	7882	93	103	196
45-69	507	572	544	21423	27234	48656	616	793	1409
70 & above	713	588	645	5148	6199	11347	142	178	320
60 & above	678	618	646	13137	15302	28439	363	430	793
all	305	315	310	85102	93970	179072	2541	2943	5484

Table 6R: Proportion of persons ailing during the last 15 days by age-group and gender

age-group	Rural								
	PAP			estd. no. of persons (00)			sample no. of persons		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Madhya Pradesh									
0-4	70	39	55	26209	24006	50215	723	713	1436
5-9	41	25	34	25536	20362	45898	503	472	975
10-14	27	54	40	27331	26441	53772	483	512	995
0-14	46	41	44	79076	70808	149885	1709	1697	3406
15-19	32	47	38	30857	23810	54667	503	440	943
20-24	17	24	21	22969	25231	48199	536	631	1167
25-29	9	24	16	23318	20300	43618	567	449	1016
15-29	20	32	26	77144	69340	146484	1606	1520	3126
30-34	19	27	23	19429	15902	35331	404	323	727
35-39	83	52	66	14049	16730	30780	298	267	565
40-44	48	138	91	15219	14030	29249	244	273	517
30-44	46	70	58	48697	46662	95359	946	863	1809
45-49	73	111	91	13913	13173	27087	280	260	540
50-59	49	92	68	21826	17825	39650	433	392	825
60-64	187	203	195	5610	6183	11794	113	127	240
65-69	229	65	145	4715	4994	9709	108	98	206
45-69	92	111	101	46065	42175	88240	934	877	1811
70 & above	253	38	126	4870	7070	11941	129	135	264
60 & above	221	101	156	15196	18248	33444	350	360	710
all	50	56	53	255852	236056	491909	5324	5092	10416
Maharashtra									
0-4	90	120	103	28366	23590	51957	960	843	1803
5-9	61	76	68	25044	22198	47242	568	488	1056
10-14	65	50	58	32132	27674	59806	545	548	1093
0-14	72	80	76	85543	73462	159005	2073	1879	3952
15-19	39	39	39	26465	24509	50974	545	528	1073
20-24	34	29	32	25353	24408	49762	642	850	1492
25-29	71	48	59	23111	24713	47824	741	665	1406
15-29	47	39	43	74929	73630	148560	1928	2043	3971
30-34	22	38	30	22572	21547	44119	595	473	1068
35-39	43	94	69	20126	21622	41749	448	406	854
40-44	117	79	97	18623	19848	38471	350	384	734
30-44	58	70	64	61321	63017	124338	1393	1263	2656
45-49	82	134	105	19282	15810	35092	369	357	726
50-59	104	112	108	26717	27906	54622	678	704	1382
60-64	113	188	158	6270	9338	15608	189	252	441
65-69	119	237	178	8950	8988	17938	240	219	459
45-69	100	147	124	61219	62042	123261	1476	1532	3008
70 & above	227	260	245	8162	9339	17501	241	244	485
60 & above	155	229	195	23382	27665	51047	670	715	1385
all	73	88	80	291174	281490	572664	7111	6961	14072

Table 6R: Proportion of persons ailing during the last 15 days by age-group and gender

age-group	Rural								
	PAP			estd. no. of persons (00)			sample no. of persons		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Manipur									
0-4	17	15	16	1074	684	1759	330	212	542
5-9	94	27	63	778	644	1423	223	162	385
10-14	0	58	23	895	603	1498	188	133	321
0-14	33	32	33	2747	1932	4679	741	507	1248
15-19	40	0	22	766	594	1359	163	125	288
20-24	6	16	11	704	759	1462	128	162	290
25-29	0	7	4	997	1017	2014	202	225	427
15-29	14	8	11	2467	2369	4836	493	512	1005
30-34	37	3	23	816	601	1417	212	200	412
35-39	12	3	7	686	716	1403	182	137	319
40-44	54	0	31	537	398	935	114	84	198
30-44	33	2	19	2040	1715	3755	508	421	929
45-49	45	57	52	403	527	930	93	102	195
50-59	3	6	5	1039	1018	2057	226	222	448
60-64	0	30	17	131	179	310	44	32	76
65-69	4	279	117	132	92	225	21	21	42
45-69	13	37	25	1705	1817	3521	384	377	761
70 & above	428	477	449	88	67	155	32	27	59
60 & above	109	186	147	351	339	689	97	80	177
all	28	23	26	9046	7900	16946	2158	1844	4002
Meghalaya									
0-4	67	66	66	1062	1351	2413	181	211	392
5-9	91	18	50	1209	1499	2708	149	149	298
10-14	20	27	23	1365	1270	2636	144	151	295
0-14	57	36	46	3637	4120	7756	474	511	985
15-19	3	37	21	1296	1383	2679	141	154	295
20-24	0	51	25	1146	1071	2216	129	144	273
25-29	0	14	8	1000	1488	2488	129	170	299
15-29	1	32	18	3441	3942	7383	399	468	867
30-34	0	0	0	1116	1058	2175	140	127	267
35-39	0	0	0	891	832	1724	108	92	200
40-44	0	19	8	882	641	1523	83	79	162
30-44	0	5	2	2890	2531	5421	331	298	629
45-49	0	1	0	618	610	1227	75	63	138
50-59	51	9	31	960	831	1791	97	85	182
60-64	59	344	134	305	108	413	32	19	51
65-69	178	340	251	164	134	298	14	11	25
45-69	47	54	50	2047	1683	3730	218	178	396
70 & above	298	226	261	171	181	353	24	30	54
60 & above	154	292	209	640	424	1064	70	60	130
all	29	34	32	12186	12457	24643	1446	1485	2931

Table 6R: Proportion of persons ailing during the last 15 days by age-group and gender

age-group	Rural								
	PAP			estd. no. of persons (00)			sample no. of persons		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Mizoram									
0-4	14	40	28	294	338	632	142	150	292
5-9	2	4	3	235	245	480	80	97	177
10-14	7	0	3	176	219	395	81	81	162
0-14	8	18	13	705	803	1508	303	328	631
15-19	3	9	7	219	244	463	80	85	165
20-24	2	12	7	247	272	519	87	113	200
25-29	78	0	41	324	292	616	97	113	210
15-29	34	7	20	789	808	1597	264	311	575
30-34	20	0	10	198	218	416	93	89	182
35-39	0	35	13	180	112	291	63	51	114
40-44	0	0	0	96	133	229	33	32	65
30-44	8	8	8	474	463	937	189	172	361
45-49	3	23	11	91	63	155	33	33	66
50-59	144	70	105	245	268	513	94	90	184
60-64	56	16	34	67	83	150	20	25	45
65-69	53	0	39	39	13	52	16	12	28
45-69	94	51	72	442	428	870	163	160	323
70 & above	126	28	81	41	35	77	20	14	34
60 & above	75	18	48	147	131	279	56	51	107
all	34	18	26	2452	2536	4988	939	985	1924
Nagaland									
0-4	529	97	337	479	384	863	106	99	205
5-9	0	11	4	515	343	859	71	60	131
10-14	17	1	11	1005	489	1494	82	80	162
0-14	135	34	97	1999	1217	3216	259	239	498
15-19	0	21	12	679	890	1569	80	69	149
20-24	0	19	11	443	535	978	54	72	126
25-29	0	0	0	508	598	1107	69	72	141
15-29	0	14	8	1631	2023	3654	203	213	416
30-34	0	7	5	298	695	993	77	104	181
35-39	4	0	2	366	409	776	85	51	136
40-44	47	1	21	641	788	1429	49	45	94
30-44	24	3	12	1305	1892	3197	211	200	411
45-49	0	89	19	493	130	623	48	41	89
50-59	1	0	0	545	763	1308	70	84	154
60-64	0	0	0	243	70	314	31	14	45
65-69	0	0	0	76	164	240	20	6	26
45-69	0	10	5	1358	1127	2484	169	145	314
70 & above	0	0	0	46	34	80	9	2	11
60 & above	0	0	0	365	268	633	60	22	82
all	48	14	31	6339	6292	12631	851	799	1650

Table 6R: Proportion of persons ailing during the last 15 days by age-group and gender

age-group	Rural								
	PAP			estd. no. of persons (00)			sample no. of persons		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Odisha									
0-4	133	153	142	14569	13344	27913	500	491	991
5-9	57	124	88	14207	11877	26084	314	310	624
10-14	78	62	71	19344	13055	32399	359	311	670
0-14	88	113	99	48120	38275	86396	1173	1112	2285
15-19	70	82	76	15522	15215	30737	327	326	653
20-24	37	63	50	16964	15745	32708	347	456	803
25-29	73	133	101	16445	14242	30687	395	401	796
15-29	59	91	75	48930	45202	94132	1069	1183	2252
30-34	31	46	39	11283	12786	24069	358	300	658
35-39	25	119	76	11817	13717	25534	288	286	574
40-44	38	118	78	12135	12177	24312	241	212	453
30-44	31	95	64	35235	38680	73916	887	798	1685
45-49	51	173	107	10221	8529	18750	183	193	376
50-59	129	147	138	17117	16655	33772	380	385	765
60-64	261	269	264	7519	6195	13714	143	169	312
65-69	194	56	130	4200	3704	7905	123	102	225
45-69	141	165	152	39057	35083	74140	829	849	1678
70 & above	336	255	300	6467	5206	11673	165	121	286
60 & above	272	212	245	18186	15105	33292	431	392	823
all	90	119	103	177810	162447	340257	4123	4063	8186
Punjab									
0-4	129	66	100	6964	6209	13173	258	224	482
5-9	117	175	142	7957	5742	13699	149	126	275
10-14	48	80	62	6582	5432	12014	161	134	295
0-14	100	106	103	21503	17384	38887	568	484	1052
15-19	112	118	114	9741	7607	17348	194	165	359
20-24	43	108	72	9550	7558	17108	209	227	436
25-29	37	171	104	6757	6716	13473	190	196	386
15-29	67	131	96	26048	21881	47929	593	588	1181
30-34	44	125	88	6597	7864	14461	160	157	317
35-39	132	169	148	5672	4132	9805	139	125	264
40-44	102	233	162	5617	4794	10411	119	111	230
30-44	90	167	127	17886	16791	34677	418	393	811
45-49	225	188	206	4812	4984	9796	112	112	224
50-59	212	391	300	9009	8659	17668	180	177	357
60-64	283	520	414	2155	2681	4836	54	74	128
65-69	112	570	347	2071	2178	4250	66	61	127
45-69	212	376	295	18047	18503	36550	412	424	836
70 & above	413	428	420	3500	2959	6459	98	66	164
60 & above	296	499	398	7726	7819	15545	218	201	419
all	124	203	161	86984	77518	164502	2089	1955	4044

Table 6R: Proportion of persons ailing during the last 15 days by age-group and gender

age-group	Rural								
	PAP			estd. no. of persons (00)			sample no. of persons		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Rajasthan									
0-4	32	24	28	25425	22205	47630	666	626	1292
5-9	12	29	19	29485	24048	53533	519	472	991
10-14	49	19	35	29198	25323	54521	494	431	925
0-14	31	24	28	84108	71576	155684	1679	1529	3208
15-19	12	14	13	23771	26200	49971	505	478	983
20-24	11	65	39	20105	21999	42104	482	540	1022
25-29	41	25	33	17549	19760	37309	410	411	821
15-29	20	34	27	61425	67959	129384	1397	1429	2826
30-34	7	96	54	14062	15729	29792	308	330	638
35-39	63	97	80	14399	15194	29593	264	223	487
40-44	58	120	90	12722	13343	26065	213	232	445
30-44	42	104	74	41183	44267	85450	785	785	1570
45-49	102	125	114	10415	11239	21654	209	204	413
50-59	52	111	80	20751	18001	38751	392	401	793
60-64	131	106	118	4659	5232	9891	123	135	258
65-69	191	164	175	3932	5648	9580	104	103	207
45-69	88	122	105	39757	40120	79876	828	843	1671
70 & above	171	152	161	7351	9006	16357	177	193	370
60 & above	164	144	153	15942	19886	35828	404	431	835
all	44	64	54	233824	232927	466751	4866	4779	9645
Sikkim									
0-4	2	36	18	145	126	271	90	55	145
5-9	0	0	0	173	104	277	44	42	86
10-14	0	0	0	176	108	284	66	57	123
0-14	1	14	6	494	338	832	200	154	354
15-19	1	75	46	160	249	409	54	65	119
20-24	77	2	47	211	144	355	69	64	133
25-29	2	90	49	229	265	493	80	82	162
15-29	28	65	47	600	657	1258	203	211	414
30-34	62	40	53	242	181	423	69	77	146
35-39	3	5	4	155	104	258	51	43	94
40-44	0	21	11	77	93	170	31	39	70
30-44	33	26	30	473	378	851	151	159	310
45-49	51	9	35	162	97	259	39	31	70
50-59	13	7	10	169	150	319	53	50	103
60-64	83	15	30	16	57	73	21	17	38
65-69	204	46	188	75	9	84	12	9	21
45-69	64	10	41	421	313	735	125	107	232
70 & above	75	200	153	19	32	51	17	16	33
60 & above	164	78	124	110	98	208	50	42	92
all	30	39	34	2008	1719	3727	696	647	1343

Table 6R: Proportion of persons ailing during the last 15 days by age-group and gender

age-group	Rural								
	PAP			estd. no. of persons (00)			sample no. of persons		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Tamil Nadu									
0-4	190	195	192	13063	11903	24967	554	503	1057
5-9	130	66	97	12711	13912	26623	261	270	531
10-14	99	74	86	15445	16571	32016	295	283	578
0-14	137	106	121	41220	42386	83606	1110	1056	2166
15-19	21	18	19	14315	15377	29692	315	325	640
20-24	42	58	50	13401	13049	26449	294	444	738
25-29	60	101	82	10861	12979	23840	341	422	763
15-29	39	57	48	38576	41405	79981	950	1191	2141
30-34	58	89	75	13554	16143	29698	310	297	607
35-39	73	145	111	13886	15392	29277	268	295	563
40-44	122	185	152	13188	12415	25603	225	226	451
30-44	84	136	111	40628	43951	84578	803	818	1621
45-49	132	321	225	11763	11444	23207	233	275	508
50-59	184	282	238	18823	23301	42124	406	504	910
60-64	378	282	332	6959	6405	13364	166	159	325
65-69	450	262	339	4827	6979	11806	120	132	252
45-69	232	289	262	42373	48128	90501	925	1070	1995
70 & above	295	302	298	7714	7538	15251	169	145	314
60 & above	363	282	321	19500	20921	40421	455	436	891
all	133	158	146	170511	183408	353918	3957	4280	8237
Telangana									
0-4	46	190	120	6354	6737	13090	215	200	415
5-9	53	32	42	5338	5690	11028	108	103	211
10-14	2	66	30	10144	7814	17958	113	115	228
0-14	27	98	61	21836	20241	42077	436	418	854
15-19	65	134	102	8231	9453	17684	138	130	268
20-24	3	7	5	8457	7274	15731	135	203	338
25-29	40	34	37	7749	8212	15960	188	183	371
15-29	35	64	50	24437	24938	49375	461	516	977
30-34	109	20	68	7616	6617	14233	134	87	221
35-39	63	75	69	6550	8026	14576	103	120	223
40-44	22	95	59	5884	6128	12012	91	85	176
30-44	68	63	66	20050	20771	40821	328	292	620
45-49	221	75	139	6040	7810	13850	89	131	220
50-59	111	111	111	11650	10388	22039	200	176	376
60-64	268	400	351	2335	3937	6272	40	60	100
65-69	428	274	307	1181	4310	5490	32	42	74
45-69	177	170	173	21206	26445	47651	361	409	770
70 & above	313	284	296	3356	4439	7795	43	53	96
60 & above	317	317	317	6871	12686	19557	115	155	270
all	84	110	97	90883	96835	187718	1629	1688	3317

Table 6R: Proportion of persons ailing during the last 15 days by age-group and gender

age-group	Rural								
	PAP			estd. no. of persons (00)			sample no. of persons		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Tripura									
0-4	69	141	105	1117	1124	2241	258	183	441
5-9	27	103	62	1057	887	1944	156	114	270
10-14	22	10	17	2072	1404	3476	201	154	355
0-14	36	77	54	4246	3416	7661	615	451	1066
15-19	7	51	25	1830	1292	3122	158	149	307
20-24	1	10	7	716	1307	2023	137	197	334
25-29	0	9	5	1172	1166	2338	180	193	373
15-29	4	24	14	3718	3765	7483	475	539	1014
30-34	4	6	5	1113	1377	2490	187	161	348
35-39	7	28	19	1356	1670	3027	160	151	311
40-44	55	84	66	1271	768	2039	124	82	206
30-44	23	31	27	3740	3815	7555	471	394	865
45-49	28	4	19	970	553	1522	90	79	169
50-59	50	102	73	1256	995	2251	138	147	285
60-64	4	23	14	203	242	444	36	34	70
65-69	150	102	122	218	287	505	32	34	66
45-69	46	67	55	2646	2077	4723	296	294	590
70 & above	21	6	12	188	283	471	38	35	73
60 & above	61	45	52	609	812	1421	106	103	209
all	26	46	35	14538	13355	27894	1895	1713	3608
Uttarakhand									
0-4	111	73	92	83606	79259	162865	2089	1931	4020
5-9	52	22	38	101587	88276	189863	1860	1735	3595
10-14	30	31	31	101211	86059	187270	1759	1508	3267
0-14	61	41	52	286404	253594	539998	5708	5174	10882
15-19	18	29	23	86999	78059	165058	1757	1506	3263
20-24	45	85	64	64136	60321	124457	1381	1512	2893
25-29	32	59	46	49952	55624	105576	1224	1254	2478
15-29	30	55	42	201087	194004	395091	4362	4272	8634
30-34	30	81	56	47153	48303	95456	1005	971	1976
35-39	51	76	64	47724	49449	97173	876	798	1674
40-44	34	110	69	41233	34486	75720	675	636	1311
30-44	39	87	62	136110	132239	268349	2556	2405	4961
45-49	75	108	91	30539	26940	57479	569	531	1100
50-59	84	134	109	56454	56001	112454	1133	1190	2323
60-64	233	155	188	14975	20531	35506	336	388	724
65-69	255	156	214	14669	10343	25012	340	265	605
45-69	122	134	128	116637	113815	230452	2378	2374	4752
70 & above	252	248	250	18545	14544	33088	387	308	695
60 & above	247	185	217	48189	45417	93606	1063	961	2024
all	63	73	68	758782	708195	1466977	15391	14533	29924

Table 6R: Proportion of persons ailing during the last 15 days by age-group and gender

age-group	Rural								
	PAP			estd. no. of persons (00)			sample no. of persons		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Uttar Pradesh									
0-4	113	51	86	3452	2655	6107	134	121	255
5-9	27	31	29	3768	2979	6747	89	86	175
10-14	74	22	54	5567	3341	8908	102	80	182
0-14	70	34	55	12787	8976	21763	325	287	612
15-19	19	3	14	4223	1733	5956	84	60	144
20-24	9	8	9	1271	1365	2637	49	73	122
25-29	49	29	36	1950	3321	5272	71	94	165
15-29	25	18	22	7445	6419	13864	204	227	431
30-34	139	92	114	2627	2893	5520	63	70	133
35-39	11	83	55	1697	2611	4309	65	58	123
40-44	2	146	72	2049	1938	3987	42	46	88
30-44	61	103	84	6373	7442	13816	170	174	344
45-49	115	66	98	1797	928	2724	46	32	78
50-59	151	198	177	2923	3808	6730	78	89	167
60-64	0	26	21	226	932	1158	15	26	41
65-69	7	465	218	643	548	1192	17	21	38
45-69	117	176	148	5589	6216	11805	156	168	324
70 & above	72	376	255	640	970	1610	25	20	45
60 & above	33	263	175	1509	2451	3960	57	67	124
all	66	88	77	32834	30024	62858	880	876	1756
West Bengal									
0-4	271	213	242	23146	23490	46636	728	663	1391
5-9	129	106	119	29485	22514	51999	522	477	999
10-14	80	107	92	30557	26490	57048	524	457	981
0-14	150	141	146	83188	72494	155683	1774	1597	3371
15-19	57	122	86	32698	26256	58954	507	549	1056
20-24	67	101	84	29677	28667	58344	559	729	1288
25-29	76	143	110	24571	26378	50949	630	592	1222
15-29	66	121	93	86946	81301	168247	1696	1870	3566
30-34	103	168	135	20442	19474	39916	493	375	868
35-39	85	142	115	20763	24159	44922	395	355	750
40-44	140	226	186	17504	20412	37916	288	319	607
30-44	108	177	144	58709	64044	122753	1176	1049	2225
45-49	164	254	206	22146	19165	41311	337	328	665
50-59	173	209	189	34470	28422	62892	571	570	1141
60-64	273	410	332	7646	5806	13452	176	139	315
65-69	299	513	398	6444	5559	12004	149	117	266
45-69	192	272	229	70706	58953	129659	1233	1154	2387
70 & above	651	570	605	6983	9007	15989	153	158	311
60 & above	406	509	457	21073	20372	41445	478	414	892
all	139	184	161	306533	285798	592332	6032	5828	11860

Table 6R: Proportion of persons ailing during the last 15 days by age-group and gender

age-group	Rural								
	PAP			estd. no. of persons (00)			sample no. of persons		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
A & N Islands									
0-4	32	284	125	106	62	167	38	37	75
5-9	70	380	195	110	75	185	37	24	61
10-14	37	258	119	103	60	163	27	33	60
0-14	47	312	148	319	196	515	102	94	196
15-19	14	10	11	106	160	266	38	42	80
20-24	24	270	188	104	207	311	39	47	86
25-29	15	28	22	149	149	298	34	38	72
15-29	18	119	78	359	516	875	111	127	238
30-34	9	579	317	158	186	345	37	30	67
35-39	376	135	318	165	52	217	34	28	62
40-44	31	310	122	89	43	132	20	20	40
30-44	161	456	281	412	281	693	91	78	169
45-49	81	466	301	70	94	164	21	29	50
50-59	159	162	160	151	112	263	52	36	88
60-64	47	569	303	61	59	120	16	16	32
65-69	143	597	312	30	18	48	11	11	22
45-69	118	375	240	313	283	596	100	92	192
70 & above	213	695	329	113	36	149	22	10	32
60 & above	153	614	316	205	113	317	49	37	86
all	98	291	188	1516	1312	2828	426	401	827
Chandigarh									
0-4	9	25	14	31	16	47	24	20	44
5-9	0	1	1	23	40	64	15	16	31
10-14	18	0	6	1	2	3	12	6	18
0-14	5	8	6	56	58	114	51	42	93
15-19	631	86	410	1	1	2	11	8	19
20-24	6	5	5	26	20	46	14	19	33
25-29	49	434	190	45	26	71	27	23	50
15-29	43	242	122	71	47	118	52	50	102
30-34	11	3	8	33	21	53	22	12	34
35-39	61	0	54	3	0	3	9	5	14
40-44	0	400	339	0	2	2	5	7	12
30-44	14	31	21	36	23	58	36	24	60
45-49	0	783	625	2	10	12	8	9	17
50-59	809	426	728	10	3	12	11	14	25
60-64	34	929	618	0	1	1	2	3	5
65-69	1000	0	1000	0	0	0	2	0	2
45-69	631	724	678	13	13	26	23	26	49
70 & above	941	79	440	1	1	1	4	3	7
60 & above	664	519	586	1	2	3	8	6	14
all	71	157	109	176	142	318	166	145	311

Table 6R: Proportion of persons ailing during the last 15 days by age-group and gender

age-group	Rural								
	PAP			estd. no. of persons (00)			sample no. of persons		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Dadra & N. Haveli									
0-4	107	60	85	131	112	242	27	28	55
5-9	31	0	6	30	132	163	24	23	47
10-14	0	8	5	60	95	154	20	28	48
0-14	68	22	40	221	339	560	71	79	150
15-19	46	251	161	85	107	192	18	22	40
20-24	37	9	32	184	45	229	22	13	35
25-29	0	0	0	47	63	111	12	14	26
15-29	34	127	72	316	215	531	52	49	101
30-34	25	0	12	58	66	124	8	9	17
35-39	70	17	56	55	21	76	9	16	25
40-44	14	0	6	55	78	133	16	11	27
30-44	36	2	19	168	165	332	33	36	69
45-49	20	0	11	34	30	64	8	5	13
50-59	336	429	389	15	20	35	8	12	20
60-64	0	0	0	27	28	55	5	5	10
65-69	0	171	149	1	5	6	1	3	4
45-69	75	112	94	78	83	161	22	25	47
70 & above	0	734	660	1	9	10	1	3	4
60 & above	0	175	105	29	43	72	7	11	18
all	48	63	56	784	810	1594	179	192	371
Daman & Diu									
0-4	2	147	66	17	14	31	19	21	40
5-9	20	0	17	26	4	30	11	8	19
10-14	0	0	0	1	12	13	10	9	19
0-14	12	70	35	45	29	74	40	38	78
15-19	29	0	16	30	23	53	16	21	37
20-24	0	21	6	18	7	25	19	17	36
25-29	0	0	0	6	19	25	18	18	36
15-29	16	3	10	54	49	103	53	56	109
30-34	44	0	25	28	22	50	16	9	25
35-39	0	0	0	13	1	14	5	3	8
40-44	0	0	0	10	11	21	6	9	15
30-44	25	0	15	52	34	85	27	21	48
45-49	111	64	86	11	12	22	7	8	15
50-59	146	492	306	9	7	16	10	10	20
60-64	0	60	58	1	14	15	3	7	10
65-69	0	114	50	13	10	23	4	2	6
45-69	74	147	116	33	44	77	24	27	51
70 & above	0	0	0	1	10	11	1	1	2
60 & above	0	59	41	14	35	49	8	10	18
all	28	52	39	184	166	350	145	143	288

Table 6R: Proportion of persons ailing during the last 15 days by age-group and gender

age-group	Rural								
	PAP			estd. no. of persons (00)			sample no. of persons		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Lakshadweep									
0-4	295	314	300	5	2	7	19	19	38
5-9	0	422	159	7	4	12	19	12	31
10-14	271	0	217	8	2	10	28	13	41
0-14	180	293	213	20	8	28	66	44	110
15-19	173	14	124	8	4	12	22	18	40
20-24	0	56	38	2	4	6	19	18	37
25-29	103	0	61	6	4	11	24	16	40
15-29	124	23	81	16	12	29	65	52	117
30-34	0	16	12	2	6	9	21	24	45
35-39	0	22	17	2	8	10	8	15	23
40-44	256	0	185	6	2	8	12	11	23
30-44	150	16	67	10	16	27	41	50	91
45-49	0	180	41	7	2	9	12	13	25
50-59	306	180	219	2	5	7	17	21	38
60-64	438	880	462	4	0	5	7	4	11
65-69	371	31	87	1	3	3	3	2	5
45-69	200	158	183	14	10	24	39	40	79
70 & above	973	290	695	3	2	5	3	3	6
60 & above	627	179	455	8	5	13	13	9	22
all	201	104	159	64	49	112	214	189	403
Puducherry									
0-4	317	192	266	190	130	320	23	15	38
5-9	383	12	270	450	198	647	16	8	24
10-14	584	0	361	369	228	597	12	8	20
0-14	444	49	304	1009	556	1565	51	31	82
15-19	75	101	86	173	128	301	8	8	16
20-24	221	0	53	68	217	285	13	13	26
25-29	0	0	0	174	132	306	14	22	36
15-29	67	27	46	415	477	892	35	43	78
30-34	163	798	521	73	95	168	17	9	26
35-39	418	0	208	236	240	476	11	9	20
40-44	0	26	18	115	235	351	5	9	14
30-44	260	144	194	425	570	995	33	27	60
45-49	0	29	22	81	229	310	7	9	16
50-59	31	27	29	395	253	648	17	16	33
60-64	337	32	180	25	27	52	4	7	11
65-69	0	809	699	16	102	118	3	6	9
45-69	40	158	104	517	611	1128	31	38	69
70 & above	7	12	10	74	82	155	5	4	9
60 & above	78	401	287	115	210	325	12	17	29
all	249	96	175	2439	2296	4735	155	143	298

Table 6R: Proportion of persons ailing during the last 15 days by age-group and gender

age-group	PAP			estd. no. of persons (00)			sample no. of persons		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
All-India									
0-4	119	86	103	385612	352534	738146	12837	11922	24759
5-9	65	50	58	424625	377532	802157	9103	8373	17476
10-14	43	47	45	473940	392148	866088	9000	8027	17027
0-14	73	60	67	1284177	1122215	2406392	30940	28322	59262
15-19	34	49	41	417243	364714	781957	8679	7983	16662
20-24	35	62	48	350081	342762	692843	8322	10328	18650
25-29	37	60	49	307666	322395	630061	8892	9194	18086
15-29	35	57	46	1074991	1029870	2104861	25893	27505	53398
30-34	43	73	58	274351	289763	564114	7520	6727	14247
35-39	64	88	76	275169	296769	571939	6232	5771	12003
40-44	76	129	101	253578	229130	482708	4883	4660	9543
30-44	60	94	77	803098	815662	1618760	18635	17158	35793
45-49	102	152	126	216709	198501	415209	4556	4646	9202
50-59	113	169	141	351496	350581	702077	8308	8591	16899
60-64	244	263	254	101171	110833	212004	2577	2706	5283
65-69	250	278	264	87736	87792	175528	2245	2064	4309
45-69	143	191	167	757112	747707	1504819	17686	18007	35693
70 & above	327	286	306	107066	107645	214712	2835	2592	5427
60 & above	276	275	276	295973	306270	602244	7657	7362	15019
all	80	99	89	4026444	3823100	7849544	95989	93584	189573

Table 6U: Proportion of persons ailing during the last 15 days by age-group and gender

age-group	Urban								
	PAP			estd. no. of persons (00)			sample no. of persons		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Andhra Pradesh									
0-4	125	133	129	4464	5477	9941	340	322	662
5-9	157	64	103	4548	6230	10779	137	166	303
10-14	81	72	76	5821	7915	13736	171	179	350
0-14	117	87	100	14834	19622	34456	648	667	1315
15-19	29	28	28	6364	6389	12753	190	217	407
20-24	14	24	19	7512	6592	14104	234	322	556
25-29	24	68	47	6132	6888	13020	218	274	492
15-29	22	40	31	20008	19869	39877	642	813	1455
30-34	88	192	142	6291	6693	12983	219	182	401
35-39	148	237	193	6845	6955	13801	178	196	374
40-44	232	413	314	6003	5026	11029	154	170	324
30-44	155	268	211	19139	18674	37813	551	548	1099
45-49	304	307	305	4343	4100	8442	158	167	325
50-59	442	450	446	6666	7978	14644	242	253	495
60-64	710	737	725	2647	3169	5816	99	90	189
65-69	566	784	666	1577	1345	2922	47	65	112
45-69	462	496	480	15233	16592	31825	546	575	1121
70 & above	771	581	684	1651	1398	3049	77	87	164
60 & above	689	710	700	5876	5912	11788	223	242	465
all	190	217	204	70864	76156	147020	2464	2690	5154
Arunachal Pradesh									
0-4	10	21	14	160	115	275	72	57	129
5-9	127	59	91	74	84	159	54	55	109
10-14	13	3	9	122	92	214	70	61	131
0-14	35	26	31	356	292	648	196	173	369
15-19	86	11	45	88	105	193	52	60	112
20-24	200	7	54	29	90	118	34	45	79
25-29	54	18	33	92	130	222	48	64	112
15-29	87	13	42	209	324	533	134	169	303
30-34	2	27	14	85	75	160	44	52	96
35-39	40	134	93	71	93	164	45	43	88
40-44	16	32	21	71	42	112	39	24	63
30-44	18	75	45	227	209	436	128	119	247
45-49	186	295	216	71	27	98	35	21	56
50-59	4	16	8	84	43	127	39	22	61
60-64	793	0	510	9	5	14	5	2	7
65-69	62	0	58	13	1	14	4	1	5
45-69	122	115	120	177	76	253	83	46	129
70 & above	0	0	0	0	4	4	1	3	4
60 & above	353	0	249	23	9	32	10	6	16
all	58	40	49	969	905	1874	542	510	1052

Table 6U: Proportion of persons ailing during the last 15 days by age-group and gender

age-group	Urban								
	PAP			estd. no. of persons (00)			sample no. of persons		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Assam									
0-4	36	29	32	1132	1541	2673	161	122	283
5-9	8	0	4	1465	1275	2740	105	85	190
10-14	41	23	35	1777	991	2768	102	87	189
0-14	29	18	24	4374	3807	8181	368	294	662
15-19	18	0	10	796	710	1507	81	75	156
20-24	85	1	43	1220	1184	2403	106	119	225
25-29	0	3	1	2163	1498	3661	147	168	315
15-29	28	1	16	4179	3392	7571	334	362	696
30-34	0	253	126	1957	1951	3908	142	122	264
35-39	2	4	3	1590	2152	3741	129	107	236
40-44	13	97	39	2033	881	2915	100	70	170
30-44	5	118	59	5580	4984	10564	371	299	670
45-49	126	39	87	1310	1046	2356	82	82	164
50-59	174	20	98	1493	1446	2939	136	128	264
60-64	27	7	12	250	804	1054	31	36	67
65-69	0	135	67	299	298	597	18	26	44
45-69	129	32	79	3352	3594	6946	267	272	539
70 & above	80	192	134	522	479	1001	52	35	87
60 & above	46	87	70	1071	1581	2652	101	97	198
all	42	53	47	18007	16255	34262	1392	1262	2654
Bihar									
0-4	77	25	51	5222	4925	10148	426	403	829
5-9	89	26	62	6371	4798	11169	324	300	624
10-14	66	36	52	7392	6008	13400	344	321	665
0-14	77	29	55	18985	15732	34717	1094	1024	2118
15-19	14	49	31	4259	4332	8591	286	230	516
20-24	108	25	66	3759	3868	7627	272	302	574
25-29	2	63	31	4643	4226	8868	265	271	536
15-29	37	47	42	12661	12426	25086	823	803	1626
30-34	13	53	32	4093	3871	7964	250	239	489
35-39	19	13	17	3578	2569	6147	232	154	386
40-44	11	187	96	3135	2909	6044	166	136	302
30-44	15	84	47	10805	9348	20154	648	529	1177
45-49	17	50	33	2390	2006	4397	112	130	242
50-59	87	67	76	3077	3582	6659	218	213	431
60-64	352	18	220	1225	801	2026	60	56	116
65-69	245	272	258	1089	1018	2107	58	60	118
45-69	130	85	108	7781	7407	15188	448	459	907
70 & above	235	191	218	1322	869	2191	79	51	130
60 & above	277	170	232	3636	2688	6323	197	167	364
all	66	57	62	51554	45782	97336	3092	2866	5958

Table 6U: Proportion of persons ailing during the last 15 days by age-group and gender

age-group	Urban								
	PAP			estd. no. of persons (00)			sample no. of persons		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Chhattisgarh									
0-4	37	104	59	2242	1043	3285	161	146	307
5-9	28	65	43	2115	1566	3681	96	89	185
10-14	75	3	40	2651	2466	5117	97	108	205
0-14	49	43	46	7007	5075	12082	354	343	697
15-19	3	5	4	1644	1889	3533	83	106	189
20-24	3	38	19	2589	2021	4610	132	132	264
25-29	46	40	43	1979	1814	3793	135	128	263
15-29	17	28	22	6212	5724	11936	350	366	716
30-34	3	5	4	2189	1853	4042	132	110	242
35-39	44	88	65	2216	1955	4171	90	67	157
40-44	4	12	8	1344	1245	2589	62	70	132
30-44	19	39	28	5750	5052	10802	284	247	531
45-49	12	140	67	1395	1050	2445	71	69	140
50-59	93	88	91	2028	2127	4154	120	116	236
60-64	18	70	38	731	441	1172	33	26	59
65-69	100	35	85	512	144	656	32	16	48
45-69	58	98	76	4666	3762	8427	256	227	483
70 & above	94	186	146	503	669	1172	38	37	75
60 & above	64	128	91	1746	1254	3000	103	79	182
all	36	53	44	24137	20283	44420	1282	1220	2502
Delhi									
0-4	113	36	74	3361	3438	6798	285	282	567
5-9	6	3	5	5105	3663	8768	208	171	379
10-14	44	24	36	6139	4416	10555	209	166	375
0-14	46	21	35	14605	11517	26121	702	619	1321
15-19	2	61	28	5599	4495	10095	222	168	390
20-24	4	51	25	5305	4103	9408	261	281	542
25-29	10	69	31	7357	4132	11489	337	272	609
15-29	6	60	28	18261	12730	30992	820	721	1541
30-34	32	28	30	5254	5122	10376	265	230	495
35-39	62	22	43	4445	3918	8363	189	155	344
40-44	43	69	54	4385	3465	7850	143	143	286
30-44	45	37	41	14084	12504	26589	597	528	1125
45-49	141	52	93	3163	3773	6936	133	128	261
50-59	27	37	31	5310	3240	8550	239	195	434
60-64	253	70	135	779	1419	2198	57	76	133
65-69	124	25	85	716	473	1189	50	42	92
45-69	88	48	69	9969	8905	18874	479	441	920
70 & above	102	36	65	819	1051	1870	75	76	151
60 & above	160	51	99	2315	2943	5258	182	194	376
all	41	42	41	57738	46707	104445	2673	2385	5058

Table 6U: Proportion of persons ailing during the last 15 days by age-group and gender

age-group	Urban								
	PAP			estd. no. of persons (00)			sample no. of persons		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Goa									
0-4	581	149	350	142	164	306	23	30	53
5-9	122	79	96	259	400	659	15	19	34
10-14	338	4	199	462	327	789	21	16	37
0-14	313	64	187	863	890	1753	59	65	124
15-19	8	6	7	431	255	685	13	12	25
20-24	21	0	9	297	394	691	12	17	29
25-29	0	446	279	220	366	585	17	27	44
15-29	10	162	89	947	1015	1962	42	56	98
30-34	9	0	6	534	235	769	22	20	42
35-39	0	16	8	354	391	745	17	18	35
40-44	50	137	115	187	542	728	16	15	31
30-44	13	69	42	1075	1168	2242	55	53	108
45-49	167	648	311	509	217	726	17	7	24
50-59	391	81	192	347	627	974	11	27	38
60-64	643	949	752	330	185	515	10	11	21
65-69	474	580	512	297	163	460	5	7	12
45-69	387	387	387	1483	1192	2675	43	52	95
70 & above	152	518	377	94	149	243	10	11	21
60 & above	509	698	587	721	497	1217	25	29	54
all	198	190	194	4461	4413	8874	209	237	446
Gujarat									
0-4	86	170	125	9508	8340	17848	447	393	840
5-9	78	52	68	11988	7777	19764	295	243	538
10-14	62	33	49	9502	7589	17091	278	216	494
0-14	75	87	81	30997	23706	54703	1020	852	1872
15-19	11	26	17	10417	7142	17559	282	235	517
20-24	19	39	29	9593	9672	19265	331	364	695
25-29	17	25	21	12076	9371	21447	412	384	796
15-29	16	31	22	32086	26185	58271	1025	983	2008
30-34	39	19	31	12054	8906	20960	387	300	687
35-39	77	95	86	9191	9547	18738	264	217	481
40-44	127	97	114	7647	5511	13158	192	183	375
30-44	74	67	71	28893	23964	52857	843	700	1543
45-49	171	219	197	5791	6714	12505	196	199	395
50-59	214	327	269	10047	9508	19555	353	370	723
60-64	222	261	241	2855	2721	5576	104	98	202
65-69	288	368	328	2711	2694	5406	89	86	175
45-69	213	290	252	21404	21637	43041	742	753	1495
70 & above	370	194	291	3541	2893	6434	106	105	211
60 & above	299	272	286	9107	8309	17416	299	289	588
all	93	115	103	116921	98385	215306	3736	3393	7129

Table 6U: Proportion of persons ailing during the last 15 days by age-group and gender

age-group	Urban								
	PAP			estd. no. of persons (00)			sample no. of persons		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Haryana									
0-4	55	52	53	3262	3991	7253	245	237	482
5-9	32	73	49	4924	3526	8449	182	151	333
10-14	63	4	38	5053	3727	8780	175	128	303
0-14	49	43	46	13238	11244	24482	602	516	1118
15-19	80	106	92	3778	3412	7190	165	129	294
20-24	65	35	49	3766	4403	8169	204	230	434
25-29	79	36	58	3752	3572	7324	210	210	420
15-29	74	57	65	11296	11387	22683	579	569	1148
30-34	76	20	49	4736	4355	9091	204	147	351
35-39	118	198	156	3134	2853	5988	123	117	240
40-44	27	57	44	2310	2868	5178	96	99	195
30-44	78	81	79	10180	10076	20256	423	363	786
45-49	176	101	144	2749	2080	4828	83	87	170
50-59	73	69	71	3658	3608	7266	176	184	360
60-64	50	246	139	920	772	1692	56	54	110
65-69	200	194	197	742	568	1310	40	41	81
45-69	117	108	113	8068	7029	15097	355	366	721
70 & above	136	305	227	681	792	1472	61	54	115
60 & above	123	254	185	2342	2133	4474	157	149	306
all	77	72	75	43463	40528	83990	2020	1868	3888
Himachal Pradesh									
0-4	115	100	109	310	224	534	42	54	96
5-9	0	2	2	92	488	580	23	26	49
10-14	0	0	0	254	101	355	28	19	47
0-14	54	29	40	656	813	1468	93	99	192
15-19	64	12	35	207	270	477	27	31	58
20-24	0	0	0	387	273	660	32	49	81
25-29	4	8	6	324	369	693	44	52	96
15-29	16	7	11	918	912	1830	103	132	235
30-34	5	21	9	384	131	514	42	34	76
35-39	15	94	52	300	265	565	33	34	67
40-44	1	67	23	182	93	275	25	19	44
30-44	8	69	30	866	489	1355	100	87	187
45-49	71	74	73	254	418	672	25	30	55
50-59	60	28	49	371	194	565	45	41	86
60-64	38	108	60	126	55	181	16	17	33
65-69	355	91	241	11	9	20	9	5	14
45-69	65	64	64	762	676	1438	95	93	188
70 & above	361	247	289	153	260	413	17	21	38
60 & above	221	219	220	290	324	614	42	43	85
all	48	54	51	3355	3150	6504	408	432	840

Table 6U: Proportion of persons ailing during the last 15 days by age-group and gender

age-group	Urban								
	PAP			estd. no. of persons (00)			sample no. of persons		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Jammu & Kashmir									
0-4	67	10	35	771	954	1725	166	173	339
5-9	49	79	65	675	743	1418	107	107	214
10-14	17	2	10	863	676	1540	99	98	197
0-14	43	29	36	2309	2374	4683	372	378	750
15-19	3	18	9	959	717	1676	129	107	236
20-24	7	10	8	929	1131	2060	114	124	238
25-29	8	6	7	835	833	1668	121	148	269
15-29	6	11	8	2723	2681	5404	364	379	743
30-34	6	31	18	863	804	1668	138	135	273
35-39	27	71	52	701	890	1591	127	104	231
40-44	3	17	10	691	700	1391	76	81	157
30-44	12	42	27	2255	2394	4649	341	320	661
45-49	10	21	15	843	647	1491	93	71	164
50-59	92	143	114	943	699	1642	111	112	223
60-64	98	67	77	306	573	880	42	45	87
65-69	57	45	53	557	284	841	47	30	77
45-69	59	75	66	2649	2204	4853	293	258	551
70 & above	197	267	230	377	332	709	38	42	80
60 & above	110	117	113	1240	1190	2430	127	117	244
all	36	45	41	10313	9985	20298	1408	1377	2785
Jharkhand									
0-4	57	66	60	2976	1676	4652	200	192	392
5-9	83	27	53	3537	4078	7614	165	157	322
10-14	25	2	14	4676	4357	9032	174	161	335
0-14	52	23	38	11188	10110	21299	539	510	1049
15-19	46	180	107	5300	4379	9679	175	156	331
20-24	17	30	22	3411	2223	5634	149	174	323
25-29	62	12	38	2189	2066	4255	163	172	335
15-29	40	101	67	10899	8669	19568	487	502	989
30-34	15	204	134	1801	3061	4862	155	141	296
35-39	25	58	41	2687	2499	5187	128	106	234
40-44	181	270	229	2736	3146	5883	100	87	187
30-44	82	186	139	7225	8707	15932	383	334	717
45-49	80	182	117	2408	1331	3739	84	80	164
50-59	95	240	169	2953	3086	6040	134	134	268
60-64	137	340	229	1059	877	1936	40	45	85
65-69	476	100	264	291	374	666	33	34	67
45-69	113	233	168	6711	5669	12380	291	293	584
70 & above	221	287	249	844	615	1460	52	43	95
60 & above	214	275	242	2194	1867	4061	125	122	247
all	69	125	96	36868	33770	70638	1752	1682	3434

Table 6U: Proportion of persons ailing during the last 15 days by age-group and gender

age-group	Urban								
	PAP			estd. no. of persons (00)			sample no. of persons		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Karnataka									
0-4	176	114	144	7964	8464	16428	393	431	824
5-9	95	58	77	7781	7420	15200	259	247	506
10-14	14	89	50	11929	10666	22595	257	251	508
0-14	83	89	86	27674	26550	54224	909	929	1838
15-19	5	24	13	10948	7971	18919	271	242	513
20-24	48	43	46	11620	9962	21581	309	413	722
25-29	65	75	70	11543	10137	21681	337	358	695
15-29	40	49	44	34111	28070	62181	917	1013	1930
30-34	32	57	45	9621	11241	20862	303	298	601
35-39	21	132	73	12019	10417	22436	286	249	535
40-44	46	180	113	7952	7937	15890	200	198	398
30-44	31	117	74	29593	29596	59189	789	745	1534
45-49	114	81	100	8655	6408	15063	203	209	412
50-59	125	277	201	8380	8410	16790	285	324	609
60-64	296	336	318	3762	4390	8152	98	126	224
65-69	372	292	334	3079	2791	5871	83	95	178
45-69	180	234	206	23875	22000	45875	669	754	1423
70 & above	359	485	421	2655	2574	5229	80	98	178
60 & above	339	363	351	9496	9755	19251	261	319	580
all	84	125	103	117907	108789	226697	3364	3539	6903
Kerala									
0-4	272	202	240	5256	4342	9598	334	331	665
5-9	153	126	139	5131	5140	10271	208	197	405
10-14	95	79	87	5639	5377	11016	180	179	359
0-14	171	131	152	16026	14858	30885	722	707	1429
15-19	132	113	123	7158	5845	13004	192	171	363
20-24	170	124	147	5858	5807	11664	191	283	474
25-29	66	142	107	4530	5227	9758	182	284	466
15-29	127	126	127	17546	16879	34426	565	738	1303
30-34	112	183	151	4850	6017	10867	212	242	454
35-39	188	305	250	4503	5091	9594	199	181	380
40-44	286	329	310	5439	6758	12198	161	187	348
30-44	199	273	240	14793	17866	32659	572	610	1182
45-49	312	338	325	4994	5287	10281	141	193	334
50-59	497	595	546	7676	7563	15239	274	352	626
60-64	619	741	688	4069	5212	9281	148	180	328
65-69	521	780	684	1826	3079	4905	92	117	209
45-69	476	594	539	18565	21141	39706	655	842	1497
70 & above	721	749	736	4051	4756	8808	160	174	334
60 & above	643	753	706	9946	13048	22994	400	471	871
all	277	332	306	70981	75502	146483	2674	3071	5745

Table 6U: Proportion of persons ailing during the last 15 days by age-group and gender

age-group	Urban								
	PAP			estd. no. of persons (00)			sample no. of persons		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Madhya Pradesh									
0-4	73	121	96	7856	7078	14934	522	477	999
5-9	94	32	65	7717	6976	14693	374	346	720
10-14	27	7	17	8442	7596	16039	348	310	658
0-14	63	52	58	24015	21651	45666	1244	1133	2377
15-19	55	80	65	11380	6747	18127	391	328	719
20-24	18	33	25	11281	9448	20729	505	525	1030
25-29	48	75	60	9167	7313	16480	467	443	910
15-29	40	60	48	31829	23508	55336	1363	1296	2659
30-34	40	60	50	7924	7887	15812	396	329	725
35-39	12	60	39	5193	6502	11695	303	246	549
40-44	18	141	84	5072	5971	11043	206	223	429
30-44	26	84	57	18190	20360	38550	905	798	1703
45-49	39	117	75	6324	5289	11613	237	226	463
50-59	150	162	156	8448	7860	16308	401	404	805
60-64	112	157	134	2405	2274	4679	117	132	249
65-69	68	123	101	1365	2029	3394	93	97	190
45-69	101	143	122	18542	17452	35994	848	859	1707
70 & above	234	181	204	1992	2558	4550	131	138	269
60 & above	144	156	150	5762	6861	12623	341	367	708
all	59	84	71	94568	85529	180096	4491	4224	8715
Maharashtra									
0-4	86	66	75	13215	15892	29107	782	708	1490
5-9	112	101	107	17782	15323	33105	495	512	1007
10-14	55	48	52	21076	17288	38364	502	433	935
0-14	82	71	77	52073	48503	100577	1779	1653	3432
15-19	15	65	37	19908	15837	35745	480	414	894
20-24	34	10	23	23276	19296	42572	609	693	1302
25-29	29	36	32	22124	17188	39312	668	719	1387
15-29	26	35	30	65308	52321	117629	1757	1826	3583
30-34	41	38	39	21300	22115	43415	708	583	1291
35-39	44	104	74	17168	17465	34633	487	430	917
40-44	68	81	74	16071	14130	30201	409	325	734
30-44	50	71	60	54539	53710	108250	1604	1338	2942
45-49	89	43	66	12990	13555	26546	331	350	681
50-59	76	144	109	21004	19405	40409	581	610	1191
60-64	206	154	178	5561	6435	11997	178	213	391
65-69	149	127	137	3883	5026	8909	171	176	347
45-69	103	113	108	43439	44421	87861	1261	1349	2610
70 & above	206	166	186	6826	6616	13442	238	247	485
60 & above	192	151	171	16270	18077	34347	587	636	1223
all	66	74	70	222186	205572	427758	6639	6413	13052

Table 6U: Proportion of persons ailing during the last 15 days by age-group and gender

age-group	Urban								
	PAP			estd. no. of persons (00)			sample no. of persons		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Manipur									
0-4	10	5	8	321	230	551	229	175	404
5-9	4	0	2	406	336	742	158	121	279
10-14	0	0	0	439	329	769	135	116	251
0-14	4	1	3	1166	895	2061	522	412	934
15-19	0	0	0	459	373	832	147	104	251
20-24	19	0	8	270	361	631	101	116	217
25-29	0	0	0	369	356	725	134	171	305
15-29	5	0	2	1098	1090	2188	382	391	773
30-34	1	2	2	308	312	619	154	146	300
35-39	0	0	0	322	300	622	139	133	272
40-44	0	0	0	252	316	568	107	98	205
30-44	0	1	1	882	928	1810	400	377	777
45-49	0	18	9	277	277	555	91	80	171
50-59	1	14	7	529	483	1013	157	173	330
60-64	0	66	29	81	63	144	39	34	73
65-69	15	36	27	41	58	99	29	30	59
45-69	1	21	11	928	882	1811	316	317	633
70 & above	8	22	17	73	120	193	31	37	68
60 & above	6	37	23	195	242	437	99	101	200
all	3	6	4	4147	3916	8063	1651	1534	3185
Meghalaya									
0-4	2	207	97	218	188	406	77	104	181
5-9	0	165	84	169	174	343	70	54	124
10-14	19	68	44	234	249	483	75	71	146
0-14	8	138	73	620	611	1232	222	229	451
15-19	5	1	3	279	188	467	79	67	146
20-24	0	69	35	334	334	667	60	78	138
25-29	0	0	0	254	310	564	67	80	147
15-29	2	28	15	867	831	1698	206	225	431
30-34	42	0	25	227	145	371	64	57	121
35-39	2	0	1	163	263	426	48	60	108
40-44	1	0	0	220	216	436	46	50	96
30-44	16	0	8	610	623	1233	158	167	325
45-49	0	0	0	163	175	338	44	39	83
50-59	32	5	19	206	189	395	45	42	87
60-64	2	0	1	68	88	156	14	14	28
65-69	8	0	5	52	27	79	12	8	20
45-69	15	2	8	489	478	968	115	103	218
70 & above	0	40	16	18	12	30	9	15	24
60 & above	4	4	4	138	127	265	35	37	72
all	9	43	26	2604	2556	5160	710	739	1449

Table 6U: Proportion of persons ailing during the last 15 days by age-group and gender

age-group	Urban								
	PAP			estd. no. of persons (00)			sample no. of persons		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Mizoram									
0-4	23	0	15	188	106	294	124	101	225
5-9	3	12	7	135	117	252	84	82	166
10-14	2	2	2	156	278	434	68	81	149
0-14	11	4	7	479	500	980	276	264	540
15-19	3	48	24	243	213	456	90	73	163
20-24	51	46	48	201	234	435	90	117	207
25-29	0	39	20	220	221	441	109	111	220
15-29	17	45	31	664	668	1332	289	301	590
30-34	2	43	25	136	173	309	81	86	167
35-39	91	14	58	223	171	394	79	66	145
40-44	3	3	3	114	135	249	55	43	98
30-44	44	21	33	474	479	952	215	195	410
45-49	11	166	96	102	124	226	40	63	103
50-59	5	63	32	209	186	395	79	82	161
60-64	29	20	24	21	38	59	19	21	40
65-69	189	41	121	44	38	82	14	22	36
45-69	29	90	60	376	386	763	152	188	340
70 & above	10	48	32	62	81	144	28	32	60
60 & above	76	40	56	128	157	285	61	75	136
all	24	38	31	2056	2114	4170	960	980	1940
Nagaland									
0-4	30	21	24	75	191	266	48	71	119
5-9	2	0	1	208	95	303	44	35	79
10-14	75	0	35	187	211	398	43	44	87
0-14	35	8	21	470	496	966	135	150	285
15-19	0	83	30	220	125	345	49	39	88
20-24	0	1	1	197	218	415	45	42	87
25-29	0	2	1	123	232	356	37	73	110
15-29	0	20	10	540	576	1116	131	154	285
30-34	0	5	3	213	243	456	55	45	100
35-39	0	0	0	179	125	304	38	29	67
40-44	5	224	138	74	115	189	28	31	59
30-44	1	56	29	467	483	949	121	105	226
45-49	0	81	52	90	160	249	31	33	64
50-59	0	7	3	213	178	391	51	45	96
60-64	0	0	0	54	33	88	14	11	25
65-69	0	0	0	24	4	28	7	3	10
45-69	0	38	19	381	375	756	103	92	195
70 & above	0	0	0	23	1	24	6	4	10
60 & above	0	0	0	101	39	140	27	18	45
all	9	29	19	1881	1931	3812	496	505	1001

Table 6U: Proportion of persons ailing during the last 15 days by age-group and gender

age-group	Urban								
	PAP			estd. no. of persons (00)			sample no. of persons		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Odisha									
0-4	86	245	153	2824	2050	4875	203	168	371
5-9	50	92	73	1783	2001	3785	115	104	219
10-14	83	94	88	3171	2704	5875	141	127	268
0-14	77	139	106	7778	6756	14534	459	399	858
15-19	23	124	59	3427	1845	5272	149	117	266
20-24	95	41	65	3416	4110	7525	147	182	329
25-29	5	53	25	3621	2495	6115	159	167	326
15-29	40	63	50	10463	8449	18912	455	466	921
30-34	35	47	42	2096	3035	5131	156	148	304
35-39	24	76	49	2717	2475	5192	135	116	251
40-44	32	136	81	2476	2226	4702	117	112	229
30-44	30	82	57	7289	7736	15025	408	376	784
45-49	83	114	100	1769	2205	3974	98	102	200
50-59	148	191	168	3043	2551	5594	159	154	313
60-64	286	120	196	688	824	1512	63	51	114
65-69	352	205	287	833	670	1503	44	30	74
45-69	172	156	164	6333	6251	12584	364	337	701
70 & above	501	173	321	983	1192	2175	62	64	126
60 & above	392	165	275	2503	2686	5189	169	145	314
all	86	108	97	32846	30384	63230	1748	1642	3390
Punjab									
0-4	115	72	95	4624	3988	8612	223	193	416
5-9	87	85	86	3604	3638	7242	143	119	262
10-14	120	38	83	4468	3784	8252	124	117	241
0-14	109	65	88	12696	11411	24106	490	429	919
15-19	217	151	182	4085	4634	8720	153	128	281
20-24	18	151	92	4765	5995	10760	186	209	395
25-29	39	87	62	4886	4533	9419	221	223	444
15-29	84	132	109	13736	15163	28899	560	560	1120
30-34	123	78	105	4168	2696	6865	192	145	337
35-39	72	232	160	3756	4589	8345	132	114	246
40-44	89	230	164	3279	3728	7006	91	111	202
30-44	96	194	144	11203	11013	22216	415	370	785
45-49	333	315	326	3552	2196	5749	107	95	202
50-59	318	351	336	4005	5136	9141	181	203	384
60-64	198	453	358	1405	2348	3753	59	67	126
65-69	113	642	262	1083	425	1508	47	36	83
45-69	284	379	332	10045	10105	20150	394	401	795
70 & above	486	600	556	983	1572	2555	61	73	134
60 & above	253	525	404	3471	4345	7816	167	176	343
all	143	196	170	48663	49264	97927	1920	1833	3753

Table 6U: Proportion of persons ailing during the last 15 days by age-group and gender

age-group	Urban								
	PAP			estd. no. of persons (00)			sample no. of persons		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Rajasthan									
0-4	81	38	61	8397	7607	16004	401	386	787
5-9	68	61	65	10179	8873	19052	342	325	667
10-14	51	27	40	11049	8858	19907	327	318	645
0-14	65	42	55	29625	25338	54962	1070	1029	2099
15-19	52	15	39	10598	5321	15919	356	270	626
20-24	23	21	22	7623	8768	16390	365	393	758
25-29	60	48	54	7312	8913	16224	340	378	718
15-29	46	30	38	25533	23001	48534	1061	1041	2102
30-34	35	108	71	8227	7709	15936	302	256	558
35-39	104	73	89	6094	5745	11839	216	202	418
40-44	115	63	89	5060	5007	10067	166	184	350
30-44	78	85	81	19380	18461	37841	684	642	1326
45-49	107	165	133	4456	3718	8175	193	168	361
50-59	157	204	182	5901	6917	12818	300	283	583
60-64	75	365	198	2773	2047	4820	83	89	172
65-69	342	267	308	2001	1638	3639	71	70	141
45-69	151	224	187	15132	14320	29452	647	610	1257
70 & above	313	170	230	1979	2758	4737	105	121	226
60 & above	224	257	240	6753	6443	13196	259	280	539
all	82	84	83	91648	83879	175527	3567	3443	7010
Sikkim									
0-4	60	0	29	9	10	19	45	31	76
5-9	20	12	15	27	34	61	32	22	54
10-14	0	0	0	31	31	62	24	31	55
0-14	16	5	10	67	76	143	101	84	185
15-19	0	125	59	48	43	91	25	33	58
20-24	0	5	2	98	79	177	43	50	93
25-29	74	12	54	76	36	112	53	47	100
15-29	25	39	31	222	158	381	121	130	251
30-34	70	54	64	70	44	114	41	42	83
35-39	5	22	14	32	31	63	30	26	56
40-44	0	427	201	19	17	37	21	13	34
30-44	42	114	73	121	92	214	92	81	173
45-49	2	20	12	23	26	49	14	20	34
50-59	0	216	98	52	43	95	31	31	62
60-64	273	242	257	2	2	4	7	8	15
65-69	54	917	487	11	11	21	7	8	15
45-69	13	246	125	87	82	169	59	67	126
70 & above	921	362	865	12	1	14	15	7	22
60 & above	499	772	598	25	14	39	29	23	52
all	47	92	67	511	409	920	388	369	757

Table 6U: Proportion of persons ailing during the last 15 days by age-group and gender

age-group	Urban								
	PAP			estd. no. of persons (00)			sample no. of persons		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Tamil Nadu									
0-4	140	201	171	11882	12281	24163	512	458	970
5-9	111	136	122	14016	11388	25404	286	213	499
10-14	38	40	39	13116	12868	25985	208	233	441
0-14	95	124	109	39014	36537	75551	1006	904	1910
15-19	30	58	42	14312	10770	25082	249	243	492
20-24	35	69	52	13740	13475	27215	301	439	740
25-29	48	121	83	17765	16806	34571	361	452	813
15-29	38	87	61	45817	41050	86868	911	1134	2045
30-34	50	126	87	15486	14567	30053	362	293	655
35-39	152	231	192	15634	16136	31770	285	266	551
40-44	83	187	137	12871	13975	26846	213	243	456
30-44	96	183	140	43991	44678	88669	860	802	1662
45-49	113	286	193	10889	9231	20120	221	258	479
50-59	292	430	366	17818	20576	38394	400	450	850
60-64	558	514	534	5807	6705	12512	151	185	336
65-69	624	522	568	5588	6907	12495	122	124	246
45-69	328	427	379	40102	43419	83521	894	1017	1911
70 & above	438	554	487	7168	5297	12465	167	158	325
60 & above	531	528	530	18564	18909	37473	440	467	907
all	148	221	184	176093	170981	347074	3838	4015	7853
Telangana									
0-4	48	186	100	6024	3657	9682	234	212	446
5-9	43	135	80	3547	2350	5897	112	84	196
10-14	68	24	50	5065	3493	8558	132	95	227
0-14	54	114	77	14636	9501	24137	478	391	869
15-19	7	52	26	6283	4549	10832	123	121	244
20-24	34	33	33	5275	6202	11476	154	193	347
25-29	16	48	32	5783	5405	11189	202	210	412
15-29	18	44	30	17341	16156	33497	479	524	1003
30-34	9	9	9	4273	3760	8033	158	122	280
35-39	10	87	46	6441	5675	12116	144	100	244
40-44	106	14	48	2806	4893	7698	70	99	169
30-44	30	42	36	13519	14328	27847	372	321	693
45-49	120	213	149	4834	2140	6974	82	85	167
50-59	217	226	222	5571	6739	12310	160	153	313
60-64	577	400	481	1762	2076	3838	31	52	83
65-69	194	778	259	1916	243	2159	35	28	63
45-69	226	268	244	14083	11198	25281	308	318	626
70 & above	279	485	411	568	1000	1568	39	35	74
60 & above	364	454	403	4246	3319	7565	105	115	220
all	80	112	95	60148	52183	112331	1676	1589	3265

Table 6U: Proportion of persons ailing during the last 15 days by age-group and gender

age-group	Urban								
	PAP			estd. no. of persons (00)			sample no. of persons		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Tripura									
0-4	149	83	123	296	187	483	141	122	263
5-9	94	14	62	342	233	575	76	62	138
10-14	6	0	4	421	197	617	85	57	142
0-14	74	30	58	1059	617	1675	302	241	543
15-19	0	157	91	278	387	665	75	95	170
20-24	32	31	31	252	335	587	62	126	188
25-29	7	140	84	300	416	716	103	144	247
15-29	12	114	71	830	1138	1969	240	365	605
30-34	48	13	32	346	288	634	142	98	240
35-39	0	49	24	332	325	657	115	80	195
40-44	0	32	21	163	312	476	73	87	160
30-44	20	32	26	841	926	1767	330	265	595
45-49	105	17	62	302	294	596	81	71	152
50-59	8	55	29	442	378	821	115	126	241
60-64	132	5	104	125	37	162	44	26	70
65-69	20	37	24	110	32	142	41	24	65
45-69	55	37	47	979	742	1721	281	247	528
70 & above	20	67	49	87	132	219	51	47	98
60 & above	64	51	59	322	201	524	136	97	233
all	42	60	51	3796	3555	7351	1204	1165	2369
Uttarakhand									
0-4	107	123	114	20521	17537	38059	1081	999	2080
5-9	53	37	45	22184	21332	43516	867	777	1644
10-14	58	79	68	24293	20367	44661	901	766	1667
0-14	71	77	74	66999	59237	126236	2849	2542	5391
15-19	30	46	37	25573	20606	46179	930	808	1738
20-24	27	53	39	22533	19897	42430	873	908	1781
25-29	45	64	54	17948	16922	34870	838	843	1681
15-29	33	54	42	66055	57425	123480	2641	2559	5200
30-34	55	77	66	19183	16790	35974	752	609	1361
35-39	57	132	97	13629	15418	29047	539	494	1033
40-44	105	142	124	15139	15084	30223	453	467	920
30-44	72	116	94	47951	47292	95244	1744	1570	3314
45-49	104	203	146	11253	8316	19568	403	347	750
50-59	171	139	155	17910	18094	36004	666	701	1367
60-64	183	223	201	5366	4534	9900	204	228	432
65-69	169	432	328	2485	3819	6304	166	152	318
45-69	152	197	174	37014	34762	71776	1439	1428	2867
70 & above	310	366	336	4104	3502	7606	210	177	387
60 & above	224	332	278	11955	11855	23810	580	557	1137
all	78	105	91	222123	202218	424341	8883	8276	17159

Table 6U: Proportion of persons ailing during the last 15 days by age-group and gender

age-group	Urban								
	PAP			estd. no. of persons (00)			sample no. of persons		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Uttar Pradesh									
0-4	189	176	183	1161	906	2067	102	87	189
5-9	117	16	63	468	545	1012	59	54	113
10-14	19	278	107	672	347	1019	51	56	107
0-14	125	147	134	2301	1798	4099	212	197	409
15-19	49	114	85	811	1020	1830	59	56	115
20-24	8	18	13	1239	1060	2300	72	74	146
25-29	78	2	43	1246	1097	2343	71	69	140
15-29	45	43	44	3296	3177	6473	202	199	401
30-34	48	75	57	1293	598	1890	70	59	129
35-39	33	101	70	446	533	978	55	46	101
40-44	9	41	25	400	384	785	41	41	82
30-44	38	75	54	2139	1514	3653	166	146	312
45-49	31	248	123	654	483	1137	45	27	72
50-59	28	206	140	602	1021	1623	51	67	118
60-64	46	734	534	88	216	304	15	21	36
65-69	721	582	679	163	70	233	11	13	24
45-69	105	296	209	1507	1790	3297	122	128	250
70 & above	662	773	728	148	216	364	22	27	49
60 & above	550	730	650	399	502	901	48	61	109
all	82	143	111	9390	8495	17886	724	697	1421
West Bengal									
0-4	202	157	178	6472	7211	13683	562	516	1078
5-9	154	129	144	10208	7761	17969	342	336	678
10-14	90	128	108	11043	9893	20936	371	347	718
0-14	140	137	138	27723	24865	52588	1275	1199	2474
15-19	48	74	61	10301	10462	20763	376	426	802
20-24	42	54	48	11701	11184	22885	414	601	1015
25-29	53	99	74	14092	11787	25878	528	570	1098
15-29	48	76	61	36094	33432	69526	1318	1597	2915
30-34	57	101	77	11819	9614	21433	518	438	956
35-39	74	195	138	9443	10590	20034	443	383	826
40-44	146	309	225	9542	9030	18572	380	325	705
30-44	90	199	143	30804	29234	60039	1341	1146	2487
45-49	164	369	270	8815	9403	18219	305	348	653
50-59	263	403	331	15742	14801	30543	582	617	1199
60-64	340	486	410	4524	4167	8691	188	188	376
65-69	483	397	441	3085	2951	6036	139	140	279
45-69	268	403	335	32167	31322	63489	1214	1293	2507
70 & above	438	396	417	5710	5558	11269	268	272	540
60 & above	415	426	420	13320	12676	25996	595	600	1195
all	147	214	179	132499	124412	256910	5416	5507	10923

Table 6U: Proportion of persons ailing during the last 15 days by age-group and gender

age-group	Urban								
	PAP			estd. no. of persons (00)			sample no. of persons		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
A & N Islands									
0-4	145	73	121	82	41	122	31	22	53
5-9	47	84	66	46	48	94	15	15	30
10-14	0	11	7	46	72	118	14	12	26
0-14	80	49	65	174	160	334	60	49	109
15-19	47	105	82	45	68	114	12	18	30
20-24	285	178	231	80	81	161	19	27	46
25-29	24	29	26	71	65	137	30	20	50
15-29	136	109	122	197	214	412	61	65	126
30-34	0	35	27	23	76	99	13	17	30
35-39	301	19	164	81	77	158	18	17	35
40-44	301	35	200	57	35	92	16	9	25
30-44	258	29	134	161	188	349	47	43	90
45-49	163	601	380	57	55	112	12	19	31
50-59	329	94	268	101	36	136	19	11	30
60-64	1000	675	727	1	3	3	1	3	4
65-69	532	1000	748	5	5	10	7	4	11
45-69	280	438	340	163	98	261	39	37	76
70 & above	1000	743	909	4	2	6	3	3	6
60 & above	741	847	794	10	9	19	11	10	21
all	189	122	156	698	664	1362	210	197	407
Chandigarh									
0-4	145	355	276	227	382	609	30	39	69
5-9	310	31	249	476	132	608	29	26	55
10-14	123	2	58	713	836	1550	33	19	52
0-14	189	105	148	1416	1350	2766	92	84	176
15-19	0	169	99	346	495	840	20	24	44
20-24	21	57	36	255	188	443	22	25	47
25-29	104	89	100	557	170	727	37	32	69
15-29	54	128	86	1158	852	2011	79	81	160
30-34	24	328	164	320	275	595	32	21	53
35-39	4	10	7	466	340	806	19	20	39
40-44	13	57	36	502	563	1065	20	20	40
30-44	13	107	58	1289	1178	2467	71	61	132
45-49	476	642	487	417	29	446	16	10	26
50-59	23	335	141	122	74	195	12	16	28
60-64	391	311	326	12	51	63	5	9	14
65-69	382	605	396	89	6	94	8	3	11
45-69	375	393	379	639	160	799	41	38	79
70 & above	764	530	546	10	138	149	6	10	16
60 & above	419	475	454	111	195	306	19	22	41
all	132	139	135	4512	3679	8191	289	274	563

Table 6U: Proportion of persons ailing during the last 15 days by age-group and gender

age-group	Urban								
	PAP			estd. no. of persons (00)			sample no. of persons		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Dadra & N. Haveli									
0-4	55	439	151	57	19	76	17	14	31
5-9	29	10	18	57	80	137	16	14	30
10-14	10	0	5	72	71	143	10	14	24
0-14	30	54	41	186	171	357	43	42	85
15-19	0	40	24	46	70	116	7	16	23
20-24	0	226	211	5	66	71	7	17	24
25-29	16	0	14	110	18	128	19	15	34
15-29	11	115	62	161	154	315	33	48	81
30-34	22	11	17	129	117	246	18	15	33
35-39	18	906	547	53	78	131	12	13	25
40-44	457	87	397	94	18	112	14	3	17
30-44	169	346	246	276	213	489	44	31	75
45-49	0	1000	32	41	1	42	2	1	3
50-59	9	0	6	57	32	89	4	5	9
60-64	1000	355	855	13	4	17	2	4	6
65-69	1000	465	909	30	6	36	2	4	6
45-69	310	127	267	140	44	184	10	14	24
70 & above	379	955	856	5	22	26	3	2	5
60 & above	941	788	880	48	32	79	7	10	17
all	129	211	165	768	603	1371	133	137	270
Daman & Diu									
0-4	99	243	170	51	50	101	21	12	33
5-9	0	0	0	102	29	131	8	6	14
10-14	0	0	0	29	7	37	8	5	13
0-14	28	140	64	182	86	268	37	23	60
15-19	0	135	80	83	122	205	12	11	23
20-24	11	6	9	208	155	363	19	23	42
25-29	7	358	147	168	111	280	15	9	24
15-29	8	147	72	459	388	847	46	43	89
30-34	31	239	57	178	25	204	16	9	25
35-39	222	887	385	91	30	120	9	4	13
40-44	40	911	428	152	122	273	4	7	11
30-44	75	811	293	421	176	597	29	20	49
45-49	0	149	47	45	21	66	8	6	14
50-59	48	651	558	26	143	169	10	11	21
60-64	0	832	113	20	3	23	1	2	3
65-69	1000	874	922	3	4	7	1	4	5
45-69	42	598	402	94	172	265	20	23	43
70 & above	0	509	281	38	47	85	2	6	8
60 & above	43	557	285	61	54	115	4	12	16
all	37	390	186	1194	869	2063	134	115	249

Table 6U: Proportion of persons ailing during the last 15 days by age-group and gender

age-group	Urban								
	PAP			estd. no. of persons (00)			sample no. of persons		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Lakshadweep									
0-4	51	86	67	27	23	50	25	19	44
5-9	200	409	274	28	16	44	22	19	41
10-14	173	27	119	27	16	43	27	16	43
0-14	142	161	150	83	54	137	74	54	128
15-19	99	24	60	24	26	50	22	27	49
20-24	17	232	90	49	25	73	23	24	47
25-29	280	76	185	23	20	43	21	14	35
15-29	101	112	105	96	71	166	66	65	131
30-34	420	426	423	25	22	46	13	13	26
35-39	84	578	343	14	15	29	13	21	34
40-44	144	415	249	25	16	41	22	17	39
30-44	237	467	341	64	53	117	48	51	99
45-49	260	543	424	8	11	19	10	10	20
50-59	283	413	355	15	18	33	10	13	23
60-64	55	755	306	12	7	19	6	6	12
65-69	916	617	841	3	1	4	5	3	8
45-69	260	520	388	38	37	75	31	32	63
70 & above	420	87	282	10	7	17	9	3	12
60 & above	309	431	354	26	15	40	20	12	32
all	174	276	219	290	222	512	228	205	433
Puducherry									
0-4	81	72	77	152	152	304	46	43	89
5-9	146	367	189	286	68	354	31	16	47
10-14	287	42	153	334	408	742	29	41	70
0-14	194	85	145	772	628	1400	106	100	206
15-19	94	95	95	354	368	722	29	32	61
20-24	5	87	35	366	211	577	24	32	56
25-29	0	49	31	184	312	496	23	47	70
15-29	39	77	58	904	891	1795	76	111	187
30-34	135	133	134	385	406	791	45	39	84
35-39	235	24	106	204	324	528	27	36	63
40-44	550	137	391	284	179	463	29	26	55
30-44	293	95	192	873	909	1782	101	101	202
45-49	384	393	388	307	280	586	29	25	54
50-59	346	422	390	408	561	969	31	49	80
60-64	340	448	386	149	112	261	20	16	36
65-69	774	581	648	77	145	222	9	14	23
45-69	392	438	417	941	1098	2039	89	104	193
70 & above	446	676	591	94	161	255	15	16	31
60 & above	476	582	536	320	418	738	44	46	90
all	238	216	227	3584	3687	7271	387	432	819

Table 6U: Proportion of persons ailing during the last 15 days by age-group and gender

age-group	Urban								
	PAP			estd. no. of persons (00)			sample no. of persons		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
All-India									
0-4	111	117	114	131450	124479	255929	8751	8130	16881
5-9	87	71	80	147834	128737	276571	5898	5355	11253
10-14	57	53	56	167363	144614	311977	5861	5299	11160
0-14	83	79	81	446647	397830	844477	20510	18784	39294
15-19	37	63	49	167052	132179	299231	6001	5389	11390
20-24	37	46	41	163436	153443	316879	6522	7749	14271
25-29	39	69	53	164234	145356	309590	7139	7649	14788
15-29	38	59	48	494723	430978	925700	19662	20787	40449
30-34	48	80	64	152840	145212	298052	6803	5822	12625
35-39	71	139	105	134319	136802	271121	5326	4650	9976
40-44	100	166	133	118790	117594	236384	4111	4016	8127
30-44	71	126	98	405949	399608	805557	16240	14488	30728
45-49	135	188	160	106241	93095	199336	3833	3856	7689
50-59	199	270	235	155457	157531	312988	6428	6717	13145
60-64	324	375	350	50005	53494	103499	2060	2242	4302
65-69	340	384	362	36612	37357	73969	1648	1618	3266
45-69	212	277	244	348314	341478	689792	13969	14433	28402
70 & above	376	371	373	48110	47836	95946	2327	2331	4658
60 & above	347	376	362	134727	138687	273414	6035	6191	12226
all	101	135	118	1743743	1617730	3361473	72708	70823	143531

Table 7R: Per thousand distribution of persons by coverage of scheme of health expenditure support for different States and UTs

State/UT	Sex: All						Rural	
	per 1000 number of persons having coverage of scheme of health expenditure support						no. of persons	
	not covered	government funded insurance scheme	employer supported health protection	arranged by hh with insurance companies	others	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	303	694	2	0	0	1000	336261	5482
Arunachal Pradesh	958	29	7	1	5	1000	9907	1942
Assam	980	6	12	1	0	1000	258350	8757
Bihar	935	57	8	0	0	1000	849932	11638
Chhattisgarh	598	397	5	0	0	1000	201314	3524
Delhi	971	19	1	10	0	1000	5211	366
Goa	937	62	1	0	0	1000	5849	470
Gujarat	880	96	1	24	0	1000	301786	8082
Haryana	977	20	2	1	0	1000	157175	4152
Himachal Pradesh	912	71	8	7	4	1000	59992	3552
Jammu & Kashmir	927	36	36	1	0	1000	78273	4003
Jharkhand	969	25	6	0	0	1000	236827	4884
Karnataka	927	45	16	3	9	1000	368942	7824
Kerala	572	388	26	12	2	1000	179072	5484
Madhya Pradesh	997	3	0	0	0	1000	491909	10416
Maharashtra	982	12	3	3	0	1000	572664	14072
Manipur	996	2	0	0	1	1000	16946	4002
Meghalaya	818	129	53	0	0	1000	24643	2931
Mizoram	263	705	31	0	0	1000	4988	1924
Nagaland	736	261	4	0	0	1000	12631	1650
Odisha	779	212	6	3	1	1000	340257	8186
Punjab	964	24	11	0	0	1000	164502	4044
Rajasthan	777	223	0	0	0	1000	466751	9645
Sikkim	999	1	0	0	0	1000	3727	1343
Tamil Nadu	807	184	4	5	0	1000	353918	8237
Telangana	265	729	5	1	0	1000	187718	3317
Tripura	860	127	7	5	1	1000	27894	3608
Uttarakhand	963	30	6	1	0	1000	1466977	29924
Uttar Pradesh	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	62858	1756
West Bengal	846	146	4	4	0	1000	592332	11860
A & N Islands	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	2828	827
Chandigarh	978	2	20	0	0	1000	318	311
Dadra & N. Haveli	787	206	4	3	0	1000	1594	371
Daman & Diu	882	104	0	14	0	1000	350	288
Lakshadweep	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	112	403
Puducherry	903	95	2	0	0	1000	4735	298
All-India	859	131	6	3	1	1000	7849544	189573

Table 7U: Per thousand distribution of persons by coverage of scheme of health expenditure support for different States and UTs

State/UT	Sex: All						Urban	
	per 1000 number of persons having coverage of scheme of health expenditure support						no. of persons	
	not covered	government funded insurance scheme	employer supported health protection	arranged by hh with insurance companies	others	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	495	470	16	13	5	1000	147020	5154
Arunachal Pradesh	882	43	20	28	25	1000	1874	1052
Assam	929	53	8	10	0	1000	34262	2654
Bihar	966	24	3	1	6	1000	97336	5958
Chhattisgarh	650	346	3	1	0	1000	44420	2502
Delhi	827	89	19	64	0	1000	104445	5058
Goa	821	178	0	0	0	1000	8874	446
Gujarat	828	36	15	121	0	1000	215306	7129
Haryana	844	73	10	73	0	1000	83990	3888
Himachal Pradesh	864	130	1	4	1	1000	6504	840
Jammu & Kashmir	888	47	14	45	6	1000	20298	2785
Jharkhand	941	21	38	0	0	1000	70638	3434
Karnataka	842	63	66	21	8	1000	226697	6903
Kerala	644	295	18	39	4	1000	146483	5745
Madhya Pradesh	947	38	8	6	1	1000	180096	8715
Maharashtra	855	48	27	69	1	1000	427758	13052
Manipur	992	8	0	0	0	1000	8063	3185
Meghalaya	682	230	77	6	5	1000	5160	1449
Mizoram	258	738	1	1	2	1000	4170	1940
Nagaland	693	306	1	0	0	1000	3812	1001
Odisha	869	87	29	16	0	1000	63230	3390
Punjab	910	47	36	6	0	1000	97927	3753
Rajasthan	764	226	7	2	0	1000	175527	7010
Sikkim	858	106	35	1	0	1000	920	757
Tamil Nadu	756	171	35	36	3	1000	347074	7853
Telangana	595	337	54	14	1	1000	112331	3265
Tripura	919	64	7	0	10	1000	7351	2369
Uttarakhand	942	43	11	3	1	1000	424341	17159
Uttar Pradesh	986	10	1	4	0	1000	17886	1421
West Bengal	800	110	32	57	1	1000	256910	10923
A & N Islands	990	9	0	0	1	1000	1362	407
Chandigarh	876	88	22	4	11	1000	8191	563
Dadra & N. Haveli	880	1	113	6	0	1000	1371	270
Daman & Diu	854	0	0	146	0	1000	2063	249
Lakshadweep	991	9	0	0	0	1000	512	433
Puducherry	968	18	3	11	0	1000	7271	819
All-India	820	120	24	35	2	1000	3361473	143531

Table 8: Age-group wise cases of hospitalisation (EC) reported per 1000 persons during the last 365 days

age-group	per 1000 number of hospitalisation cases during last 365 days								
	rural			urban			all		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
0-4	38	22	31	51	39	45	42	27	34
5-9	15	10	13	20	17	19	17	12	14
10-14	16	11	14	17	18	17	16	13	15
0-14	23	14	19	28	24	26	24	17	21
15-19	19	18	18	17	21	19	18	19	19
20-24	23	42	32	22	34	28	23	39	30
25-29	19	41	29	22	37	28	20	40	29
15-29	20	32	26	20	31	25	20	32	26
30-34	22	35	28	29	34	32	24	35	30
35-39	28	40	34	30	47	38	28	43	36
40-44	40	38	39	41	47	44	41	41	41
30-44	30	38	34	33	43	38	31	39	35
45-49	45	50	47	57	65	61	49	55	52
50-54	57	51	54	62	68	65	59	57	58
55-59	55	55	55	77	72	74	62	60	61
45-59	52	52	52	65	68	66	56	57	57
60+	106	93	99	142	125	133	117	103	110
all	34	36	35	41	46	44	36	39	38
estd. no. Of hosp. cases (00)	136249	133893	270143	72526	73448	145974	208775	207341	416117
sample no. of hosp. cases	11991	11048	23039	10021	9809	19830	22012	20857	42869

Table 9R-M: Per thousand distribution of hospitalised cases (EC) over broad age groups in selected States for each gender: Male, rural

State /UT	Sex: Male								Rural	
	per 1000 no. of hospitalised cases in age group								cases of hospitalisation	
	0 - 14	15-29	30-44	45-59	60-69	70+	60+	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh	186	134	260	204	128	89	217	1000	10340	524
Arunachal Pradesh	252	167	164	128	54	235	289	1000	154	91
Assam	245	159	179	183	165	70	235	1000	1797	384
Bihar	242	179	249	145	83	102	185	1000	8499	586
Chhattisgarh	211	215	104	127	135	207	342	1000	2583	194
Delhi	416	330	17	22	121	94	215	1000	32	17
Goa	242	50	54	195	312	146	458	1000	132	42
Gujarat	217	122	137	298	138	88	226	1000	5839	534
Haryana	253	96	142	250	126	131	258	1000	2605	274
Himachal Pradesh	101	196	150	226	138	190	328	1000	1403	242
Jammu & Kashmir	85	156	350	152	154	103	257	1000	1008	194
Jharkhand	254	245	125	130	222	24	246	1000	1989	207
Karnataka	209	144	163	235	118	131	249	1000	8578	573
Kerala	176	96	173	187	168	201	369	1000	12562	622
Madhya Pradesh	251	114	191	286	106	51	157	1000	6329	610
Maharashtra	287	161	135	207	102	108	210	1000	13904	1045
Manipur	503	118	106	172	63	37	100	1000	200	205
Meghalaya	493	253	93	53	63	45	108	1000	153	96
Mizoram	221	283	185	200	95	16	111	1000	55	94
Nagaland	383	202	42	198	58	117	175	1000	87	91
Odisha	199	204	205	212	87	94	181	1000	5523	541
Punjab	133	131	192	253	155	136	291	1000	2564	268
Rajasthan	236	240	118	177	109	119	228	1000	7083	576
Sikkim	198	233	181	133	94	160	255	1000	27	89
Tamil Nadu	127	103	191	306	135	138	272	1000	9337	701
Telangana	195	184	185	266	97	72	170	1000	3930	256
Tripura	281	105	227	246	72	68	141	1000	691	268
Uttar Pradesh	252	216	139	155	116	122	238	1000	15879	1511
Uttarakhand	113	208	129	304	56	188	245	1000	699	78
West Bengal	178	162	178	286	120	76	196	1000	11979	876
A & N Islands	512	86	118	121	86	76	162	1000	97	70
Chandigarh	243	306	58	59	295	39	333	1000	4	30
Dadra & N. Havely	424	357	179	41	0	0	0	1000	51	30
Daman & Diu	225	353	53	298	0	72	72	1000	11	21
Lakshadweep	176	138	81	441	164	0	164	1000	2	22
Puducherry	33	60	435	339	104	29	133	1000	124	29
All-India	213	159	174	217	122	114	236	1000	136249	11991
estd. hosp. cases (00)	29071	21654	23763	29584	16584	15594	32178	136249	-	-
samp hosp. cases	2657	1876	2123	2582	1523	1230	2753	11991	-	-

Table 9R-F: Per thousand distribution of hospitalised cases (EC) over broad age groups in selected States for each gender: Female, rural

State /UT	Sex: Female								Rural	
	per 1000 no. of hospitalised cases in age group								cases of hospitalisation	
	0 - 14	15-29	30-44	45-59	60-69	70+	60+	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh	118	216	247	222	146	49	196	1000	8014	376
Arunachal Pradesh	231	189	307	74	82	116	198	1000	149	100
Assam	152	243	308	200	60	37	97	1000	1548	350
Bihar	131	371	275	131	61	31	92	1000	9652	615
Chhattisgarh	68	214	274	97	310	37	347	1000	2361	165
Delhi	326	105	275	95	0	199	199	1000	21	15
Goa	48	122	88	224	219	299	518	1000	120	31
Gujarat	128	206	215	241	131	79	210	1000	5203	479
Haryana	77	216	275	234	117	82	199	1000	2241	224
Himachal Pradesh	73	177	215	313	139	82	221	1000	1752	268
Jammu & Kashmir	35	229	268	358	68	41	109	1000	1087	211
Jharkhand	111	221	365	216	52	35	87	1000	1867	193
Karnataka	142	184	205	269	126	74	200	1000	7758	502
Kerala	109	148	109	217	162	254	417	1000	11808	598
Madhya Pradesh	93	211	255	229	115	96	212	1000	6776	548
Maharashtra	130	188	211	200	161	109	270	1000	11305	840
Manipur	279	107	287	216	58	51	110	1000	201	195
Meghalaya	153	284	354	96	19	94	113	1000	137	110
Mizoram	189	382	174	132	83	39	122	1000	64	105
Nagaland	315	260	87	204	134	0	134	1000	79	81
Odisha	114	182	252	206	107	138	246	1000	5971	502
Punjab	62	169	212	263	163	131	295	1000	3200	244
Rajasthan	111	165	231	241	119	134	252	1000	7407	508
Sikkim	69	218	338	232	97	47	144	1000	46	111
Tamil Nadu	85	147	216	249	240	62	302	1000	9690	668
Telangana	218	251	174	214	119	25	144	1000	3424	212
Tripura	161	223	272	223	80	41	121	1000	630	275
Uttar Pradesh	89	349	245	160	83	74	157	1000	18663	1469
Uttarakhand	62	215	358	278	53	34	87	1000	528	87
West Bengal	177	242	214	259	71	37	108	1000	11988	813
A & N Islands	139	139	271	171	264	16	280	1000	53	64
Chandigarh	46	744	119	92	0	0	0	1000	3	20
Dadra & N.Havelly	302	107	234	33	324	0	324	1000	21	15
Daman & Diu	213	279	58	242	208	0	208	1000	6	23
Lakshadweep	209	185	222	268	116	0	116	1000	2	14
Puducherry	69	340	222	123	228	17	245	1000	119	17
All-India	117	228	225	214	126	90	215	1000	133893	11048
estd. hosp. cases(00)	15679	30470	30173	28719	16828	12024	28852	133893	-	-
samp hosp. cases	1475	2451	2645	2454	1195	828	2023	11048	-	-

Table 9R-A: Per thousand distribution of hospitalised cases (EC) over broad age groups in selected States for each gender: all, rural

State /UT	Sex: all								Rural	
	per 1000 no. of hospitalised cases in age group								cases of hospitalisation	
	0 - 14	15-29	30-44	45-59	60-69	70+	60+	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh	156	170	254	212	136	72	208	1000	18354	900
Arunachal Pradesh	242	178	234	102	68	176	244	1000	303	191
Assam	202	198	239	191	116	55	171	1000	3345	734
Bihar	183	281	263	138	72	64	136	1000	18150	1201
Chhattisgarh	143	215	185	113	219	126	345	1000	4944	359
Delhi	380	240	120	51	73	136	208	1000	53	32
Goa	150	85	70	209	268	219	487	1000	252	73
Gujarat	175	162	174	271	135	83	218	1000	11041	1013
Haryana	172	152	204	243	122	109	231	1000	4846	498
Himachal Pradesh	86	185	186	275	139	130	269	1000	3156	510
Jammu & Kashmir	59	194	307	259	110	71	181	1000	2095	405
Jharkhand	185	233	241	171	140	30	169	1000	3856	400
Karnataka	177	163	183	251	122	104	226	1000	16336	1075
Kerala	144	121	142	201	165	227	392	1000	24370	1220
Madhya Pradesh	170	164	224	257	111	74	185	1000	13105	1158
Maharashtra	217	173	169	204	128	108	237	1000	25209	1885
Manipur	391	113	197	194	61	44	105	1000	401	400
Meghalaya	333	268	216	73	42	68	110	1000	290	206
Mizoram	204	337	179	163	89	29	117	1000	119	199
Nagaland	350	229	64	201	94	61	156	1000	166	172
Odisha	155	193	229	209	98	117	215	1000	11493	1043
Punjab	93	152	203	259	159	134	293	1000	5764	512
Rajasthan	172	202	176	210	114	126	240	1000	14490	1084
Sikkim	117	223	280	195	96	89	185	1000	73	200
Tamil Nadu	106	126	204	277	188	99	288	1000	19027	1369
Telangana	206	215	180	242	107	50	157	1000	7353	468
Tripura	224	162	248	235	76	55	131	1000	1321	543
Uttar Pradesh	164	288	196	158	98	96	194	1000	34542	2980
Uttarakhand	91	211	228	293	55	122	177	1000	1227	165
West Bengal	177	202	196	272	96	56	152	1000	23967	1689
A & N Islands	380	105	172	139	149	55	204	1000	150	134
Chandigarh	161	489	83	73	172	23	194	1000	7	50
Dadra & N. Havely	389	284	195	38	94	0	94	1000	72	45
Daman & Diu	221	325	55	277	78	45	123	1000	17	44
Lakshadweep	189	156	136	373	145	0	145	1000	4	36
Puducherry	51	197	331	233	165	23	187	1000	244	46
All-India	166	193	200	216	124	102	226	1000	270143	23039
estd. hosp. cases(00)	44749	52125	53936	58303	33411	27619	61030	270143	-	-
samp hosp. cases	4132	4327	4768	5036	2718	2058	4776	23039	-	-

Table 9U-M: Per thousand distribution of hospitalised cases (EC) over broad age groups in selected States for each gender: Male, urban

State /UT	Sex: Male								Urban	
	per 1000 no. of hospitalised cases in age group								cases of hospitalisation	
	0 - 14	15-29	30-44	45-59	60-69	70+	60+	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh	157	95	172	260	163	153	316	1000	4346	478
Arunachal Pradesh	241	336	267	92	53	11	64	1000	34	69
Assam	118	106	139	388	52	198	249	1000	378	161
Bihar	223	96	237	155	148	142	290	1000	1017	296
Chhattisgarh	175	226	81	180	244	94	337	1000	924	174
Delhi	161	261	201	176	80	121	201	1000	1723	336
Goa	215	93	202	232	164	93	256	1000	195	36
Gujarat	160	167	216	207	124	127	251	1000	4693	532
Haryana	272	104	99	412	42	71	113	1000	2058	247
Himachal Pradesh	170	127	152	340	124	88	211	1000	82	59
Jammu & Kashmir	178	110	120	198	232	161	393	1000	225	125
Jharkhand	205	271	144	217	69	94	163	1000	827	204
Karnataka	228	124	212	268	115	53	168	1000	4625	505
Kerala	138	137	112	298	171	144	315	1000	7053	523
Madhya Pradesh	166	141	169	245	141	138	279	1000	3167	583
Maharashtra	223	146	182	185	120	145	265	1000	8376	978
Manipur	389	107	129	110	132	133	265	1000	79	159
Meghalaya	203	184	67	447	37	61	98	1000	59	68
Mizoram	316	129	252	195	64	44	108	1000	44	93
Nagaland	225	270	220	173	109	4	113	1000	29	60
Odisha	131	188	186	248	113	134	247	1000	1597	282
Punjab	153	154	280	198	129	86	215	1000	1700	263
Rajasthan	139	161	151	217	124	208	332	1000	2939	428
Sikkim	174	194	204	191	63	174	237	1000	12	57
Tamil Nadu	143	97	243	226	151	139	291	1000	10480	717
Telangana	171	138	176	277	142	96	238	1000	1962	239
Tripura	169	98	168	327	176	61	237	1000	199	200
Uttar Pradesh	216	180	177	200	121	106	227	1000	6545	972
Uttarakhand	102	87	145	203	220	243	463	1000	207	80
West Bengal	108	116	182	221	194	179	372	1000	6497	851
A & N Islands	307	137	161	169	127	99	225	1000	48	49
Chandigarh	257	212	194	215	74	47	121	1000	97	37
Dadra & N. Havely	259	0	273	27	390	51	441	1000	34	22
Daman & Diu	543	192	102	102	0	61	61	1000	44	28
Lakshadweep	150	40	191	99	85	434	519	1000	24	36
Puducherry	293	107	182	270	54	93	148	1000	209	74
All-India	172	139	184	234	139	132	271	1000	72526	10021
estd. hosp. cases (00)	12488	10088	13348	16967	10068	9566	19634	72526	-	-
samp hosp. cases	1941	1431	1769	2361	1309	1210	2519	10021	-	-

Table 9U-F: Per thousand distribution of hospitalised cases (EC) over broad age groups in selected States for each gender: Female, urban

State /UT	Sex: Female								Urban	
	per 1000 no. of hospitalised cases in age group								cases of hospitalisation	
	0 - 14	15-29	30-44	45-59	60-69	70+	60+	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh	168	208	184	226	116	98	214	1000	3354	428
Arunachal Pradesh	114	338	351	167	27	3	30	1000	30	57
Assam	65	122	297	308	102	107	208	1000	436	130
Bihar	36	281	429	141	75	39	114	1000	1125	305
Chhattisgarh	118	329	148	246	70	89	159	1000	484	160
Delhi	104	162	256	307	96	74	170	1000	1270	271
Goa	116	116	207	199	160	201	362	1000	104	25
Gujarat	116	200	232	198	141	112	253	1000	4459	514
Haryana	123	199	266	185	124	104	228	1000	1432	240
Himachal Pradesh	90	261	394	131	54	70	124	1000	115	81
Jammu & Kashmir	80	155	297	221	81	166	247	1000	295	167
Jharkhand	65	154	347	204	139	91	230	1000	1055	206
Karnataka	145	196	215	169	124	151	276	1000	5278	524
Kerala	107	92	215	234	155	198	352	1000	9069	649
Madhya Pradesh	102	228	286	183	104	97	201	1000	3354	561
Maharashtra	157	147	181	249	169	97	266	1000	8454	841
Manipur	235	155	221	238	63	89	152	1000	78	166
Meghalaya	164	134	105	143	336	118	454	1000	61	75
Mizoram	192	183	165	226	111	123	234	1000	68	118
Nagaland	188	225	204	304	64	15	79	1000	33	62
Odisha	131	84	345	231	97	112	208	1000	1187	210
Punjab	67	264	201	223	117	128	245	1000	1604	225
Rajasthan	167	239	219	174	100	101	201	1000	2962	398
Sikkim	147	152	277	159	237	29	266	1000	15	67
Tamil Nadu	119	117	217	296	133	117	250	1000	9914	732
Telangana	134	138	130	472	102	25	126	1000	2449	205
Tripura	159	274	161	201	56	148	204	1000	152	169
Uttar Pradesh	161	202	283	206	98	50	148	1000	8040	1024
Uttarakhand	66	313	217	113	87	203	291	1000	298	108
West Bengal	145	163	194	227	108	163	271	1000	5756	848
A & N Islands	199	74	408	180	112	26	138	1000	57	52
Chandigarh	378	209	72	55	134	151	285	1000	118	41
Dadra & N. Havely	220	320	267	52	141	0	141	1000	26	23
Daman & Diu	187	94	585	12	104	19	122	1000	87	27
Lakshadweep	216	200	189	269	57	68	125	1000	24	40
Puducherry	128	196	145	270	194	67	261	1000	208	60
All-India	131	168	227	234	126	115	241	1000	73448	9809
estd. hosp. cases (00)	9634	12305	16647	17166	9237	8460	17697	73448	-	-
samp hosp. cases	1281	1865	2201	2229	1163	1070	2233	9809	-	-

Table 9U-A: Per thousand distribution of hospitalised cases (EC) over broad age groups in selected States for each gender: all, urban

State /UT	Sex: all								Urban	
	per 1000 no. of hospitalised cases in age group								cases of hospitalisation	
	0 - 14	15-29	30-44	45-59	60-69	70+	60+	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh	162	144	177	246	142	129	271	1000	7699	906
Arunachal Pradesh	182	337	306	127	41	7	48	1000	64	126
Assam	89	115	224	345	79	149	227	1000	814	291
Bihar	125	193	338	147	110	88	198	1000	2142	601
Chhattisgarh	156	262	104	203	184	92	276	1000	1408	334
Delhi	137	219	224	232	87	101	188	1000	2993	607
Goa	181	101	204	221	163	130	293	1000	299	61
Gujarat	139	183	224	203	133	119	252	1000	9152	1046
Haryana	211	143	167	319	76	84	160	1000	3490	487
Himachal Pradesh	123	206	293	218	83	77	160	1000	197	140
Jammu & Kashmir	123	136	220	211	146	164	310	1000	520	292
Jharkhand	127	205	258	210	108	92	201	1000	1883	410
Karnataka	184	162	214	215	120	105	225	1000	9903	1029
Kerala	120	111	170	262	162	174	336	1000	16122	1172
Madhya Pradesh	133	186	229	213	122	117	239	1000	6521	1144
Maharashtra	190	146	182	217	145	121	265	1000	16830	1819
Manipur	313	131	175	173	98	111	209	1000	156	325
Meghalaya	183	159	87	292	190	90	279	1000	120	143
Mizoram	241	162	199	214	92	92	184	1000	112	211
Nagaland	205	246	212	242	85	10	95	1000	62	122
Odisha	131	144	254	241	106	124	231	1000	2785	492
Punjab	111	207	242	210	123	107	230	1000	3305	488
Rajasthan	153	200	185	196	112	154	266	1000	5901	826
Sikkim	159	171	244	173	159	94	253	1000	26	124
Tamil Nadu	132	107	230	260	142	129	271	1000	20394	1449
Telangana	150	138	150	385	120	56	176	1000	4410	444
Tripura	165	174	165	273	124	99	223	1000	351	369
Uttar Pradesh	185	192	235	203	108	75	184	1000	14585	1996
Uttarakhand	81	220	188	150	142	220	362	1000	505	188
West Bengal	126	138	188	224	153	171	325	1000	12252	1699
A & N Islands	249	103	295	175	119	59	178	1000	105	101
Chandigarh	323	210	128	128	107	104	211	1000	215	78
Dadra & N. Havely	242	139	270	38	282	29	311	1000	60	45
Daman & Diu	306	127	423	42	69	33	102	1000	130	55
Lakshadweep	183	121	190	185	71	250	321	1000	48	76
Puducherry	211	151	164	270	124	80	204	1000	417	134
All-India	152	153	205	234	132	123	256	1000	145974	19830
estd. hosp. cases (00)	22123	22393	29995	34133	19305	18026	37330	145974		
samp hosp. cases	3222	3296	3970	4590	2472	2280	4752	19830		

Table 10: Per thousand distribution of hospitalised cases (EC) over detailed ailment types, separately for each gender and sector

detailed ailment type (1)	All-India per 1000 no. of hospitalised cases in								
	rural			urban			all		
	male (2)	female (3)	all (4)	male (5)	female (6)	all (7)	male (8)	female (9)	all (10)
Fever with loss of consciousness	15	14	15	13	15	14	15	15	15
Fever with rash/ eruptive lesions	4	8	6	4	3	3	4	6	5
Fever due to diphtheria, whooping cough	10	5	8	8	6	7	9	6	7
All other fevers	160	144	152	147	151	149	156	146	151
tuberculosis	18	12	15	16	6	11	17	10	14
Filariasis	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1
Tetanus	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0
HIV/AIDS	2	3	3	0	0	0	1	2	2
Other sexually transmitted diseases	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Jaundice	23	12	18	30	14	22	26	13	19
Diarrheas / dysentery	33	33	33	33	35	34	33	33	33
Worms infestation	3	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	2
Infection	271	235	253	253	232	243	265	234	249
Cancers	18	27	22	24	27	26	20	27	24
Anaemia (any cause)	12	18	15	8	17	13	11	18	14
Bleeding disorders	4	7	6	4	4	4	4	6	5
Blood diseases	17	26	21	12	21	17	15	24	19
Diabetes	14	17	16	22	32	27	17	23	20
Under-nutrition	2	2	2	0	1	1	1	2	2
Goitre and other thyroid diseases	3	7	5	2	6	4	3	7	5
Others (incl. obesity)	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Endocrine, metabolic, nutritional	19	27	23	26	40	33	22	32	27
Mental retardation	4	2	3	3	2	2	3	2	3
Mental disorders	7	7	7	11	5	8	8	6	7
Headache	6	11	8	5	9	7	5	10	8
Seizures or known epilepsy	8	5	6	10	9	9	9	6	7
Weakness in limb muscles and movements difficulty	13	13	13	12	12	12	13	12	13
Stroke/ hemiplegia / loss of speech in half of body	19	16	18	26	13	20	22	15	19

Table 10: Per thousand distribution of hospitalised cases (EC) over detailed ailment types, separately for each gender and sector

detailed ailment type (1)	All-India per 1000 no. of hospitalised cases in								
	rural			urban			all		
	male (2)	female (3)	all (4)	male (5)	female (6)	all (7)	male (8)	female (9)	all (10)
Others incl. memory loss	3	3	3	6	4	5	4	3	3
Psychiatric & neurological	59	56	58	73	54	64	64	56	60
Discomfort/pain in the eye with redness or swellings/ boils	3	3	3	2	4	3	3	4	3
Cataract	30	41	35	23	39	31	27	41	34
Glaucoma	3	4	3	2	1	2	2	3	3
Decreased vision (chronic) NOT incl. where decreased vision is corrected with glasses	3	2	3	2	2	2	3	2	2
Others (incl. disorders of eye movements – strabismus, nystagmus, ptosis and adnexa)	4	3	3	4	2	3	4	2	3
Eye	43	54	48	33	48	41	39	52	46
Earache with discharge/bleeding from ear/ infections	3	4	3	5	4	4	3	4	4
Decreased/ loss of hearing	1	0	1	2	1	1	1	1	1
Ear	4	4	4	6	5	6	5	4	5
HYPERTENSION	29	25	27	27	41	34	29	31	30
Heart disease: Chest pain, breathlessness	61	45	53	94	60	77	72	50	61
Cardio-vascular	90	70	80	121	101	111	101	81	91
Acute upper respiratory infections	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Cough with sputum with or without fever and not TB	11	8	9	8	6	7	10	7	8
Bronchial asthma	32	28	30	35	30	33	33	29	31
Respiratory	54	48	51	55	48	51	55	48	51
Diseases of mouth/teeth/gums	1	2	1	2	5	3	1	3	2
Pain in abdomen: Gastric and peptic ulcers/ acid reflux/ acute abdomen	72	87	80	69	71	70	71	82	76
Lump or fluid in abdomen or scrotum	22	21	22	26	28	27	24	23	24
Gastrointestinal bleeding	10	4	7	10	5	7	10	4	7
Gastro-intestinal	105	114	110	108	109	108	106	112	109
Skin infection and other skin disease	9	8	9	8	12	10	9	9	9

Table 10: Per thousand distribution of hospitalised cases (EC) over detailed ailment types, separately for each gender and sector

detailed ailment type	All-India								
	per 1000 no. of hospitalised cases in								
	rural			urban			all		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Joint or bone disease/ pain or swelling in any of the joints/ swelling or pus from the bones	39	40	40	29	35	32	36	38	37
Back or body aches	6	13	10	13	10	11	8	12	10
Skin	45	53	49	42	45	44	44	50	47
Any difficulty/ abnormality in urination	45	17	31	43	35	39	44	24	34
Pain the pelvic region/reproductive tract infection/ Pain in male genital area	14	11	12	14	10	12	14	11	12
Change/irregularity/ excessive bleeding/pain in menstrual cycle & other gynaecological & andrological disorders incl. male/female infertility	1	40	20	2	43	23	1	41	21
Genito-Urinary	60	68	64	59	88	74	60	75	67
Pregnancy with complications before or during labour	0	95	47	0	53	27	0	80	40
Complications in mother after birth of child	0	10	5	0	10	5	0	10	5
Illness/ sick in the newborn	13	6	9	11	7	9	12	6	9
Obstetric	13	111	62	11	71	41	12	97	54
Accidental injury, road accidents	142	46	95	129	53	91	138	49	93
Accidental drowning & submersion	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Burns & corrosions	3	6	5	3	2	3	3	5	4
Poisoning	7	4	6	3	2	2	6	3	5
Intentional self-harm	2	2	2	0	0	0	1	1	1
Assault	3	1	2	2	1	1	3	1	2
Contact with venomous/harm-causing animals & plants	8	6	7	1	2	2	6	4	5
Injuries	167	66	117	139	60	99	157	64	111
others	25	32	29	29	37	33	27	34	30
All	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000

Table 11: Per thousand distribution of hospitalised cases (EC) over broad ailment categories for different age groups: all-India

broad ailment category	per 1000 no. of hospitalised cases in age group								cases of hospitalisation	
	0 - 14	15-29	30-44	45-59	60-69	70+	60+	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
	rural								all-India	
infections	479	260	230	209	166	119	144	253	68374	6260
cancers	9	7	28	34	34	23	29	22	6033	590
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	27	27	22	14	22	14	18	21	5678	479
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	15	7	18	33	35	44	39	23	6316	562
psychiatric & neurological	52	47	50	52	63	109	84	58	15597	1394
eye	9	6	10	72	147	95	124	48	12976	895
ear	5	5	5	3	2	1	2	4	1054	97
cardio-vascular	16	22	65	111	140	185	160	80	21624	1581
respiratory	74	22	19	57	68	102	83	51	13904	1194
gastro-intestinal	65	125	141	124	96	77	87	110	29587	2634
skin	14	4	10	7	6	12	9	9	2313	237
musculo-skeletal	21	22	55	73	79	50	66	49	13304	1097
genito-urinary	21	58	96	76	49	73	60	64	17240	1522
obstetric & neonatal	58	191	73	3	0	0	0	62	16641	1101
injuries	112	167	143	109	64	65	64	117	31698	2697
other	24	30	36	24	28	33	30	29	7804	699
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	270143	23039
	urban								all-India	
infections	526	327	211	177	114	106	110	243	35437	4830
cancers	6	6	19	36	61	30	46	26	3755	589
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	16	23	22	13	11	14	12	17	2430	384
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	10	5	23	47	62	52	57	33	4785	672
psychiatric & neurological	56	46	69	60	70	86	78	64	9281	1270
eye	20	4	10	57	108	61	86	41	5968	698
ear	9	5	7	8	1	0	0	6	826	86
cardio-vascular	15	33	64	161	192	222	206	111	16200	2105
respiratory	73	28	26	37	79	94	86	51	7504	1018
gastro-intestinal	77	136	143	110	79	82	80	108	15818	2231
skin	8	10	18	8	7	8	8	10	1491	166
musculo-skeletal	16	17	56	54	51	61	56	44	6358	882
genito-urinary	27	52	122	80	54	87	70	74	10771	1350
obstetric & neonatal	61	139	50	1	0	0	0	41	6005	911
injuries	57	131	117	108	93	72	83	99	14501	2016
other	22	37	42	43	17	26	22	33	4844	622
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	145974	19830

Table 12a: Per thousand distribution of hospitalisation cases (EC) during the last 365 days by type of hospital and type of ward, separately for each gender

gender	per 1000 no. of hospitalised cases by type of ward							cases of hospitalisation		
	public hospital			private hospital			all	estd. (00)	sample	
	free	paying general	paying special	free	paying general	paying special				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
rural										
male	290	60	6	29	464	151	1000	125544	11124	
female	346	58	4	29	445	118	1000	123816	10218	
all	318	59	5	29	454	135	1000	249360	21342	
estd. hosp. cases (00)	79264	14699	1256	7209	113258	33674	249360	-	-	
samp. hosp. cases	7769	1511	130	565	9032	2335	21342	-	-	
urban										
male	226	47	9	30	447	241	1000	65783	9195	
female	206	50	8	31	478	226	1000	66857	9036	
all	216	49	8	31	463	233	1000	132639	18231	
estd. hosp. cases (00)	28677	6454	1108	4057	61414	30929	132639	-	-	
samp. hosp. cases	5014	1047	175	448	7983	3564	18231	-	-	

Table 12b: Per thousand distribution of hospitalisation cases (EC) during the last 365 days by type of hospital and type of ward, separately for each quintile class of UMPCE

quintile class of UMPCE	per 1000 no. of hospitalised cases by type of ward							cases of hospitalisation	
	public hospital			private hospital			all	estd. (00)	sample
	free	paying general	paying special	free	paying general	paying special			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
rural									
01	430	104	6	30	385	44	1000	28483	2608
02	404	78	4	43	415	56	1000	35863	3340
03	381	49	6	27	469	68	1000	42677	3821
04	333	50	5	24	480	108	1000	55131	4749
05	205	47	5	27	469	247	1000	87206	6824
all	318	59	5	29	454	135	1000	249360	21342
estd. hosp. cases (00)	79264	14699	1256	7209	113258	33674	249360	-	-
samp. hosp. cases	7769	1511	130	565	9032	2335	21342	-	-
urban									
01	383	55	6	46	447	63	1000	17009	2901
02	302	71	4	29	468	127	1000	23503	3418
03	221	47	10	34	483	206	1000	26596	3848
04	189	40	11	32	478	250	1000	30326	3741
05	98	40	9	21	440	393	1000	35205	4323
all	216	49	8	31	463	233	1000	132639	18231
estd. hosp. cases (00)	28677	6454	1108	4057	61414	30929	132639	-	-
samp. hosp. cases	5014	1047	175	448	7983	3564	18231	-	-

Table 12c-R: Per thousand distribution of hospitalisation cases(EC) during the last 365 days by type of hospital and type of ward, separately for each State/UT: rural

State/UT	per 1000 no. of hospitalised cases by type of ward							cases of hospitalisation	
	public hospital			private hospital			all	estd. (00)	sample
	free	paying general	paying special	free	paying general	paying special			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Andhra Pradesh	160	7	0	47	544	242	1000	16223	797
Arunachal Pradesh	807	74	5	48	34	33	1000	301	189
Assam	461	423	13	20	59	24	1000	3248	713
Bihar	300	107	2	24	515	52	1000	17568	1159
Chhattisgarh	296	160	17	26	478	22	1000	4555	302
Delhi	329	218	0	0	398	55	1000	43	27
Goa	449	0	0	45	278	228	1000	225	63
Gujarat	111	55	2	30	614	189	1000	10098	905
Haryana	192	88	5	1	678	35	1000	4524	476
Himachal Pradesh	667	87	0	21	166	58	1000	3114	498
Jammu & Kashmir	902	31	6	1	43	17	1000	2091	404
Jharkhand	235	122	0	3	543	97	1000	3610	370
Karnataka	189	64	7	24	577	139	1000	16152	1060
Kerala	270	31	8	37	287	367	1000	22485	1114
Madhya Pradesh	429	65	2	20	424	61	1000	12026	1067
Maharashtra	125	37	4	24	635	174	1000	24417	1823
Manipur	851	32	5	5	91	16	1000	401	399
Meghalaya	813	64	0	5	114	4	1000	257	192
Mizoram	835	24	0	0	110	31	1000	118	197
Nagaland	519	208	5	6	182	81	1000	166	171
Odisha	730	72	9	6	155	28	1000	11291	1027
Punjab	174	108	2	40	550	126	1000	5556	495
Rajasthan	443	13	3	26	472	42	1000	12186	928
Sikkim	696	18	0	11	215	60	1000	69	194
Tamil Nadu	246	2	0	38	436	277	1000	13733	992
Telangana	192	15	2	72	563	156	1000	6583	428
Tripura	825	98	7	23	45	2	1000	1284	533
Uttar Pradesh	227	52	11	35	571	105	1000	33839	2913
Uttarakhand	454	48	0	0	467	31	1000	1213	161
West Bengal	677	78	5	23	197	22	1000	21722	1588
A & N Islands	121	0	0	0	361	518	1000	10	15
Chandigarh	47	738	20	0	157	38	1000	6	46
Dadra & N. Haveli	416	0	0	0	210	374	1000	35	18
Daman & Diu	12	0	0	0	439	549	1000	12	33
Lakshadweep	0	0	0	209	202	588	1000	1	14
Puducherry	149	0	0	338	513	0	1000	195	31
All-India	318	59	5	29	454	135	1000	249360	21342

Table 12c-U: Per thousand distribution of hospitalisation cases(EC) during the last 365 days by type of hospital and type of ward, separately for each State/UT: rural

State/UT	per 1000 no. of hospitalised cases by type of ward							cases of hospitalisation	
	public hospital			private hospital			all	estd. (00)	sample
	free	paying general	paying special	free	paying general	paying special			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Andhra Pradesh	146	4	0	50	454	344	1000	6759	786
Arunachal Pradesh	671	181	24	0	32	92	1000	64	125
Assam	278	212	20	3	365	123	1000	804	285
Bihar	219	118	6	28	514	116	1000	1990	568
Chhattisgarh	193	54	5	75	529	144	1000	1250	299
Delhi	359	61	5	18	400	156	1000	2652	532
Goa	591	0	25	0	249	134	1000	250	50
Gujarat	128	51	10	29	531	250	1000	8607	986
Haryana	119	23	5	7	758	88	1000	3319	454
Himachal Pradesh	384	310	16	52	201	37	1000	186	132
Jammu & Kashmir	790	64	0	2	88	56	1000	519	291
Jharkhand	176	118	1	58	565	81	1000	1546	379
Karnataka	110	45	14	26	571	234	1000	9616	998
Kerala	211	51	22	18	291	407	1000	14344	1069
Madhya Pradesh	309	35	20	27	482	126	1000	5871	1036
Maharashtra	144	33	3	19	564	237	1000	16156	1733
Manipur	728	39	19	1	214	0	1000	156	325
Meghalaya	302	30	27	0	261	380	1000	99	135
Mizoram	573	15	10	22	314	67	1000	111	210
Nagaland	277	96	26	7	412	183	1000	62	122
Odisha	464	84	17	17	297	121	1000	2648	477
Punjab	88	200	8	22	507	174	1000	3249	477
Rajasthan	443	26	15	11	412	93	1000	5171	732
Sikkim	500	27	28	0	359	85	1000	26	118
Tamil Nadu	138	1	2	48	404	407	1000	16503	1164
Telangana	157	6	0	34	634	169	1000	4076	407
Tripura	842	40	9	1	94	13	1000	349	368
Uttar Pradesh	197	65	3	69	493	172	1000	13369	1880
Uttarakhand	244	162	0	1	517	77	1000	488	181
West Bengal	428	77	6	12	389	88	1000	11727	1612
A & N Islands	233	0	0	0	574	193	1000	24	25
Chandigarh	219	612	23	0	94	52	1000	208	74
Dadra & N. Haveli	176	0	0	6	567	251	1000	58	43
Daman & Diu	56	0	0	0	464	480	1000	114	41
Lakshadweep	200	0	22	19	151	608	1000	19	31
Puducherry	241	47	81	21	322	287	1000	250	86
All-India	216	49	8	31	463	233	1000	132639	18231

Table 13a: Per thousand distribution of hospitalisation cases (EC) by nature of treatment received during hospitalisation, separately for each quintile class of MPCE and gender

all-India									
quintile class of UMPCE	per 1000 no. of hospitalised cases treated during hospitalisation by						cases of hospitalisation		
	allopathy	Indian system of medicine	homoeo-pathy	yoga & naturo-pathy	other sources	all	estd. (00)	sample	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	
rural									male
01	998	1	0	1	0	1000	15456	1468	
02	996	3	1	0	0	1000	18789	1802	
03	996	2	2	0	0	1000	23079	2142	
04	995	3	1	1	0	1000	30401	2703	
05	994	5	2	0	0	1000	48525	3876	
all	995	3	1	0	0	1000	136249	11991	
estd. hosp. cases (00)	135611	431	150	57	2	136249	-	-	
samp. hosp. cases	11929	41	12	8	1	11991	-	-	
rural									female
01	998	1	1	0	0	1000	15876	1408	
02	999	0	1	0	0	1000	20768	1800	
03	999	0	0	0	0	1000	22968	1996	
04	995	3	0	1	0	1000	29419	2425	
05	994	4	2	0	0	1000	44862	3419	
all	997	2	1	0	0	1000	133893	11048	
estd. hosp. cases (00)	133432	299	118	42	2	133893	-	-	
samp. hosp. cases	10994	29	15	8	2	11048	-	-	
urban									male
01	991	2	3	3	0	1000	8644	1546	
02	993	5	2	0	0	1000	13744	1889	
03	994	2	3	0	1	1000	14853	2116	
04	996	3	0	0	0	1000	16038	2062	
05	989	11	0	0	0	1000	19247	2408	
all	993	5	2	1	0	1000	72526	10021	
estd. hosp. cases (00)	71990	369	109	40	18	72526	-	-	
samp. hosp. cases	9962	37	15	5	2	10021	-	-	
urban									female
01	978	19	2	0	0	1000	10639	1617	
02	995	4	2	0	0	1000	12594	1875	
03	988	10	1	0	0	1000	14095	2055	
04	990	8	0	1	1	1000	17364	2005	
05	988	11	0	1	0	1000	18757	2257	
all	988	10	1	1	0	1000	73448	9809	
estd. hosp. cases (00)	72585	736	72	39	17	73448	-	-	
samp. hosp. cases	9730	55	11	9	4	9809	-	-	

Table 13b-R: Per thousand distribution of hospitalisation cases (EC) by nature of treatment received during hospitalisation, separately for each State/UT

State/UT	per 1000 no. of hospitalised cases treated during hospitalisation by					
	allopathy	Indian system of medicine	homoeopathy	yoga & naturopathy	other sources	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	991	9	0	0	0	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	969	31	0	0	0	1000
Assam	995	0	4	1	0	1000
Bihar	997	0	0	3	0	1000
Chhattisgarh	998	2	0	0	0	1000
Delhi	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Goa	987	0	0	13	0	1000
Gujarat	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Haryana	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Himachal Pradesh	995	1	4	0	0	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	995	0	5	0	0	1000
Jharkhand	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Karnataka	997	3	0	0	0	1000
Kerala	987	12	1	1	0	1000
Madhya Pradesh	996	4	0	0	0	1000
Maharashtra	999	1	0	0	0	1000
Manipur	988	0	9	3	0	1000
Meghalaya	988	0	0	10	2	1000
Mizoram	948	52	0	0	0	1000
Nagaland	994	6	0	0	0	1000
Odisha	997	1	2	1	0	1000
Punjab	998	0	2	0	0	1000
Rajasthan	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Sikkim	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Tamil Nadu	991	3	6	0	0	1000
Telangana	996	4	0	0	0	1000
Tripura	992	5	0	4	0	1000
Uttar Pradesh	998	1	1	0	0	1000
Uttarakhand	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
West Bengal	999	1	0	0	0	1000
A & N Islands	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Chandigarh	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Dadra & N. Havel	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Daman & Diu	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Lakshadweep	955	45	0	0	0	1000
Puducherry	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
All-India	996	3	1	0	0	1000
estd. hosp. cases (00)	269043	730	268	99	3	270143
samp. hosp. cases	22923	70	27	16	3	23039

Table 13b-U: Per thousand distribution of hospitalisation cases (EC) by nature of treatment received during hospitalisation, separately for each State/UT

State/UT	per 1000 no. of hospitalised cases treated during hospitalisation by					
	allopathy	Indian system of medicine	homoeopathy	yoga & naturopathy	other sources	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	995	5	0	0	0	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	981	5	0	14	0	1000
Assam	990	0	10	0	0	1000
Bihar	991	3	0	6	1	1000
Chhattisgarh	999	1	0	0	0	1000
Delhi	995	1	0	4	0	1000
Goa	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Gujarat	997	2	1	0	0	1000
Haryana	999	0	0	0	1	1000
Himachal Pradesh	974	0	26	0	0	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	998	0	0	0	2	1000
Jharkhand	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Karnataka	970	29	1	0	0	1000
Kerala	980	18	1	1	0	1000
Madhya Pradesh	993	4	2	0	0	1000
Maharashtra	999	1	0	0	0	1000
Manipur	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Meghalaya	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Mizoram	988	0	9	3	0	1000
Nagaland	973	27	0	0	0	1000
Odisha	980	15	4	0	0	1000
Punjab	992	2	0	1	5	1000
Rajasthan	994	6	0	0	0	1000
Sikkim	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Tamil Nadu	985	11	4	0	0	1000
Telangana	997	1	2	0	0	1000
Tripura	995	0	0	5	0	1000
Uttar Pradesh	992	6	0	2	0	1000
Uttarakhand	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
West Bengal	999	0	0	0	1	1000
A & N Islands	994	6	0	0	0	1000
Chandigarh	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Dadra & N. Haveli	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Daman & Diu	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Lakshadweep	979	21	0	0	0	1000
Puducherry	978	3	19	0	0	1000
All-India	990	8	1	1	0	1000
estd. hosp. cases (00)	144575	1105	180	79	35	145974
samp. hosp. cases	19692	92	26	14	6	19830

Table 14a-R: Per thousand distribution of hospitalisation cases (EC) by duration of stay in hospital and average duration of stay in hospital separately for government and private hospitals, for each gender and quintile class of MPCE

quintile class of UMPCE	all-India														Rural	
	duration of stay in hospital														cases of hospitalisation	
	public hospital							private hospital							estd. (00)	sample
< 7 days	7 to < 15 days	15 to < 30 days	30 to < 90 days	more than 90 days	all	avg. duration of stay (days)	< 7 days	7 to < 15 days	15 to < 30 days	30 to < 90 days	more than 90 days	all	avg. duration of stay (days)			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
	male															
01	683	216	71	25	5	1000	6.6	616	234	116	34	0	1000	7.3	15456	1468
02	670	186	98	39	6	1000	7.2	638	249	83	28	2	1000	6.7	18789	1802
03	639	249	74	35	2	1000	7.1	614	275	86	25	1	1000	6.8	23079	2142
04	637	220	101	36	6	1000	8.1	602	275	103	17	4	1000	7.2	30401	2703
05	608	231	103	50	8	1000	8.6	613	254	96	34	3	1000	7.8	48525	3876
all	644	221	91	38	6	1000	7.6	614	260	96	28	2	1000	7.3	136249	11991
estd. hosp. cases (00)	34988	12028	4939	2063	308	54326		50278	21260	7884	2314	188	81923			
samp. hosp. cases	3553	1262	470	202	31	5518		3839	1733	658	216	27	6473			
	female															
01	721	186	49	44	0	1000	5.9	650	276	55	19	0	1000	5.8	15876	1408
02	722	206	60	11	2	1000	5.5	640	244	80	37	0	1000	6.9	20768	1800
03	760	168	44	24	4	1000	5.8	706	214	62	15	4	1000	6.0	22968	1996
04	745	179	53	22	0	1000	5.4	667	247	73	11	2	1000	6.6	29419	2425
05	631	272	68	22	7	1000	7.3	653	263	57	26	2	1000	6.7	44862	3419
all	712	205	56	24	3	1000	6.0	662	250	64	22	2	1000	6.5	133893	11048
estd. hosp. cases (00)	41907	12081	3269	1391	176	58823		49709	18794	4802	1636	129	75070			
samp. hosp. cases	3764	1164	334	139	18	5419		3562	1517	414	126	10	5629			

Table 14a-R: Per thousand distribution of hospitalisation cases (EC) by duration of stay in hospital and average duration of stay in hospital separately for government and private hospitals, for each gender and quintile class of MPCE

quintile class of UMPCE	all-India														Rural	
	duration of stay in hospital														cases of hospitalisation	
	public hospital							private hospital							estd. (00)	sample
< 7 days	7 to < 15 days	15 to < 30 days	30 to < 90 days	more than 90 days	all	avg. duration of stay (days)	< 7 days	7 to < 15 days	15 to < 30 days	30 to < 90 days	more than 90 days	all	avg. duration of stay (days)			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
	all															
01	703	200	59	35	2	1000	6.2	632	255	86	26	0	1000	6.6	31332	2876
02	697	197	78	24	4	1000	6.3	639	246	81	33	1	1000	6.8	39557	3602
03	702	207	59	29	3	1000	6.4	658	245	74	20	2	1000	6.4	46047	4138
04	693	199	76	29	3	1000	6.8	633	262	89	14	3	1000	6.9	59820	5128
05	620	252	85	35	8	1000	7.9	631	258	78	30	2	1000	7.3	93387	7295
all	680	213	73	31	4	1000	6.8	637	255	81	25	2	1000	6.9	270143	23039
estd. hosp. cases (00)	76895	24109	8208	3454	484	113149		99987	40055	12686	3950	316	156994			
samp. hosp. cases	7317	2426	804	341	49	10937		7401	3250	1072	342	37	12102			

Table 14a-U: Per thousand distribution of hospitalisation cases (EC) by duration of stay in hospital and average duration of stay in hospital separately for government and private hospitals, for each gender and quintile class of MPCE

quintile class of UMPCE	all-India														Urban	
	duration of stay in hospital														cases of hospitalisation	
	public hospital							private hospital							estd. (00)	sample
< 7 days	7 to < 15 days	15 to < 30 days	30 to < 90 days	more than 90 days	all	avg. duration of stay (days)	< 7 days	7 to < 15 days	15 to < 30 days	30 to < 90 days	more than 90 days	all	avg. duration of stay (days)			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
	male															
01	654	229	84	28	5	1000	7.4	604	289	79	27	2	1000	6.9	8644	1546
02	632	219	99	48	2	1000	7.5	618	272	70	38	2	1000	7.1	13744	1889
03	551	312	96	35	6	1000	8.4	655	238	83	21	4	1000	6.8	14853	2116
04	512	297	90	31	70	1000	16.3	627	236	83	52	2	1000	7.7	16038	2062
05	569	235	116	69	11	1000	9.5	586	275	103	35	2	1000	7.7	19247	2408
all	584	259	97	42	19	1000	9.8	616	259	87	36	3	1000	7.3	72526	10021
estd. hosp. cases (00)	14052	6220	2330	1005	445	24052		29845	12558	4211	1737	122	48474			
samp. hosp. cases	2422	902	350	153	23	3850		3797	1638	541	179	16	6171			
	female															
01	700	159	115	24	2	1000	6.7	640	300	53	4	2	1000	5.7	10639	1617
02	670	224	77	28	2	1000	6.9	694	217	74	12	2	1000	5.9	12594	1875
03	667	223	78	29	3	1000	6.8	699	227	56	17	0	1000	5.8	14095	2055
04	704	207	58	30	2	1000	6.5	712	198	56	35	0	1000	6.8	17364	2005
05	598	249	128	22	3	1000	7.1	653	254	65	25	3	1000	6.6	18757	2257
all	673	209	89	27	2	1000	6.8	681	234	61	22	1	1000	6.3	73448	9809
estd. hosp. cases (00)	15284	4745	2026	607	48	22709		34565	11889	3097	1114	75	50739			
samp. hosp. cases	2593	748	267	99	14	3721		4020	1540	393	124	11	6088			

Table 14a-U: Per thousand distribution of hospitalisation cases (EC) by duration of stay in hospital and average duration of stay in hospital separately for government and private hospitals, for each gender and quintile class of MPCE

quintile class of UMPCE	all-India														Urban	
	duration of stay in hospital														cases of hospitalisation	
	public hospital							private hospital							estd. (00)	sample
< 7 days	7 to < 15 days	15 to < 30 days	30 to < 90 days	more than 90 days	all	avg. duration of stay (days)	< 7 days	7 to < 15 days	15 to < 30 days	30 to < 90 days	more than 90 days	all	avg. duration of stay (days)			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
	all															
01	680	190	101	26	3	1000	7.0	624	295	65	15	2	1000	6.3	19283	3163
02	650	221	89	38	2	1000	7.2	655	245	72	25	2	1000	6.5	26338	3764
03	604	271	88	32	5	1000	7.6	677	232	70	19	2	1000	6.3	28948	4171
04	606	253	74	30	36	1000	11.5	672	215	69	43	1	1000	7.2	33402	4067
05	582	241	121	48	8	1000	8.4	620	264	83	30	2	1000	7.1	38004	4665
all	627	234	93	34	11	1000	8.3	649	246	74	29	2	1000	6.8	145974	19830
estd. hosp. cases (00)	29336	10965	4356	1611	493	46761		64410	24447	7307	2851	197	99213			
samp. hosp. cases	5015	1650	617	252	37	7571		7817	3178	934	303	27	12259			

Table 14b-R: Per thousand distribution of hospitalisation cases (EC) by duration of stay in hospital and average duration of stay in hospital separately for government and private hospitals, for each gender and for each broad ailment category

quintile class of UMPCE	all-India														Rural	
	duration of stay in hospital														cases of hospitalisation	
	public hospital							private hospital							estd. (00)	sample
< 7 days	7 to < 15 days	15 to < 30 days	30 to < 90 days	90 days	all	avg. duration of stay (days)	< 7 days	7 to < 15 days	15 to < 30 days	30 to < 90 days	90 days	all	avg. duration of stay (days)	(16)		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
	male															
infections	701	212	60	25	1	1000	6.0	708	237	48	8	0	1000	5.6	36904	3403
cancers	362	262	197	135	45	1000	19.1	302	290	312	85	11	1000	13.6	2468	272
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	679	310	10	0	0	1000	4.7	503	446	52	0	0	1000	6.4	2255	199
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	453	368	115	64	0	1000	8.5	610	287	78	25	0	1000	6.8	2647	259
psychiatric & neurological	537	251	146	62	4	1000	9.7	489	311	129	70	1	1000	8.9	8052	747
eye	913	56	9	15	7	1000	4.2	855	124	15	6	0	1000	3.4	5804	442
ear	403	166	368	0	63	1000	13.9	861	88	52	0	0	1000	4.1	488	44
cardio-vascular	649	226	83	35	7	1000	7.1	602	286	93	16	3	1000	6.9	12270	923
respiratory	546	307	123	24	0	1000	7.7	639	279	54	27	1	1000	6.3	7418	691
gastro-intestinal	649	249	76	19	7	1000	7.1	601	288	90	21	0	1000	7.1	14294	1267
skin	574	254	146	20	6	1000	8.3	470	267	205	58	0	1000	9.3	1274	121
musculo-skeletal	512	274	115	91	7	1000	9.8	602	207	122	64	4	1000	8.4	6188	569
genito-urinary	568	225	165	41	1	1000	9.2	519	287	146	41	6	1000	9.2	8185	679
obstetric & neonatal	803	71	119	7	0	1000	5.9	735	212	49	4	0	1000	5.8	1743	102
injuries	661	200	86	49	3	1000	7.5	570	237	140	48	5	1000	9.5	22799	1939
other	436	223	234	57	50	1000	17.2	463	317	206	6	8	1000	8.5	3461	334
all	644	221	91	38	6	1000	7.6	614	260	96	28	2	1000	7.3	136249	11991

Table 14b-R: Per thousand distribution of hospitalisation cases (EC) by duration of stay in hospital and average duration of stay in hospital separately for government and private hospitals, for each gender and for each broad ailment category

quintile class of UMPCE	all-India														Rural	
	duration of stay in hospital														cases of hospitalisation	
	public hospital							private hospital							estd. (00)	sample
< 7 days	7 to < 15 days	15 to < 30 days	30 to < 90 days	90 days	all	avg. duration of stay (days)	< 7 days	7 to < 15 days	15 to < 30 days	30 to < 90 days	90 days	all	avg. duration of stay (days)			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
	female															
infections	751	214	29	4	2	1000	5.0	743	196	53	7	1	1000	5.2	31470	2857
cancers	285	309	230	119	58	1000	19.7	490	273	156	62	20	1000	14.6	3565	318
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	735	231	31	3	0	1000	5.7	741	209	46	4	0	1000	5.1	3423	280
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	476	403	118	3	0	1000	7.4	635	256	40	68	0	1000	7.3	3668	303
psychiatric & neurological	702	191	78	29	0	1000	6.5	632	239	90	40	0	1000	7.1	7545	647
eye	950	47	3	0	0	1000	2.8	953	39	8	0	0	1000	2.9	7173	453
ear	704	242	54	0	0	1000	5.2	810	114	25	51	0	1000	5.7	566	53
cardio-vascular	598	268	104	20	10	1000	7.6	636	296	54	12	3	1000	6.6	9354	658
respiratory	599	275	36	91	0	1000	7.9	702	248	27	23	0	1000	5.8	6486	503
gastro-intestinal	688	229	70	12	1	1000	5.6	528	376	89	8	0	1000	7.1	15293	1367
skin	692	217	46	28	17	1000	7.1	413	443	133	11	0	1000	7.8	1038	116
musculo-skeletal	574	223	113	90	0	1000	8.9	697	210	63	29	1	1000	6.1	7116	528
genito-urinary	494	396	68	42	0	1000	7.6	535	374	77	13	0	1000	7.1	9056	843
obstetric & neonatal	892	93	13	2	0	1000	3.1	731	233	26	10	0	1000	4.9	14899	999
injuries	692	146	102	54	6	1000	8.3	525	230	126	109	9	1000	11.2	8899	758
other	664	257	54	25	0	1000	6.3	682	225	57	31	5	1000	6.8	4344	365
all	712	205	56	24	3	1000	6.0	662	250	64	22	2	1000	6.5	133893	11048

Table 14b-R: Per thousand distribution of hospitalisation cases (EC) by duration of stay in hospital and average duration of stay in hospital separately for government and private hospitals, for each gender and for each broad ailment category

quintile class of UMPCE	all-India														Rural	
	duration of stay in hospital														cases of hospitalisation	
	public hospital							private hospital							estd. (00)	sample
< 7 days	7 to < 15 days	15 to < 30 days	30 to < 90 days	90 days	all	avg. duration of stay (days)	< 7 days	7 to < 15 days	15 to < 30 days	30 to < 90 days	90 days	all	avg. duration of stay (days)	(16)		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
	all															
infections	725	213	45	15	1	1000	5.5	723	219	50	8	0	1000	5.4	68374	6260
cancers	325	284	212	127	51	1000	19.4	427	279	208	70	17	1000	14.3	6033	590
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	718	256	25	2	0	1000	5.4	636	313	49	2	0	1000	5.7	5678	479
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	467	389	117	28	0	1000	7.8	624	270	56	50	0	1000	7.1	6316	562
psychiatric & neurological	628	218	109	44	2	1000	7.9	552	279	112	57	1	1000	8.1	15597	1394
eye	931	52	6	8	4	1000	3.5	913	74	11	2	0	1000	3.1	12976	895
ear	543	201	222	0	34	1000	9.9	832	103	37	29	0	1000	5	1054	97
cardio-vascular	625	245	93	28	8	1000	7.3	616	290	77	15	3	1000	6.8	21624	1581
respiratory	573	290	78	59	0	1000	7.8	666	266	42	25	1	1000	6.1	13904	1194
gastro-intestinal	670	239	73	15	4	1000	6.3	563	333	89	14	0	1000	7.1	29587	2634
skin	628	237	101	23	11	1000	7.8	445	346	173	37	0	1000	8.7	2313	237
musculo-skeletal	543	248	114	91	4	1000	9.4	655	209	90	44	2	1000	7.1	13304	1097
genito-urinary	529	314	114	41	1	1000	8.3	528	333	110	27	3	1000	8.1	17240	1522
obstetric & neonatal	887	92	20	2	0	1000	3.3	731	230	30	9	0	1000	5.1	16641	1101
injuries	671	182	91	51	4	1000	7.7	560	235	137	62	6	1000	9.9	31698	2697
other	553	241	141	40	24	1000	11.6	591	263	119	20	7	1000	7.5	7804	699
all	680	213	73	31	4	1000	6.8	637	255	81	25	2	1000	6.9	270143	23039

Table 14b-U: Per thousand distribution of hospitalisation cases (EC) by duration of stay in hospital and average duration of stay in hospital separately for government and private hospitals, for each gender and for each broad ailment category

quintile class of UMPCE	all-India														Urban	
	duration of stay in hospital														cases of hospitalisation	
	public hospital							private hospital							estd. (00)	sample
< 7 days	7 to < 15 days	15 to < 30 days	30 to < 90 days	90 days	all	avg. duration of stay (days)	< 7 days	7 to < 15 days	15 to < 30 days	30 to < 90 days	90 days	all	avg. duration of stay (days)			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
	male															
infections	633	278	68	18	2	1000	6.8	714	203	46	36	0	1000	6.1	18385	2538
cancers	474	174	258	65	29	1000	12.5	491	222	180	61	46	1000	14.8	1761	265
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	650	293	21	37	0	1000	7.1	664	300	29	4	3	1000	5.8	881	146
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	429	268	183	121	0	1000	11.3	569	284	145	2	0	1000	6.6	1858	280
psychiatric & neurological	429	230	85	98	158	1000	29.7	476	338	140	43	4	1000	9.7	5285	717
eye	825	162	0	12	0	1000	3.9	968	26	0	6	0	1000	2.2	2412	336
ear	247	745	8	0	0	1000	7.9	810	48	141	0	0	1000	4.2	468	37
cardio-vascular	588	305	85	23	0	1000	6.7	583	290	110	16	0	1000	7.1	8769	1198
respiratory	573	325	81	19	2	1000	6.7	555	320	95	30	0	1000	7.5	3984	552
gastro-intestinal	661	224	79	34	1	1000	6.8	573	361	50	16	1	1000	6.3	7833	1084
skin	709	78	82	132	0	1000	9.7	701	168	131	0	0	1000	5.8	580	83
musculo-skeletal	390	395	176	34	4	1000	9.9	466	257	178	98	0	1000	10	3054	415
genito-urinary	546	304	103	47	0	1000	7.8	635	273	66	25	0	1000	6.6	4277	559
obstetric & neonatal	776	214	10	0	0	1000	4.8	544	356	92	7	0	1000	7.5	791	113
injuries	609	159	155	67	10	1000	9.6	545	256	119	75	5	1000	9.5	10063	1401
other	629	315	30	26	0	1000	6	573	263	124	25	15	1000	9.2	2124	297
all	584	259	97	42	19	1000	9.8	616	259	87	36	3	1000	7.3	72526	10021

Table 14b-U: Per thousand distribution of hospitalisation cases (EC) by duration of stay in hospital and average duration of stay in hospital separately for government and private hospitals, for each gender and for each broad ailment category

quintile class of UMPCE	all-India														Urban	
	duration of stay in hospital														cases of hospitalisation	
	public hospital							private hospital							estd. (00)	sample
< 7 days	7 to < 15 days	15 to < 30 days	30 to < 90 days	90 days	all	avg. duration of stay (days)	< 7 days	7 to < 15 days	15 to < 30 days	30 to < 90 days	90 days	all	avg. duration of stay (days)			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
	female															
infections	718	191	83	8	0	1000	5.7	753	221	21	5	0	1000	4.7	17052	2292
cancers	567	147	188	78	19	1000	12.1	536	246	94	117	7	1000	10.7	1994	324
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	742	95	141	21	2	1000	5.9	602	331	33	34	0	1000	6.8	1549	238
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	634	160	131	73	2	1000	9.7	641	303	38	8	10	1000	7.5	2927	392
psychiatric & neurological	574	274	100	46	6	1000	8.7	608	267	94	26	5	1000	7.4	3996	553
eye	776	218	6	0	0	1000	3.9	964	29	7	0	0	1000	2	3555	362
ear	591	296	113	0	0	1000	6.4	633	84	113	170	0	1000	11.3	358	49
cardio-vascular	684	225	74	17	0	1000	6.5	721	228	45	5	0	1000	5.2	7430	907
respiratory	634	308	47	12	0	1000	6.2	667	268	61	5	0	1000	5.9	3520	466
gastro-intestinal	720	177	66	29	8	1000	6.8	634	260	71	36	0	1000	6.7	7985	1147
skin	639	126	210	25	0	1000	8.9	818	157	25	0	0	1000	4.5	911	83
musculo-skeletal	625	252	88	34	0	1000	7.4	536	291	156	14	4	1000	8.3	3304	467
genito-urinary	517	229	196	58	1	1000	9.7	605	262	114	16	3	1000	7.5	6494	791
obstetric & neonatal	769	167	39	25	0	1000	5.4	741	122	38	99	0	1000	9.6	5214	798
injuries	571	273	103	51	2	1000	7.6	602	275	101	19	3	1000	6.8	4438	615
other	708	201	82	9	0	1000	4.9	517	386	93	3	0	1000	6.6	2720	325
all	673	209	89	27	2	1000	6.8	681	234	61	22	1	1000	6.3	73448	9809

Table 14b-U: Per thousand distribution of hospitalisation cases (EC) by duration of stay in hospital and average duration of stay in hospital separately for government and private hospitals, for each gender and for each broad ailment category

quintile class of UMPCE	all-India														Urban	
	duration of stay in hospital														cases of hospitalisation	
	public hospital							private hospital							estd. (00)	sample
< 7 days	7 to < 15 days	15 to < 30 days	30 to < 90 days	90 days	all	avg. duration of stay (days)	< 7 days	7 to < 15 days	15 to < 30 days	30 to < 90 days	90 days	all	avg. duration of stay (days)			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
	all															
infections	675	234	76	13	1	1000	6.3	732	212	34	21	0	1000	5.4	35437	4830
cancers	518	161	225	71	25	1000	12.3	517	236	131	93	23	1000	12.5	3755	589
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	710	163	99	26	1	1000	6.4	625	320	31	23	1	1000	6.5	2430	384
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	544	207	153	94	1	1000	10.4	614	296	77	6	6	1000	7.2	4785	672
psychiatric & neurological	481	246	91	79	104	1000	22.1	538	304	118	35	4	1000	8.6	9281	1270
eye	799	193	3	6	0	1000	3.9	966	28	4	2	0	1000	2.1	5968	698
ear	361	597	43	0	0	1000	7.4	725	65	128	82	0	1000	7.6	826	86
cardio-vascular	627	272	80	20	0	1000	6.6	650	260	79	11	0	1000	6.2	16200	2105
respiratory	599	318	67	16	1	1000	6.5	611	294	78	17	0	1000	6.7	7504	1018
gastro-intestinal	690	201	72	32	4	1000	6.8	604	310	60	26	0	1000	6.5	15818	2231
skin	670	104	152	73	0	1000	9.2	775	161	64	0	0	1000	5	1491	166
musculo-skeletal	515	319	130	34	2	1000	8.6	502	275	167	55	2	1000	9.1	6358	882
genito-urinary	530	262	155	53	0	1000	8.9	617	266	96	20	2	1000	7.1	10771	1350
obstetric & neonatal	770	172	36	22	0	1000	5.3	712	157	46	85	0	1000	9.3	6005	911
injuries	596	198	137	61	7	1000	8.9	561	262	114	59	4	1000	8.7	14501	2016
other	675	248	60	16	0	1000	5.4	542	331	107	13	7	1000	7.8	4844	622
all	627	234	93	34	11	1000	8.3	649	246	74	29	2	1000	6.8	145974	19830

Table 15a-R: Per thousand distribution of hospitalisation cases (EC) by nature of treatment received before hospitalisation, separately for each State/UT

State/UT	per 1000 no. of hospitalised cases with nature of treatment before hospitalisation						
	none	allopathy	Indian system of medicine	homoeopathy	yoga & nature-pathy	other	all
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	387	601	10	1	0	0	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	511	453	37	0	0	0	1000
Assam	381	606	9	4	0	0	1000
Bihar	504	477	13	0	6	0	1000
Chhattisgarh	472	526	2	0	1	0	1000
Delhi	328	672	0	0	0	0	1000
Goa	350	636	0	15	0	0	1000
Gujarat	343	655	2	0	0	0	1000
Haryana	420	562	18	0	0	0	1000
Himachal Pradesh	427	560	3	6	4	0	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	297	699	0	4	0	0	1000
Jharkhand	431	566	2	1	0	0	1000
Karnataka	253	743	4	1	0	0	1000
Kerala	402	573	11	7	7	0	1000
Madhya Pradesh	364	624	8	1	4	0	1000
Maharashtra	330	662	4	3	2	0	1000
Manipur	687	302	11	0	0	0	1000
Meghalaya	790	210	0	0	0	0	1000
Mizoram	562	427	6	0	4	0	1000
Nagaland	670	330	0	0	0	0	1000
Odisha	464	528	5	3	0	0	1000
Punjab	412	584	2	2	0	0	1000
Rajasthan	510	478	8	0	3	0	1000
Sikkim	516	481	3	0	0	0	1000
Tamil Nadu	431	563	6	0	0	0	1000
Telangana	489	506	1	0	4	0	1000
Tripura	710	267	0	22	1	0	1000
Uttar Pradesh	427	567	3	2	1	0	1000
Uttarakhand	562	438	0	0	0	0	1000
West Bengal	373	599	20	6	2	0	1000
A & N Islands	291	709	0	0	0	0	1000
Chandigarh	496	489	0	15	0	0	1000
Dadra & N. Haveli	541	459	0	0	0	0	1000
Daman & Diu	188	812	0	0	0	0	1000
Lakshadweep	438	562	0	0	0	0	1000
Puducherry	647	353	0	0	0	0	1000
All-India	406	582	7	2	2	0	1000
avg. duration of treatment	-	155	189	341	211	4	-

Table 15a-U: Per thousand distribution of hospitalisation cases (EC) by nature of treatment received before hospitalisation, separately for each State/UT

State/UT	urban						
	per 1000 no. of hospitalised cases with nature of treatment before hospitalisation						
	none	allopathy	Indian system of medicine	homoeopathy	yoga & nature-pathy	other	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	419	580	1	0	0	0	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	519	476	4	1	0	0	1000
Assam	355	638	0	0	7	0	1000
Bihar	399	589	10	1	0	0	1000
Chhattisgarh	521	479	0	0	0	0	1000
Delhi	369	628	0	0	3	0	1000
Goa	522	478	0	0	0	0	1000
Gujarat	307	684	7	0	2	0	1000
Haryana	346	653	0	1	0	0	1000
Himachal Pradesh	471	522	7	0	0	0	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	351	639	2	7	0	0	1000
Jharkhand	312	688	0	0	0	0	1000
Karnataka	258	727	9	3	3	0	1000
Kerala	398	576	14	12	0	0	1000
Madhya Pradesh	391	601	5	2	1	0	1000
Maharashtra	295	700	3	0	3	0	1000
Manipur	618	375	0	0	0	7	1000
Meghalaya	388	612	0	0	0	0	1000
Mizoram	435	549	0	15	0	0	1000
Nagaland	619	371	10	0	0	0	1000
Odisha	327	665	3	0	3	1	1000
Punjab	373	616	0	8	0	3	1000
Rajasthan	411	581	7	0	0	0	1000
Sikkim	545	455	0	0	0	0	1000
Tamil Nadu	376	617	4	3	0	0	1000
Telangana	419	576	3	0	2	0	1000
Tripura	511	475	2	9	3	0	1000
Uttar Pradesh	416	572	5	3	3	0	1000
Uttarakhand	406	594	0	0	0	0	1000
West Bengal	284	711	1	4	0	0	1000
A & N Islands	500	500	0	0	0	0	1000
Chandigarh	504	496	0	0	0	0	1000
Dadra & N. Haveli	403	597	0	0	0	0	1000
Daman & Diu	140	860	0	0	0	0	1000
Lakshadweep	287	692	21	0	0	0	1000
Puducherry	492	490	0	19	0	0	1000
All-India	359	631	5	3	1	0	1000
avg. duration of treatment	-	236	803	129	158	25	-

Table 15b-R: Per thousand distribution of hospitalisation cases (EC) by nature of treatment received after hospitalisation, separately for each State/UT

State/UT	per 1000 no. of hospitalised cases with nature of treatment after hospitalisation						
	none	allopathy	Indian system of medicine	homoeopathy	yoga & nature-pathy	other	all
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	65	920	10	3	0	0	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	325	640	35	0	0	0	1000
Assam	345	651	0	4	0	0	1000
Bihar	325	667	0	0	5	3	1000
Chhattisgarh	501	482	11	0	0	0	1000
Delhi	545	455	0	0	0	0	1000
Goa	66	904	22	0	0	0	1000
Gujarat	118	878	0	0	0	0	1000
Haryana	115	868	14	0	0	0	1000
Himachal Pradesh	153	831	5	3	0	0	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	156	844	0	0	0	0	1000
Jharkhand	140	855	0	1	0	0	1000
Karnataka	152	834	6	0	0	0	1000
Kerala	62	914	15	1	0	0	1000
Madhya Pradesh	115	878	1	1	0	0	1000
Maharashtra	81	910	2	1	1	0	1000
Manipur	453	542	0	0	3	2	1000
Meghalaya	361	634	1	0	0	2	1000
Mizoram	193	751	56	0	0	0	1000
Nagaland	528	462	5	0	0	6	1000
Odisha	155	837	3	3	0	0	1000
Punjab	55	939	2	1	0	0	1000
Rajasthan	150	841	2	0	0	0	1000
Sikkim	228	764	0	8	0	0	1000
Tamil Nadu	100	885	9	3	0	0	1000
Telangana	102	887	8	0	1	0	1000
Tripura	438	556	4	2	0	0	1000
Uttar Pradesh	145	849	4	2	1	0	1000
Uttarakhand	64	936	0	0	0	0	1000
West Bengal	213	765	5	3	4	0	1000
A & N Islands	31	969	0	0	0	0	1000
Chandigarh	441	559	0	0	0	0	1000
Dadra & N. Haveli	98	902	0	0	0	0	1000
Daman & Diu	15	985	0	0	0	0	1000
Lakshadweep	0	955	45	0	0	0	1000
Puducherry	243	757	0	0	0	0	1000
All-India	147	841	5	1	1	0	1000
avg. duration of treatment	-	40	60	76	39	19	-

Table 15b-U: Per thousand distribution of hospitalisation cases (EC) by nature of treatment received after hospitalisation, separately for each State/UT

State/UT	urban						
	per 1000 no. of hospitalised cases with nature of treatment after hospitalisation						
	none	allopathy	Indian system of medicine	homoeo-pathy	yoga & nature-pathy	other	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	75	913	4	3	0	0	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	228	756	0	17	0	0	1000
Assam	218	780	2	0	0	0	1000
Bihar	134	861	2	2	0	1	1000
Chhattisgarh	264	729	7	0	0	0	1000
Delhi	198	800	1	0	0	0	1000
Goa	93	907	0	0	0	0	1000
Gujarat	86	908	1	0	2	0	1000
Haryana	66	934	0	0	0	0	1000
Himachal Pradesh	159	834	0	7	0	0	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	125	861	0	13	0	0	1000
Jharkhand	80	919	0	0	0	0	1000
Karnataka	210	774	5	3	2	0	1000
Kerala	81	880	23	1	0	0	1000
Madhya Pradesh	122	860	2	1	7	1	1000
Maharashtra	81	906	4	1	0	1	1000
Manipur	488	508	0	0	0	4	1000
Meghalaya	522	478	0	0	0	0	1000
Mizoram	104	878	0	9	6	3	1000
Nagaland	199	801	0	0	0	0	1000
Odisha	113	869	10	4	0	0	1000
Punjab	117	875	8	0	0	0	1000
Rajasthan	174	812	9	1	0	0	1000
Sikkim	128	872	0	0	0	0	1000
Tamil Nadu	92	889	14	3	0	0	1000
Telangana	152	846	2	0	0	0	1000
Tripura	404	590	1	4	0	0	1000
Uttar Pradesh	133	859	3	1	4	0	1000
Uttarakhand	49	949	0	1	0	0	1000
West Bengal	201	785	1	5	1	0	1000
A & N Islands	19	975	6	0	0	0	1000
Chandigarh	137	822	0	41	0	0	1000
Dadra & N. Haveli	23	977	0	0	0	0	1000
Daman & Diu	20	980	0	0	0	0	1000
Lakshadweep	84	916	0	0	0	0	1000
Puducherry	256	716	0	19	0	0	1000
All-India	123	862	7	2	1	0	1000
avg. duration of treatment	-	43	117	95	70	121	-

Table 16R: Per thousand distribution of hospitalisation cases (EC) by nature of treatment received before hospitalisation, separately for each State/UT

State/UT	rural					
	per 1000 no. of hospitalised cases with level of care before hospitalisation					
	none	HSC/PHC and others*	public hosp.	private doctor	private hosp.	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	387	12	64	184	353	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	511	296	161	21	11	1000
Assam	381	146	381	57	35	1000
Bihar	504	58	79	232	128	1000
Chhattisgarh	472	154	165	170	39	1000
Delhi	328	119	173	339	41	1000
Goa	350	80	171	140	260	1000
Gujarat	343	47	119	183	308	1000
Haryana	420	29	53	249	249	1000
Himachal Pradesh	427	86	322	75	90	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	297	32	463	203	6	1000
Jharkhand	431	32	76	262	198	1000
Karnataka	253	54	150	175	368	1000
Kerala	402	67	146	100	284	1000
Madhya Pradesh	364	58	171	244	162	1000
Maharashtra	330	41	58	230	341	1000
Manipur	687	39	204	52	18	1000
Meghalaya	790	99	77	23	10	1000
Mizoram	562	310	60	42	25	1000
Nagaland	670	196	82	50	2	1000
Odisha	464	237	154	98	47	1000
Punjab	412	23	128	197	240	1000
Rajasthan	510	36	224	60	170	1000
Sikkim	516	62	342	11	70	1000
Tamil Nadu	431	40	162	40	327	1000
Telangana	489	45	39	194	234	1000
Tripura	710	50	98	141	2	1000
Uttar Pradesh	427	54	82	274	163	1000
Uttarakhand	562	34	205	107	92	1000
West Bengal	373	39	213	330	45	1000
A & N Islands	291	585	79	13	32	1000
Chandigarh	496	6	294	14	189	1000
Dadra & N. Haveli	541	104	81	135	138	1000
Daman & Diu	188	78	39	197	499	1000
Lakshadweep	438	58	415	0	88	1000
Puducherry	647	0	184	0	170	1000
All-India	406	58	133	189	214	1000
avg. duration of treatment	-	125	209	106	177	-

* includes ANM/ASHA/AWW/dispensary/CHC/MMU

Table 16U: Per thousand distribution of hospitalisation cases (EC) by nature of treatment received before hospitalisation, separately for each State/UT

State/UT	urban					
	per 1000 no. of hospitalised cases with level of care before hospitalisation					
	none	HSC/PHC and others*	public hosp.	private doctor	private hosp.	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	419	3	70	59	449	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	519	70	332	72	7	1000
Assam	355	39	223	255	129	1000
Bihar	399	30	135	225	211	1000
Chhattisgarh	521	20	94	209	157	1000
Delhi	369	18	235	147	231	1000
Goa	522	0	78	156	244	1000
Gujarat	307	5	154	199	334	1000
Haryana	346	17	78	244	315	1000
Himachal Pradesh	471	0	340	104	85	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	351	22	419	137	71	1000
Jharkhand	312	27	97	186	377	1000
Karnataka	258	10	95	218	419	1000
Kerala	398	29	164	121	289	1000
Madhya Pradesh	391	16	186	239	168	1000
Maharashtra	295	17	90	237	361	1000
Manipur	618	31	204	74	73	1000
Meghalaya	388	15	255	85	258	1000
Mizoram	435	160	177	185	43	1000
Nagaland	619	52	147	90	92	1000
Odisha	327	99	250	199	125	1000
Punjab	373	13	111	219	284	1000
Rajasthan	411	8	263	124	194	1000
Sikkim	545	2	227	28	200	1000
Tamil Nadu	376	11	145	84	384	1000
Telangana	419	10	37	129	404	1000
Tripura	511	43	125	307	14	1000
Uttar Pradesh	416	11	112	287	173	1000
Uttarakhand	406	21	281	93	199	1000
West Bengal	284	7	169	453	86	1000
A & N Islands	500	88	365	12	35	1000
Chandigarh	504	0	296	115	85	1000
Dadra & N. Haveli	403	68	357	26	146	1000
Daman & Diu	140	41	40	244	536	1000
Lakshadweep	287	9	560	14	130	1000
Puducherry	492	0	298	0	210	1000
All-India	359	16	139	199	287	1000
avg. duration of treatment	-	299	292	173	257	-

* includes ANM/ASHA/AWW/dispensary/CHC/MMU

Table 17R: Per thousand distribution of hospitalisation cases (EC) by nature of treatment received after discharge from hospitalisation, separately for each State/UT

State/UT	per 1000 no. of hospitalised cases with level of care after discharge from hospitalisation					
	none	HSC/PHC and others*	public hosp.	private doctor	private hosp.	all
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	65	17	188	75	652	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	325	475	159	6	36	1000
Assam	345	179	371	48	58	1000
Bihar	325	23	180	198	274	1000
Chhattisgarh	501	22	101	205	164	1000
Delhi	545	63	199	0	193	1000
Goa	66	13	458	58	398	1000
Gujarat	118	40	157	24	658	1000
Haryana	115	43	216	76	547	1000
Himachal Pradesh	153	40	565	22	212	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	156	25	710	70	39	1000
Jharkhand	140	47	229	148	432	1000
Karnataka	152	33	168	44	593	1000
Kerala	62	53	260	13	604	1000
Madhya Pradesh	115	29	365	110	376	1000
Maharashtra	81	29	114	109	662	1000
Manipur	453	65	427	19	35	1000
Meghalaya	361	180	390	11	57	1000
Mizoram	193	465	263	20	58	1000
Nagaland	528	149	181	9	133	1000
Odisha	155	237	422	48	136	1000
Punjab	55	18	282	39	604	1000
Rajasthan	150	43	373	66	361	1000
Sikkim	228	63	475	16	218	1000
Tamil Nadu	100	30	322	19	527	1000
Telangana	102	36	197	22	641	1000
Tripura	438	86	372	87	17	1000
Uttar Pradesh	145	34	182	175	464	1000
Uttarakhand	64	9	431	67	430	1000
West Bengal	213	41	438	175	124	1000
A & N Islands	31	793	116	2	59	1000
Chandigarh	441	33	438	14	74	1000
Dadra & N. Haveli	98	328	300	13	260	1000
Daman & Diu	15	169	84	0	732	1000
Lakshadweep	0	133	531	45	291	1000
Puducherry	243	0	223	0	534	1000
All-India	147	46	259	94	449	1000
avg. duration of treatment	-	30	37	44	43	-

* includes ANM/ASHA/AWW/dispensary/CHC/MMU

Table 17U: Per thousand distribution of hospitalisation cases (EC) by nature of treatment received after discharge from hospitalisation, separately for each State/UT

State/UT	per 1000 no. of hospitalised cases with level of care after discharge from hospitalisation					
	none	HSC/PHC and others*	public hosp.	private doctor	private hosp.	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	75	3	182	21	713	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	228	284	454	34	0	1000
Assam	218	27	279	263	214	1000
Bihar	134	5	242	146	472	1000
Chhattisgarh	264	7	173	153	403	1000
Delhi	198	21	326	55	398	1000
Goa	93	87	531	47	241	1000
Gujarat	86	11	200	29	671	1000
Haryana	66	29	148	185	572	1000
Himachal Pradesh	159	0	608	48	186	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	125	27	665	58	124	1000
Jharkhand	80	13	158	141	607	1000
Karnataka	210	3	128	55	598	1000
Kerala	81	14	279	45	567	1000
Madhya Pradesh	122	22	298	194	358	1000
Maharashtra	81	22	157	75	658	1000
Manipur	488	31	406	27	49	1000
Meghalaya	522	57	125	24	272	1000
Mizoram	104	135	409	111	240	1000
Nagaland	199	98	180	25	498	1000
Odisha	113	73	385	148	278	1000
Punjab	117	18	129	143	593	1000
Rajasthan	174	10	370	85	358	1000
Sikkim	128	0	471	26	375	1000
Tamil Nadu	92	8	233	20	644	1000
Telangana	152	11	129	27	681	1000
Tripura	404	48	313	167	67	1000
Uttar Pradesh	133	16	232	186	433	1000
Uttarakhand	49	5	349	130	466	1000
West Bengal	201	11	293	301	187	1000
A & N Islands	19	102	701	12	166	1000
Chandigarh	137	0	696	13	153	1000
Dadra & N. Haveli	23	14	197	28	738	1000
Daman & Diu	20	124	47	0	809	1000
Lakshadweep	84	0	603	17	296	1000
Puducherry	256	0	452	0	283	1000
All-India	123	15	232	100	525	1000
avg. duration of treatment	-	43	44	48	43	-

* includes ANM/ASHA/AWW/dispensary/CHC/MMU

Table 18a: Average total medical expenditure for treatment per hospitalisation case (EC) during stay at hospital (as inpatient) over last 365 days by quintile class of MPCE and gender

quintile class of UMPCE	average total medical expenditure for treatment (Rs.) per case								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
01	13089	7282	10146	13889	9014	11199	13670	8548	10960
02	11626	10960	11276	16597	12280	14533	11329	9551	10404
03	11521	9126	10326	20973	14715	17926	15113	10877	13034
04	14865	12053	13482	26045	23603	24776	16079	12985	14615
05	25753	16469	21293	50152	35003	42675	35542	24590	30071
all	17528	12295	14935	28165	20754	24436	21223	15292	18268
estd. hosp. cases (00)	136249	133893	270143	72526	73448	145974	208775	207341	416117
samp. hosp. cases	11991	11048	23039	10021	9809	19830	22012	20857	42869

Table 18b-R: Average total medical expenditure per hospitalisation case (EC) for treatment during stay at hospital (as inpatient) in last 365 days by level of care and gender for each State/UT and sector

State/UT (1)	average total medical expenditure for treatment (Rs.) per case								
	public hospital			private hospital			all		
	male (2)	female (3)	all (4)	male (5)	female (6)	all (7)	male (8)	female (9)	all (10)
Andhra Pradesh	5323	1582	3582	18528	12711	16032	15683	10058	13227
Arunachal Pradesh	5325	5495	5400	16178	11004	13428	5882	5468	5678
Assam	6056	5064	5621	23903	21327	22541	7313	6563	6966
Bihar	10627	4612	6933	15608	14960	15288	12918	10124	11432
Chhattisgarh	2375	5634	3976	17359	23539	20143	10429	14030	12149
Delhi	4830	3591	4606	87691	71451	75153	16408	52043	30613
Goa	3779	1929	3177	68509	51523	57789	26096	34211	29954
Gujarat	10472	5011	7792	19809	12906	16648	17576	10619	14298
Haryana	10794	8949	9927	29269	14770	22672	23241	12645	18341
Himachal Pradesh	20370	11189	15257	35927	28265	31596	23382	15238	18860
Jammu & Kashmir	8144	4872	6478	43637	35615	38672	9845	7141	8442
Jharkhand	3875	5025	4444	14479	14081	14288	10231	10479	10351
Karnataka	4435	5141	4799	20097	14853	17650	15948	12039	14091
Kerala	4267	2665	3524	35670	15024	25411	24060	10815	17642
Madhya Pradesh	4101	2839	3375	31926	15261	24387	18696	7853	13090
Maharashtra	7180	3707	5626	24998	22920	24087	21856	18776	20475
Manipur	4083	6304	5179	16663	11763	13936	5311	6810	6061
Meghalaya	1761	1825	1794	7653	8976	8418	1696	2500	2075
Mizoram	6839	9105	7991	36804	13239	23979	9749	7893	8744
Nagaland	3213	2565	2904	21186	5794	14411	7987	3024	5628
Odisha	7626	7339	7472	35160	21006	29233	12749	7920	10240
Punjab	18487	8225	12104	47613	22253	34273	40400	17559	27718
Rajasthan	5236	2810	3928	23618	23496	23562	14419	11359	12855
Sikkim	3398	3541	3493	23846	17765	20826	10860	6360	8035
Tamil Nadu	387	573	472	24305	15413	19554	13920	9839	11842
Telangana	3541	3070	3309	17198	37191	26353	13325	26939	19664
Tripura	8274	2878	5729	16973	13418	15546	7858	3324	5694
Uttar Pradesh	11361	9080	10034	26060	19904	22919	22134	15765	18693
Uttarakhand	3325	2819	3115	13936	17213	15399	8400	10171	9162
West Bengal	6266	5237	5766	27060	23569	25207	13148	9508	11327
A & N Islands	0	0	0	64040	21003	57457	4926	537	3373
Chandigarh	8820	6582	8027	64506	32863	44626	16932	15631	16389
Dadra & N. Haveli	3409	717	2314	12282	3934	11330	5606	820	4219
Daman & Diu	0	0	0	14088	13107	13670	9633	11213	10223
Lakshadweep	0	0	0	33945	16023	27968	13821	5100	10418
Puducherry	29	808	450	14290	8249	11473	10203	5636	7965
All-India	6473	4843	5636	24756	18419	21726	17528	12295	14935
estd. hosp. cases(00)	48640	51272	99912	81923	75070	156994	136249	133893	270143
sample hosp. cases	4824	4567	9391	6473	5629	12102	11991	11048	23039

Table 18b-U: Average total medical expenditure per hospitalisation case (EC) for treatment during stay at hospital (as inpatient) in last 365 days by level of care and gender for each State/UT and sector

State/UT (1)	Urban								
	average total medical expenditure for treatment (Rs.) per case								
	public hospital			private hospital			all		
	male (2)	female (3)	all (4)	male (5)	female (6)	all (7)	male (8)	female (9)	all (10)
Andhra Pradesh	4645	1959	3629	54995	19462	38949	42894	16144	31242
Arunachal Pradesh	10826	8841	9808	18509	10435	17827	10685	6908	8926
Assam	23450	12398	17613	42231	109975	79028	31945	60152	47064
Bihar	14079	5812	9232	42742	22936	33072	35363	15632	25004
Chhattisgarh	3313	3308	3311	32117	26770	30547	25360	17465	22647
Delhi	12752	5932	10267	65890	42669	54868	39322	28501	34730
Goa	20621	1066	16707	44382	35105	39626	26134	17606	23165
Gujarat	6465	9062	7695	26815	21118	24025	21954	18262	20155
Haryana	18739	10348	15325	38939	32433	36318	35502	27870	32370
Himachal Pradesh	51926	12366	29055	28508	27652	27990	45243	16776	28590
Jammu & Kashmir	11257	6979	8819	48236	40848	44269	17040	11592	13948
Jharkhand	6585	11375	9670	16941	12238	14442	14689	11946	13151
Karnataka	4961	3555	4125	31883	21004	26230	27592	17456	22190
Kerala	3299	2252	2768	25010	19563	21808	16931	14325	15465
Madhya Pradesh	21687	7827	14214	37271	25037	31142	30851	17516	23993
Maharashtra	5588	4057	4966	34960	36375	35690	28378	30598	29493
Manipur	7406	7469	7436	20716	21184	20960	10052	10380	10215
Meghalaya	17680	9012	13752	29853	27361	28172	16087	21376	18786
Mizoram	4804	6710	6003	21858	27732	25439	11182	14945	13461
Nagaland	3763	7573	5403	26907	20512	23417	17116	14617	15788
Odisha	8013	7885	7961	32545	42003	36940	17186	23199	19750
Punjab	11559	17794	14347	41044	31809	36411	31793	28040	29971
Rajasthan	10293	5937	8029	38347	15331	27202	23458	10054	16731
Sikkim	2354	2940	2667	23057	15884	18944	11169	8942	9939
Tamil Nadu	1072	475	781	40587	25479	33261	29093	18115	23757
Telangana	4223	1727	2899	32129	20041	25320	25946	16350	20617
Tripura	5331	3210	4419	71072	77649	73119	13744	8887	11638
Uttar Pradesh	30949	7357	18782	34957	38453	36931	33498	30150	31653
Uttarakhand	8673	4663	6021	41535	36273	38684	30766	22174	25703
West Bengal	10317	5545	8220	51160	35723	43410	28462	20826	24875
A & N Islands	29	430	250	67344	14965	46237	15662	2284	8389
Chandigarh	58603	10723	32889	38198	54334	47879	55879	17967	35158
Dadra & N. Haveli	1407	1328	1372	11769	6043	9356	9886	4956	7749
Daman & Diu	363	0	336	12777	6715	8349	8570	6105	6930
Lakshadweep	202	110	157	23782	29871	26965	7335	9859	8604
Puducherry	363	938	678	42813	26815	36088	18969	9176	14076
All-India	10040	5125	7670	37181	27783	32375	28165	20754	24436
estd. hosp. cases(00)	23293	21698	44992	48474	50739	99213	72526	73448	145974
sample hosp. cases	3648	3492	7140	6171	6088	12259	10021	9809	19830

Table 18c-R: Median medical expenditure and non-medical expenditure (on account of hospitalisation) of hospitalisation cases (EC) for each quintile class of MPCE, for each State/UT, for each type of hospital, and for each nature of treatment, by sector

Rural						
characteristic	median of expenditure		total	estd. total exp. (Rs. 000) for hosp.	hospitalisation cases	
	medical during stay at hospital (Rs.)	other on account of hosp. (Rs.)			estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
01	3756	1000	4700	36986306	31332	2876
02	4025	1000	5400	51689292	39557	3602
03	4130	1000	5500	55680799	46047	4138
04	5200	1100	6655	91889746	59820	5128
05	7910	1305	9528	221809600	93387	7295
all	5235	1120	6800	458055743	270143	23039
public hosp.	1420	900	2600	81389261	113149	10937
private hosp.	10000	1300	11700	376666482	156994	12102
all	5235	1120	6800	458055743	270143	23039
allopathy	5235	1110	6800	456647531	269043	22923
Indian System	6635	2363	9728	951059	730	70
Homeopathy	4348	825	5362	256612	268	27
Yoga	11150	1530	12800	194601	99	16
others	17850	1025	18875	5940	3	3
all	5235	1120	6800	458055743	270143	23039
Andhra Pradesh	6570	1200	7800	28284425	18354	900
Arunachal Pradesh	2500	1000	4000	243382	303	191
Assam	1895	750	2708	2850363	3345	734
Bihar	5000	1218	6000	24732443	18150	1201
Chhattisgarh	5000	1500	6950	6942345	4944	359
Delhi	7750	925	8500	171823	53	32
Goa	6500	2000	8625	820290	252	73
Gujarat	6225	800	7500	17290959	11041	1013
Haryana	8275	1500	10350	10149939	4846	498
Himachal Pradesh	5500	1528	8088	6944265	3156	510
Jammu & Kashmir	3300	1500	5100	2257285	2095	405
Jharkhand	5335	1078	6200	4850327	3856	400
Karnataka	6470	1350	7900	26330327	16336	1075
Kerala	4160	1078	5550	47241865	24370	1220
Madhya Pradesh	4000	1300	5575	20084246	13105	1158
Maharashtra	8250	1100	9775	56683971	25209	1885
Manipur	3800	2000	6200	363447	401	400

Table 18c-R: Median medical expenditure and non-medical expenditure (on account of hospitalisation) of hospitalisation cases (EC) for each quintile class of MPCE, for each State/UT, for each type of hospital, and for each nature of treatment, by sector

Rural						
characteristic	median of expenditure		total	estd. total exp. (Rs. 000) for hosp.	hospitalisation cases	
	medical during stay at hospital (Rs.)	other on account of hosp. (Rs.)			estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Meghalaya	650	1460	2585	118895	290	206
Mizoram	2985	2300	5250	138496	119	199
Nagaland	2460	1500	4200	128852	166	172
Odisha	3200	1330	4850	14499679	11493	1043
Punjab	10000	1000	11275	17164575	5764	512
Rajasthan	4000	1425	5425	22617716	14490	1084
Sikkim	3225	3400	7100	91888	73	200
Tamil Nadu	2690	1065	4750	26576555	19027	1369
Telangana	7900	1200	9500	15944205	7353	468
Tripura	1700	650	2505	956437	1321	543
Uttar Pradesh	8728	1100	10200	71134968	34542	2980
Uttarakhand	5800	700	6800	1285300	1227	165
West Bengal	2700	800	3625	30776955	23967	1689
A & N Islands	0	350	350	65746	150	134
Chandigarh	3750	1500	4812	11979	7	50
Dadra & N. Haveli	150	450	1550	35589	72	45
Daman & Diu	6500	650	6975	19036	17	44
Lakshadweep	0	325	325	5884	4	36
Puducherry	2575	940	3438	241289	244	46
all	5235	1120	6800	458055743	270143	23039

Table 18c-U: Median medical expenditure and non-medical expenditure (on account of hospitalisation) of hospitalisation cases (EC) for each quintile class of MPCE, for each State/UT, for each type of hospital, and for each nature of treatment, by sector

characteristic	median of expenditure		total	estd. total exp. (Rs. 000) for hosp.	hospitalisation cases		
	medical during stay at hospital (Rs.)	other on account of hosp. (Rs.)			estd. (00)	sample	
	(1)	(2)			(3)	(4)	(5)
							Urban
01	3380	600	4100	24134674	19283	3163	
02	4920	725	5860	42543907	26338	3764	
03	6517	800	7500	57019582	28948	4171	
04	9500	1000	10600	89873498	33402	4067	
05	15200	1100	17000	172607818	38004	4665	
all	7800	900	9000	386179479	145974	19830	
public hosp.	1170	650	2205	42284225	46761	7571	
private hosp.	13200	1000	14500	343895254	99213	12259	
all	7800	900	9000	386179479	145974	19830	
allopathy	7800	900	9000	383874787	144575	19692	
Indian System	5850	860	6975	1844128	1105	92	
Homeopathy	1950	600	3100	191217	180	26	
Yoga	8100	700	10265	161950	79	14	
others	30500	1000	31500	107398	35	6	
all	7800	900	9000	386179479	145974	19830	
Andhra Pradesh	6275	630	7605	25924617	7699	906	
Arunachal Pradesh	5500	1000	6575	68889	64	126	
Assam	11100	1500	14350	4260687	814	291	
Bihar	7405	900	8500	6010134	2142	601	
Chhattisgarh	7475	1000	8500	3504070	1408	334	
Delhi	12000	1500	13500	11088940	2993	607	
Goa	2095	1440	4010	790409	299	61	
Gujarat	8025	600	9000	19470867	9152	1046	
Haryana	13500	1900	16125	12289156	3490	487	
Himachal Pradesh	5950	1000	7640	612800	197	140	
Jammu & Kashmir	3500	875	4775	840226	520	292	
Jharkhand	4140	810	5425	2826282	1883	410	
Karnataka	7765	1000	9325	23968094	9903	1029	
Kerala	4935	800	5738	27596544	16122	1172	
Madhya Pradesh	5500	850	7000	17198066	6521	1144	
Maharashtra	13185	900	14500	52218134	16830	1819	
Manipur	4775	2400	7375	215917	156	325	

Table 18c-U: Median medical expenditure and non-medical expenditure (on account of hospitalisation) of hospitalisation cases (EC) for each quintile class of MPCE, for each State/UT, for each type of hospital, and for each nature of treatment, by sector

characteristic	median of expenditure		total	estd. total exp. (Rs. 000) for hosp.	hospitalisation cases	
	medical during stay at hospital (Rs.)	other on account of hosp. (Rs.)			estd. (00)	sample
	(1)	(2)			(3)	(4)
Meghalaya	9000	2110	11175	262132	120	143
Mizoram	4475	1600	6350	192584	112	211
Nagaland	4850	1325	6565	114921	62	122
Odisha	5000	1000	6265	6324775	2785	492
Punjab	15000	1000	16350	10567846	3305	488
Rajasthan	4655	600	5550	10826066	5901	826
Sikkim	3775	1670	7785	41683	26	124
Tamil Nadu	6405	992	7590	53211576	20394	1449
Telangana	5442	850	6825	9960434	4410	444
Tripura	2275	500	2778	488590	351	369
Uttar Pradesh	10000	1000	11000	48715375	14585	1996
Uttarakhand	10000	1000	11900	1408181	505	188
West Bengal	7770	700	8790	33385265	12252	1699
A & N Islands	0	475	600	118911	105	101
Chandigarh	5900	1375	7075	800713	215	78
Dadra & N. Haveli	3900	350	4535	49530	60	45
Daman & Diu	6175	375	6525	100610	130	55
Lakshadweep	0	160	170	63811	48	76
Puducherry	928	974	2400	662644	417	134
all	7800	900	9000	386179479	145974	19830

Table 19a-R: Per thousand distribution of hospitalisation case (EC) by major source of finance of expenditure for each State/UT

State/UT	per 1000 no. of hosp. case for which major source of financing exp.					
	hhs income/ savings	borrowings	sale of phy. assets	friends & relatives	others	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	417	520	25	23	15	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	980	8	0	7	5	1000
Assam	934	29	13	1	13	1000
Bihar	708	258	5	23	6	1000
Chhattisgarh	719	138	4	122	15	1000
Delhi	999	1	0	0	0	1000
Goa	785	111	0	75	29	1000
Gujarat	867	51	4	61	12	1000
Haryana	794	159	13	25	10	1000
Himachal Pradesh	845	60	0	78	16	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	923	61	14	2	0	1000
Jharkhand	603	258	43	76	6	1000
Karnataka	528	419	5	43	5	1000
Kerala	666	234	3	90	7	1000
Madhya Pradesh	738	184	7	67	1	1000
Maharashtra	777	157	3	56	4	1000
Manipur	988	12	0	0	1	1000
Meghalaya	989	6	0	1	4	1000
Mizoram	949	0	0	7	39	1000
Nagaland	877	29	0	85	9	1000
Odisha	653	274	36	26	10	1000
Punjab	816	136	0	41	7	1000
Rajasthan	740	187	3	53	6	1000
Sikkim	845	126	0	7	21	1000
Tamil Nadu	575	370	1	43	5	1000
Telangana	445	505	5	40	4	1000
Tripura	855	64	9	31	30	1000
Uttar Pradesh	706	193	4	91	2	1000
Uttarakhand	868	110	0	23	0	1000
West Bengal	664	265	14	41	5	1000
A & N Islands	922	23	0	0	0	1000
Chandigarh	938	57	0	5	0	1000
Dadra & N. Haveli	876	70	16	20	18	1000
Daman & Diu	880	0	0	68	0	1000
Lakshadweep	790	33	0	6	0	1000
Puducherry	450	464	0	86	0	1000
all	678	249	8	54	7	1000
estd. no. of hosp. case (00)	183193	67364	2246	14636	1768	270143
sample no. of hosp. case	16471	5062	199	1032	184	23039

Table 19a-U: Per thousand distribution of hospitalisation case (EC) by major source of finance of expenditure for each State/UT

State/UT	Urban					
	per 1000 no. of hosp. case for which major source of financing exp.					
	hhs income/ savings	borrowings	sale of phy. assets	friends & relatives	others	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	594	347	7	39	10	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	944	3	0	0	54	1000
Assam	906	48	28	1	16	1000
Bihar	736	248	2	12	2	1000
Chhattisgarh	877	75	0	14	25	1000
Delhi	950	23	5	12	11	1000
Goa	890	62	0	24	24	1000
Gujarat	904	41	1	41	10	1000
Haryana	878	95	0	14	13	1000
Himachal Pradesh	930	49	0	0	14	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	938	30	0	32	0	1000
Jharkhand	855	82	16	45	2	1000
Karnataka	632	273	0	70	22	1000
Kerala	683	191	3	96	25	1000
Madhya Pradesh	800	117	5	70	4	1000
Maharashtra	833	117	3	34	11	1000
Manipur	998	2	0	0	0	1000
Meghalaya	950	15	0	34	0	1000
Mizoram	952	16	0	8	24	1000
Nagaland	884	0	25	83	8	1000
Odisha	749	200	19	15	12	1000
Punjab	811	95	2	84	4	1000
Rajasthan	845	113	0	35	4	1000
Sikkim	915	23	0	39	14	1000
Tamil Nadu	606	322	5	56	3	1000
Telangana	719	236	4	33	7	1000
Tripura	917	44	19	10	11	1000
Uttar Pradesh	795	135	2	39	28	1000
Uttarakhand	839	116	0	44	1	1000
West Bengal	739	189	3	49	14	1000
A & N Islands	926	74	0	0	0	1000
Chandigarh	862	23	0	104	10	1000
Dadra & N. Haveli	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Daman & Diu	973	0	0	27	0	1000
Lakshadweep	805	47	0	42	3	1000
Puducherry	551	372	0	76	0	1000
all	749	182	4	50	13	1000
estd. no. of hosp. case (00)	109288	26527	527	7271	1909	145974
sample no. of hosp. case	15638	3016	81	800	223	19830

Table 19b-R: Average expenditure per hospitalisation case (EC) by major source of finance of expenditure for each State/UT

State/UT	Rural avg. expenditure (Rs.) per hosp. case for which major source of financing exp.					
	hhs income/ savings	borrowings	sale of phy. assets	friends & relatives	others	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	7230	21679	21105	17231	13691	15411
Arunachal Pradesh	8138	3605	0	774	6700	8042
Assam	7736	15641	58787	55434	2299	8520
Bihar	9812	20890	85651	32008	23185	13626
Chhattisgarh	11550	26148	2870	16908	4658	14043
Delhi	32220	22875	0	0	0	32211
Goa	26369	58521	0	10869	155500	32503
Gujarat	14786	19413	12764	29067	1521	15660
Haryana	17758	34675	56147	20769	10527	20945
Himachal Pradesh	21940	20650	0	26042	11500	22004
Jammu & Kashmir	10201	17993	5051	114700	12500	10777
Jharkhand	10707	15689	14369	18296	10781	12578
Karnataka	9601	23947	30147	15741	35666	16118
Kerala	12246	22011	17093	66396	7230	19385
Madhya Pradesh	13563	19010	71271	18663	68380	15326
Maharashtra	19413	35189	124868	23683	33708	22486
Manipur	9116	4073	0	0	9200	9058
Meghalaya	3995	18836	0	8570	7149	4098
Mizoram	11801	0	0	4300	10919	11652
Nagaland	7663	8196	0	7083	22200	7750
Odisha	10566	13278	29351	33363	15359	12616
Punjab	29388	30448	0	39237	6513	29779
Rajasthan	11435	26957	29340	36912	12685	15609
Sikkim	10814	19426	0	10300	45943	12648
Tamil Nadu	10025	18252	32725	27415	40846	13968
Telangana	9389	19553	27242	185021	1972	21683
Tripura	6913	11119	31638	7206	3371	7242
Uttar Pradesh	18252	27808	79207	21978	15011	20594
Uttarakhand	9667	12209	0	32938	0	10476
West Bengal	9490	18795	40600	22698	6739	12841
A & N Islands	4665	3135	0	0	0	4374
Chandigarh	10805	137617	0	68250	0	18327
Dadra & N. Haveli	3819	7276	26500	7000	29086	4948
Daman & Diu	12187	0	0	7714	0	11250
Lakshadweep	16581	38229	0	66000	0	14766
Puducherry	4277	10561	0	35580	0	9893
all	13464	22388	39021	33501	15797	16956
estd. total exp. (Rs. 000)	246653878	150811890	8765321	49032143	2792512	458055743
avg. exp. per hosp. case (Rs.)	13464	22388	39021	33501	15797	16956

Table 19b-U: Average expenditure per hospitalisation case (EC) by major source of finance of expenditure for each State/UT

State/UT	Urban					
	avg. expenditure (Rs.) per hosp. case for which major source of financing exp.					
	hhs income/ savings	borrowings	sale of phy. assets	friends & relatives	others	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	13821	65936	78485	44387	26366	33671
Arunachal Pradesh	10482	6000	0	0	15054	10715
Assam	32550	11911	741235	5261	80000	52368
Bihar	28973	23070	220648	33653	76520	28058
Chhattisgarh	21240	70388	0	31425	21858	24891
Delhi	32054	194719	161637	93084	30389	37049
Goa	12809	193059	0	4095	122015	26401
Gujarat	20780	33749	77300	14897	37368	21276
Haryana	32560	56311	0	79216	17212	35217
Himachal Pradesh	29191	81049	0	0	2750	31160
Jammu & Kashmir	16355	7759	0	18757	0	16174
Jharkhand	13613	28337	26857	12259	39203	15011
Karnataka	22281	32899	113100	12378	11661	24202
Kerala	15141	21255	95820	23234	8995	17117
Madhya Pradesh	24561	35083	39249	31242	59456	26374
Maharashtra	28256	45234	249556	35943	25896	31028
Manipur	13824	8000	0	0	0	13810
Meghalaya	21657	38785	0	18573	0	21789
Mizoram	17147	47366	0	9200	2902	17216
Nagaland	19702	0	2770	10564	14179	18477
Odisha	20681	26116	72950	18652	24604	22713
Punjab	27736	63203	9780	40613	13732	31978
Rajasthan	14448	36126	0	58026	2008	18346
Sikkim	15831	14439	0	18506	15201	15751
Tamil Nadu	20769	37173	40552	21057	41413	26092
Telangana	16849	41414	19546	10125	39752	22584
Tripura	13765	21552	13395	10169	834	13931
Uttar Pradesh	30641	53086	61743	43193	2480	33402
Uttarakhand	20923	43713	183500	119500	500	27883
West Bengal	23733	38411	27262	38861	30192	27249
A & N Islands	11194	12850	0	0	0	11316
Chandigarh	38096	45859	0	31245	7000	37243
Dadra & N. Haveli	8286	0	0	0	0	8286
Daman & Diu	7003	0	0	33734	0	7737
Lakshadweep	12475	48393	0	24197	300	13348
Puducherry	6145	30263	0	16224	0	15891
all	22822	40253	105128	28887	18031	26455
estd. total exp. (Rs. 000)	249416686	106778568	5538993	21002830	3442402	386179479
avg. exp. per hosp. case (Rs.)	22822	40253	105128	28887	18031	26455

Table 20a-R: Average medical expenditure (Rs.) per hospitalisation case (EC) during last 365 days and its break-up for public hospital in each State/UT

State/UT	type of hospital: Public							Rural
	avg. expenditure (Rs.) for treatment for treatment under							total exp. (Rs. 000)
	package component	doc./surgeon's fee	diagnostic tests	bed charges	other	medicines	total	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	1136	114	327	48	411	1518	3555	2235522
Arunachal Pradesh	775	250	874	153	469	2160	4682	183522
Assam	1817	263	699	142	512	1647	5080	1914021
Bihar	1257	1000	636	237	641	2472	6243	6120778
Chhattisgarh	384	244	757	150	549	1885	3968	1412184
Delhi	0	89	1060	185	639	2635	4606	18951
Goa	0	783	90	0	86	2218	3177	71147
Gujarat	3690	467	474	228	297	1465	6620	2047221
Haryana	0	1033	1465	625	2195	4330	9648	1988004
Himachal Pradesh	5760	547	1855	112	697	5818	14787	4330106
Jammu & Kashmir	1	117	1344	25	841	4147	6475	1698897
Jharkhand	148	449	398	535	497	2313	4340	903312
Karnataka	202	429	694	112	577	2373	4389	2579801
Kerala	506	108	743	173	565	939	3035	4116223
Madhya Pradesh	130	302	554	138	441	1718	3282	3423877
Maharashtra	543	592	606	414	543	2581	5278	3246089
Manipur	26	14	994	187	494	3353	5068	287388
Meghalaya	0	45	176	70	178	833	1302	85042
Mizoram	76	230	517	56	1088	4294	6261	88937
Nagaland	192	37	311	164	216	1483	2403	51335
Odisha	90	290	939	314	815	3429	5877	7359607
Punjab	4319	821	1391	579	830	3926	11866	2267161
Rajasthan	669	93	871	61	381	1741	3815	4542712
Sikkim	0	155	587	53	912	1517	3224	34004
Tamil Nadu	34	1	164	3	112	145	459	1879002
Telangana	310	30	333	59	309	1947	2987	985472
Tripura	1836	196	639	200	271	1840	4983	773047
Uttar Pradesh	2784	906	952	369	723	3200	8934	10714837
Uttarakhand	25	271	413	105	678	1624	3115	275256
West Bengal	1429	923	1490	256	593	2533	7224	15716603
A & N Islands	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	13117
Chandigarh	0	26	2465	314	624	4597	8027	4790
Dadra & N. Haveli	0	14	365	0	541	248	1168	9659
Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0	53	53	341
Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	67
Puducherry	0	0	13	0	37	401	450	11225
all-India	1108	482	857	213	569	2284	5512	81389261

Table 20a-U: Average medical expenditure (Rs.) per hospitalisation case (EC) during last 365 days and its break-up for public hospital in each State/UT

State/UT	type of hospital: Public							Urban
	avg. expenditure (Rs.) for treatment for treatment under							total exp. (Rs. 000)
	package component	doc./ surgeon's fee	diagnostic tests	bed charges	other	medicines	total	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	245	703	601	77	931	1072	3629	900547
Arunachal Pradesh	1876	272	1371	227	796	3127	7669	52244
Assam	4809	1470	1827	1432	3765	3647	16949	821832
Bihar	3748	1315	1248	554	873	4532	12271	1199878
Chhattisgarh	857	167	299	116	426	1844	3708	202187
Delhi	3915	1238	1146	390	1000	2478	10166	1638745
Goa	0	504	486	63	8198	5752	15002	365843
Gujarat	3640	842	643	209	509	1608	7451	1780738
Haryana	1365	2774	1686	506	3634	4809	14773	1101914
Himachal Pradesh	13608	1481	2653	329	2121	8633	28826	441939
Jammu & Kashmir	0	75	1891	19	2029	4748	8762	461726
Jharkhand	1183	487	665	446	3647	3118	9545	556073
Karnataka	29	483	780	251	497	2096	4136	984119
Kerala	115	125	720	155	430	1197	2743	2183785
Madhya Pradesh	10737	192	535	371	402	1745	13981	4231123
Maharashtra	738	305	732	187	405	2401	4768	1924862
Manipur	12	37	1711	312	988	4221	7281	132447
Meghalaya	0	3429	874	261	744	3001	8309	59594
Mizoram	115	146	853	103	545	3760	5522	48922
Nagaland	374	119	919	353	435	2075	4275	15213
Odisha	774	240	1226	319	822	3904	7285	1490009
Punjab	8127	1392	1209	345	717	3325	15114	1684431
Rajasthan	1896	846	1072	197	815	3117	7943	2971504
Sikkim	0	183	409	135	321	1618	2667	6350
Tamil Nadu	0	26	256	22	203	274	780	1419009
Telangana	764	5	340	4	414	1617	3144	438732
Tripura	194	141	577	40	350	2875	4176	155227
Uttar Pradesh	1144	864	1274	457	11440	3109	18288	8183971
Uttarakhand	131	1073	1222	321	934	2340	6021	142389
West Bengal	1504	1653	1025	101	1348	2527	8157	6000780
A & N Islands	0	0	5	0	215	0	220	9334
Chandigarh	1507	49	5773	1145	10232	14184	32889	632558
Dadra & N. Haveli	0	0	49	0	162	1064	1276	1934
Daman & Diu	0	2	141	0	0	76	219	2395
Lakshadweep	0	19	5	32	0	94	151	1452
Puducherry	0	55	48	269	48	259	678	40417
all-India	1833	668	856	221	1791	2222	7592	42284225

Table 20b-R: Average medical expenditure (Rs.) per hospitalisation case (EC) during last 365 days and its break-up for public hospital in each State/UT

State/UT	type of hospital: Private							Rural
	avg. expenditure (Rs.) for treatment for treatment under							total exp. (Rs. 000)
	package component	doc./surgeon's fee	diagnostic tests	bed charges	other	medicines	total	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	2164	3492	1945	3022	1450	3959	16032	26048903
Arunachal Pradesh	2509	2300	1976	2095	1654	2895	13428	59859
Assam	10392	3066	2357	1102	1534	4091	22541	936342
Bihar	4147	2582	1442	1654	937	4525	15288	18611665
Chhattisgarh	6294	2606	1043	1359	4350	4492	20143	5530161
Delhi	41744	4964	4111	5577	8706	10052	75153	152872
Goa	0	26617	2907	3952	7720	16593	57789	749143
Gujarat	3277	4601	1414	2149	1381	3826	16648	15243738
Haryana	172	5777	3103	3922	2226	7472	22672	8161935
Himachal Pradesh	20204	2303	1894	1875	1249	4071	31596	2614158
Jammu & Kashmir	21743	4186	2584	2391	1479	6290	38672	558388
Jharkhand	801	2991	1283	3881	1333	4000	14288	3947014
Karnataka	2342	4147	1819	2322	1593	5427	17650	23750526
Kerala	4097	5177	3429	3564	3101	6042	25411	43125642
Madhya Pradesh	12016	2313	1705	2321	1011	5021	24387	16660368
Maharashtra	7313	4788	1954	2606	1500	5926	24087	53437882
Manipur	9378	585	618	485	488	2381	13936	76059
Meghalaya	0	2207	1973	1318	601	2320	8418	33853
Mizoram	5475	3059	1682	2301	2313	9150	23979	49559
Nagaland	4386	561	1169	1608	1318	5370	14411	77517
Odisha	8374	4068	3020	3158	1887	8726	29233	7140072
Punjab	12103	5075	3553	3135	2015	8392	34273	14897414
Rajasthan	10735	2487	2151	2600	1054	4536	23562	18075003
Sikkim	3692	3591	2823	3291	1733	5696	20826	57883
Tamil Nadu	4290	4951	1785	2350	1277	4901	19554	24697553
Telangana	13824	3167	2190	2290	888	3994	26353	14958733
Tripura	6535	788	2533	1194	744	3751	15546	183390
Uttar Pradesh	6294	3949	1793	2846	1670	6366	22919	60420131
Uttarakhand	2165	2868	2019	1721	1877	4748	15399	1010045
West Bengal	12652	3322	2151	1908	861	4314	25207	15060352
A & N Islands	0	23680	7265	6330	13025	7156	57457	52629
Chandigarh	0	16880	3680	3907	4248	15911	44626	7189
Dadra & N. Haveli	889	3401	664	2555	1323	2498	11330	25929
Daman & Diu	2826	2553	622	2657	2102	2911	13670	18695
Lakshadweep	0	12122	3252	4448	2619	5528	27968	5817
Puducherry	0	1673	1554	3189	1289	3769	11473	230064
all-India	5996	4031	2063	2641	1633	5362	21726	376666482

Table 20b-U: Average medical expenditure (Rs.) per hospitalisation case (EC) during last 365 days and its break-up for public hospital in each State/UT

State/UT	type of hospital: Private							Urban
	avg. expenditure (Rs.) for treatment for treatment under							total exp. (Rs. 000)
	package component	doc./surgeon's fee	diagnostic tests	bed charges	other	medicines	total	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	5246	12640	5741	6078	1033	8211	38949	25024069
Arunachal Pradesh	2185	1220	4902	3049	1833	4638	17827	16645
Assam	59669	6260	2299	3093	2274	5434	79028	3438855
Bihar	14228	4997	2002	3059	2151	6635	33072	4810256
Chhattisgarh	18853	2618	1484	1556	2315	3722	30547	3301883
Delhi	45846	1874	2207	1779	879	2282	54868	9450195
Goa	0	14466	3118	4800	3658	13584	39626	424565
Gujarat	9965	5230	1421	1956	1563	3889	24025	17690128
Haryana	7592	8116	3505	6611	3225	7269	36318	11187241
Himachal Pradesh	13883	4639	3247	1601	386	4235	27990	170861
Jammu & Kashmir	16549	7017	2685	4023	1829	12165	44269	378501
Jharkhand	1326	3024	1974	2858	1197	4063	14442	2270209
Karnataka	3396	6809	2240	3173	2009	8603	26230	22983975
Kerala	3730	4151	2570	2721	3474	5163	21808	25412758
Madhya Pradesh	14189	3484	2529	2478	1988	6474	31142	12966943
Maharashtra	12691	6895	3246	3762	1617	7478	35690	50293271
Manipur	16166	544	950	578	978	1745	20960	83470
Meghalaya	287	5170	3271	7627	5344	6473	28172	202538
Mizoram	8463	4844	2950	2234	2001	4947	25439	143662
Nagaland	535	1740	4670	3404	1935	11132	23417	99708
Odisha	16508	3506	2798	2661	2093	9375	36940	4834766
Punjab	17684	4009	2796	3782	2953	5188	36411	8883415
Rajasthan	10185	4991	2452	2385	1884	5303	27202	7854562
Sikkim	2391	3859	2442	3844	2195	4213	18944	35333
Tamil Nadu	12421	6311	2929	3282	2453	5865	33261	51792568
Telangana	7083	5518	3455	2609	1597	5059	25320	9521702
Tripura	56562	2795	4471	2033	1485	5772	73119	333363
Uttar Pradesh	17772	4162	1642	3940	2588	6828	36931	40531403
Uttarakhand	1412	10802	6126	5405	6031	8907	38684	1265792
West Bengal	25684	5944	2858	2399	2396	4129	43410	27384486
A & N Islands	0	15884	10602	6971	5478	7303	46237	109577
Chandigarh	18531	14971	2678	3293	1194	7213	47879	168155
Dadra & N. Haveli	427	6036	508	943	273	1170	9356	47596
Daman & Diu	3248	1222	358	913	267	2341	8349	98215
Lakshadweep	0	7886	5677	3716	5324	4362	26965	62360
Puducherry	4350	10669	3785	6247	2949	8089	36088	622227
all-India	11967	5896	2759	3351	2201	6201	32375	343895254

Table 20c-R: Average medical expenditure (Rs.) per hospitalisation case (EC) during last 365 days and its break-up for public hospital in each State/UT

State/UT	type of hospital: all							Rural
	avg. expenditure (Rs.) for treatment for treatment under							total exp. (Rs. 000)
	package component	doc./surgeon's fee	diagnostic tests	bed charges	other	medicines	total	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	1932	2732	1582	2353	1216	3411	13227	28284425
Arunachal Pradesh	973	484	1000	374	604	2244	5678	243382
Assam	2743	566	878	245	622	1911	6966	2850363
Bihar	2915	1908	1099	1050	811	3650	11432	24732443
Chhattisgarh	3373	1439	901	762	2471	3203	12149	6942345
Delhi	15389	1886	2184	2173	3612	5369	30613	171823
Goa	0	13450	1471	1938	3829	9267	29954	820290
Gujarat	3374	3632	1194	1699	1127	3273	14298	17290959
Haryana	115	4199	2559	2825	2216	6427	18341	10149939
Himachal Pradesh	9259	972	1864	539	830	5395	18860	6944265
Jammu & Kashmir	1330	366	1419	169	880	4278	8442	2257285
Jharkhand	542	1985	933	2556	1002	3332	10351	4850327
Karnataka	1768	3150	1517	1729	1320	4608	14091	26330327
Kerala	2851	3417	2497	2386	2221	4271	17642	47241865
Madhya Pradesh	5654	1236	1089	1152	706	3253	13090	20084246
Maharashtra	6013	3982	1695	2185	1316	5283	20475	56683971
Manipur	1073	78	952	220	494	3244	6061	363447
Meghalaya	0	280	371	205	224	994	2075	118895
Mizoram	833	627	680	371	1260	4974	8744	138496
Nagaland	1319	177	541	552	512	2527	5628	128852
Odisha	1637	995	1328	846	1015	4418	10240	14499679
Punjab	9826	3830	2921	2387	1668	7086	27718	17164575
Rajasthan	5277	1189	1457	1223	689	3020	12855	22617716
Sikkim	1009	1094	1198	938	1136	2660	8035	91888
Tamil Nadu	2571	2952	1131	1402	806	2980	11842	26576555
Telangana	9955	2269	1658	1651	723	3408	19664	15944205
Tripura	2153	236	766	267	303	1969	5694	956437
Uttar Pradesh	5233	3030	1539	2098	1384	5409	18693	71134968
Uttarakhand	1078	1550	1204	900	1268	3162	9162	1285300
West Bengal	3990	1471	1641	633	654	2939	11327	30776955
A & N Islands	0	1389	426	371	765	421	3373	65746
Chandigarh	0	3877	2743	1135	1452	7182	16389	11979
Dadra & N. Haveli	267	1031	455	767	776	924	4219	35589
Daman & Diu	2110	1907	464	1985	1570	2188	10223	19036
Lakshadweep	0	4515	1211	1657	975	2059	10418	5884
Puducherry	0	1140	1064	2174	890	2697	7965	241289
all-India	3949	2544	1558	1624	1187	4073	14935	458055743

Table 20c-U: Average medical expenditure (Rs.) per hospitalisation case (EC) during last 365 days and its break-up for public hospital in each State/UT

State/UT	type of hospital: all							Urban
	avg. expenditure (Rs.) for treatment for treatment under							total exp. (Rs. 000)
	package component	doc./surgeon's fee	diagnostic tests	bed charges	other	medicines	total	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	4155	10035	4620	4769	1011	6653	31242	25924617
Arunachal Pradesh	1915	389	1808	576	924	3314	8926	68889
Assam	31422	3794	2056	2238	3041	4514	47064	4260687
Bihar	10163	3569	1710	2088	1656	5819	25004	6010134
Chhattisgarh	13555	1896	1135	1132	1759	3169	22647	3504070
Delhi	26957	1587	1729	1153	934	2370	34730	11088940
Goa	0	5132	1358	1633	6693	8348	23165	790409
Gujarat	8488	4206	1240	1548	1317	3357	20155	19470867
Haryana	6451	7137	3171	5492	3300	6819	32370	12289156
Himachal Pradesh	13686	2373	2821	688	1631	7391	28590	612800
Jammu & Kashmir	2417	1089	2007	604	2000	5831	13948	840226
Jharkhand	1288	2355	1629	2222	1843	3814	13151	2826282
Karnataka	2780	5652	1973	2639	1732	7414	22190	23968094
Kerala	2527	2811	1954	1867	2461	3843	15465	27596544
Madhya Pradesh	12751	2112	1698	1600	1327	4504	23993	17198066
Maharashtra	10296	5574	2743	3046	1374	6461	29493	52218134
Manipur	3477	145	1548	369	986	3690	10215	215917
Meghalaya	151	4347	2139	4146	3170	4833	18786	262132
Mizoram	3443	2019	1688	952	1125	4233	13461	192584
Nagaland	471	1094	3176	2188	1337	7522	15788	114921
Odisha	7387	1613	1886	1304	1356	6203	19750	6324775
Punjab	14794	3217	2316	2743	2277	4624	29971	10567846
Rajasthan	5678	2737	1702	1196	1303	4115	16731	10826066
Sikkim	1068	1825	1317	1792	1158	2777	9939	41683
Tamil Nadu	8787	4472	2147	2328	1794	4229	23757	53211576
Telangana	5743	4348	2795	2056	1346	4329	20617	9960434
Tripura	6294	428	998	255	473	3189	11638	488590
Uttar Pradesh	13064	3228	1538	2954	5094	5775	31653	48715375
Uttarakhand	903	6935	4177	3385	4005	6297	25703	1408181
West Bengal	12971	3688	1894	1191	1845	3286	24875	33385265
A & N Islands	0	2820	1886	1238	1149	1297	8389	118911
Chandigarh	4083	2307	5305	1470	8864	13129	35158	800713
Dadra & N. Haveli	342	4835	417	755	251	1149	7749	49530
Daman & Diu	2681	1009	320	754	220	1946	6930	100610
Lakshadweep	0	2499	1793	1194	1678	1440	8604	63811
Puducherry	1646	4071	1462	2531	1145	3221	14076	662644
all-India	8721	4221	2149	2348	2070	4926	24436	386179479

Table 21: Proportion of cases of reimbursement of hospitalisation expenses and average amount of reimbursement per hospitalisation case (EC) for each quintile class of MPCE and type of hospitals

quintile class of UMPCE	per 1000 no. of cases reimbursed		average amount reimbursed (Rs.)		amount reimbursed as a percentage of medical expenditure incurred	
	rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
	type of hospital: Public					
01	6	11	19	50	0	1
02	4	12	18	274	0	5
03	6	15	46	112	1	2
04	9	21	152	637	3	8
05	24	51	390	1142	5	6
all	11	20	143	402	3	5
	type of hospital: Private					
01	17	11	1378	242	8	1
02	3	30	183	460	1	2
03	11	39	186	1195	1	5
04	11	70	1121	2487	6	8
05	17	165	662	7991	2	17
all	13	81	692	3416	3	11
	type of hospital: all					
01	11	11	597	150	6	1
02	3	22	96	379	1	3
03	9	31	120	840	1	5
04	10	56	706	1962	5	8
05	19	143	584	6711	3	16
all	12	62	462	2451	3	10

Table 22: Hospitalisation cases (EC) per 100,000 persons during the last 365 days by age-group

age-group	rural			urban			rural+urban			estd. no. (00) of hosp. cases	no. of sample hosp. cases
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
0-14	2260	1396	1857	2792	2420	2617	2397	1664	2055	66872	7354
15-29	2013	3242	2586	2038	3080	2503	2021	3193	2560	74518	7623
30-44	2954	3788	3369	3283	4253	3759	3064	3941	3498	83931	8738
40-59	5182	5222	5202	6458	6834	6642	5584	5727	5654	92436	9626
60-69	8654	8383	8515	11454	10077	10751	9534	8914	9217	52716	5190
70+	13953	10824	12393	19013	16897	17958	15524	12711	14121	45644	4338
60+	10606	9252	9920	14205	12486	13335	11733	10263	10988	98361	9528
all	3372	3598	3480	4145	4643	4381	3605	3910	3751	416117	42869

Table 23a: Hospitalisation cases (EC) per 100,000 persons of different social groups during the last 365 days

age-group	rural			urban			rural+urban			estd. no. (00) of hosp. cases	no. of sample hosp. cases
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
ST	2361	2572	2462	2772	4097	3401	2406	2737	2565	26326	4582
SC	3367	3669	3511	4092	5127	4572	3531	3985	3746	78224	7276
OBC	3406	3566	3483	4252	4870	4549	3654	3948	3796	186401	17106
others	3831	4137	3977	4165	4269	4214	3975	4194	4079	125165	13905
all	3372	3598	3480	4145	4643	4381	3605	3910	3751	416117	42869

Table 23b: Hospitalisation cases (EC) per 100,000 persons of different religion during the last 365 days

age-group	rural			urban			rural+urban			estd. no. (00) of hosp. cases	no. of sample hosp. cases
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
Hinduism	3368	3510	3436	4108	4585	4334	3581	3814	3692	332388	33170
Islam	3055	3709	3366	4010	4353	4173	3409	3947	3665	56372	5887
Christianity	5354	6369	5828	5647	8623	7144	5461	7268	6329	15706	2328
Sikhism	3408	4196	3790	4544	3613	4084	3702	4041	3867	7516	765
Jainism	4666	8765	6249	4775	3937	4370	4766	4218	4505	979	116
Buddhism	5125	3742	4436	4672	4088	4409	4966	3849	4427	2457	408
Zoroastrianism	20877	36140	30296	2952	11030	7437	8472	20192	15226	98	10
others	1358	1448	1404	3350	3185	3269	1790	1800	1795	601	185
all	3372	3598	3480	4145	4643	4381	3605	3910	3751	416117	42869

Table 24R: Cases of hospitalisation (EC) on account of ailments of different broad ailment categories reported per 100,000 persons during the last 365 days by gender and age-group: all-India

broad ailment category (1)	hospitalised cases reported per 100000 in age group							
	0 - 14	15-29	30-44	45-59	60-69	70+	60+	all
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
	male							
infections	1069	591	754	1129	1443	1359	1412	913
cancers	14	12	43	132	423	225	350	61
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	62	52	17	28	227	151	199	56
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	32	10	40	127	253	537	358	66
psychiatric & neurological	97	142	148	248	605	1363	884	199
eye	27	14	26	414	800	1078	902	144
ear	11	13	13	14	4	20	10	12
cardio-vascular	33	49	211	675	1339	2870	1903	304
respiratory	150	49	52	252	686	1595	1021	184
gastro-intestinal	146	248	404	623	810	1242	969	354
skin	31	12	32	28	57	200	110	32
musculo-skeletal	53	62	187	298	485	636	541	153
genito-urinary	67	80	216	343	578	1483	911	203
obstetric & neonatal	135	0	0	0	0	0	0	43
injuries	285	630	731	736	725	788	749	564
other	49	51	81	134	218	408	288	86
all	2260	2013	2954	5182	8654	13953	10606	3372
	female							
infections	685	763	793	1048	1378	1581	1450	846
cancers	18	23	146	228	167	354	233	96
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	35	90	129	115	146	207	168	92
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	24	29	83	214	334	548	410	99
psychiatric & neurological	97	99	188	290	473	1330	779	203
eye	7	16	41	330	1689	1275	1541	193
ear	9	14	19	20	30	16	25	15
cardio-vascular	25	67	229	476	1051	1701	1282	251
respiratory	121	66	77	345	479	930	640	174
gastro-intestinal	91	409	550	670	816	653	758	411
skin	19	11	33	46	53	88	65	28
musculo-skeletal	23	49	182	463	858	604	768	191
genito-urinary	7	232	433	445	267	323	287	243
obstetric & neonatal	75	1061	491	31	1	0	0	400
injuries	121	203	232	386	378	814	533	239
other	38	110	160	114	263	401	312	117
all	1396	3242	3788	5222	8383	10824	9252	3598

Table 24R: Cases of hospitalisation (EC) on account of ailments of different broad ailment categories reported per 100,000 persons during the last 365 days by gender and age-group: all-India

broad ailment category (1)	hospitalised cases reported per 100000 in age group							
	0 - 14	15-29	30-44	45-59	60-69	70+	60+	all
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
	male+female							
infections	890	671	773	1089	1410	1470	1431	881
cancers	16	17	94	179	292	289	291	78
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	49	70	73	71	185	179	183	73
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	28	19	62	170	294	542	384	81
psychiatric & neurological	97	122	168	269	537	1347	831	201
eye	17	15	34	373	1255	1176	1226	167
ear	10	13	16	17	18	18	18	14
cardio-vascular	29	57	220	577	1192	2287	1588	279
respiratory	137	57	64	298	580	1263	828	179
gastro-intestinal	121	323	476	646	813	948	862	381
skin	25	11	33	37	55	144	87	30
musculo-skeletal	39	56	184	379	676	620	656	171
genito-urinary	39	151	324	393	419	905	595	222
obstetric & neonatal	107	495	244	15	0	0	0	214
injuries	209	431	483	564	547	801	639	408
other	44	78	120	125	241	404	300	101
all	1857	2586	3369	5202	8515	12393	9920	3480

Table 24U: Cases of hospitalisation (EC) on account of ailments of different broad ailment categories reported per 100,000 persons during the last 365 days by gender and age-group: all-India

broad ailment category (1)	hospitalised cases reported per 100000 in age group							
	0 - 14	15-29	30-44	45-59	60-69	70+	60+	all
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
	male							
infections	1529	717	785	1099	1156	1790	1387	1051
cancers	21	10	53	183	697	608	664	101
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	38	30	45	85	80	170	113	50
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	13	9	59	220	560	884	678	106
psychiatric & neurological	109	125	274	459	993	1955	1343	302
eye	21	14	23	321	824	1169	950	138
ear	36	11	27	53	1	4	2	27
cardio-vascular	30	48	253	1081	2349	4886	3273	501
respiratory	195	61	75	258	1173	1579	1321	228
gastro-intestinal	195	316	458	628	1042	1922	1363	448
skin	20	13	16	77	78	183	116	33
musculo-skeletal	56	46	252	315	342	838	522	175
genito-urinary	103	84	263	359	747	1447	1002	244
obstetric & neonatal	177	0	0	0	0	0	0	45
injuries	201	477	627	1008	1155	1171	1161	575
other	47	73	75	311	256	408	311	121
all	2792	2038	3283	6458	11454	19013	14205	4145
	female							
infections	1208	946	799	1256	1290	2000	1541	1078
cancers	7	22	88	293	622	459	564	126
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	46	93	121	88	149	321	210	98
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	42	15	118	414	762	999	846	185
psychiatric & neurological	187	104	243	337	523	1116	733	253
eye	89	2	57	434	1490	1025	1326	225
ear	11	17	30	49	10	0	7	23
cardio-vascular	51	124	229	1057	1783	3087	2244	470
respiratory	185	80	120	239	542	1786	981	222
gastro-intestinal	208	372	622	842	670	1011	790	505
skin	21	37	121	29	82	122	96	58
musculo-skeletal	27	40	165	409	752	1343	961	209
genito-urinary	35	187	665	709	427	1662	864	411
obstetric & neonatal	139	780	385	12	8	0	5	330
injuries	93	145	247	408	853	1424	1055	281
other	71	116	243	259	114	539	264	172
all	2420	3080	4253	6834	10077	16897	12486	4643

Table 24U: Cases of hospitalisation (EC) on account of ailments of different broad ailment categories reported per 100,000 persons during the last 365 days by gender and age-group: all-India

broad ailment category (1)	hospitalised cases reported per 100000 in age group							
	0 - 14	15-29	30-44	45-59	60-69	70+	60+	all
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
	male+female							
infections	1378	820	792	1175	1224	1895	1465	1064
cancers	14	15	70	237	658	533	614	113
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	42	58	82	86	115	246	162	73
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	27	12	88	315	663	942	763	144
psychiatric & neurological	146	116	259	399	753	1537	1034	279
eye	53	9	39	376	1164	1097	1140	179
ear	24	14	28	51	6	2	4	25
cardio-vascular	40	82	241	1070	2060	3989	2752	486
respiratory	190	70	97	249	851	1682	1149	225
gastro-intestinal	201	341	538	733	852	1468	1073	475
skin	20	24	67	53	80	153	106	45
musculo-skeletal	43	43	209	361	551	1090	744	191
genito-urinary	71	130	460	530	584	1554	932	323
obstetric & neonatal	159	348	189	6	4	0	3	180
injuries	150	329	441	715	1001	1297	1107	435
other	59	92	157	285	184	473	287	145
all	2617	2503	3759	6642	10751	17958	13335	4381

Table 25R: Cases of hospitalisation (EC) reported per 100,000 persons during the last 365 days by State/UT and age-group

State /UT	hospitalised cases reported per 100000 in age group							Rural
	0 - 14	15-29	30-44	45-59	60-69	70+	60+	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	3460	3351	6056	7939	11511	14537	12402	5515
Arunachal Pradesh	2469	1723	3655	2490	5759	17018	11025	3046
Assam	932	992	1331	1665	3944	2311	3216	1311
Bihar	997	2507	2810	2812	3650	11399	5379	2159
Chhattisgarh	1102	2044	1996	1912	13414	27698	16529	2456
Delhi	1539	525	1619	336	1931	44240	5106	1029
Goa	2911	1561	1343	4553	12967	38595	18491	4346
Gujarat	2137	2473	2924	6006	13274	10225	11917	3701
Haryana	1942	1581	3336	5402	6583	9944	7829	3128
Himachal Pradesh	1811	4285	4515	8378	10370	11948	11078	5298
Jammu & Kashmir	634	1651	4236	4309	7215	6773	7034	2709
Jharkhand	863	1608	1942	2305	3857	2797	3618	1653
Karnataka	2998	2769	3801	6907	9962	12000	10806	4478
Kerala	8470	7780	9230	15415	23140	46163	32518	13694
Madhya Pradesh	1481	1542	3093	5023	6674	8087	7178	2700
Maharashtra	3436	3079	3465	5715	9535	14964	11434	4453
Manipur	3356	969	2189	2594	4548	11177	6068	2410
Meghalaya	1243	1084	1191	705	1659	5539	2920	1194
Mizoram	1602	2569	2318	2905	5164	4408	4957	2408
Nagaland	1811	1047	334	1730	2829	12800	4081	1321
Odisha	2054	2453	3620	4559	5149	11202	7298	3420
Punjab	1375	1891	3408	5406	10061	11730	10759	3534
Rajasthan	1601	2394	3037	5007	8424	11083	9641	3158
Sikkim	1020	1313	2407	2454	4412	9128	5877	1954
Tamil Nadu	2402	3125	4612	8054	14125	12180	13387	5427
Telangana	3591	3333	3273	4948	6657	4641	5848	3959
Tripura	3858	2945	4378	8185	9911	13891	11278	4763
Uttar Pradesh	1046	2611	2570	3199	5557	9605	7018	2380
Uttarakhand	514	1953	2040	3801	2858	9190	5450	1973
West Bengal	2729	3011	3844	6251	8624	8364	8526	4089
A & N Islands	11032	1876	3755	4884	13229	5181	9327	5359
Chandigarh	926	2781	942	1936	66541	10622	41325	2082
Dadra & N. Havely	4994	3932	4272	2784	10686	0	9230	4552
Daman & Diu	5036	5565	1084	12113	3437	6988	4224	4884
Lakshadweep	2647	2207	2141	9499	7288	0	4549	3610
Puducherry	795	5618	8138	5936	23650	3595	14069	5193
All-India	1857	2586	3369	5202	8515	12393	9920	3480

Table 25U: Cases of hospitalisation (EC) reported per 100,000 persons during the last 365 days by State/UT and age-group

State /UT	hospitalised cases reported per 100000 in age group							Urban
	0 - 14	15-29	30-44	45-59	60-69	70+	60+	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	3620	2888	3617	8119	12428	29620	17163	5273
Arunachal Pradesh	1808	4143	4530	3620	7347	10906	7718	3440
Assam	890	1296	1735	5291	3856	12003	6938	2405
Bihar	769	1712	3622	2860	5603	8228	6529	2223
Chhattisgarh	1809	3198	1372	4324	13767	10486	12467	3197
Delhi	1572	2164	2547	4479	7632	14971	10369	2888
Goa	3082	1584	2753	3888	4978	15739	7155	3396
Gujarat	2317	2987	3907	5768	10921	16123	12892	4291
Haryana	3004	2279	2901	9193	8744	19637	12348	4197
Himachal Pradesh	1652	2267	4271	3446	8079	3636	5086	3042
Jammu & Kashmir	1359	1338	2523	3503	4390	11180	6465	2583
Jharkhand	1118	2047	3079	4043	7820	11641	9212	2696
Karnataka	3351	2678	3611	6654	8423	19177	11420	4412
Kerala	6282	5445	8473	16482	17930	30240	22726	11066
Madhya Pradesh	1904	2262	3925	4959	9783	16386	12181	3662
Maharashtra	3172	2165	2857	5449	11554	14811	12838	3977
Manipur	2371	965	1557	1729	6258	8785	7390	1969
Meghalaya	1791	1151	862	4648	8991	34251	11788	2341
Mizoram	2751	1399	2368	3836	6943	7104	7023	2707
Nagaland	1320	1394	1400	2352	4576	2490	4221	1643
Odisha	2512	2190	4764	6983	9714	15612	12202	4453
Punjab	1526	2425	3639	4653	7701	13433	9604	3402
Rajasthan	1638	2546	2912	5501	7779	18308	11656	3403
Sikkim	2943	1209	3049	3167	16848	18330	17368	2902
Tamil Nadu	3546	2610	5331	9024	11435	19594	14256	5911
Telangana	2746	1881	2397	8787	8667	14928	10011	3964
Tripura	3456	3220	3327	6730	13691	15598	14474	4820
Uttar Pradesh	2137	2338	3643	5308	9661	13954	11056	3465
Uttarakhand	995	1761	2623	2740	13225	29286	19831	2851
West Bengal	2926	2509	3869	5604	12497	17665	14780	4798
A & N Islands	7807	2716	8938	7375	85735	108159	92106	7784
Chandigarh	2513	2358	1117	4279	14601	14359	14481	2656
Dadra & N. Havely	4057	2747	3319	1720	31873	6557	23498	4406
Daman & Diu	14855	1991	9224	2315	29743	4843	11232	6354
Lakshadweep	6384	3558	7905	17058	14427	61290	35645	9383
Puducherry	6242	3669	3861	7238	10706	13044	11516	5799
All-India	2617	2503	3759	6642	10751	17958	13335	4381

Table 26: Cases of hospitalisation(EC) on account of ailments of each broad ailment category reported per 100,000 persons during the last 365 days by gender: States and all-India

broad ailment category	hospitalised cases reported per 100000 in age group								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Andhra Pradesh									
infections	1473	1222	1351	1478	1025	1246	1475	1160	1319
cancers	93	355	220	83	167	126	90	295	191
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	57	45	51	122	64	92	76	51	63
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	42	82	62	242	147	194	101	103	102
psychiatric & neurological	355	390	372	547	325	434	411	370	391
eye	255	196	226	139	361	252	221	248	234
ear	44	11	28	12	6	9	35	9	22
cardio-vascular	689	463	579	917	483	695	756	469	614
respiratory	254	132	195	242	214	227	251	158	205
gastro-intestinal	827	605	719	818	368	588	825	530	679
skin	38	11	25	25	27	26	35	16	25
musculo-skeletal	324	226	277	167	159	163	278	205	242
genito-urinary	441	395	418	265	432	350	389	406	398
obstetric & neonatal	85	145	114	186	343	267	115	207	161
injuries	968	487	734	751	227	483	904	405	657
other	111	180	145	97	145	122	107	169	138
all	6057	4944	5515	6092	4491	5273	6067	4801	5441
Arunachal Pradesh									
infections	1821	1470	1651	2430	2122	2282	1917	1573	1751
cancers	29	0	15	28	0	15	29	0	15
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	77	0	40	0	0	0	64	0	33
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	49	57	53	0	0	0	41	48	44
psychiatric & neurological	38	44	41	87	40	65	46	44	45
eye	7	13	10	0	0	0	6	11	8
ear	27	0	14	87	23	56	37	4	21
cardio-vascular	97	85	91	28	0	15	86	71	79
respiratory	196	133	166	186	158	173	195	137	167
gastro-intestinal	189	283	234	262	195	229	201	269	233
skin	12	0	6	0	0	0	10	0	5
musculo-skeletal	262	110	188	85	177	129	234	121	179
genito-urinary	0	156	75	16	142	76	3	154	76
obstetric & neonatal	9	629	308	0	153	74	7	554	271
injuries	176	128	153	334	317	326	201	158	181
other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
all	2988	3107	3046	3544	3327	3440	3076	3142	3108

Table 26: Cases of hospitalisation(EC) on account of ailments of each broad ailment category reported per 100,000 persons during the last 365 days by gender: States and all-India

broad ailment category	hospitalised cases reported per 100000 in age group								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Assam									
infections	488	371	435	415	327	374	480	366	428
cancers	28	14	22	97	39	70	36	17	27
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	5	1	3	11	43	26	6	6	6
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	45	20	34	23	85	52	43	28	36
psychiatric & neurological	40	71	54	85	265	169	45	94	68
eye	28	14	21	8	56	30	26	19	22
ear	13	1	8	0	0	0	12	1	7
cardio-vascular	120	36	81	281	319	299	138	70	107
respiratory	130	40	89	114	24	72	128	38	87
gastro-intestinal	115	259	180	298	302	300	136	264	194
skin	2	10	5	11	0	6	3	9	6
musculo-skeletal	33	44	38	113	38	78	42	43	43
genito-urinary	11	49	29	103	386	235	22	89	53
obstetric & neonatal	0	124	57	10	282	137	1	143	66
injuries	134	151	142	305	58	190	154	140	148
other	101	127	113	219	537	367	115	176	143
all	1294	1332	1311	2093	2760	2405	1386	1503	1439
Bihar									
infections	279	265	272	434	235	341	295	262	280
cancers	8	19	14	37	86	60	11	26	18
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	5	105	52	0	39	18	5	99	49
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	11	21	16	19	41	29	12	23	17
psychiatric & neurological	62	154	105	223	330	273	79	172	122
eye	122	69	97	77	88	82	117	71	96
ear	9	0	4	17	16	16	9	2	6
cardio-vascular	353	74	222	325	84	213	350	75	221
respiratory	74	50	63	41	52	46	71	50	61
gastro-intestinal	236	142	192	210	287	246	233	157	197
skin	24	17	21	5	27	15	22	18	20
musculo-skeletal	135	119	127	88	206	143	130	128	129
genito-urinary	129	195	160	146	179	162	131	193	160
obstetric & neonatal	33	909	445	48	742	370	34	892	438
injuries	377	236	310	267	59	170	365	218	296
other	54	63	58	34	44	39	52	61	56
all	1911	2438	2159	1970	2516	2223	1917	2446	2166

Table 26: Cases of hospitalisation(EC) on account of ailments of each broad ailment category reported per 100,000 persons during the last 365 days by gender: States and all-India

broad ailment category	hospitalised cases reported per 100000 in age group								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Chhattisgarh									
infections	955	467	729	1507	873	1222	1056	538	818
cancers	12	39	24	35	19	28	16	35	25
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	14	463	221	33	85	57	17	396	192
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	19	19	19	117	17	72	37	19	28
psychiatric & neurological	208	34	127	135	97	118	194	45	126
eye	53	739	370	89	97	93	60	626	320
ear	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
cardio-vascular	98	84	92	192	132	165	115	93	105
respiratory	73	41	58	158	21	96	89	37	65
gastro-intestinal	533	98	332	416	327	376	512	138	340
skin	71	55	63	12	0	6	60	45	53
musculo-skeletal	48	65	56	100	76	89	58	67	62
genito-urinary	21	68	43	175	176	175	49	87	67
obstetric & neonatal	27	309	157	70	263	157	35	301	157
injuries	225	43	141	732	197	491	317	70	204
other	29	15	22	47	58	52	32	23	28
all	2384	2539	2456	3818	2440	3197	2646	2522	2589
Delhi									
infections	570	393	494	871	789	835	857	770	819
cancers	0	0	0	79	94	86	75	90	81
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	0	342	147	48	37	43	46	51	48
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	0	0	0	26	63	42	24	60	40
psychiatric & neurological	38	0	22	233	82	166	223	78	159
eye	0	0	0	30	34	32	29	32	30
ear	0	0	0	0	17	7	0	16	7
cardio-vascular	126	0	72	413	137	291	399	130	281
respiratory	18	0	10	81	260	160	78	248	153
gastro-intestinal	36	66	49	737	488	627	703	468	600
skin	0	0	0	11	46	26	10	44	25
musculo-skeletal	77	90	83	106	90	99	104	90	98
genito-urinary	0	0	0	55	187	113	53	178	108
obstetric & neonatal	0	48	21	13	123	62	13	119	60
injuries	220	0	126	223	69	155	223	66	154
other	0	17	7	48	264	143	45	253	137
all	1083	956	1029	2974	2778	2888	2883	2693	2799

Table 26: Cases of hospitalisation(EC) on account of ailments of each broad ailment category reported per 100,000 persons during the last 365 days by gender: States and all-India

broad ailment category	hospitalised cases reported per 100000 in age group								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Goa									
infections	345	466	406	788	319	556	614	378	497
cancers	147	0	73	0	0	0	58	0	29
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	0	0	0	120	0	61	73	0	37
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	221	575	398	66	225	145	127	365	245
psychiatric & neurological	0	589	295	1170	0	593	710	236	475
eye	370	277	323	80	0	41	194	111	153
ear	0	0	0	0	86	42	0	52	26
cardio-vascular	906	127	516	273	494	382	522	347	435
respiratory	550	33	291	80	107	94	265	77	172
gastro-intestinal	283	0	141	292	186	240	288	112	201
skin	0	0	0	80	164	121	48	98	73
musculo-skeletal	823	1213	1018	488	195	343	619	603	611
genito-urinary	781	472	626	433	443	438	570	455	513
obstetric & neonatal	0	133	67	0	110	54	0	119	59
injuries	145	238	192	497	68	286	358	136	248
other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
all	4569	4124	4346	4367	2398	3396	4446	3090	3773
Gujarat									
infections	1070	1017	1045	1342	1305	1325	1187	1132	1162
cancers	46	27	37	144	105	127	88	58	74
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	55	71	63	80	29	57	66	54	60
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	153	60	108	116	256	179	137	139	138
psychiatric & neurological	163	176	170	251	187	222	201	180	191
eye	223	414	315	111	109	110	175	292	230
ear	0	9	4	0	17	8	0	12	6
cardio-vascular	651	315	490	473	422	450	574	358	473
respiratory	236	239	238	91	278	175	174	255	212
gastro-intestinal	323	361	341	373	331	354	345	349	347
skin	8	13	10	0	15	7	5	14	9
musculo-skeletal	160	69	116	72	218	138	122	129	125
genito-urinary	241	217	229	412	475	441	315	321	318
obstetric & neonatal	47	376	205	41	466	232	44	412	216
injuries	369	250	312	473	417	448	414	317	369
other	25	12	19	17	21	19	21	16	19
all	3770	3626	3701	3996	4653	4291	3868	4037	3947

Table 26: Cases of hospitalisation(EC) on account of ailments of each broad ailment category reported per 100,000 persons during the last 365 days by gender: States and all-India

broad ailment category	hospitalised cases reported per 100000 in age group								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Haryana									
infections	846	887	866	2344	1507	1946	1368	1105	1243
cancers	82	62	73	147	90	120	105	72	89
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	59	62	60	59	10	36	59	43	51
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	11	73	40	89	2	47	38	48	42
psychiatric & neurological	344	120	238	173	241	205	285	162	226
eye	22	54	37	333	94	219	130	68	101
ear	4	0	2	0	19	9	3	7	5
cardio-vascular	678	213	458	238	245	241	525	224	382
respiratory	196	179	188	245	44	149	213	132	174
gastro-intestinal	113	186	148	101	503	292	109	297	198
skin	133	17	78	0	0	0	86	11	51
musculo-skeletal	140	268	201	284	280	282	190	272	229
genito-urinary	20	149	81	82	90	86	42	128	83
obstetric & neonatal	62	509	273	158	221	188	95	408	244
injuries	422	94	267	348	227	290	396	140	275
other	64	181	119	127	42	86	86	132	108
all	3195	3054	3128	4727	3614	4197	3728	3250	3501
Himachal Pradesh									
infections	1036	1328	1187	902	873	888	1022	1287	1158
cancers	55	328	196	19	434	218	51	338	198
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	26	136	83	49	49	49	28	128	79
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	24	94	60	0	80	39	21	92	58
psychiatric & neurological	242	289	266	294	195	247	247	280	264
eye	232	215	223	80	88	83	216	203	209
ear	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
cardio-vascular	594	252	417	212	254	232	554	252	399
respiratory	502	536	520	234	133	186	474	499	487
gastro-intestinal	537	738	641	169	772	458	499	741	623
skin	106	131	119	100	66	84	105	125	116
musculo-skeletal	622	157	382	86	26	57	566	145	350
genito-urinary	277	683	487	33	283	153	252	646	454
obstetric & neonatal	4	442	230	29	351	183	6	434	226
injuries	609	364	483	221	106	166	569	340	452
other	6	6	6	0	0	0	6	6	6
all	4871	5698	5298	2426	3710	3042	4616	5516	5077

Table 26: Cases of hospitalisation(EC) on account of ailments of each broad ailment category reported per 100,000 persons during the last 365 days by gender: States and all-India

broad ailment category	hospitalised cases reported per 100000 in age group								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Jammu & Kashmir									
infections	657	791	720	288	451	368	583	719	647
cancers	21	9	15	155	10	84	48	9	29
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	0	16	7	0	44	21	0	22	10
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	9	115	59	89	161	124	25	125	72
psychiatric & neurological	182	144	164	101	123	112	166	139	153
eye	81	106	93	113	79	96	87	100	94
ear	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
cardio-vascular	325	408	364	330	291	311	326	383	353
respiratory	117	103	110	111	58	85	116	93	105
gastro-intestinal	313	256	286	333	451	391	317	298	308
skin	16	14	15	71	40	56	27	20	23
musculo-skeletal	49	169	105	168	305	235	73	198	132
genito-urinary	233	325	276	135	393	260	213	339	273
obstetric & neonatal	0	297	139	13	236	121	3	284	136
injuries	420	136	287	241	268	254	384	164	280
other	31	108	67	28	104	65	31	107	67
all	2454	2997	2709	2174	3014	2583	2398	3000	2683
Jharkhand									
infections	545	632	587	369	526	443	504	608	553
cancers	56	34	46	12	38	24	46	35	41
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	68	18	44	62	60	61	67	28	48
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	5	36	19	63	214	134	18	77	46
psychiatric & neurological	43	88	64	111	343	220	59	146	100
eye	75	28	53	205	109	160	105	47	77
ear	6	4	5	0	41	19	4	13	8
cardio-vascular	40	69	53	160	351	250	68	133	99
respiratory	52	32	42	26	54	39	46	37	42
gastro-intestinal	144	244	192	567	318	450	242	261	251
skin	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
musculo-skeletal	126	37	84	79	120	98	115	56	87
genito-urinary	15	98	54	74	704	371	29	237	127
obstetric & neonatal	51	288	163	53	162	104	52	259	150
injuries	375	36	215	436	95	275	389	50	229
other	19	48	33	25	72	47	21	53	36
all	1619	1692	1653	2242	3206	2696	1763	2039	1894

Table 26: Cases of hospitalisation(EC) on account of ailments of each broad ailment category reported per 100,000 persons during the last 365 days by gender: States and all-India

broad ailment category	hospitalised cases reported per 100000 in age group								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Karnataka									
infections	1420	1205	1316	919	1257	1079	1226	1224	1225
cancers	75	195	133	121	85	104	93	154	122
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	21	107	63	30	85	56	24	99	60
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	93	191	141	89	228	155	92	205	146
psychiatric & neurological	201	222	211	217	259	237	207	236	221
eye	161	174	167	135	262	195	151	207	178
ear	11	9	10	44	0	23	24	5	15
cardio-vascular	350	282	317	504	458	482	410	348	380
respiratory	251	260	255	155	197	175	214	237	225
gastro-intestinal	496	481	489	350	608	472	440	529	482
skin	27	61	44	40	12	27	32	43	37
musculo-skeletal	443	394	419	295	486	385	386	428	406
genito-urinary	347	269	309	409	332	373	371	292	333
obstetric & neonatal	13	225	116	57	318	181	30	260	141
injuries	529	223	380	437	230	339	493	226	364
other	136	78	107	109	150	128	125	105	115
all	4574	4375	4478	3912	4968	4412	4318	4597	4453
Kerala									
infections	4210	3128	3651	1980	2251	2118	3197	2736	2961
cancers	545	379	459	317	375	346	441	377	408
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	101	324	216	41	103	72	74	225	151
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	530	936	740	267	548	410	411	763	591
psychiatric & neurological	968	713	836	582	572	577	793	650	719
eye	521	217	364	207	261	235	378	237	306
ear	92	49	70	54	44	49	75	47	60
cardio-vascular	1499	1686	1595	1352	1407	1380	1432	1561	1498
respiratory	1128	791	953	1243	650	941	1180	728	948
gastro-intestinal	1045	678	855	730	932	833	902	791	845
skin	118	79	98	69	169	120	96	119	108
musculo-skeletal	511	1010	769	488	811	653	501	921	716
genito-urinary	883	971	928	376	1472	934	653	1195	931
obstetric & neonatal	79	510	301	82	637	364	80	567	330
injuries	1886	758	1303	1488	640	1056	1705	705	1192
other	488	616	554	583	1360	978	531	948	745
all	14603	12844	13694	9858	12231	11066	12448	12570	12511

Table 26: Cases of hospitalisation(EC) on account of ailments of each broad ailment category reported per 100,000 persons during the last 365 days by gender: States and all-India

broad ailment category	hospitalised cases reported per 100000 in age group								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Madhya Pradesh									
infections	679	576	630	831	972	897	720	682	702
cancers	18	49	33	128	112	120	47	66	56
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	24	108	63	106	236	167	46	142	91
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	70	78	74	127	256	187	85	126	104
psychiatric & neurological	113	144	128	424	189	314	197	156	178
eye	172	100	138	81	102	91	147	100	125
ear	9	33	20	25	31	28	13	32	22
cardio-vascular	113	277	190	356	464	407	179	327	248
respiratory	117	279	193	221	97	163	145	230	185
gastro-intestinal	294	337	314	329	413	368	303	357	329
skin	77	8	44	43	75	58	68	26	48
musculo-skeletal	129	319	219	151	154	152	135	275	201
genito-urinary	110	114	112	123	126	125	114	118	116
obstetric & neonatal	77	340	201	24	448	222	63	369	207
injuries	399	141	278	286	276	281	369	177	279
other	69	57	63	86	77	82	73	62	68
all	2468	2960	2700	3341	4027	3662	2704	3244	2958
Maharashtra									
infections	1253	1148	1202	990	1009	999	1139	1089	1115
cancers	47	74	60	68	106	86	56	87	71
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	220	168	195	93	108	100	165	142	154
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	127	124	125	100	147	122	115	134	124
psychiatric & neurological	347	248	299	372	270	324	358	257	310
eye	155	257	205	107	397	245	135	317	222
ear	3	31	17	49	52	51	23	40	31
cardio-vascular	319	371	344	334	344	339	325	360	342
respiratory	225	204	215	130	210	168	184	207	195
gastro-intestinal	411	458	434	527	517	522	461	483	472
skin	64	22	44	36	38	37	52	28	41
musculo-skeletal	218	271	244	117	194	154	175	239	205
genito-urinary	375	179	280	216	390	298	306	268	288
obstetric & neonatal	29	157	91	21	102	59	26	134	78
injuries	812	256	543	499	230	371	677	245	470
other	152	159	155	102	104	103	130	136	133
all	4759	4128	4453	3761	4217	3977	4327	4166	4250

Table 26: Cases of hospitalisation(EC) on account of ailments of each broad ailment category reported per 100,000 persons during the last 365 days by gender: States and all-India

broad ailment category	hospitalised cases reported per 100000 in age group								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Manipur									
infections	1244	991	1129	617	717	665	1047	900	979
cancers	4	0	2	14	0	7	7	0	4
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	0	91	42	0	33	16	0	72	33
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	65	38	53	105	83	95	78	53	66
psychiatric & neurological	79	123	99	52	11	32	71	85	77
eye	46	93	67	96	95	96	62	94	77
ear	28	16	23	23	0	12	26	11	19
cardio-vascular	75	56	66	130	110	120	92	74	84
respiratory	58	101	78	77	71	74	64	91	77
gastro-intestinal	45	148	92	160	267	211	81	187	130
skin	25	54	38	57	11	35	35	40	37
musculo-skeletal	107	187	143	124	96	110	112	157	133
genito-urinary	4	367	169	65	266	161	23	333	166
obstetric & neonatal	0	153	70	39	31	35	12	112	58
injuries	419	172	307	321	216	271	388	187	295
other	12	59	33	16	43	29	13	53	32
all	2210	2651	2410	1896	2049	1969	2111	2450	2268
Meghalaya									
infections	1034	622	829	623	645	634	961	626	795
cancers	11	18	14	709	38	381	134	21	78
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	0	5	3	18	94	55	3	21	12
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	17	0	9	16	19	17	17	3	10
psychiatric & neurological	0	47	24	44	34	39	8	45	26
eye	0	0	0	0	19	9	0	3	2
ear	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
cardio-vascular	28	14	21	244	952	590	66	176	120
respiratory	38	17	27	5	10	7	32	16	24
gastro-intestinal	50	181	115	140	326	231	66	206	135
skin	8	0	4	0	0	0	7	0	3
musculo-skeletal	8	6	7	23	72	47	11	17	14
genito-urinary	8	7	8	53	130	91	16	29	22
obstetric & neonatal	0	144	72	0	0	0	0	119	59
injuries	53	58	55	217	34	128	82	54	68
other	0	13	6	150	70	111	27	23	25
all	1254	1133	1194	2242	2444	2341	1429	1359	1394

Table 26: Cases of hospitalisation(EC) on account of ailments of each broad ailment category reported per 100,000 persons during the last 365 days by gender: States and all-India

broad ailment category	hospitalised cases reported per 100000 in age group								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Mizoram									
infections	760	829	795	928	1346	1136	837	1063	950
cancers	101	265	183	39	124	82	73	201	137
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	2	1
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	36	0	18	102	138	120	66	63	64
psychiatric & neurological	56	106	81	91	216	153	72	156	114
eye	25	9	17	26	0	13	26	5	15
ear	0	9	5	0	0	0	0	5	2
cardio-vascular	129	93	111	166	116	141	146	104	125
respiratory	33	44	38	207	217	212	112	122	117
gastro-intestinal	395	412	404	201	193	197	306	313	309
skin	0	37	18	0	27	14	0	33	16
musculo-skeletal	34	97	65	76	100	88	53	98	76
genito-urinary	47	139	93	43	99	71	45	121	83
obstetric & neonatal	100	362	231	0	276	137	54	323	189
injuries	422	91	256	146	122	134	295	105	200
other	77	102	90	100	321	210	88	201	145
all	2216	2598	2408	2124	3296	2707	2174	2914	2544
Nagaland									
infections	504	726	614	588	470	529	523	666	594
cancers	10	0	5	24	93	58	13	22	17
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	10	85	47	0	79	40	8	83	45
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	13	71	42	165	9	86	48	57	52
psychiatric & neurological	147	21	85	156	90	123	149	38	94
eye	15	25	20	25	11	18	17	22	20
ear	0	0	0	0	58	29	0	14	7
cardio-vascular	13	27	20	47	111	79	21	47	34
respiratory	4	6	5	64	0	32	18	4	11
gastro-intestinal	178	92	135	119	267	193	165	133	149
skin	2	155	78	0	0	0	1	119	60
musculo-skeletal	137	4	71	42	141	92	115	36	76
genito-urinary	8	2	5	104	70	87	30	18	24
obstetric & neonatal	0	36	18	0	314	158	0	101	50
injuries	307	15	162	217	21	118	286	17	152
other	26	0	13	0	0	0	20	0	10
all	1374	1267	1321	1550	1735	1643	1414	1376	1395

Table 26: Cases of hospitalisation(EC) on account of ailments of each broad ailment category reported per 100,000 persons during the last 365 days by gender: States and all-India

broad ailment category	hospitalised cases reported per 100000 in age group								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Odisha									
infections	1288	1452	1365	1511	1248	1386	1323	1420	1368
cancers	76	110	92	77	356	209	77	149	111
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	66	46	57	73	72	73	67	50	59
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	38	31	35	144	22	86	54	30	43
psychiatric & neurological	187	295	238	371	293	334	216	295	253
eye	98	125	111	54	160	104	91	131	110
ear	0	20	9	0	55	26	0	25	12
cardio-vascular	171	228	197	366	232	302	201	228	214
respiratory	52	85	67	198	289	241	75	117	95
gastro-intestinal	226	466	338	665	244	465	294	431	358
skin	26	49	37	9	12	10	23	43	33
musculo-skeletal	110	108	109	116	208	160	111	124	117
genito-urinary	172	170	171	303	384	341	193	204	198
obstetric & neonatal	0	234	110	11	138	71	2	219	104
injuries	534	281	415	910	241	593	592	275	443
other	58	79	68	44	57	50	56	75	65
all	3102	3778	3420	4850	4011	4453	3375	3815	3582
Punjab									
infections	513	724	611	1331	989	1161	806	827	816
cancers	39	151	91	0	38	19	25	107	64
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	0	71	33	49	96	72	17	80	47
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	26	271	140	75	113	94	43	210	123
psychiatric & neurological	153	106	131	246	212	229	187	147	168
eye	199	336	263	83	157	120	157	266	209
ear	0	4	2	16	42	29	6	19	12
cardio-vascular	380	407	392	418	445	432	393	422	407
respiratory	79	299	181	138	145	142	100	239	166
gastro-intestinal	338	746	527	450	241	346	378	549	460
skin	6	16	11	0	41	20	4	26	14
musculo-skeletal	150	77	116	73	98	85	123	85	105
genito-urinary	246	543	384	144	254	199	210	430	315
obstetric & neonatal	19	155	82	21	189	105	20	168	91
injuries	740	159	470	326	156	242	592	158	385
other	48	158	99	118	100	109	73	136	103
all	2936	4224	3534	3487	3316	3402	3133	3870	3485

Table 26: Cases of hospitalisation(EC) on account of ailments of each broad ailment category reported per 100,000 persons during the last 365 days by gender: States and all-India

broad ailment category	hospitalised cases reported per 100000 in age group								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Rajasthan									
infections	765	657	712	576	968	760	712	740	725
cancers	81	71	76	36	25	31	68	58	63
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	119	111	115	77	140	106	107	119	113
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	51	123	86	28	114	68	44	121	81
psychiatric & neurological	148	140	144	270	148	213	182	143	163
eye	100	90	95	67	25	48	91	73	82
ear	13	19	16	7	0	4	11	14	13
cardio-vascular	175	282	227	633	319	486	304	292	298
respiratory	195	214	205	210	165	189	199	201	200
gastro-intestinal	401	490	445	391	582	481	399	515	455
skin	13	19	16	6	3	4	11	15	13
musculo-skeletal	72	201	135	116	109	113	84	176	129
genito-urinary	97	368	230	156	316	231	114	354	230
obstetric & neonatal	105	230	166	53	363	199	90	266	175
injuries	640	254	451	514	291	409	604	264	440
other	40	37	39	61	65	63	46	44	45
all	3015	3309	3158	3200	3633	3403	3067	3395	3226
Sikkim									
infections	439	685	552	635	826	719	479	711	585
cancers	30	37	33	287	138	222	82	56	70
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	0	23	11	0	167	73	0	50	23
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	47	41	44	62	215	129	50	74	61
psychiatric & neurological	17	70	41	0	75	33	14	71	40
eye	0	0	0	45	0	25	9	0	5
ear	27	9	19	62	0	35	34	8	22
cardio-vascular	86	171	125	68	127	94	82	162	119
respiratory	8	114	56	179	35	116	42	99	68
gastro-intestinal	97	541	301	91	596	313	96	551	303
skin	0	39	18	0	74	32	0	46	21
musculo-skeletal	20	91	53	0	52	23	16	84	47
genito-urinary	107	130	118	256	68	173	137	118	129
obstetric & neonatal	20	285	142	0	401	176	16	307	149
injuries	315	284	300	542	311	440	361	289	328
other	133	151	141	90	562	298	124	229	172
all	1345	2670	1954	2318	3647	2902	1543	2856	2141

Table 26: Cases of hospitalisation(EC) on account of ailments of each broad ailment category reported per 100,000 persons during the last 365 days by gender: States and all-India

broad ailment category	hospitalised cases reported per 100000 in age group								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Tamil Nadu									
infections	1454	1150	1298	1483	1759	1617	1468	1444	1456
cancers	146	142	144	84	96	90	114	119	117
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	53	156	106	10	117	62	31	137	84
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	196	193	195	236	353	293	217	271	244
psychiatric & neurological	343	251	296	302	252	278	322	252	287
eye	269	821	552	321	278	300	296	558	427
ear	9	25	17	75	40	58	42	32	37
cardio-vascular	626	473	548	733	677	706	681	572	626
respiratory	251	200	225	258	341	298	255	268	261
gastro-intestinal	608	389	496	442	468	455	524	427	475
skin	34	89	63	120	32	77	78	62	70
musculo-skeletal	373	158	263	373	201	289	373	179	276
genito-urinary	330	518	426	408	606	504	369	561	465
obstetric & neonatal	25	195	112	22	185	101	23	190	107
injuries	716	477	594	898	423	667	809	451	630
other	30	157	95	162	66	115	97	113	105
all	5462	5394	5427	5927	5895	5911	5699	5636	5667
Telangana									
infections	1105	762	930	759	653	710	967	724	848
cancers	16	180	100	14	49	30	15	135	74
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	36	28	32	40	99	67	38	53	45
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	148	146	147	61	82	71	113	124	119
psychiatric & neurological	373	300	336	147	389	258	283	331	307
eye	122	159	141	91	271	174	110	198	153
ear	87	36	61	6	8	7	55	26	41
cardio-vascular	182	223	203	358	1947	1084	252	826	533
respiratory	195	142	168	91	176	130	154	154	154
gastro-intestinal	455	661	560	322	403	359	402	571	485
skin	24	21	22	7	5	6	17	15	16
musculo-skeletal	161	248	206	157	64	115	160	184	171
genito-urinary	215	293	254	203	292	244	210	292	250
obstetric & neonatal	39	115	78	23	96	57	33	109	70
injuries	1098	236	659	905	216	590	1021	229	633
other	56	67	61	60	64	62	58	66	62
all	4313	3618	3959	3247	4814	3964	3888	4036	3961

Table 26: Cases of hospitalisation(EC) on account of ailments of each broad ailment category reported per 100,000 persons during the last 365 days by gender: States and all-India

broad ailment category	hospitalised cases reported per 100000 in age group								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Tripura									
infections	2706	2102	2420	1866	1087	1494	2532	1889	2228
cancers	49	135	90	138	126	132	67	133	98
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	75	0	39	0	76	36	59	16	39
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	4	13	8	25	78	51	8	27	17
psychiatric & neurological	162	256	206	221	362	289	174	278	223
eye	36	0	19	50	133	89	39	28	34
ear	0	60	28	0	0	0	0	47	22
cardio-vascular	339	191	269	1180	467	839	512	248	387
respiratory	76	270	168	237	120	181	109	238	170
gastro-intestinal	493	698	590	443	905	663	482	741	605
skin	66	57	62	0	38	18	53	53	53
musculo-skeletal	178	163	171	187	42	118	180	137	160
genito-urinary	27	77	51	59	137	96	34	90	60
obstetric & neonatal	0	367	173	0	306	146	0	354	168
injuries	257	221	240	422	152	293	291	206	251
other	256	198	228	395	351	374	285	230	259
all	4723	4807	4763	5224	4379	4820	4826	4717	4775
Uttarakhand									
infections	541	563	552	848	807	829	611	617	614
cancers	44	69	56	103	169	134	58	91	73
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	47	36	42	14	86	48	39	48	43
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	24	18	21	58	184	118	32	55	43
psychiatric & neurological	147	121	134	126	222	172	142	144	143
eye	71	89	80	48	99	72	66	91	78
ear	6	8	7	26	5	16	10	8	9
cardio-vascular	120	78	100	377	157	273	178	96	139
respiratory	146	96	122	187	123	157	155	102	130
gastro-intestinal	227	346	284	273	479	370	238	375	303
skin	8	17	13	19	209	108	11	60	34
musculo-skeletal	46	151	96	106	122	114	60	145	100
genito-urinary	177	172	174	134	344	233	167	210	187
obstetric & neonatal	50	680	349	37	642	322	47	671	343
injuries	368	142	261	486	266	383	395	170	288
other	62	119	89	93	147	118	69	125	96
all	2085	2705	2380	2937	4061	3465	2278	3007	2624

Table 26: Cases of hospitalisation(EC) on account of ailments of each broad ailment category reported per 100,000 persons during the last 365 days by gender: States and all-India

broad ailment category	hospitalised cases reported per 100000 in age group								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Uttar Pradesh									
infections	358	237	301	425	745	575	373	349	362
cancers	24	0	12	139	245	189	49	54	51
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	45	161	100	9	71	38	37	141	86
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	2	0	1	99	0	52	23	0	12
psychiatric & neurological	31	0	16	87	57	73	44	13	29
eye	121	111	116	222	36	135	144	94	120
ear	28	70	48	0	0	0	22	55	37
cardio-vascular	160	12	90	200	838	499	169	194	181
respiratory	223	234	229	133	317	219	203	253	226
gastro-intestinal	167	239	201	187	290	235	171	250	208
skin	0	55	26	0	0	0	0	43	20
musculo-skeletal	31	60	45	17	94	53	28	68	47
genito-urinary	172	69	123	134	186	158	163	95	131
obstetric & neonatal	0	246	116	0	495	232	0	301	142
injuries	768	288	541	497	134	327	708	254	494
other	0	18	8	56	76	66	13	31	21
all	2128	1800	1973	2206	3582	2851	2145	2193	2168
West Bengal									
infections	978	1045	1010	665	665	665	883	929	905
cancers	69	89	78	171	185	178	100	118	109
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	48	33	41	27	132	77	42	63	52
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	36	92	63	38	54	46	37	80	57
psychiatric & neurological	234	374	301	556	211	391	331	325	328
eye	247	254	250	255	550	396	249	344	294
ear	11	23	16	13	12	13	11	19	15
cardio-vascular	265	213	240	613	390	506	370	267	321
respiratory	235	273	254	421	371	397	292	303	297
gastro-intestinal	401	803	593	690	911	796	489	836	654
skin	28	27	28	34	35	34	30	30	30
musculo-skeletal	81	96	88	145	123	135	100	105	102
genito-urinary	160	201	180	362	315	340	221	236	228
obstetric & neonatal	44	257	145	45	213	125	44	244	139
injuries	877	303	604	610	329	476	796	311	565
other	186	213	199	232	214	223	200	214	206
all	3899	4299	4089	4878	4711	4798	4195	4424	4304

Table 26: Cases of hospitalisation(EC) on account of ailments of each broad ailment category reported per 100,000 persons during the last 365 days by gender: States and all-India

broad ailment category	hospitalised cases reported per 100000 in age group								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
A & N Islands									
infections	1363	1311	1339	1713	1153	1444	1473	1258	1373
cancers	0	0	0	0	1314	632	0	441	205
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	0	95	44	0	0	0	0	63	30
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	254	121	193	1218	648	944	558	298	437
psychiatric & neurological	282	127	211	265	228	248	277	161	223
eye	92	0	50	82	191	134	89	64	77
ear	0	0	0	0	90	43	0	30	14
cardio-vascular	475	881	662	599	1061	821	514	942	713
respiratory	1889	748	1366	215	119	169	1360	537	977
gastro-intestinal	280	201	244	591	1437	997	378	615	489
skin	0	0	0	0	125	60	0	42	20
musculo-skeletal	397	208	310	519	139	337	436	185	319
genito-urinary	61	119	88	771	0	400	285	79	189
obstetric & neonatal	0	199	91	351	318	335	111	239	170
injuries	1301	125	762	515	1796	1131	1053	685	882
other	0	0	0	0	188	90	0	63	29
all	6396	4135	5359	6838	8806	7784	6535	5701	6147
Chandigarh									
infections	212	136	179	699	1063	860	681	1029	835
cancers	0	91	40	0	236	104	0	230	102
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	0	0	0	49	0	27	47	0	26
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	0	0	0	0	115	51	0	111	49
psychiatric & neurological	56	30	45	91	109	99	90	106	97
eye	0	0	0	0	229	101	0	220	97
ear	0	22	10	0	0	0	0	1	0
cardio-vascular	312	199	262	90	348	204	98	343	206
respiratory	3	0	2	0	61	27	0	59	26
gastro-intestinal	58	0	32	128	244	179	125	235	174
skin	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
musculo-skeletal	240	0	134	111	97	105	116	93	106
genito-urinary	247	0	139	71	128	96	77	123	97
obstetric & neonatal	0	714	313	0	347	153	0	361	159
injuries	27	431	204	898	229	602	865	236	587
other	1009	354	722	22	79	47	59	89	72
all	2163	1978	2082	2158	3285	2656	2158	3236	2635

Table 26: Cases of hospitalisation(EC) on account of ailments of each broad ailment category reported per 100,000 persons during the last 365 days by gender: States and all-India

broad ailment category	hospitalised cases reported per 100000 in age group								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Dadra & N. Haveli									
infections	2864	701	1780	1377	1936	1619	2129	1226	1705
cancers	0	735	369	0	0	0	0	422	198
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	468	0	233	0	127	55	237	54	151
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	249	127	188	272	230	254	261	171	218
psychiatric & neurological	115	489	303	209	274	237	162	398	272
eye	0	0	0	1541	479	1082	762	204	500
ear	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
cardio-vascular	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
respiratory	0	117	59	47	0	27	23	67	44
gastro-intestinal	676	0	337	531	78	335	605	33	336
skin	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
musculo-skeletal	0	45	23	47	62	53	23	52	37
genito-urinary	324	0	162	0	127	55	164	54	112
obstetric & neonatal	0	0	0	56	445	224	27	189	103
injuries	1787	364	1073	318	374	342	1061	368	735
other	0	53	27	0	286	124	0	152	71
all	6483	2631	4552	4399	4416	4406	5453	3391	4485
Daman & Diu									
infections	1958	2219	2079	1817	4692	3011	1836	4297	2876
cancers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	0	876	408	0	622	258	0	662	280
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	0	34	16	0	0	0	0	5	2
psychiatric & neurological	554	79	333	58	188	112	124	171	144
eye	226	19	130	116	126	120	131	109	121
ear	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
cardio-vascular	285	259	273	221	0	129	229	41	150
respiratory	0	0	0	91	0	53	78	0	45
gastro-intestinal	0	250	117	225	81	165	194	108	158
skin	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
musculo-skeletal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
genito-urinary	633	26	350	507	63	322	524	57	326
obstetric & neonatal	475	154	325	304	4406	2008	327	3728	1764
injuries	1598	0	854	300	0	175	474	0	273
other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
all	5728	3917	4884	3637	10178	6354	3917	9179	6141

Table 26: Cases of hospitalisation(EC) on account of ailments of each broad ailment category reported per 100,000 persons during the last 365 days by gender: States and all-India

broad ailment category	hospitalised cases reported per 100000 in age group								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Lakshadweep									
infections	634	694	659	805	903	847	775	866	813
cancers	0	174	74	233	0	134	191	31	123
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	0	53	22	0	0	0	0	9	4
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	178	0	102	0	743	317	32	611	279
psychiatric & neurological	499	409	461	2392	2191	2306	2053	1876	1977
eye	0	0	0	398	0	228	327	0	187
ear	0	0	0	0	280	120	0	231	98
cardio-vascular	0	0	0	2214	1345	1843	1818	1107	1515
respiratory	217	573	368	820	1448	1088	712	1293	960
gastro-intestinal	0	422	179	341	0	195	280	75	192
skin	39	0	22	0	0	0	7	0	4
musculo-skeletal	311	387	343	233	0	134	247	68	171
genito-urinary	0	0	0	0	1637	699	0	1347	575
obstetric & neonatal	0	0	0	0	839	358	0	690	294
injuries	439	144	314	707	352	555	659	315	512
other	1504	468	1065	0	1307	558	269	1159	649
all	3820	3323	3610	8143	11045	9383	7370	9679	8355
Puducherry									
infections	1169	128	669	543	475	509	797	342	572
cancers	0	0	0	0	36	18	0	22	11
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	0	0	0	116	719	418	69	442	253
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	146	633	380	74	264	169	103	406	253
psychiatric & neurological	276	0	144	867	943	905	628	579	604
eye	335	572	449	236	575	406	276	574	423
ear	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
cardio-vascular	63	1126	574	618	333	475	393	638	514
respiratory	0	0	0	382	120	251	227	74	152
gastro-intestinal	602	1029	807	594	260	427	597	556	577
skin	0	474	228	61	303	183	37	369	200
musculo-skeletal	41	320	175	238	323	281	159	322	239
genito-urinary	288	34	166	318	407	363	306	264	285
obstetric & neonatal	0	314	151	181	457	319	108	402	253
injuries	2178	661	1449	936	296	615	1439	437	945
other	0	0	0	648	276	462	386	169	279
all	5100	5293	5193	5813	5786	5799	5524	5596	5560

Table 26: Cases of hospitalisation(EC) on account of ailments of each broad ailment category reported per 100,000 persons during the last 365 days by gender: States and all-India

broad ailment category	hospitalised cases reported per 100000 in age group								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
All India									
infections	913	846	881	1051	1078	1064	955	915	936
cancers	61	96	78	101	126	113	73	105	88
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	56	92	73	50	98	73	54	94	73
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	66	99	81	106	185	144	78	124	100
psychiatric & neurological	199	203	201	302	253	279	230	218	224
eye	144	193	167	138	225	179	142	202	171
ear	12	15	14	27	23	25	17	17	17
cardio-vascular	304	251	279	501	470	486	363	316	341
respiratory	184	174	179	228	222	225	197	189	193
gastro-intestinal	354	411	381	448	505	475	382	439	409
skin	32	28	30	33	58	45	32	37	34
musculo-skeletal	153	191	171	175	209	191	160	196	177
genito-urinary	203	243	222	244	411	323	215	293	252
obstetric & neonatal	43	400	214	45	330	180	44	379	204
injuries	564	239	408	575	281	435	567	251	416
other	86	117	101	121	172	145	96	133	114
all	3372	3598	3480	4145	4643	4381	3605	3910	3751

Table 27: Number of ailments of each specific ailment type reported per thousand persons during the last 15 days: All-India

detailed ailment type	no. of ailments of each specific ailment type per 1000 persons								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Fever with loss of consciousness	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Fever with rash/ eruptive lesions	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fever due to diphtheria, whooping cough	2	2	2	2	3	3	2	3	2
All other fevers	19	19	19	18	21	19	19	20	19
tuberculosis	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1
Filariasis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tetanus	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HIV/AIDS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other sexually transmitted diseases	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Jaundice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Diarrheas / dysentery	3	3	3	1	2	1	3	3	3
Worms infestation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Infection	29	29	29	25	29	27	28	29	28
Cancers	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0
Anaemia (any cause)	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Bleeding disorders	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blood diseases	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Diabetes	6	6	6	21	20	20	11	10	10
Under-nutrition	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Goitre and other thyroid diseases	0	2	1	1	5	3	0	3	2
Others (incl. obesity)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Endocrine, metabolic, nutritional	6	9	8	22	26	24	11	14	12
Mental retardation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mental disorders	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1
Headache	1	3	2	1	4	3	1	4	2
Seizures or known epilepsy	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
Weakness in limb muscles and movements difficulty	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1
Stroke/ hemiplegia / loss of speech in half of body	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1
Others incl. memory loss	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Psychiatric & neurological	4	7	5	4	9	6	4	7	5

Table 27: Number of ailments of each specific ailment type reported per thousand persons during the last 15 days: All-India

detailed ailment type (1)	no. of ailments of each specific ailment type per 1000 persons								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male (2)	female (3)	all (4)	male (5)	female (6)	all (7)	male (8)	female (9)	all (10)
Discomfort/pain in the eye with redness or swellings/ boils	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Cataract	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Glaucoma	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Decreased vision (chronic) NOT incl. where decreased vision is corrected with glasses	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Others (incl. disorders of eye movements – strabismus, nystagmus, ptosis and adnexa)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Eye	1	2	1	1	2	2	1	2	2
Earache with discharge/bleeding from ear/ infections	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
Decreased/ loss of hearing	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ear	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
HYPERTENSION	6	8	7	13	23	18	9	13	11
Heart disease: Chest pain, breathlessness	3	3	3	5	5	5	3	3	3
Cardio-vascular	9	11	10	19	28	23	12	16	14
Acute upper respiratory infections	7	8	7	10	11	11	8	9	8
Cough with sputum with or without fever and not TB	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3
Bronchial asthma	4	4	4	4	5	4	4	4	4
Respiratory	13	15	14	17	19	18	14	16	15
Diseases of mouth/teeth/gums	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Pain in abdomen: Gastric and peptic ulcers/ acid reflux/ acute abdomen	4	7	5	4	6	5	4	6	5
Lump or fluid in abdomen or scrotum	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0
Gastrointestinal bleeding	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Gastro-intestinal	6	8	7	6	8	7	6	8	7
Skin infection and other skin disease	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	3	3

Table 27: Number of ailments of each specific ailment type reported per thousand persons during the last 15 days: All-India

detailed ailment type (1)	no. of ailments of each specific ailment type per 1000 persons								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male (2)	female (3)	all (4)	male (5)	female (6)	all (7)	male (8)	female (9)	all (10)
Joint or bone disease/ pain or swelling in any of the joints/ swelling or pus from the bones	6	11	8	5	13	9	5	12	8
Back or body aches	3	4	3	2	4	3	3	4	3
Skin	8	15	12	7	17	12	8	16	12
Any difficulty/ abnormality in urination	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1
Pain the pelvic region/reproductive tract infection/ Pain in male genital area	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Change/irregularity/ excessive bleeding/pain in menstrual cycle & other gynaecological & andrological disorders incl. male/female infertility	0	1	1	0	2	1	0	1	1
Genito-Urinary	2	2	2	1	3	2	1	2	2
Pregnancy with complications before or during labour	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Complications in mother after birth of child	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Illness/ sick in the newborn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Obstetric	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Accidental injury, road accidents	2	1	1	2	2	2	2	1	2
Accidental drowning & submersion	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burns & corrosions	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Poisoning	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intentional self-harm	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Contact with venomous/harm-causing animals & plants	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Injuries	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	2
others	2	2	2	3	4	4	2	3	2
All	86	106	95	111	155	132	93	120	106

Table 28R: Number of ailments of each broad ailment category reported per thousand persons during the last 15 days by gender and age-group

broad ailment category (1)	no. of ailments reported per 1000 persons by age-group							
	0 - 14	15-29	30-44	45-59	60-69	70+	60+	all
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
	male							
infections	48	16	17	22	37	38	38	29
cancers	0	0	0	0	2	1	2	0
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	1
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	0	0	2	21	37	44	39	6
psychiatric & neurological	1	3	4	5	13	18	15	4
eye	0	0	1	2	5	6	6	1
ear	1	1	0	1	2	1	2	1
cardio-vascular	0	0	6	16	64	86	72	9
respiratory	14	5	9	17	34	57	42	13
gastro-intestinal	2	2	8	10	23	20	22	6
skin	3	2	2	3	2	11	5	3
musculo-skeletal	1	2	8	14	46	70	54	8
genito-urinary	1	1	1	3	3	8	5	2
obstetric & neonatal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
injuries	1	2	3	3	1	5	3	2
other	1	1	2	2	2	21	9	2
all	74	36	63	120	272	387	314	86
	female							
infections	37	21	24	30	40	29	36	29
cancers	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	0	1	2	1	2	2	2	1
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	1	2	7	28	35	25	32	9
psychiatric & neurological	2	3	11	11	12	18	14	7
eye	0	1	1	2	8	15	10	2
ear	1	0	1	1	2	1	1	1
cardio-vascular	0	1	6	23	66	83	72	11
respiratory	14	8	14	20	36	37	37	15
gastro-intestinal	2	9	10	11	14	18	16	8
skin	2	1	3	4	3	5	4	2
musculo-skeletal	0	4	12	40	78	71	76	15
genito-urinary	0	2	4	1	6	0	4	2
obstetric & neonatal	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1
injuries	1	1	1	1	1	8	4	1
other	0	1	2	4	6	10	7	2
all	61	58	99	178	311	324	315	106

Table 28R: Number of ailments of each broad ailment category reported per thousand persons during the last 15 days by gender and age-group

		Rural						
broad ailment category	no. of ailments reported per 1000 persons by age-group							
	0 - 14	15-29	30-44	45-59	60-69	70+	60+	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
	male+female							
infections	43	18	20	26	39	34	37	29
cancers	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	0	1	1	1	2	1	2	1
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	0	1	5	24	36	35	35	8
psychiatric & neurological	2	3	7	8	13	18	15	5
eye	0	1	1	2	7	11	8	1
ear	1	0	0	1	2	1	2	1
cardio-vascular	0	1	6	20	65	85	72	10
respiratory	14	6	11	19	35	47	39	14
gastro-intestinal	2	6	9	10	19	19	19	7
skin	2	1	2	3	2	8	4	2
musculo-skeletal	1	3	10	26	62	71	65	12
genito-urinary	1	2	3	2	4	4	4	2
obstetric & neonatal	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
injuries	1	1	2	2	1	7	3	2
other	1	1	2	3	4	16	8	2
all	68	46	81	148	292	355	314	95

Table 28U: Number of ailments of each broad ailment category reported per thousand persons during the last 15 days by gender and age-group

broad ailment category (1)	Urban							
	no. of ailments reported per 1000 persons by age-group							
	0 - 14 (2)	15-29 (3)	30-44 (4)	45-59 (5)	60-69 (6)	70+ (7)	60+ (8)	all (9)
	male							
infections	47	16	15	22	17	32	22	25
cancers	0	0	0	1	2	6	3	1
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	2	0	0	2	2	1	2	1
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	1	1	16	55	142	101	127	22
psychiatric & neurological	2	3	3	4	21	11	17	4
eye	1	1	0	2	3	8	5	1
ear	2	0	0	1	0	1	0	1
cardio-vascular	0	0	9	46	106	151	122	19
respiratory	24	9	11	19	28	45	34	17
gastro-intestinal	2	2	7	14	9	16	11	6
skin	2	1	1	3	5	7	6	2
musculo-skeletal	0	2	7	15	21	50	32	7
genito-urinary	0	0	1	3	2	6	3	1
obstetric & neonatal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
injuries	2	2	2	3	5	6	6	2
other	1	1	2	8	12	15	13	3
all	85	39	75	197	375	457	404	111
	female							
infections	45	22	26	25	18	21	19	29
cancers	0	0	1	1	1	2	1	1
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	0	1	1	3	2	7	4	1
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	0	2	20	69	132	73	111	26
psychiatric & neurological	3	4	11	20	15	19	17	9
eye	1	1	3	2	3	12	6	2
ear	1	1	1	0	0	4	2	1
cardio-vascular	0	1	14	67	160	160	160	28
respiratory	21	12	19	22	26	40	31	19
gastro-intestinal	3	6	10	12	15	16	15	8
skin	2	2	5	5	2	11	5	3
musculo-skeletal	0	2	17	37	80	81	80	17
genito-urinary	0	3	7	3	4	7	5	3
obstetric & neonatal	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1
injuries	1	1	2	4	9	8	8	2
other	1	1	3	11	13	23	17	4
all	80	60	139	282	481	485	483	155

Table 28U: Number of ailments of each broad ailment category reported per thousand persons during the last 15 days by gender and age-group

broad ailment category	Urban							
	no. of ailments reported per 1000 persons by age-group							
	0 - 14	15-29	30-44	45-59	60-69	70+	60+	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
	male+female							
infections	46	19	20	23	18	26	21	27
cancers	0	0	0	1	2	4	2	1
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	1	1	1	2	2	4	3	1
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	1	1	18	62	137	87	119	24
psychiatric & neurological	3	3	7	12	18	15	17	6
eye	1	1	2	2	3	10	6	2
ear	2	0	1	1	0	2	1	1
cardio-vascular	0	1	11	56	134	156	142	23
respiratory	22	11	14	20	27	43	33	18
gastro-intestinal	2	4	9	14	12	16	13	7
skin	2	1	3	4	3	9	5	3
musculo-skeletal	0	2	12	26	51	66	56	12
genito-urinary	0	2	4	3	3	7	4	2
obstetric & neonatal	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
injuries	1	1	2	3	7	7	7	2
other	1	1	3	10	13	19	15	4
all	82	49	107	239	429	471	444	132

Table 29R: Per thousand distribution of spells of ailment over age groups by State/UT and gender: Male

State /UT	Gender: Male							Rural
	per 1000 number of spells of ailment in persons of age group							
	0 - 14	15-29	30-44	45-59	60-69	70+	60+	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	161	80	194	215	216	133	350	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	367	57	60	157	168	190	358	1000
Assam	425	159	226	105	49	36	85	1000
Bihar	435	65	155	125	160	60	220	1000
Chhattisgarh	410	90	170	140	69	122	191	1000
Delhi	698	32	14	240	15	0	15	1000
Goa	212	244	103	286	27	129	155	1000
Gujarat	227	100	200	238	92	143	235	1000
Haryana	324	177	115	91	132	161	293	1000
Himachal Pradesh	374	181	76	180	85	105	190	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	243	143	97	124	129	264	393	1000
Jharkhand	297	118	308	87	176	14	190	1000
Karnataka	289	117	95	195	147	157	304	1000
Kerala	188	62	124	231	221	174	395	1000
Madhya Pradesh	278	120	174	160	164	104	268	1000
Maharashtra	289	166	166	206	87	87	174	1000
Manipur	361	140	266	84	2	148	150	1000
Meghalaya	579	10	0	137	132	142	274	1000
Mizoram	69	320	48	430	71	63	133	1000
Nagaland	893	1	104	2	0	0	0	1000
Odisha	265	179	68	171	172	144	316	1000
Punjab	192	156	164	281	75	132	207	1000
Rajasthan	249	117	170	206	136	122	258	1000
Sikkim	6	276	253	171	272	23	295	1000
Tamil Nadu	241	64	145	219	226	106	331	1000
Telangana	76	111	179	341	151	142	293	1000
Tripura	404	36	224	237	89	11	100	1000
Uttar Pradesh	363	125	114	150	151	97	248	1000
Uttarakhand	414	86	178	298	2	21	23	1000
West Bengal	275	124	142	230	94	134	228	1000
A & N Islands	99	42	438	200	54	167	221	1000
Chandigarh	22	233	39	601	30	74	105	1000
Dadra & N. Havely	398	286	162	154	0	0	0	1000
Daman & Diu	98	153	224	525	0	0	0	1000
Lakshadweep	283	159	118	55	171	215	385	1000
Puducherry	760	41	163	22	13	1	13	1000
All-India	276	111	147	197	149	120	269	1000

Table 29R: Per thousand distribution of spells of ailment over age groups by State/UT and gender: Female

State /UT	Gender: Female							Rural
	per 1000 number of spells of ailment in persons of age group							
	0 - 14	15-29	30-44	45-59	60-69	70+	60+	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	77	160	143	265	311	45	356	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	319	258	218	132	40	34	73	1000
Assam	190	85	240	309	107	68	176	1000
Bihar	239	134	255	193	162	17	179	1000
Chhattisgarh	415	157	58	254	102	14	116	1000
Delhi	71	300	210	0	0	420	420	1000
Goa	160	2	1	586	161	89	250	1000
Gujarat	199	121	172	252	103	153	256	1000
Haryana	95	143	394	152	154	63	217	1000
Himachal Pradesh	60	130	141	199	224	245	470	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	158	161	205	216	118	143	261	1000
Jharkhand	173	193	269	254	103	9	112	1000
Karnataka	169	116	195	229	174	116	290	1000
Kerala	94	83	119	326	234	143	377	1000
Madhya Pradesh	211	162	238	252	118	20	137	1000
Maharashtra	243	114	182	208	155	98	254	1000
Manipur	337	105	19	198	169	173	342	1000
Meghalaya	328	318	26	37	201	90	291	1000
Mizoram	307	122	83	438	29	21	50	1000
Nagaland	473	330	62	134	0	0	0	1000
Odisha	221	211	192	202	101	74	174	1000
Punjab	115	180	177	284	165	79	244	1000
Rajasthan	115	152	305	232	99	96	196	1000
Sikkim	69	641	147	29	19	96	115	1000
Tamil Nadu	158	73	211	346	141	72	213	1000
Telangana	186	148	122	164	256	123	379	1000
Tripura	429	146	195	170	57	3	60	1000
Uttar Pradesh	201	207	225	203	94	70	164	1000
Uttarakhand	114	43	291	308	106	138	244	1000
West Bengal	182	177	222	208	102	110	211	1000
A & N Islands	144	147	314	181	154	60	214	1000
Chandigarh	21	495	30	384	68	3	70	1000
Dadra & N. Havely	146	535	7	165	18	129	147	1000
Daman & Diu	234	17	0	513	235	0	235	1000
Lakshadweep	427	85	61	214	69	144	213	1000
Puducherry	93	44	279	69	511	3	514	1000
All-India	171	147	201	242	153	86	239	1000

Table 29R: Per thousand distribution of spells of ailment over age groups by State/UT and gender: Female

State /UT	Gender: All							Rural
	per 1000 number of spells of ailment in persons of age group							
	0 - 14	15-29	30-44	45-59	60-69	70+	60+	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	118	121	168	240	265	88	353	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	341	165	145	144	99	106	205	1000
Assam	284	115	234	228	84	55	140	1000
Bihar	332	101	208	161	161	37	199	1000
Chhattisgarh	412	115	128	183	81	81	162	1000
Delhi	643	56	32	219	14	37	51	1000
Goa	189	137	58	419	86	111	198	1000
Gujarat	213	111	186	245	97	148	246	1000
Haryana	196	158	271	125	144	106	250	1000
Himachal Pradesh	165	147	119	192	178	198	376	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	194	153	159	177	123	195	317	1000
Jharkhand	229	159	287	177	137	11	148	1000
Karnataka	225	117	149	213	161	135	296	1000
Kerala	137	73	121	283	228	158	385	1000
Madhya Pradesh	244	141	207	207	140	61	201	1000
Maharashtra	264	138	174	207	124	93	217	1000
Manipur	350	125	162	132	72	159	231	1000
Meghalaya	439	183	15	81	171	113	283	1000
Mizoram	154	249	61	433	56	48	104	1000
Nagaland	799	75	95	32	0	0	0	1000
Odisha	241	197	136	188	133	105	239	1000
Punjab	147	170	171	283	128	101	229	1000
Rajasthan	170	138	250	221	114	107	221	1000
Sikkim	39	466	197	97	140	61	201	1000
Tamil Nadu	193	69	182	292	177	86	264	1000
Telangana	140	133	146	238	212	131	343	1000
Tripura	419	104	206	196	69	6	75	1000
Uttar Pradesh	279	168	171	177	121	83	205	1000
Uttarakhand	250	62	240	304	59	85	144	1000
West Bengal	224	153	186	218	98	121	219	1000
A & N Islands	132	120	346	186	128	87	216	1000
Chandigarh	21	401	33	462	54	28	83	1000
Dadra & N. Havely	253	429	73	160	10	74	85	1000
Daman & Diu	181	71	88	518	142	0	142	1000
Lakshadweep	327	136	101	104	140	193	333	1000
Puducherry	559	42	198	36	163	2	165	1000
All-India	220	130	176	221	151	102	253	1000

Table 29U: Per thousand distribution of spells of ailment over age groups by State/UT and gender: Male

State /UT	Gender: Male							Urban
	per 1000 number of spells of ailment in persons of age group							
	0 - 14	15-29	30-44	45-59	60-69	70+	60+	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	109	33	200	332	197	127	324	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	222	324	73	240	142	0	142	1000
Assam	169	159	40	567	9	56	65	1000
Bihar	421	136	46	106	202	90	292	1000
Chhattisgarh	386	113	119	222	74	86	160	1000
Delhi	284	44	266	247	123	35	158	1000
Goa	306	11	16	251	400	16	416	1000
Gujarat	206	44	190	305	137	118	255	1000
Haryana	189	244	233	233	60	40	100	1000
Himachal Pradesh	187	77	35	228	53	420	473	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	265	42	72	257	165	199	364	1000
Jharkhand	227	171	232	187	111	73	184	1000
Karnataka	227	135	92	204	241	102	343	1000
Kerala	106	94	149	292	194	165	359	1000
Madhya Pradesh	275	217	80	269	65	94	159	1000
Maharashtra	285	112	176	192	132	102	234	1000
Manipur	394	441	35	25	52	52	104	1000
Meghalaya	207	58	425	287	23	0	23	1000
Mizoram	105	225	430	42	184	13	197	1000
Nagaland	978	0	22	0	0	0	0	1000
Odisha	207	149	78	211	171	183	355	1000
Punjab	198	166	155	352	58	71	129	1000
Rajasthan	249	151	195	189	120	97	217	1000
Sikkim	45	233	210	2	44	466	510	1000
Tamil Nadu	136	62	159	261	252	130	382	1000
Telangana	161	64	82	373	286	33	320	1000
Tripura	486	69	102	217	116	11	127	1000
Uttar Pradesh	283	122	193	240	80	82	162	1000
Uttarakhand	372	191	105	48	157	126	284	1000
West Bengal	185	82	134	298	168	133	301	1000
A & N Islands	83	166	410	284	20	37	57	1000
Chandigarh	448	105	27	340	66	13	79	1000
Dadra & N. Haveli	49	16	413	9	485	27	513	1000
Daman & Diu	96	68	609	24	203	0	203	1000
Lakshadweep	219	179	297	131	69	104	174	1000
Puducherry	128	30	273	415	105	49	154	1000
All-India	196	99	158	266	168	114	282	1000

Table 29U: Per thousand distribution of spells of ailment over age groups by State/UT and gender: Female

State /UT	Gender: Female							Urban
	per 1000 number of spells of ailment in persons of age group							
	0 - 14	15-29	30-44	45-59	60-69	70+	60+	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	82	40	275	266	275	61	336	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	211	112	435	241	0	0	0	1000
Assam	78	6	677	81	52	106	158	1000
Bihar	174	220	302	133	109	62	172	1000
Chhattisgarh	205	149	183	314	33	116	149	1000
Delhi	125	394	239	165	57	19	77	1000
Goa	68	196	96	228	321	92	413	1000
Gujarat	169	66	133	406	172	55	226	1000
Haryana	140	198	287	209	96	70	166	1000
Himachal Pradesh	129	34	205	224	48	360	408	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	154	63	222	252	113	196	309	1000
Jharkhand	53	205	377	244	81	41	122	1000
Karnataka	165	97	256	214	174	94	268	1000
Kerala	58	72	176	273	249	173	421	1000
Madhya Pradesh	158	189	241	258	91	63	154	1000
Maharashtra	216	116	251	232	112	73	184	1000
Manipur	53	0	27	525	278	116	395	1000
Meghalaya	772	212	0	9	2	4	6	1000
Mizoram	25	370	127	401	29	49	77	1000
Nagaland	71	200	480	250	0	0	0	1000
Odisha	280	157	188	240	72	62	135	1000
Punjab	75	200	214	270	134	107	241	1000
Rajasthan	145	93	212	287	199	64	263	1000
Sikkim	11	161	274	272	269	13	281	1000
Tamil Nadu	104	82	221	307	203	83	286	1000
Telangana	171	111	95	360	170	94	263	1000
Tripura	80	637	128	110	6	38	44	1000
Uttar Pradesh	207	139	254	209	128	62	190	1000
Uttarakhand	194	101	84	243	255	123	378	1000
West Bengal	108	84	206	365	134	103	237	1000
A & N Islands	91	274	76	456	85	18	103	1000
Chandigarh	244	189	217	77	35	237	272	1000
Dadra & N. Havely	72	138	586	11	33	161	194	1000
Daman & Diu	28	132	483	223	21	114	134	1000
Lakshadweep	105	96	343	261	183	13	196	1000
Puducherry	62	70	91	459	195	123	318	1000
All-India	126	104	221	282	174	92	267	1000

Table 29U: Per thousand distribution of spells of ailment over age groups by State/UT and gender: Female

State /UT	Gender: All							Urban
	per 1000 number of spells of ailment in persons of age group							
	0 - 14	15-29	30-44	45-59	60-69	70+	60+	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	94	37	243	295	241	90	331	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	218	241	214	240	86	0	86	1000
Assam	120	77	382	306	32	83	115	1000
Bihar	313	172	157	118	162	78	240	1000
Chhattisgarh	289	132	153	271	52	102	154	1000
Delhi	213	201	254	210	93	28	121	1000
Goa	190	101	55	239	361	53	414	1000
Gujarat	187	55	160	357	155	85	240	1000
Haryana	164	221	260	221	78	55	133	1000
Himachal Pradesh	159	56	118	226	50	391	441	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	204	54	154	254	137	197	334	1000
Jharkhand	118	192	323	222	92	53	145	1000
Karnataka	191	113	188	210	202	97	299	1000
Kerala	79	81	165	281	225	169	394	1000
Madhya Pradesh	210	201	170	263	79	77	156	1000
Maharashtra	250	114	215	213	122	87	209	1000
Manipur	169	150	29	356	202	95	296	1000
Meghalaya	674	186	74	57	5	4	9	1000
Mizoram	55	315	241	266	87	35	123	1000
Nagaland	281	153	373	192	0	0	0	1000
Odisha	246	153	138	227	118	118	236	1000
Punjab	126	186	190	304	103	92	195	1000
Rajasthan	198	122	203	237	159	81	240	1000
Sikkim	24	189	250	168	182	188	370	1000
Tamil Nadu	117	74	197	289	222	101	324	1000
Telangana	167	91	89	366	221	67	288	1000
Tripura	247	404	117	154	51	27	78	1000
Uttar Pradesh	241	132	227	223	106	71	178	1000
Uttarakhand	259	134	92	172	219	124	344	1000
West Bengal	139	83	177	338	147	115	263	1000
A & N Islands	86	202	298	342	42	30	72	1000
Chandigarh	348	147	121	211	51	123	174	1000
Dadra & N. Havely	61	81	505	10	245	98	343	1000
Daman & Diu	35	125	497	202	40	102	142	1000
Lakshadweep	146	126	326	213	141	47	188	1000
Puducherry	98	48	190	435	146	83	229	1000
All-India	157	101	194	275	172	102	273	1000

Table 30: Per thousand distribution of spells of ailment over detailed ailment types, separately for each gender and sector

detailed ailment type	per 1000 no. of spells of ailment of the type								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Fever with loss of consciousness	25	19	22	14	10	12	21	15	18
Fever with rash/ eruptive lesions	9	12	11	6	5	5	8	9	9
Fever due to diphtheria, whooping cough	23	22	22	20	21	20	22	21	22
All other fevers	219	181	199	163	132	146	199	163	179
Tuberculosis	12	7	9	5	2	3	10	5	7
Filariasis	2	3	2	0	1	1	1	2	2
Tetanus	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
HIV/AIDS	2	1	1	1	0	1	2	1	1
Other sexually transmitted diseases	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Jaundice	4	1	3	4	2	3	4	1	3
Diarrheas / dysentery	36	27	31	10	12	11	27	21	24
Worms infestation	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	1	1
Infection	336	275	303	224	186	202	296	241	266
Cancers	3	4	3	5	4	4	4	4	4
Anaemia (any cause)	5	9	7	7	9	8	5	9	7
Bleeding disorders	2	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	1
Blood diseases	7	10	9	8	9	9	7	10	9
Diabetes	72	60	66	187	128	154	113	86	98
Under-nutrition	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1
Goitre and other thyroid diseases	2	20	12	11	35	24	5	26	16
Others (incl. obesity)	0	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	1
Endocrine, metabolic, nutritional	75	83	79	200	166	181	120	115	117
Mental retardation	1	0	1	4	2	3	2	1	1
Mental disorders	6	7	7	4	6	5	6	7	6
Headache	11	32	22	9	28	20	10	31	21
Seizures or known epilepsy	7	3	5	4	3	3	6	3	4
Weakness in limb muscles and movements difficulty	11	15	13	8	12	10	10	14	12
Stroke/ hemiplegia / loss of speech in half of body	5	4	4	6	7	6	5	5	5
Others incl. memory loss	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Psychiatric & neurological	43	62	53	36	59	49	40	61	52

Table 30: Per thousand distribution of spells of ailment over detailed ailment types, separately for each gender and sector

detailed ailment type	per 1000 no. of spells of ailment of the type								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Discomfort/pain in the eye with redness or swellings/ boils	6	7	6	5	4	5	6	6	6
Cataract	3	4	3	3	2	2	3	3	3
Glaucoma	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	1
Decreased vision (chronic) NOT incl. where decreased vision is corrected with glasses	3	4	4	2	2	2	3	3	3
Others (incl. disorders of eye movements – strabismus, nystagmus, ptosis and adnexa)	1	0	1	1	3	2	1	1	1
Eye	14	16	15	11	14	13	13	15	14
Earache with discharge/bleeding from ear/ infections	6	4	5	5	4	4	6	4	5
Decreased/ loss of hearing	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	2	2
Ear	8	6	7	7	5	6	7	5	6
HYPERTENSION	75	78	77	121	148	136	91	105	99
Heart disease: Chest pain, breathlessness	29	26	28	46	33	39	35	29	32
Cardio-vascular	104	104	104	167	181	175	127	133	130
Acute upper respiratory infections	78	75	76	93	69	80	83	73	78
Cough with sputum with or without fever and not TB	30	29	29	21	21	21	27	26	26
Bronchial asthma	46	37	41	35	33	34	42	35	38
Respiratory	154	141	147	150	123	134	152	134	142
Diseases of mouth/teeth/gums	9	7	8	7	7	7	8	7	8
Pain in abdomen: Gastric and peptic ulcers/ acid reflux/ acute abdomen	51	62	57	36	38	37	46	53	50
Lump or fluid in abdomen or scrotum	6	3	4	4	5	5	5	4	4
Gastrointestinal bleeding	3	3	3	5	2	4	4	3	3
Gastro-intestinal	69	75	72	52	52	52	63	66	65
Skin infection and other skin disease	30	22	26	19	22	21	26	22	24

Table 30: Per thousand distribution of spells of ailment over detailed ailment types, separately for each gender and sector

detailed ailment type	per 1000 no. of spells of ailment of the type								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Joint or bone disease/ pain or swelling in any of the joints/ swelling or pus from the bones	66	104	87	41	86	66	57	97	79
Back or body aches	30	42	36	22	26	24	27	36	32
Skin	96	146	123	63	111	90	84	133	111
Any difficulty/ abnormality in urination	12	7	9	9	10	9	11	8	9
Pain the pelvic region/reproductive tract infection/ Pain in male genital area	4	3	3	1	2	2	3	2	3
Change/irregularity/ excessive bleeding/pain in menstrual cycle & other gynaecological & andrological disorders incl. male/female infertility	2	11	6	1	10	6	2	10	6
Genito-Urinary	18	20	19	11	22	17	16	21	18
Pregnancy with complications before or during labour	0	4	2	0	1	1	0	3	2
Complications in mother after birth of child	0	1	0	0	2	1	0	1	1
Illness/ sick in the newborn	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1
Obstetric	1	6	4	1	3	2	1	5	3
Accidental injury, road accidents	22	9	15	16	12	14	20	10	14
Accidental drowning & submersion	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burns & corrosions	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1
Poisoning	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intentional self-harm	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assault	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
Contact with venomous/harm-causing animals & plants	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Injuries	24	11	17	19	14	16	22	12	17
others	19	19	19	29	29	29	23	23	23
All	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000

Table 31a: Per thousand distribution of spells of ailment over broad ailment categories for different age groups

broad ailment category	per 1000 no. of spells of ailment in age group							
	0 - 14	15-29	30-44	45-59	60-69	70+	60+	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
	Rural							
infections	630	396	251	178	133	95	118	303
cancers	1	1	8	3	5	2	4	3
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	5	19	14	6	7	3	5	9
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	7	22	57	164	123	97	112	79
psychiatric & neurological	24	68	89	52	44	50	46	53
eye	5	14	15	15	22	30	25	15
ear	11	7	5	6	6	3	5	7
cardio-vascular	4	18	77	133	222	238	229	104
respiratory	204	134	141	126	120	133	125	147
gastro-intestinal	29	124	110	68	64	53	60	72
skin	34	32	30	23	8	23	14	26
musculo-skeletal	8	63	120	178	213	198	207	123
genito-urinary	8	37	33	14	14	12	13	19
obstetric & neonatal	4	17	2	0	0	0	0	4
injuries	16	27	24	15	4	19	10	17
other	9	21	23	18	14	44	26	19
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
	Urban							
infections	558	380	189	98	41	56	47	202
cancers	1	5	4	5	4	9	5	4
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	11	12	6	10	4	9	6	9
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	6	27	166	259	318	185	269	181
psychiatric & neurological	33	70	65	49	42	32	38	49
eye	10	23	16	9	7	21	12	13
ear	19	6	5	3	0	5	2	6
cardio-vascular	3	17	107	235	312	331	319	175
respiratory	273	216	136	85	64	91	74	134
gastro-intestinal	27	82	81	57	28	34	30	52
skin	27	29	28	16	8	19	12	21
musculo-skeletal	2	39	112	108	120	139	127	90
genito-urinary	4	33	39	12	6	15	9	17
obstetric & neonatal	3	6	5	0	0	0	0	2
injuries	15	25	16	13	16	15	16	16
other	7	28	25	40	29	40	33	29
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000

Table 31b: Per thousand distribution of spells of ailment treated on medical advice over levels of care in State/UT

level of care	per 1000 no. of spells of ailment treated on medical advice								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Andhra Pradesh									
HSC & PHC etc.	35	79	58	17	33	26	28	59	45
Public hosp.	115	82	98	99	95	97	109	87	97
Private doctor/clinic	355	231	291	271	274	272	323	249	283
Private hosp.	495	608	554	613	599	605	540	605	575
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estd. spells of ail. treat. med. advice (00)	24494	26367	50861	14966	19179	34145	39461	45546	85006
samp. spells of ail. treat. med. advice	450	509	959	605	696	1301	1055	1205	2260
Arunachal Pradesh									
HSC & PHC etc.	683	739	714	71	52	66	594	704	652
Public hosp.	308	258	280	856	911	872	387	292	336
Private doctor/clinic	10	2	5	9	27	14	10	3	6
Private hosp.	0	1	1	64	9	48	9	2	5
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estd. spells of ail. treat. med. advice (00)	306	387	694	52	21	73	359	408	767
samp. spells of ail. treat. med. advice	46	45	91	32	26	58	78	71	149
Assam									
HSC & PHC etc.	389	620	538	133	330	198	325	596	488
Public hosp.	472	213	304	347	35	245	440	199	295
Private doctor/clinic	136	160	151	392	547	443	200	191	195
Private hosp.	3	8	6	128	87	115	35	14	22
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estd. spells of ail. treat. med. advice (00)	2118	3892	6010	708	345	1054	2826	4238	7064
samp. spells of ail. treat. med. advice	85	87	172	34	31	65	119	118	237
Bihar									
HSC & PHC etc.	26	99	62	17	15	16	25	90	57
Public hosp.	29	128	78	138	73	107	41	122	81
Private doctor/clinic	854	661	759	763	857	807	844	681	764
Private hosp.	91	112	102	82	55	70	90	106	98
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estd. spells of ail. treat. med. advice (00)	15737	15076	30813	1911	1718	3629	17648	16794	34442
samp. spells of ail. treat. med. advice	242	205	447	105	116	221	347	321	668

Table 31b: Per thousand distribution of spells of ailment treated on medical advice over levels of care in State/UT

level of care	per 1000 no. of spells of ailment treated on medical advice								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Chhattisgarh									
HSC & PHC etc.	115	417	224	18	151	83	97	342	192
Public hosp.	49	139	81	59	90	74	51	125	80
Private doctor/clinic	727	382	603	710	620	666	724	448	617
Private hosp.	109	63	92	213	139	177	128	84	111
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estd. spells of ail. treat. med. advice (00)	3742	2096	5839	857	816	1672	4599	2912	7511
samp. spells of ail. treat. med. advice	79	89	168	74	87	161	153	176	329
Delhi									
HSC & PHC etc.	0	0	0	43	148	92	41	147	89
Public hosp.	224	210	223	82	140	109	89	140	113
Private doctor/clinic	776	371	740	737	692	716	738	690	716
Private hosp.	0	420	37	138	21	83	132	23	82
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estd. spells of ail. treat. med. advice (00)	103	10	113	2028	1800	3828	2131	1810	3941
samp. spells of ail. treat. med. advice	8	5	13	99	104	203	107	109	216
Goa									
HSC & PHC etc.	5	21	12	74	13	43	47	15	32
Public hosp.	329	27	195	256	270	263	284	190	239
Private doctor/clinic	560	704	624	581	499	540	573	567	570
Private hosp.	107	248	170	89	218	153	96	228	159
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estd. spells of ail. treat. med. advice (00)	512	407	919	822	821	1643	1334	1228	2563
samp. spells of ail. treat. med. advice	30	27	57	35	38	73	65	65	130
Gujarat									
HSC & PHC etc.	127	137	132	78	12	44	104	75	89
Public hosp.	106	105	105	99	112	106	102	109	106
Private doctor/clinic	497	463	481	508	653	583	502	557	530
Private hosp.	270	295	282	316	222	268	292	259	275
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estd. spells of ail. treat. med. advice (00)	10922	10589	21511	9750	10367	20118	20672	20957	41629
samp. spells of ail. treat. med. advice	414	382	796	381	410	791	795	792	1587

Table 31b: Per thousand distribution of spells of ailment treated on medical advice over levels of care in State/UT

level of care	per 1000 no. of spells of ailment treated on medical advice								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Haryana									
HSC & PHC etc.	84	27	50	6	0	3	45	16	29
Public hosp.	64	51	56	80	83	81	72	64	68
Private doctor/clinic	531	638	596	735	681	709	635	654	646
Private hosp.	320	284	298	178	236	206	248	266	258
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estd. spells of ail. treat. med. advice (00)	3297	5016	8312	3413	3200	6612	6709	8215	14925
samp. spells of ail. treat. med. advice	148	142	290	150	152	302	298	294	592
Gujarat									
HSC & PHC etc.	80	39	53	80	0	41	80	37	52
Public hosp.	459	338	380	742	763	753	488	361	407
Private doctor/clinic	370	416	400	76	204	139	340	404	381
Private hosp.	91	207	167	101	33	68	92	198	160
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estd. spells of ail. treat. med. advice (00)	1653	3067	4720	187	180	367	1840	3247	5087
samp. spells of ail. treat. med. advice	116	164	280	39	43	82	155	207	362
Jammu & Kashmir									
HSC & PHC etc.	13	77	48	17	31	24	13	72	45
Public hosp.	486	395	436	368	405	386	469	396	429
Private doctor/clinic	497	506	502	603	557	581	512	512	512
Private hosp.	4	22	14	13	7	10	6	20	14
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estd. spells of ail. treat. med. advice (00)	2096	2590	4686	360	340	700	2456	2930	5386
samp. spells of ail. treat. med. advice	104	137	241	79	96	175	183	233	416
Jharkhand									
HSC & PHC etc.	65	144	103	1	3	3	42	67	56
Public hosp.	338	88	218	229	100	144	298	95	184
Private doctor/clinic	505	718	607	496	721	645	502	720	625
Private hosp.	91	50	72	274	175	209	158	118	136
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estd. spells of ail. treat. med. advice (00)	3356	3085	6441	1911	3705	5616	5267	6790	12058
samp. spells of ail. treat. med. advice	70	82	152	122	138	260	192	220	412

Table 31b: Per thousand distribution of spells of ailment treated on medical advice over levels of care in State/UT

level of care	per 1000 no. of spells of ailment treated on medical advice								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Karnataka									
HSC & PHC etc.	62	64	63	43	22	30	55	46	50
Public hosp.	185	207	197	101	122	114	155	171	164
Private doctor/clinic	477	479	478	373	462	426	439	472	457
Private hosp.	276	251	262	482	394	429	351	312	329
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estd. spells of ail. treat. med. advice (00)	15286	18129	33415	8793	13295	22087	24079	31424	55502
samp. spells of ail. treat. med. advice	353	438	791	420	527	947	773	965	1738
Kerala									
HSC & PHC etc.	137	165	153	45	62	55	97	118	109
Public hosp.	178	236	210	266	249	256	216	242	231
Private doctor/clinic	349	328	338	374	375	375	360	350	354
Private hosp.	336	271	300	315	314	314	327	291	306
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estd. spells of ail. treat. med. advice (00)	29784	36810	66594	22620	31784	54404	52404	68594	120998
samp. spells of ail. treat. med. advice	886	1102	1988	870	1304	2174	1756	2406	4162
Madhya Pradesh									
HSC & PHC etc.	79	59	69	25	69	49	61	63	62
Public hosp.	222	229	225	252	141	190	231	197	213
Private doctor/clinic	598	580	589	611	584	596	602	581	591
Private hosp.	101	132	117	112	206	164	105	159	133
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estd. spells of ail. treat. med. advice (00)	11323	11692	23014	5442	6805	12247	16765	18497	35262
samp. spells of ail. treat. med. advice	291	276	567	343	355	698	634	631	1265
Maharashtra									
HSC & PHC etc.	101	106	104	21	48	35	67	83	75
Public hosp.	81	113	98	111	109	110	94	111	103
Private doctor/clinic	618	590	603	620	674	648	619	624	622
Private hosp.	200	192	195	247	169	207	220	182	200
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estd. spells of ail. treat. med. advice (00)	18909	22272	41182	14256	15115	29371	33165	37387	70552
samp. spells of ail. treat. med. advice	546	615	1161	551	584	1135	1097	1199	2296

Table 31b: Per thousand distribution of spells of ailment treated on medical advice over levels of care in State/UT

level of care	per 1000 no. of spells of ailment treated on medical advice								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Manipur									
HSC & PHC etc.	175	175	175	0	0	0	165	152	159
Public hosp.	251	416	326	671	655	660	276	447	356
Private doctor/clinic	323	331	327	329	345	340	324	333	328
Private hosp.	251	78	173	0	0	0	236	68	157
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estd. spells of ail. treat. med. advice (00)	184	151	336	11	22	34	196	174	369
samp. spells of ail. treat. med. advice	31	25	56	10	19	29	41	44	85
Meghalaya									
HSC & PHC etc.	959	656	783	17	7	8	863	430	579
Public hosp.	29	73	55	837	22	130	111	55	75
Private doctor/clinic	12	266	159	39	783	685	15	446	298
Private hosp.	0	6	3	107	187	177	11	69	49
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estd. spells of ail. treat. med. advice (00)	147	204	352	17	109	126	164	313	477
samp. spells of ail. treat. med. advice	12	26	38	8	16	24	20	42	62
Mizoram									
HSC & PHC etc.	830	849	835	12	338	194	452	462	456
Public hosp.	16	78	32	497	40	242	238	49	156
Private doctor/clinic	145	52	121	452	533	497	287	416	343
Private hosp.	9	22	12	39	89	67	22	73	44
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estd. spells of ail. treat. med. advice (00)	55	19	75	48	60	108	103	79	182
samp. spells of ail. treat. med. advice	24	18	42	22	32	54	46	50	96
Nagaland									
HSC & PHC etc.	495	277	454	0	290	220	479	281	430
Public hosp.	463	0	377	0	440	333	447	139	372
Private doctor/clinic	43	675	160	1000	67	294	74	483	174
Private hosp.	0	48	9	0	203	154	0	97	24
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estd. spells of ail. treat. med. advice (00)	67	15	83	2	7	9	69	22	92
samp. spells of ail. treat. med. advice	11	8	19	3	10	13	14	18	32

Table 31b: Per thousand distribution of spells of ailment treated on medical advice over levels of care in State/UT

level of care	per 1000 no. of spells of ailment treated on medical advice								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Odisha									
HSC & PHC etc.	501	493	497	250	188	217	465	446	455
Public hosp.	228	286	258	273	375	327	234	300	268
Private doctor/clinic	260	213	236	382	384	383	278	239	258
Private hosp.	11	8	10	96	53	73	23	15	19
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estd. spells of ail. treat. med. advice (00)	14211	15133	29343	2378	2725	5103	16589	17858	34446
samp. spells of ail. treat. med. advice	383	364	747	173	177	350	556	541	1097
Punjab									
HSC & PHC etc.	104	25	57	32	26	28	78	26	47
Public hosp.	66	142	111	265	152	198	137	145	142
Private doctor/clinic	558	545	550	576	612	597	564	569	567
Private hosp.	273	288	282	128	210	177	221	260	244
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estd. spells of ail. treat. med. advice (00)	10588	15340	25928	5953	8715	14668	16541	24055	40596
samp. spells of ail. treat. med. advice	309	391	700	251	365	616	560	756	1316
Rajasthan									
HSC & PHC etc.	207	181	192	27	37	32	131	128	130
Public hosp.	247	247	247	221	293	258	236	264	251
Private doctor/clinic	427	455	443	510	497	503	462	471	467
Private hosp.	119	117	118	242	172	206	171	137	152
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estd. spells of ail. treat. med. advice (00)	9284	12550	21834	6711	7185	13896	15996	19734	35730
samp. spells of ail. treat. med. advice	259	292	551	247	273	520	506	565	1071
Sikkim									
HSC & PHC etc.	813	909	876	0	0	0	487	628	576
Public hosp.	88	82	84	593	342	450	290	162	209
Private doctor/clinic	14	0	5	356	402	382	151	124	134
Private hosp.	86	10	35	50	257	168	72	86	81
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estd. spells of ail. treat. med. advice (00)	28	56	84	19	25	44	47	81	128
samp. spells of ail. treat. med. advice	27	24	51	23	34	57	50	58	108

Table 31b: Per thousand distribution of spells of ailment treated on medical advice over levels of care in State/UT

level of care	per 1000 no. of spells of ailment treated on medical advice								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Tamil Nadu									
HSC & PHC etc.	119	110	114	33	38	36	71	68	69
Public hosp.	314	306	309	239	258	250	272	278	276
Private doctor/clinic	212	171	188	235	286	266	225	237	232
Private hosp.	355	413	389	493	418	448	432	416	422
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estd. spells of ail. treat. med. advice (00)	20995	29669	50664	26305	40364	66669	47300	70033	117333
samp. spells of ail. treat. med. advice	584	706	1290	744	957	1701	1328	1663	2991
Telangana									
HSC & PHC etc.	62	93	80	7	15	12	41	64	54
Public hosp.	92	117	106	19	119	75	64	117	94
Private doctor/clinic	324	487	419	309	279	292	318	410	371
Private hosp.	522	303	395	664	587	621	577	408	480
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estd. spells of ail. treat. med. advice (00)	7295	10030	17325	4583	5889	10472	11877	15919	27797
samp. spells of ail. treat. med. advice	151	184	335	156	190	346	307	374	681
Tripura									
HSC & PHC etc.	114	436	317	176	110	135	135	329	256
Public hosp.	266	349	318	63	412	277	196	370	305
Private doctor/clinic	554	214	341	554	473	504	554	300	395
Private hosp.	66	0	25	207	5	83	115	2	44
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estd. spells of ail. treat. med. advice (00)	275	465	740	144	229	373	419	694	1113
samp. spells of ail. treat. med. advice	54	51	105	44	64	108	98	115	213
Uttar Pradesh									
HSC & PHC etc.	54	46	50	32	44	39	48	45	46
Public hosp.	92	98	95	100	139	122	94	111	103
Private doctor/clinic	756	754	755	718	711	714	745	740	742
Private hosp.	98	103	101	149	107	126	113	104	108
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estd. spells of ail. treat. med. advice (00)	38914	42135	81049	15554	19523	35077	54468	61658	116126
samp. spells of ail. treat. med. advice	958	1011	1969	695	785	1480	1653	1796	3449

Table 31b: Per thousand distribution of spells of ailment treated on medical advice over levels of care in State/UT

level of care	per 1000 no. of spells of ailment treated on medical advice								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Uttarakhand									
HSC & PHC etc.	56	194	129	1	5	4	42	127	90
Public hosp.	362	521	445	355	196	253	360	405	385
Private doctor/clinic	223	219	221	545	663	621	305	377	346
Private hosp.	358	66	205	98	137	123	292	91	179
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estd. spells of ail. treat. med. advice (00)	1943	2148	4092	664	1189	1853	2608	3337	5945
samp. spells of ail. treat. med. advice	46	44	90	48	59	107	94	103	197
West Bengal									
HSC & PHC etc.	51	87	71	19	35	29	40	67	55
Public hosp.	164	147	155	141	104	119	156	130	141
Private doctor/clinic	748	744	746	807	829	820	769	777	774
Private hosp.	36	23	29	33	32	32	35	26	30
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estd. spells of ail. treat. med. advice (00)	35515	41970	77485	19346	27223	46569	54861	69193	124054
samp. spells of ail. treat. med. advice	736	778	1514	856	1117	1973	1592	1895	3487
A & N Islands									
HSC & PHC etc.	485	713	646	188	249	212	343	622	513
Public hosp.	10	144	105	581	367	497	283	188	225
Private doctor/clinic	495	141	245	27	328	145	272	177	214
Private hosp.	10	2	5	204	56	146	103	13	48
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estd. spells of ail. treat. med. advice (00)	141	340	481	129	83	212	270	423	693
samp. spells of ail. treat. med. advice	63	76	139	49	48	97	112	124	236
Chandigarh									
HSC & PHC etc.	185	16	76	43	143	92	46	138	92
Public hosp.	665	52	272	259	373	315	268	360	314
Private doctor/clinic	132	923	639	696	467	583	684	485	585
Private hosp.	18	9	12	2	17	10	3	17	10
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estd. spells of ail. treat. med. advice (00)	13	23	36	597	578	1176	610	602	1212
samp. spells of ail. treat. med. advice	29	26	55	51	59	110	80	85	165

Table 31b: Per thousand distribution of spells of ailment treated on medical advice over levels of care in State/UT

level of care	per 1000 no. of spells of ailment treated on medical advice								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Dadra & N. Haveli									
HSC & PHC etc.	509	213	335	196	29	139	257	104	194
Public hosp.	239	0	98	525	354	467	469	210	363
Private doctor/clinic	22	164	106	16	394	145	17	301	134
Private hosp.	230	623	462	263	223	249	257	385	309
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estd. spells of ail. treat. med. advice (00)	26	37	63	106	55	160	132	92	223
samp. spells of ail. treat. med. advice	11	6	17	15	17	32	26	23	49
Daman & Diu									
HSC & PHC etc.	153	296	234	24	15	16	36	20	22
Public hosp.	0	42	24	116	0	13	105	1	13
Private doctor/clinic	231	0	100	519	392	406	491	385	398
Private hosp.	615	663	642	341	593	564	368	594	567
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estd. spells of ail. treat. med. advice (00)	6	7	13	52	411	463	58	419	477
samp. spells of ail. treat. med. advice	8	8	16	16	32	48	24	40	64
Lakshadweep									
HSC & PHC etc.	604	190	477	21	6	12	142	19	72
Public hosp.	263	588	363	722	687	701	627	680	657
Private doctor/clinic	0	0	0	11	55	38	9	51	33
Private hosp.	132	222	160	245	252	249	222	250	238
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estd. spells of ail. treat. med. advice (00)	13	6	19	49	75	125	62	81	143
samp. spells of ail. treat. med. advice	28	35	63	48	52	100	76	87	163
Puducherry									
HSC & PHC etc.	0	6	2	0	7	3	0	6	3
Public hosp.	240	38	181	521	443	486	408	340	381
Private doctor/clinic	684	589	656	22	76	46	287	205	255
Private hosp.	76	368	162	457	475	465	305	448	361
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estd. spells of ail. treat. med. advice (00)	676	280	956	1015	826	1841	1691	1105	2796
samp. spells of ail. treat. med. advice	29	18	47	97	113	210	126	131	257

Table 31b: Per thousand distribution of spells of ailment treated on medical advice over levels of care in State/UT

level of care	per 1000 no. of spells of ailment treated on medical advice								
	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
All-India									
HSC & PHC etc.	106	123	115	35	42	39	79	90	85
Public hosp.	159	175	168	174	173	173	164	174	170
Private doctor/clinic	527	489	507	489	508	500	513	497	504
Private hosp.	208	213	210	302	277	288	243	239	241
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estd. spells of ail. treat. med. advice (00)	284015	332066	616081	171761	224783	396544	455776	556849	1012625
samp. spells of ail. treat. med. advice	7621	8396	16017	7495	9126	16621	15116	17522	32638

Table 32: Number of persons per 1,00,000 reporting onset of ailments during last 15 days and average duration of ailment by gender and age-group

age-group	incidence rate of ailment during last 15 days			average duration of ailment in days (0.0)			persons reporting onset of ailment in last 15 days	
	male	female	all	male	female	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
	Rural							
0 – 14	5688	4682	5219	4.8	4.7	4.7	125743	2994
15 - 29	1922	3190	2542	4.7	7.4	6.3	53546	1259
30 – 44	2338	4324	3339	5.4	6.0	5.8	54158	1009
45 - 59	2892	4672	3766	6.2	9.1	8.0	42215	870
60 – 69	5030	5567	5305	5.3	5.2	5.2	20817	403
70+	4765	4415	4590	6.1	7.5	6.7	10229	240
60+	4932	5157	5046	5.5	5.9	5.7	31046	643
all ages	3566	4242	3895	5.1	6.3	5.7	306708	6775
estd. no. of persons reporting ailment during last 15 days (00)	144112	162597	306708	-	-	-	-	-
sample no. of persons reporting ailment during last 15 days	3249	3526	6775	-	-	-	-	-
estd. no. of persons(00)	4040837	3833130	7873967	-	-	-	-	-
sample persons	96821	94083	190904	-	-	-	-	-
	Urban							
0 – 14	6048	6151	6096	4.9	4.7	4.8	51537	2250
15 - 29	2385	3360	2839	5.0	5.6	5.3	26298	1055
30 – 44	2809	4669	3731	5.2	5.1	5.1	30089	924
45 - 59	3542	4356	3940	5.4	5.9	5.7	20249	671
60 – 69	3284	3729	3511	6.6	15.1	11.3	6305	259
70+	3900	4938	4417	11.9	8.2	9.8	4434	166
60+	3508	4156	3836	8.8	12.2	10.7	10739	425
all ages	3682	4591	4120	5.4	5.8	5.6	138912	5325
estd. no. of persons reporting ailment during last 15 days (00)	64431	74481	138912	-	-	-	-	-
sample no. of persons reporting ailment during last 15 days	2557	2768	5325	-	-	-	-	-
estd. no. of persons(00)	1749769	1622232	3372001	-	-	-	-	-
sample persons	73374	71221	144595	-	-	-	-	-

Table 33: Number of persons per 1,00,000 reporting onset of ailments during last 15 days and average duration of ailment by gender and broad ailment category

age-group	incidence rate of ailment during last 15 days			average duration of ailment in days (0.0)			persons reporting onset of ailment in last 15 days	
	male	female	all	male	female	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
	Rural							
infections	2249	2239	2244	4.6	4.6	4.6	176690	3757
cancers	1	0	0	13.7	6.0	13.3	21	3
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	8	21	14	4.0	10.6	8.7	1127	35
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	7	20	13	7.3	6.1	6.4	1045	20
psychiatric & neurological	62	207	132	4.8	9.0	8.0	10422	223
eye	16	36	25	7.8	10.2	9.4	1996	51
ear	10	23	17	5.3	5.7	5.6	1312	32
cardio-vascular	24	51	37	13.0	31.5	25.3	2951	90
respiratory	689	924	804	5.0	5.6	5.3	63270	1479
gastro-intestinal	149	258	202	6.5	5.5	5.9	15933	330
skin	86	69	78	8.4	7.0	7.8	6117	144
musculo-skeletal	138	215	176	6.5	7.8	7.3	13840	279
genito-urinary	35	50	42	4.9	45.9	28.5	3335	78
obstetric & neonatal	5	16	11	4.9	5.0	4.9	829	41
injuries	74	62	68	6.9	8.0	7.4	5349	176
other	26	63	44	6.0	9.4	8.3	3464	70
all	3566	4242	3895	5.1	6.3	5.7	306708	6775
	Urban							
infections	1980	2386	2175	4.6	4.9	4.8	73345	2748
cancers	5	1	3	13.9	2.0	12.5	89	4
blood diseases (incl. anaemia)	2	10	6	27.7	14.2	16.3	193	18
endocrine, metabolic & nutrition	13	25	18	4.7	8.2	7.0	624	30
psychiatric & neurological	40	213	123	5.1	5.2	5.2	4156	176
eye	31	41	36	26.3	5.9	15.2	1207	52
ear	28	9	19	5.9	6.4	6.0	636	33
cardio-vascular	61	82	71	9.8	8.1	8.9	2409	83
respiratory	978	999	988	5.2	5.8	5.5	33320	1256
gastro-intestinal	214	264	238	5.9	7.3	6.7	8031	310
skin	44	108	75	5.9	9.5	8.4	2522	103
musculo-skeletal	117	215	164	5.4	8.5	7.4	5543	219
genito-urinary	18	93	54	9.8	7.5	7.9	1834	59
obstetric & neonatal	4	13	8	4.0	4.8	4.6	286	29
injuries	111	93	102	8.2	6.1	7.3	3439	166
other	53	64	58	6.5	8.3	7.5	1970	73
all	3682	4591	4120	5.4	5.8	5.6	138912	5325

Table 34R: Proportion of treated ailments receiving treatment from non-government sources and their distribution by reason for not taking treatment from government sources for each quintile class of MPCE

quintile class of UMPCE	per 1000 no. of treat. spells of ail. rece. treat. from non-govt.	per 1000 no. of spells of ail. receiving treatment from non-govt. where the reason for not using government sources							Rural spells of ailment receiving treat. from non-govt.	
		specific services not available	available but quality not satisfactory	quality satisfactory but facility too far	quality satisfactory but long waiting	financial constraint	other	all	estd. no. (00)	sample
		(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Male										
01	558	142	497	170	158	2	31	1000	27963	569
02	539	106	456	191	173	4	70	1000	28004	669
03	619	189	356	171	202	1	81	1000	35765	846
04	625	126	454	142	192	3	84	1000	42806	1112
05	719	122	450	72	267	1	87	1000	74238	2098
all	630	135	442	132	213	2	76	1000	208775	5294
estd. no. of spells treat. from non-Govt. (00)	-	28125	92243	27652	44561	397	15797	208775	-	-
samp no. of spells treat. from non-Govt.	-	712	2357	613	1211	28	373	5294	-	-
Female										
01	477	162	509	91	185	5	49	1000	23220	544
02	557	196	456	121	172	10	46	1000	34116	769
03	549	120	439	156	198	5	82	1000	40973	913
04	663	121	437	118	246	12	65	1000	53193	1282
05	664	93	394	117	304	2	90	1000	81590	2220
all	602	126	432	122	241	6	72	1000	233091	5728
estd. no. of spells treat. from non-Govt. (00)	-	29389	100804	28432	56188	1448	16830	233091	-	-
samp no. of spells treat. from non-Govt.	-	772	2514	657	1352	34	399	5728	-	-

Table 34R: Proportion of treated ailments receiving treatment from non-government sources and their distribution by reason for not taking treatment from government sources for each quintile class of MPCE

quintile class of UMPCE	per 1000 no. of treat. spells of ail. rece. treat. from non-govt.	per 1000 no. of spells of ail. receiving treatment from non-govt. where the reason for not using government sources							Rural spells of ailment receiving treat. from non-govt.	
		specific services not available	available but quality not satisfactory	quality satisfactory but facility too far	quality satisfactory but long waiting	financial constraint	other	all	estd. no. (00)	sample
		(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Male+Female										
01	518	151	503	134	170	3	39	1000	51182	1113
02	549	155	456	152	172	7	57	1000	62119	1438
03	580	152	400	163	200	3	81	1000	76738	1759
04	646	123	445	129	222	8	74	1000	95998	2394
05	690	107	421	96	287	1	89	1000	155828	4318
all	615	130	437	127	228	4	74	1000	441866	11022
estd. no. of spells treat. from non-Govt. (00)	-	57514	193047	56084	100749	1845	32627	441866	-	-
samp no. of spells treat. from non-Govt.	-	1484	4871	1270	2563	62	772	11022	-	-

Table 34U: Proportion of treated ailments receiving treatment from non-government sources and their distribution by reason for not taking treatment from government sources for each quintile class of MPCE

quintile class of UMPCE	per 1000 no. of treat. spells of ail. rece. treat. from non-govt.	per 1000 no. of spells of ail. receiving treatment from non-govt. where the reason for not using government sources							Urban spells of ailment receiving treat. from non-govt.	
		specific services not available	available but quality not satisfactory	quality satisfactory but facility too far	quality satisfactory but long waiting	financial constraint	other	all	estd. no. (00)	sample
		(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Male										
01	627	71	510	75	276	4	64	1000	14010	719
02	621	74	446	134	286	11	50	1000	20235	906
03	750	42	405	92	375	6	81	1000	26675	1130
04	747	85	394	103	328	2	88	1000	31431	1213
05	785	66	396	58	377	1	102	1000	43608	1648
all	723	67	416	88	341	4	83	1000	135958	5616
estd. no. of spells treat. from non-Govt. (00)	-	9170	56625	11955	46414	541	11252	135958	-	-
samp no. of spells treat. from non-Govt.	-	453	2550	434	1711	29	439	5616	-	-
Female										
01	596	73	471	120	241	29	66	1000	18861	848
02	670	65	446	131	294	20	44	1000	26265	1128
03	718	71	445	106	286	2	91	1000	38409	1406
04	740	71	386	125	360	0	59	1000	39381	1564
05	800	45	366	87	407	1	94	1000	53581	2003
all	722	63	411	110	335	7	75	1000	176497	6949
estd. no. of spells treat. from non-Govt. (00)	-	11038	72469	19331	59197	1238	13224	176497	-	-
samp no. of spells treat. from non-Govt.	-	508	3137	606	2134	34	530	6949	-	-

Table 34U: Proportion of treated ailments receiving treatment from non-government sources and their distribution by reason for not taking treatment from government sources for each quintile class of MPCE

quintile class of UMPCE	per 1000 no. of treat. spells of ail. rece. treat. from non-govt.	per 1000 no. of spells of ail. receiving treatment from non-govt. where the reason for not using government sources							Urban spells of ailment receiving treat. from non-govt.	
		specific services not available	available but quality not satisfactory	quality satisfactory but facility too far	quality satisfactory but long waiting	financial constraint	other	all	estd. no. (00)	sample
		(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Male+Female										
01	609	72	488	101	256	18	65	1000	32871	1567
02	648	69	446	132	290	16	46	1000	46500	2034
03	731	59	428	100	322	3	87	1000	65084	2536
04	743	77	390	115	346	1	71	1000	70812	2777
05	793	55	379	74	393	1	97	1000	97189	3651
all	722	65	413	100	338	6	78	1000	312455	12565
estd. no. of spells treat. from non-Govt. (00)	-	20209	129094	31286	105612	1779	24477	312455	-	-
samp no. of spells treat. from non-Govt.	-	961	5687	1040	3845	63	969	12565	-	-

Table 35R: Proportion of treated ailments not receiving medical advice and their distribution by reason for not seeking medical advice for each quintile class of MPCE

quintile class of UMPCE	per 1000 no. of spells of ail. treated without med. advice	per 1000 no. of treated spells of ailment not receiving medical advice where reason for not seeking medical advice							Rural spells of ailment treated without medical advice	
		no med. facility available in neighbour	facility of satisfactory quality not available	facility of satisfactory quality too expensive	satisfactory quality involves long waiting	financial constraint	other	all	estd. no. (00)	sample
		(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Male										
01	195	207	30	174	4	497	88	1000	9796	159
02	176	154	21	35	20	685	85	1000	9140	189
03	169	129	43	127	21	546	135	1000	9732	206
04	163	272	5	27	26	544	126	1000	11175	193
05	74	87	85	77	84	495	172	1000	7606	189
all	143	177	34	87	29	554	119	1000	47450	936
estd. no. of treated spells not receiving med. advice (00)	-	8404	1606	4143	1357	26282	5658	47450	-	-
samp. no. of treated spells not receiving med. advice	-	129	28	78	22	515	164	936	-	-
Female										
01	226	164	42	63	51	584	97	1000	11001	196
02	161	206	53	47	42	538	113	1000	9851	198
03	190	125	45	36	54	601	138	1000	14203	240
04	130	151	44	27	5	647	126	1000	10418	211
05	81	30	8	24	28	579	331	1000	9955	274
all	143	135	39	39	37	591	158	1000	55429	1119
estd. no. of treated spells not receiving med. advice (00)	-	7484	2179	2189	2060	32769	8746	55429	-	-
samp. no. of treated spells not receiving med. advice	-	134	44	71	38	617	215	1119	-	-

Table 35R: Proportion of treated ailments not receiving medical advice and their distribution by reason for not seeking medical advice for each quintile class of MPCE

quintile class of UMPCE	per 1000 no. of spells of ail. treated without med. advice	per 1000 no. of treated spells of ailment not receiving medical advice where reason for not seeking medical advice							Rural spells of ailment treated without medical advice		
		no med. facility available in neighbour	facility of satisfactory quality not available	facility of satisfactory quality too expensive	satisfactory quality involves long waiting	financial constraint	other	all	estd. no. (00)	sample	
		(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	
					Male+Female						
01	210	184	36	115	29	543	92	1000	20797	355	
02	168	181	38	41	31	609	99	1000	18992	387	
03	181	127	44	73	41	579	137	1000	23935	446	
04	145	214	24	27	16	594	126	1000	21593	404	
05	78	55	42	47	52	542	262	1000	17562	463	
all	143	154	37	62	33	574	140	1000	102879	2055	
estd. no. of treated spells not receiving med. advice (00)	-	15888	3786	6332	3417	59051	14404	102879	-	-	
samp. no. of treated spells not receiving med. advice	-	263	72	149	60	1132	379	2055	-	-	

Table 35U: Proportion of treated ailments not receiving medical advice and their distribution by reason for not seeking medical advice for each quintile class of MPCE

quintile class of UMPCE	per 1000 no. of spells of ail. treated without med. advice	per 1000 no. of treated spells of ailment not receiving medical advice where reason for not seeking medical advice							Urban	
		no med. facility available in neighbour	facility of satisfactory quality not available	facility of satisfactory quality too expensive	satisfactory quality involves long waiting	financial constraint	other	all	estd. no. (00)	sample
Male										
01	156	41	5	61	3	704	185	1000	3491	162
02	104	13	10	29	13	746	190	1000	3376	145
03	78	2	10	2	13	828	144	1000	2772	113
04	73	2	2	61	22	724	189	1000	3070	113
05	65	34	83	1	0	762	121	1000	3629	96
all	87	20	24	31	10	750	166	1000	16338	629
estd. no. of treated spells not receiving med. advice (00)	-	321	389	507	160	12256	2706	16338	-	-
samp. no. of treated spells not receiving med. advice	-	13	15	27	23	420	131	629	-	-
Female										
01	144	0	46	141	78	595	140	1000	4569	179
02	88	2	46	149	8	579	216	1000	3443	153
03	75	26	1	5	2	782	184	1000	4005	126
04	66	11	7	64	72	641	206	1000	3510	152
05	63	0	3	5	3	545	444	1000	4234	136
all	81	8	21	72	33	628	239	1000	19761	746
estd. no. of treated spells not receiving med. advice (00)	-	148	412	1418	656	12404	4722	19761	-	-
samp. no. of treated spells not receiving med. advice	-	9	18	42	23	474	180	746	-	-

Table 35U: Proportion of treated ailments not receiving medical advice and their distribution by reason for not seeking medical advice for each quintile class of MPCE

quintile class of UMPCE	per 1000 no. of spells of ail. treated without med. advice	per 1000 no. of treated spells of ailment not receiving medical advice where reason for not seeking medical advice							Urban	
		no med. facility available in neighbour	facility of satisfactory quality not available	facility of satisfactory quality too expensive	satisfactory quality involves long waiting	financial constraint	other	all	estd. no. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
					Male+Female					
01	149	18	28	107	45	642	160	1000	8060	341
02	95	7	28	90	10	661	203	1000	6819	298
03	76	16	5	3	7	801	168	1000	6777	239
04	69	7	5	62	49	679	198	1000	6581	265
05	64	15	40	3	2	645	295	1000	7863	232
all	83	13	22	53	23	683	206	1000	36099	1375
estd. no. of treated spells not receiving med. advice (00)	-	470	801	1925	815	24660	7428	36099	-	-
samp. no. of treated spells not receiving med. advice	-	22	33	69	46	894	311	1375	-	-

Table 36: Average total medical expenditure (Rs.) for treatment per ailing person during a period of 15 days by State/UT and gender

State/UT	average total medical expenditure for treatment (Rs.) per ailing person									estd. no. of spells of ailment (00)
	rural			urban			rural+urban			
	male	female	all	male	female	all	male	female	all	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh	346	447	396	507	508	507	401	471	437	82218
Arunachal Pradesh	1069	566	798	1832	1186	1580	1157	608	868	1032
Assam	353	411	388	3210	446	1725	890	416	610	9743
Bihar	576	865	729	564	657	604	574	846	716	54847
Chhattisgarh	1142	255	791	2238	564	1316	1310	333	893	9951
Delhi	570	1935	744	1094	393	779	1079	401	778	4405
Goa	269	692	457	700	830	763	540	784	656	2658
Gujarat	336	268	302	411	378	394	369	317	343	49833
Haryana	386	740	582	1057	783	929	694	756	726	15071
Himachal Pradesh	450	602	551	1095	606	843	507	602	569	5257
Jammu & Kashmir	805	884	850	952	818	879	826	875	854	5810
Jharkhand	326	226	272	447	1489	1096	363	723	566	19010
Karnataka	443	481	463	669	586	621	529	525	527	57919
Kerala	426	303	360	336	455	403	387	373	379	100333
Madhya Pradesh	564	712	640	703	770	740	606	732	673	39035
Maharashtra	563	410	481	839	727	782	676	531	599	75788
Manipur	1225	1164	1199	1083	1196	1158	1218	1168	1196	472
Meghalaya	125	99	111	703	603	620	160	197	182	948
Mizoram	579	503	552	1427	801	1037	894	692	795	259
Nagaland	517	235	453	202	134	150	500	195	405	463
Odisha	560	582	572	740	641	687	587	590	589	41316
Punjab	587	559	570	693	710	703	629	616	621	43125
Rajasthan	421	446	436	923	849	887	633	575	601	39735
Sikkim	160	100	129	341	670	541	211	306	263	190
Tamil Nadu	318	301	308	492	414	446	411	365	384	115370
Telangana	939	718	810	972	762	857	952	734	827	28996
Tripura	918	610	727	4373	451	2135	1954	569	1114	1365
Uttar Pradesh	606	729	670	1110	966	1031	740	798	771	137752
Uttarakhand	490	546	521	1092	939	999	648	670	660	6797
West Bengal	466	438	451	601	472	527	508	450	475	141349
A & N Islands	32	55	49	1761	574	1308	844	146	409	744
Chandigarh	1202	963	1049	410	760	572	426	768	586	1142
Dadra & N. Haveli	221	460	359	213	248	233	216	309	269	315
Daman & Diu	666	114	319	316	385	377	352	378	375	397
Lakshadweep	76	151	97	214	120	163	187	122	154	130
Puducherry	254	448	305	910	345	637	637	367	526	2479
All-India	502	515	509	683	604	639	566	548	556	1096252

Table 37: Average total medical expenditure for (non-hospitalised) treatment per person with only one ailment during last 15 days by level of care, quintile class of MPCE and gender

level of care	average total medical expenditure (Rs.) for treatment per person in quintile class						no. of spells of ailment	
	1	2	3	4	5	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Rural								
Male								
HSC, PHC & others*	592	228	220	258	198	309	27384	811
public hospital	365	464	300	290	567	407	40314	1272
private doctor/clinic	559	486	549	502	658	560	134890	2906
private hospital	706	820	579	659	884	773	48328	1698
all	551	478	481	481	671	549	250916	6687
Female								
HSC, PHC & others*	259	205	154	480	427	314	36414	916
public hospital	758	349	923	256	277	505	49967	1331
private doctor/clinic	670	495	523	580	716	600	147977	3191
private hospital	937	909	904	674	820	810	56867	1756
all	629	480	614	549	642	589	291225	7194
Male+Female								
HSC, PHC & others*	415	215	183	398	328	312	63798	1727
public hospital	586	406	695	275	394	462	90281	2603
private doctor/clinic	610	491	535	545	688	581	282866	6097
private hospital	818	877	749	667	850	793	105196	3454
all	590	479	555	517	655	570	542141	13881
Urban								
Male								
HSC, PHC & others*	585	91	297	300	530	347	5456	273
public hospital	292	225	646	319	435	372	23766	1255
private doctor/clinic	657	833	588	532	735	672	73218	2782
private hospital	756	835	1037	1488	1097	1131	41078	1846
all	596	650	713	832	813	741	143519	6156
Female								
HSC, PHC & others*	282	156	511	263	585	386	7391	360
public hospital	233	228	207	292	1586	411	30009	1320
private doctor/clinic	602	374	573	842	770	646	91598	3318
private hospital	578	724	718	801	894	785	43744	2080
all	488	409	538	715	876	629	172742	7078
Male+Female								
HSC, PHC & others*	406	123	427	279	564	369	12847	633
public hospital	255	226	360	303	920	394	53776	2575
private doctor/clinic	626	577	579	713	753	658	164816	6100
private hospital	671	775	862	1127	999	953	84822	3926
all	535	520	611	766	844	680	316261	13234

* includes ANM/ASHA/AWW/dispensary/CHC/MMU

Table 38R: Average total medical expenditure for (non-hospitalised) treatments per person with only one ailment during last 15 days by level of care, State/ UT and gender

State/UT	average total medical expenditure for treatment (Rs.) per person					no. of spells of ailment	
	HSC, PHC & others*	public hospital	private doctor/clinic	private hospital	all	estd. (00)	sample
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	127	73	444	491	413	37930	682
Arunachal Pradesh	630	1919	206	0	988	694	91
Assam	368	568	696	1648	486	5996	170
Bihar	408	3621	910	912	1096	29699	424
Chhattisgarh	35	110	407	712	322	5440	155
Delhi	0	632	743	2600	857	44	11
Goa	64	90	285	1557	460	919	57
Gujarat	64	78	336	753	389	18015	698
Haryana	355	588	402	1088	618	7886	271
Himachal Pradesh	274	646	467	883	587	4263	239
Jammu & Kashmir	242	807	1023	1262	892	4615	239
Jharkhand	30	213	502	1003	425	6385	144
Karnataka	366	273	373	695	435	31405	723
Kerala	67	211	353	503	321	40623	1234
Madhya Pradesh	78	750	643	1380	721	21901	540
Maharashtra	173	134	451	1028	505	40026	1120
Manipur	901	1522	1405	2215	1495	336	56
Meghalaya	116	235	417	652	172	352	38
Mizoram	678	1649	513	2367	709	75	42
Nagaland	405	1270	668	3981	805	83	19
Odisha	479	930	614	1632	635	28713	707
Punjab	458	506	512	754	580	24484	656
Rajasthan	160	179	673	1030	497	21267	528
Sikkim	26	908	0	1870	165	84	51
Tamil Nadu	34	23	372	562	299	42587	1029
Telangana	366	174	877	1049	826	16892	305
Tripura	205	582	1173	762	668	740	105
Uttar Pradesh	660	803	695	1559	790	79316	1901
Uttarakhand	143	382	507	1471	602	4092	90
West Bengal	606	324	557	1005	532	66105	1291
A & N Islands	6	0	191	63	63	379	109
Chandigarh	0	1554	974	1237	1050	33	41
Dadra & N. Haveli	0	0	449	787	411	63	17
Daman & Diu	0	0	252	395	269	12	14
Lakshadweep	0	95	0	398	82	17	45
Puducherry	0	27	184	486	208	671	39
All-India	312	462	581	793	570	542141	13881

Table 38U: Average total medical expenditure for (non-hospitalised) treatments per person with only one ailment during last 15 days by level of care, State/ UT and gender

State/UT	average total medical expenditure for treatment (Rs.) per person					Urban	
	HSC, PHC & others*	public hospital	private doctor/clinic	private hospital	all	no. of spells of ailment	
						estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	798	84	402	532	455	21897	780
Arunachal Pradesh	1530	1965	1356	0	1833	73	58
Assam	279	952	2382	10977	2603	1054	65
Bihar	136	1391	843	1863	940	3437	210
Chhattisgarh	472	2437	1059	3584	1557	1577	150
Delhi	104	378	524	5269	843	3807	199
Goa	215	250	1070	949	799	1643	73
Gujarat	192	285	349	819	461	17319	644
Haryana	527	505	723	2356	933	5580	254
Himachal Pradesh	81	576	584	1020	586	288	57
Jammu & Kashmir	242	540	1368	817	1015	698	173
Jharkhand	8	782	1742	355	1314	5587	248
Karnataka	768	317	623	665	616	20317	833
Kerala	58	197	332	524	334	29827	1203
Madhya Pradesh	132	318	770	1258	739	11399	643
Maharashtra	285	221	697	1480	809	26796	1045
Manipur	0	1252	1012	0	1171	34	29
Meghalaya	127	744	478	1262	648	126	24
Mizoram	498	2355	758	1789	1163	108	54
Nagaland	246	487	775	1224	632	9	13
Odisha	408	585	1049	1646	800	4858	324
Punjab	1200	738	592	1094	726	13949	573
Rajasthan	275	784	1007	1214	972	12775	484
Sikkim	0	262	671	2364	762	43	53
Tamil Nadu	96	36	421	734	444	51024	1254
Telangana	338	276	682	1097	891	9494	305
Tripura	434	459	630	20097	2369	333	104
Uttar Pradesh	972	1312	867	2465	1130	32673	1364
Uttarakhand	1675	938	932	2906	1214	1560	101
West Bengal	405	425	553	874	544	35335	1513
A & N Islands	0	0	1517	153	362	131	71
Chandigarh	45	643	626	937	572	1038	98
Dadra & N. Haveli	7	165	116	547	233	132	27
Daman & Diu	0	0	138	359	299	328	31
Lakshadweep	0	13	253	770	173	80	68
Puducherry	0	60	400	1377	715	933	109
All-India	369	394	658	953	680	316261	13234

Table 39R: Average total medical expenditure for (non-hospitalised) treatments per person with only one ailment during last 15 days quintile class of UMPCE by and gender

quintile class of UMPCE	average total medical expenditure for treatment (Rs.) per person						no. of ailing persons	
	allopathy	Indian system of medicine	homoeopathy	yoga & naturopathy	others	all	estd. no. (00)	sample
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Rural								
Male								
01	563	607	87	248	0	551	38271	850
02	479	268	659	519	0	478	39606	980
03	493	305	219	306	450	481	44897	1165
04	485	469	216	1607	100	481	51279	1437
05	684	547	268	390	425	671	76862	2255
all	558	489	233	430	431	549	250916	6687
estd. no. of ailing per (00)	240362	4445	5303	722	83	250916	-	-
samp. no. of ailing per	6412	133	118	20	4	6687	-	-
Female								
01	655	312	164	112	470	629	37127	876
02	495	251	106	405	187	480	48466	1113
03	637	213	167	204	73	614	56369	1259
04	558	609	147	464	138	549	59943	1535
05	669	621	154	586	115	642	89321	2411
all	609	491	151	444	136	589	291225	7194
estd. no. of ailing per (00)	274753	4940	10509	453	570	291225	-	-
samp. no. ailing per	6838	143	184	16	13	7194	-	-
Male+Female								
01	608	465	133	187	470	590	75398	1726
02	488	258	202	491	187	479	88072	2093
03	574	259	187	289	315	555	101267	2424
04	524	558	175	693	133	517	111222	2972
05	676	582	187	463	138	655	166183	4666
all	585	490	178	436	173	570	542141	13881
estd. no. of ailing per (00)	515115	9386	15812	1175	653	542141	-	-
samp. no. ailing per	13250	276	302	36	17	13881	-	-

Table 39U: Average total medical expenditure for (non-hospitalised) treatments per person with only one ailment during last 15 days quintile class of UMPCE by and gender

quintile class of UMPCE	average total medical expenditure for treatment (Rs.) per person						Urban	
	allopathy	Indian system of medicine	homoeopathy	yoga & naturopathy	others	all	no. of ailing persons	
							estd. no. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Male								
01	591	1422	247	183	0	596	17943	986
02	677	445	187	400	800	650	25371	1149
03	691	1196	914	268	0	713	28263	1281
04	838	1025	289	1286	800	832	30434	1271
05	837	772	136	0	0	813	41507	1469
all	750	848	404	306	175	741	143519	6156
estd. no. of ailing per (00)	134227	4906	3610	378	397	143519	-	-
samp. no. of ailing per	5859	124	159	11	3	6156	-	-
Female								
01	496	217	386	200	0	488	23303	1159
02	419	327	225	755	667	409	29804	1308
03	547	376	234	429	0	538	39386	1532
04	721	789	324	240	0	715	39475	1493
05	905	1080	150	680	560	876	40774	1586
all	640	719	239	505	629	629	172742	7078
estd. no. of ailing per (00)	162452	4371	5477	425	17	172742	-	-
samp. no. ailing per	6699	153	204	18	4	7078	-	-
Male+Female								
01	538	736	352	187	0	535	41246	2145
02	537	403	210	698	701	520	55175	2457
03	605	885	643	338	0	611	67649	2813
04	772	878	308	596	800	766	69910	2764
05	870	922	145	680	11	844	82281	3055
all	690	787	305	411	194	680	316261	13234
estd. no. of ailing per (00)	296679	9277	9088	802	415	316261	-	-
samp. no. ailing per	12558	277	363	29	7	13234	-	-

Table 40R: Break-up of average medical expenditure (Rs.) for non-hospitalised treatment per ailing person treated, for each State/UT and gender

State/UT	average medical expenditure (Rs.) per treated ailing person for treatment under						total exp. (Rs. 000)	no. of treated ailing persons	
	doc/ surg. fee	med: AYUSH	med: non-AYUSH	diag-tests	other	total		estd. no. (00)	sample
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	50	5	331	44	12	441	1959159	50861	959
Arunachal Pradesh	3	88	506	292	99	988	68510	694	91
Assam	34	15	295	70	73	486	291632	6010	172
Bihar	130	60	716	127	47	1080	3294645	30813	447
Chhattisgarh	81	1	220	14	2	318	179589	5839	168
Delhi	166	0	495	19	64	744	5865	113	13
Goa	63	1	368	21	7	460	42310	919	57
Gujarat	94	0	229	37	37	398	794898	21511	796
Haryana	64	63	389	92	15	622	502889	8312	290
Himachal Pradesh	13	122	415	27	16	594	265968	4720	280
Jammu & Kashmir	101	5	624	115	42	888	413098	4686	241
Jharkhand	77	6	277	48	20	429	275481	6441	152
Karnataka	83	7	298	43	25	455	1479968	33415	791
Kerala	43	40	244	50	8	385	1991409	66594	1988
Madhya Pradesh	105	25	475	84	40	729	1636473	23014	567
Maharashtra	121	17	312	44	22	517	2100027	41182	1161
Manipur	125	0	1103	198	69	1495	50188	336	56
Meghalaya	35	25	101	3	8	172	6056	352	38
Mizoram	40	8	623	26	12	709	5291	75	42
Nagaland	29	47	352	194	182	805	6640	83	19
Odisha	31	36	444	97	33	641	1864743	29343	747
Punjab	57	23	418	74	8	579	1459018	25928	700
Rajasthan	51	15	397	29	8	500	1078371	21834	551
Sikkim	6	0	120	18	22	165	1394	84	51
Tamil Nadu	70	6	198	56	6	336	1555227	50664	1290
Telangana	99	19	561	132	25	836	1431015	17325	335
Tripura	65	12	460	123	8	668	49454	740	105
Uttar Pradesh	102	28	579	59	30	798	6406681	81049	1969
Uttarakhand	53	58	363	112	16	602	246336	4092	90
West Bengal	85	13	371	76	5	550	3970015	77485	1514
A & N Islands	1	1	55	0	0	57	2459	481	139
Chandigarh	218	0	428	406	1	1054	3646	36	55
Dadra & N. Haveli	97	0	164	149	0	411	2592	63	17
Daman & Diu	50	0	149	77	45	321	402	13	16
Lakshadweep	1	44	49	2	2	97	173	19	63
Puducherry	73	0	222	15	0	310	25195	956	47
All-India	79	22	392	65	20	579	33466819	616081	16017

Table 40U: Break-up of average medical expenditure (Rs.) for non-hospitalised treatment per ailing person treated, for each State/UT and gender

State/UT	average medical expenditure (Rs.) per treated ailing person for treatment under						total exp. (Rs. 000)	Urban	
	doc/ surg. fee	med: AYUSH	med: non-AYUSH	diag-tests	other	total		estd. no. (00)	sample
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	46	5	423	52	14	540	1474492	34145	1301
Arunachal Pradesh	3	21	1223	220	366	1833	13417	73	58
Assam	267	15	1340	787	195	2603	274270	1054	65
Bihar	142	48	548	168	42	948	335188	3629	221
Chhattisgarh	163	212	1054	88	17	1534	250469	1672	161
Delhi	183	121	314	157	69	844	322057	3828	203
Goa	53	2	615	63	66	799	131229	1643	73
Gujarat	130	4	242	59	19	454	848931	20118	791
Haryana	149	66	582	121	44	963	581326	6612	302
Himachal Pradesh	18	193	423	187	7	828	27057	367	82
Jammu & Kashmir	95	14	654	207	43	1014	70922	700	175
Jharkhand	213	26	571	400	101	1311	734196	5616	260
Karnataka	104	57	357	69	55	643	1360455	22087	947
Kerala	46	37	298	45	22	449	1788776	54404	2174
Madhya Pradesh	113	51	481	87	13	745	879355	12247	698
Maharashtra	188	22	469	86	49	814	2276769	29371	1135
Manipur	77	0	958	77	58	1171	3933	34	29
Meghalaya	168	6	418	29	26	648	8150	126	24
Mizoram	59	21	846	228	9	1163	12525	108	54
Nagaland	115	35	326	137	19	632	592	9	13
Odisha	49	47	581	92	25	793	395419	5103	350
Punjab	72	7	551	97	41	767	1095274	14668	616
Rajasthan	198	65	574	94	18	948	1267555	13896	520
Sikkim	35	3	662	31	31	762	3309	44	57
Tamil Nadu	76	21	318	54	11	480	2796886	66669	1701
Telangana	121	17	626	82	51	898	896010	10472	346
Tripura	661	16	591	791	180	2238	78976	373	108
Uttar Pradesh	170	35	775	125	39	1143	3864423	35077	1480
Uttarakhand	269	18	591	183	82	1143	195113	1853	107
West Bengal	90	14	386	70	22	582	2377695	46569	1973
A & N Islands	667	3	461	110	381	1621	27759	212	97
Chandigarh	64	17	441	47	2	572	63293	1176	110
Dadra & N. Haveli	30	9	139	35	7	220	3240	160	32
Daman & Diu	72	2	231	70	2	377	14436	463	48
Lakshadweep	6	0	120	44	7	178	1821	125	100
Puducherry	94	120	349	81	96	741	102214	1841	210
All-India	109	29	445	84	30	697	24577531	396544	16621

Table 41R: Per 1000 distribution of aged persons State/UT by number of living children

State/UT	per 1000 no. of aged persons with number of living sons and daughters										Rural no. of aged persons	
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6-7	8-9	10+	total	estd. (00)	sample
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
Andhra Pradesh	29	114	205	290	191	128	42	2	0	1000	30318	488
Arunachal Pradesh	87	37	150	220	175	87	243	1	0	1000	610	107
Assam	73	146	152	171	129	80	240	5	3	1000	17205	522
Bihar	19	14	116	317	172	188	138	34	0	1000	44264	721
Chhattisgarh	7	97	162	220	285	63	58	80	29	1000	9290	188
Delhi	0	12	39	437	470	0	41	0	0	1000	218	23
Goa	13	10	44	636	115	11	154	17	0	1000	657	64
Gujarat	28	81	172	146	250	196	121	1	5	1000	19776	637
Haryana	37	2	142	269	197	175	128	3	48	1000	14226	360
Himachal Pradesh	43	21	205	340	240	80	68	2	2	1000	7577	433
Jammu & Kashmir	3	115	95	189	173	231	171	23	1	1000	5346	314
Jharkhand	35	92	128	251	70	274	137	12	0	1000	17784	300
Karnataka	64	159	206	124	226	128	67	15	11	1000	33315	712
Kerala	40	67	228	271	164	95	101	33	2	1000	28439	793
Madhya Pradesh	58	60	145	211	200	163	126	20	16	1000	33444	710
Maharashtra	31	84	133	304	222	136	81	8	1	1000	51047	1385
Manipur	26	163	23	187	297	136	167	0	0	1000	689	177
Meghalaya	71	35	24	230	221	219	142	58	0	1000	1064	130
Mizoram	1	245	263	103	135	161	79	14	0	1000	279	107
Nagaland	0	30	127	57	374	283	127	2	0	1000	633	82
Odisha	18	127	218	270	146	84	91	44	1	1000	33292	823
Punjab	8	37	141	234	251	163	134	31	0	1000	15545	419
Rajasthan	17	34	89	206	199	146	249	47	13	1000	35828	835

Table 41R: Per 1000 distribution of aged persons State/UT by number of living children

State/UT	per 1000 no. of aged persons with number of living sons and daughters										Rural no. of aged persons	
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6-7	8-9	10+	total	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Sikkim	13	48	198	130	105	375	99	29	3	1000	208	92
Tamil Nadu	92	141	209	223	159	117	58	1	0	1000	40421	891
Telangana	46	226	209	134	240	60	66	20	0	1000	19557	270
Tripura	13	223	219	276	145	56	62	6	0	1000	1421	209
Uttar Pradesh	41	83	133	184	184	141	181	45	7	1000	93606	2024
Uttarakhand	0	13	135	209	385	196	57	6	0	1000	3960	124
West Bengal	27	127	155	181	217	142	94	40	15	1000	41445	892
A & N Islands	42	167	176	85	259	158	103	5	5	1000	317	86
Chandigarh	0	0	40	0	309	5	646	0	0	1000	3	14
Dadra & N. Haveli	16	28	0	750	46	141	19	0	0	1000	72	18
Daman & Diu	0	0	39	2	727	35	11	185	0	1000	49	18
Lakshadweep	210	376	182	24	17	142	24	24	0	1000	13	22
Puducherry	3	26	402	485	3	35	44	3	0	1000	325	29
All-India	38	91	159	226	193	139	121	26	7	1000	602244	15019

Table 41U: Per 1000 distribution of aged persons State/UT by number of living children

State/UT	per 1000 no. of aged persons with number of living sons and daughters										Urban	
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6-7	8-9	10+	total	estd. (00)	sample
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Andhra Pradesh	18	89	203	303	213	84	70	21	0	1000	11788	465
Arunachal Pradesh	0	120	521	239	0	119	0	0	0	1000	32	16
Assam	49	219	90	511	69	49	13	0	0	1000	2652	198
Bihar	4	88	107	366	122	165	140	9	0	1000	6323	364
Chhattisgarh	111	116	152	258	197	71	77	11	7	1000	3000	182
Delhi	24	240	208	323	86	51	39	29	1	1000	5258	376
Goa	3	152	206	360	199	9	27	45	0	1000	1217	54
Gujarat	23	81	246	273	221	58	76	23	0	1000	17416	588
Haryana	1	131	177	239	223	137	90	3	0	1000	4474	306
Himachal Pradesh	75	124	132	337	189	21	119	2	0	1000	614	85
Jammu & Kashmir	0	274	25	192	269	137	102	0	0	1000	2430	244
Jharkhand	91	239	62	75	207	136	180	9	1	1000	4061	247
Karnataka	57	158	220	224	228	56	54	3	1	1000	19251	580
Kerala	33	59	304	286	134	99	60	22	4	1000	22994	871
Madhya Pradesh	19	68	185	247	159	176	137	7	2	1000	12623	708
Maharashtra	23	202	222	308	127	71	44	3	1	1000	34347	1223
Manipur	1	257	110	115	188	276	52	1	0	1000	437	200
Meghalaya	252	292	201	151	18	15	68	3	0	1000	265	72
Mizoram	47	128	270	128	129	149	119	31	0	1000	285	136
Nagaland	0	7	27	555	126	16	269	0	0	1000	140	45
Odisha	4	99	201	251	125	159	132	29	0	1000	5189	314
Punjab	24	52	259	264	158	89	148	6	0	1000	7816	343
Rajasthan	37	24	129	159	267	197	150	27	10	1000	13196	539

Table 41U: Per 1000 distribution of aged persons State/UT by number of living children

State/UT	per 1000 no. of aged persons with number of living sons and daughters										Urban	
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6-7	8-9	10+	total	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Sikkim	0	218	57	78	348	299	0	0	0	1000	39	52
Tamil Nadu	86	126	220	236	137	131	51	9	2	1000	37473	907
Telangana	2	130	323	296	101	121	17	6	4	1000	7565	220
Tripura	93	209	271	236	81	19	41	50	0	1000	524	233
Uttar Pradesh	16	32	130	250	197	152	148	58	17	1000	23810	1137
Uttarakhand	1	56	36	791	40	74	3	0	0	1000	901	109
West Bengal	56	235	231	167	145	77	74	15	0	1000	25996	1195
A & N Islands	0	107	251	229	110	227	76	0	0	1000	19	21
Chandigarh	7	14	392	188	230	27	143	0	0	1000	306	41
Dadra & N. Haveli	0	12	69	150	469	300	0	0	0	1000	79	17
Daman & Diu	0	0	0	394	335	73	175	0	23	1000	115	16
Lakshadweep	0	55	15	129	25	120	104	268	284	1000	40	32
Puducherry	11	136	293	248	163	133	10	7	0	1000	738	90
All-India	38	125	209	255	166	107	81	16	3	1000	273414	12226

Table 42R: Per thousand distribution of aged persons of each gender and State/UT by state of economic independence

State/UT	male						female						Rural
	per 1000 no. of aged persons				no. of aged persons		per 1000 no. of aged persons				no. of aged persons		
	not dependent on others	partially dependent on others	fully dependent on others	all	estd. (00)	sample	not dependent on others	partially dependent on others	fully dependent on others	all	estd. (00)	sample	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
Andhra Pradesh	430	157	414	1000	14603	248	118	145	737	1000	15715	240	
Arunachal Pradesh	423	301	276	1000	390	61	18	387	595	1000	220	46	
Assam	352	298	350	1000	9016	288	44	157	799	1000	8189	234	
Bihar	493	313	194	1000	25300	396	146	153	701	1000	18965	325	
Chhattisgarh	638	213	148	1000	5237	104	457	199	344	1000	4053	84	
Delhi	67	519	415	1000	153	14	0	0	1000	1000	65	9	
Goa	576	78	346	1000	485	36	78	234	688	1000	172	28	
Gujarat	358	123	519	1000	8639	293	43	145	813	1000	11138	344	
Haryana	468	304	228	1000	7275	177	79	334	587	1000	6951	183	
Himachal Pradesh	589	272	139	1000	3550	207	225	221	554	1000	4028	226	
Jammu & Kashmir	278	253	468	1000	2937	171	22	145	833	1000	2410	143	
Jharkhand	157	526	317	1000	8814	157	64	328	608	1000	8970	143	
Karnataka	425	196	379	1000	16268	365	110	146	743	1000	17046	347	
Kerala	432	219	349	1000	13137	363	133	202	665	1000	15302	430	
Madhya Pradesh	537	230	233	1000	15196	350	105	175	720	1000	18248	360	
Maharashtra	423	241	337	1000	23382	670	141	225	635	1000	27665	715	
Manipur	240	552	208	1000	351	97	93	340	568	1000	339	80	
Meghalaya	311	344	246	1000	640	70	114	419	450	1000	424	60	
Mizoram	672	240	89	1000	147	56	203	403	394	1000	131	51	
Nagaland	697	258	45	1000	365	60	133	640	227	1000	268	22	
Odisha	338	301	361	1000	18186	431	94	208	698	1000	15105	392	
Punjab	469	104	426	1000	7726	218	22	96	881	1000	7819	201	

Table 42R: Per thousand distribution of aged persons of each gender and State/UT by state of economic independence

State/UT	male						female						Rural
	per 1000 no. of aged persons				no. of aged persons		per 1000 no. of aged persons				no. of aged persons		
	not dependent on others	partially dependent on others	fully dependent on others	all	estd. (00)	sample	not dependent on others	partially dependent on others	fully dependent on others	all	estd. (00)	sample	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
Rajasthan	423	219	358	1000	15942	404	57	279	664	1000	19886	431	
Sikkim	745	169	86	1000	110	50	348	322	329	1000	98	42	
Tamil Nadu	366	320	314	1000	19500	455	124	317	559	1000	20921	436	
Telangana	505	248	247	1000	6871	115	203	209	588	1000	12686	155	
Tripura	397	214	389	1000	609	106	114	169	717	1000	812	103	
Uttar Pradesh	426	171	403	1000	48189	1063	106	145	749	1000	45417	961	
Uttarakhand	281	255	464	1000	1509	57	2	143	855	1000	2451	67	
West Bengal	459	217	324	1000	21073	478	102	82	815	1000	20372	414	
A & N Islands	713	69	218	1000	205	49	460	83	457	1000	113	37	
Chandigarh	310	302	388	1000	1	8	0	0	1000	1000	2	6	
Dadra & N. Haveli	50	121	829	1000	29	7	0	303	697	1000	43	11	
Daman & Diu	11	72	917	1000	14	8	0	30	970	1000	35	10	
Lakshadweep	309	317	375	1000	8	13	17	320	663	1000	5	9	
Puducherry	618	191	191	1000	115	12	735	127	138	1000	210	17	
All-India	426	239	335	1000	295973	7657	112	191	696	1000	306270	7362	
estd. (00) aged pers.	126070	70718	99122	295973	-	-	34408	58567	213288	306270	-	-	
sample aged pers	2849	1975	2830	7657	-	-	649	1444	5265	7362	-	-	

Table 42U: Per thousand distribution of aged persons of each gender and State/UT by state of economic independence

State/UT	male						female					
	per 1000 no. of aged persons				no. of aged persons		per 1000 no. of aged persons				no. of aged persons	
	not dependent on others	partially dependent on others	fully dependent on others	all	estd. (00)	sample	not dependent on others	partially dependent on others	fully dependent on others	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Andhra Pradesh	529	165	306	1000	5876	223	225	63	713	1000	5912	242
Arunachal Pradesh	381	259	360	1000	23	10	0	40	960	1000	9	6
Assam	396	271	333	1000	1071	101	76	155	769	1000	1581	97
Bihar	478	134	388	1000	3636	197	119	78	803	1000	2688	167
Chhattisgarh	566	161	273	1000	1746	103	259	130	611	1000	1254	79
Delhi	503	163	333	1000	2315	182	117	100	783	1000	2943	194
Goa	459	396	145	1000	721	25	129	53	818	1000	497	29
Gujarat	354	205	441	1000	9107	299	60	153	787	1000	8309	289
Haryana	620	94	286	1000	2342	157	77	225	698	1000	2133	149
Himachal Pradesh	533	461	6	1000	290	42	107	385	508	1000	324	43
Jammu & Kashmir	661	60	279	1000	1240	127	38	44	918	1000	1190	117
Jharkhand	565	151	284	1000	2194	125	13	131	856	1000	1867	122
Karnataka	507	282	211	1000	9496	261	135	172	693	1000	9755	319
Kerala	490	192	317	1000	9946	400	178	246	576	1000	13048	471
Madhya Pradesh	543	222	235	1000	5762	341	158	118	725	1000	6861	367
Maharashtra	461	106	433	1000	16270	587	68	79	853	1000	18077	636
Manipur	351	434	215	1000	195	99	85	274	641	1000	242	101
Meghalaya	730	21	78	1000	138	35	351	24	439	1000	127	37
Mizoram	615	202	183	1000	128	61	245	419	335	1000	157	75
Nagaland	780	99	121	1000	101	27	0	66	934	1000	39	18
Odisha	424	315	261	1000	2503	169	89	55	856	1000	2686	145

Urban

Table 42U: Per thousand distribution of aged persons of each gender and State/UT by state of economic independence

State/UT	male						female						Urban
	per 1000 no. of aged persons				no. of aged persons		per 1000 no. of aged persons				no. of aged persons		
	not dependent on others	partially dependent on others	fully dependent on others	all	estd. (00)	sample	not dependent on others	partially dependent on others	fully dependent on others	all	estd. (00)	sample	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
Punjab	556	149	295	1000	3471	167	126	106	768	1000	4345	176	
Rajasthan	536	154	310	1000	6753	259	152	140	708	1000	6443	280	
Sikkim	718	13	269	1000	25	29	18	0	982	1000	14	23	
Tamil Nadu	446	305	249	1000	18564	440	110	244	645	1000	18909	467	
Telangana	496	226	277	1000	4246	105	145	241	614	1000	3319	115	
Tripura	648	167	185	1000	322	136	236	159	604	1000	201	97	
Uttar Pradesh	666	80	255	1000	11955	580	165	65	770	1000	11855	557	
Uttarakhand	679	21	301	1000	399	48	482	30	487	1000	502	61	
West Bengal	620	133	247	1000	13320	595	146	199	655	1000	12676	600	
A & N Islands	379	310	311	1000	10	11	68	265	667	1000	9	10	
Chandigarh	840	109	51	1000	111	19	534	67	400	1000	195	22	
Dadra & N. Haveli	28	693	278	1000	48	7	0	42	958	1000	32	10	
Daman & Diu	616	375	9	1000	61	4	0	106	894	1000	54	12	
Lakshadweep	560	88	351	1000	26	20	45	19	936	1000	15	12	
Puducherry	531	277	192	1000	320	44	172	402	426	1000	418	46	
All-India	515	185	300	1000	134727	6035	129	153	718	1000	138687	6191	
estd. (00) aged pers.	69346	24946	40411	134727	-	-	17921	21200	99542	138687	-	-	
sample aged pers	2940	1138	1955	6035	-	-	721	964	4504	6191	-	-	

Table 43R: Per thousand distribution of economically dependent aged persons in State/UT by category of persons financially supporting the aged person

State/UT	per 1000 no. of economically dependent aged persons financially supported by					no. of eco. dependent aged persons	
	spouse	own children	grand-children	others	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	40	821	35	104	1000	22190	353
Arunachal Pradesh	109	812	0	79	1000	441	87
Assam	181	757	21	40	1000	13673	458
Bihar	127	841	21	11	1000	29038	520
Chhattisgarh	39	750	80	131	1000	4096	115
Delhi	11	969	20	0	1000	208	19
Goa	96	836	0	68	1000	364	50
Gujarat	90	806	56	48	1000	16207	538
Haryana	67	892	3	38	1000	10274	275
Himachal Pradesh	246	685	38	32	1000	4581	316
Jammu & Kashmir	155	827	5	13	1000	4476	263
Jharkhand	84	839	17	60	1000	15823	249
Karnataka	101	816	32	51	1000	24518	537
Kerala	101	833	11	55	1000	20728	590
Madhya Pradesh	135	799	30	36	1000	23361	524
Maharashtra	124	836	12	29	1000	37271	1080
Manipur	71	898	1	30	1000	574	151
Meghalaya	7	795	191	7	1000	745	95
Mizoram	184	800	15	1	1000	153	71
Nagaland	177	713	0	110	1000	343	50
Odisha	116	820	18	47	1000	25731	670
Punjab	153	790	33	23	1000	11743	311
Rajasthan	101	835	23	41	1000	27935	689
Sikkim	162	814	0	25	1000	92	70
Tamil Nadu	111	831	8	50	1000	30700	679
Telangana	63	798	62	77	1000	13509	203
Tripura	6	891	95	8	1000	1086	156
Uttar Pradesh	120	820	22	39	1000	68270	1512
Uttarakhand	52	823	64	61	1000	3532	98
West Bengal	125	826	4	45	1000	29681	665
A & N Islands	131	746	0	123	1000	120	40
Chandigarh	0	1000	0	0	1000	3	13
Dadra & N. Haveli	17	969	14	0	1000	70	17
Daman & Diu	3	997	0	0	1000	49	17
Lakshadweep	0	708	30	261	1000	10	12
Puducherry	0	1000	0	0	1000	100	21
All-India	111	821	23	45	1000	441695	11514
estd. (00) aged pers.	49026	362554	10241	19874	441695	-	-
sample aged pers	1135	9655	273	451	11514	-	-

Table 43U: Per thousand distribution of economically dependent aged persons in and State/UT by category of persons financially supporting the aged person

State/UT	per 1000 no. of economically dependent aged persons financially supported by					Urban no. of eco. dependent aged persons	
	spouse	own children	grand-children	others	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	166	796	11	28	1000	7350	325
Arunachal Pradesh	0	1000	0	0	1000	24	11
Assam	60	899	0	41	1000	2107	152
Bihar	78	868	42	12	1000	4263	241
Chhattisgarh	168	601	15	216	1000	1687	113
Delhi	181	800	4	14	1000	3749	265
Goa	269	730	0	2	1000	822	43
Gujarat	106	842	29	22	1000	13696	467
Haryana	176	773	7	43	1000	2859	212
Himachal Pradesh	151	735	0	114	1000	425	44
Jammu & Kashmir	323	655	2	20	1000	1565	163
Jharkhand	167	820	8	6	1000	2798	196
Karnataka	137	825	16	22	1000	13119	422
Kerala	110	830	6	53	1000	15792	625
Madhya Pradesh	152	810	22	17	1000	8414	479
Maharashtra	141	820	6	33	1000	25617	935
Manipur	69	866	0	65	1000	348	152
Meghalaya	8	891	41	60	1000	72	35
Mizoram	189	805	6	0	1000	168	85
Nagaland	406	572	5	17	1000	61	27
Odisha	97	865	4	34	1000	3889	216
Punjab	169	801	6	24	1000	5338	222
Rajasthan	248	716	6	31	1000	8596	383
Sikkim	295	705	0	0	1000	21	35
Tamil Nadu	171	795	8	26	1000	27108	655
Telangana	78	896	21	5	1000	4976	160
Tripura	71	797	87	45	1000	267	127
Uttar Pradesh	178	787	5	30	1000	13898	739
Uttarakhand	118	785	35	63	1000	388	75
West Bengal	154	761	17	68	1000	15881	797
A & N Islands	62	886	53	0	1000	15	15
Chandigarh	89	889	22	0	1000	109	20
Dadra & N. Haveli	384	616	0	0	1000	78	16
Daman & Diu	0	1000	0	0	1000	78	15
Lakshadweep	72	928	0	0	1000	26	22
Puducherry	82	717	0	201	1000	496	72
All-India	150	804	12	34	1000	186099	8561
estd. (00) aged pers.	27865	149687	2210	6337	186099	-	-
sample aged pers	1153	6863	177	368	8561	-	-

Table 44R: Per thousand distribution of aged persons of each State/UT by type of living arrangement**Rural**

State/UT	per 1000 no. of aged persons							all
	living alone		with spouse only	with spouse & other members	living without spouse but with			
	inmate of old age home	not as an inmate of old age home			children	other relations	non relations	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	0	68	226	293	365	48	0	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	14	1	44	639	297	5	0	1000
Assam	0	23	35	658	283	0	0	1000
Bihar	1	20	125	595	251	5	2	1000
Chhattisgarh	17	98	191	430	221	43	0	1000
Delhi	0	0	435	186	379	0	0	1000
Goa	0	5	12	806	176	0	0	1000
Gujarat	0	45	187	374	354	40	0	1000
Haryana	0	1	116	632	214	37	0	1000
Himachal Pradesh	0	60	199	453	268	17	2	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	0	16	7	669	305	4	0	1000
Jharkhand	0	68	75	582	229	45	0	1000
Karnataka	0	15	89	472	361	63	0	1000
Kerala	0	30	170	446	315	34	5	1000
Madhya Pradesh	7	45	203	402	302	40	0	1000
Maharashtra	19	44	149	480	289	18	0	1000
Manipur	0	5	4	615	352	23	0	1000
Meghalaya	0	0	0	513	431	57	0	1000
Mizoram	0	18	0	645	327	10	0	1000
Nagaland	0	0	40	617	325	18	0	1000
Odisha	0	36	147	461	337	19	0	1000
Punjab	0	0	66	593	321	19	0	1000
Rajasthan	0	43	155	484	295	23	0	1000
Sikkim	0	2	18	639	325	8	9	1000
Tamil Nadu	2	99	300	324	253	23	0	1000
Telangana	1	82	109	320	455	33	0	1000
Tripura	0	7	176	373	438	7	0	1000
Uttar Pradesh	1	25	100	507	341	26	1	1000
Uttarakhand	0	0	110	298	507	84	0	1000
West Bengal	0	41	183	378	382	16	0	1000
A & N Islands	0	59	23	175	594	111	37	1000
Chandigarh	0	0	0	534	466	0	0	1000
Dadra & N. Haveli	0	0	0	732	268	0	0	1000
Daman & Diu	0	403	502	37	35	24	0	1000
Lakshadweep	0	0	0	218	572	210	0	1000
Puducherry	0	244	6	581	166	3	0	1000
All-India	3	41	147	464	317	28	1	1000

Table 44U: Per thousand distribution of aged persons of each State/UT by type of living arrangement**Urban**

State/UT	per 1000 no. of aged persons							all
	living alone		with spouse only	with spouse & other members	living without spouse but with			
	inmate of old age home	not as an inmate of old age home			children	other relations	non relations	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	0	32	227	385	344	12	0	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	0	0	0	611	389	0	0	1000
Assam	0	15	2	448	496	38	1	1000
Bihar	0	24	85	557	324	10	0	1000
Chhattisgarh	0	32	146	472	317	32	1	1000
Delhi	0	28	266	393	266	44	2	1000
Goa	0	51	150	583	216	0	0	1000
Gujarat	0	14	109	560	268	15	33	1000
Haryana	0	32	74	587	301	5	0	1000
Himachal Pradesh	0	4	203	376	339	77	0	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	0	0	148	650	190	1	11	1000
Jharkhand	0	2	211	451	334	2	0	1000
Karnataka	0	42	92	542	285	38	0	1000
Kerala	0	18	188	414	341	35	4	1000
Madhya Pradesh	2	20	98	508	354	18	1	1000
Maharashtra	6	10	137	506	321	16	4	1000
Manipur	0	0	2	622	339	37	0	1000
Meghalaya	0	0	27	591	300	82	0	1000
Mizoram	0	32	19	563	371	15	0	1000
Nagaland	0	0	80	827	92	0	0	1000
Odisha	0	27	98	499	317	60	0	1000
Punjab	7	16	80	541	342	14	0	1000
Rajasthan	0	31	146	567	235	9	11	1000
Sikkim	0	0	15	657	328	0	0	1000
Tamil Nadu	0	67	250	368	277	37	1	1000
Telangana	0	104	208	378	305	5	0	1000
Tripura	2	7	29	670	245	48	0	1000
Uttar Pradesh	4	9	130	551	292	14	0	1000
Uttarakhand	1	186	211	190	412	0	0	1000
West Bengal	5	51	111	480	310	41	1	1000
A & N Islands	0	0	163	493	308	36	0	1000
Chandigarh	0	303	113	185	392	7	0	1000
Dadra & N. Haveli	0	0	34	507	459	0	0	1000
Daman & Diu	0	200	230	0	546	23	0	1000
Lakshadweep	0	25	0	809	167	0	0	1000
Puducherry	0	121	87	453	296	43	0	1000
All-India	2	33	151	481	305	25	4	1000

Table 45R: Per thousand distribution of aged persons of each age-group and gender by state of physical mobility: all-India

age group	per 1000 no. of aged persons					Rural no. of aged persons	
	physically mobile	Immobile			all	estd. (00)	sample
		confined to bed	confined to home	move outside by a wheelchair only			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
	Male						
60-64	985	2	9	4	1000	101171	2577
65-69	974	4	21	1	1000	87736	2245
70-74	891	18	78	13	1000	55300	1436
75-79	906	25	68	1	1000	28614	703
80+	701	61	236	3	1000	23152	696
all	934	12	49	4	1000	295973	7657
estd. aged per. (00)	276524	3677	14435	1273	295973	-	-
sample aged per.	7013	151	450	40	7657	-	-
	Female						
60-64	970	3	26	1	1000	110833	2706
65-69	931	9	58	3	1000	87792	2064
70-74	863	19	116	1	1000	58978	1305
75-79	827	24	146	3	1000	22564	577
80+	625	138	226	10	1000	26103	710
all	898	21	78	3	1000	306270	7362
estd. aged per. (00)	275079	6360	24032	793	306270	-	-
sample aged per.	6505	167	654	32	7362	-	-
	Male+Female						
60-64	977	3	18	2	1000	212004	5283
65-69	952	6	39	2	1000	175528	4309
70-74	877	19	98	7	1000	114278	2741
75-79	871	24	102	2	1000	51178	1280
80+	661	102	231	7	1000	49255	1406
all	916	17	64	3	1000	602244	15019
estd. aged per. (00)	551603	10037	38467	2066	602244	-	-
sample aged per.	13518	318	1104	72	15019	-	-

Table 45U: Per thousand distribution of aged persons of each age-group and gender by state of physical mobility: all-India

age group	per 1000 no. of aged persons					Urban	
	physically mobile	Immobile			all	no. of aged persons	
		confined to bed	confined to home	move outside by a wheelchair only		estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Male							
60-64	979	4	17	1	1000	50005	2060
65-69	967	6	26	1	1000	36612	1648
70-74	947	9	43	1	1000	25293	1186
75-79	919	21	59	1	1000	13006	581
80+	801	40	111	48	1000	9811	560
all	951	10	35	4	1000	134727	6035
estd. aged per. (00)	128118	1282	4711	592	134727	-	-
sample aged per.	5558	123	320	32	6035	-	-
Female							
60-64	956	5	37	2	1000	53494	2242
65-69	943	10	40	6	1000	37357	1618
70-74	886	24	87	3	1000	22735	1091
75-79	884	49	59	8	1000	11709	559
80+	681	87	225	7	1000	13392	681
all	909	21	66	4	1000	138687	6191
estd. aged per. (00)	126011	2922	9163	567	138687	-	-
sample aged per.	5423	165	564	37	6191	-	-
Male+Female							
60-64	967	4	27	1	1000	103499	4302
65-69	955	8	33	4	1000	73969	3266
70-74	918	16	64	2	1000	48028	2277
75-79	902	34	59	4	1000	24716	1140
80+	732	67	176	24	1000	23203	1241
all	929	15	51	4	1000	273414	12226
estd. aged per. (00)	254129	4204	13874	1160	273414	-	-
sample aged per.	10981	288	884	69	12226	-	-

Table 46R: Per thousand distribution of aged persons of each gender with chronic ailments by perception about change in state of health for each quintile class of MPCE and gender: all-India

quintile class of UMPCE	per 1000 no. of aged persons with chronic ailment whose state of health compared to the previous year was						Rural no. of aged persons	
	much better	somewhat better	nearly the same	somewhat worse	worse	all	estd. (00)	sample
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)		(7)	(8)
	Male							
01	6	41	365	470	118	1000	7012	157
02	7	153	437	341	62	1000	6745	211
03	17	92	377	440	74	1000	8216	230
04	19	106	427	378	70	1000	14571	392
05	41	172	394	327	66	1000	25344	729
all	25	129	401	372	73	1000	61888	1719
estd. aged per. (00)	1543	7989	24808	23002	4547	61888	-	-
sample aged per.	41	260	719	520	179	1719	-	-
	Female							
01	9	140	450	256	145	1000	6712	151
02	16	69	498	346	71	1000	8364	192
03	3	66	492	342	97	1000	10231	244
04	13	52	488	392	56	1000	12798	340
05	44	196	404	294	62	1000	23112	648
all	23	120	454	326	77	1000	61217	1575
estd. aged per. (00)	1421	7375	27793	19937	4692	61217	-	-
sample aged per.	28	168	644	562	173	1575	-	-
	Male+Female							
01	8	89	407	365	131	1000	13724	308
02	12	106	470	344	67	1000	15110	403
03	9	78	441	386	86	1000	18447	474
04	16	80	455	385	63	1000	27369	732
05	43	184	399	311	64	1000	48456	1377
all	24	125	427	349	75	1000	123106	3294
estd. aged per. (00)	2965	15364	52600	42938	9239	123106	-	-
sample aged per.	69	428	1363	1082	352	3294	-	-

Table 46U: Per thousand distribution of aged persons of each gender with chronic ailments by perception about change in state of health for each quintile class of MPCE and gender: all-India

quintile class of UMPCE	per 1000 no. of aged persons with chronic ailment whose state of health compared to the previous year was						Urban no. of aged persons	
	much better	somewhat better	nearly the same	somewhat worse	worse	all	estd. (00)	sample
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)		(7)	(8)
	Male							
01	47	167	417	263	106	1000	2073	186
02	27	131	434	314	95	1000	5972	267
03	111	114	385	303	87	1000	6822	342
04	74	199	478	197	53	1000	9007	397
05	49	107	611	207	26	1000	15710	616
all	62	136	505	240	57	1000	39585	1808
estd. aged per. (00)	2446	5373	19981	9515	2270	39585	-	-
sample aged per.	91	245	820	503	149	1808	-	-
	Female							
01	3	183	443	321	51	1000	4881	250
02	4	90	520	336	50	1000	6618	319
03	6	83	590	246	75	1000	8750	378
04	44	123	476	267	91	1000	10427	471
05	69	94	605	192	40	1000	14302	599
all	34	108	542	255	61	1000	44977	2017
estd. aged per. (00)	1535	4842	24382	11470	2748	44977	-	-
sample aged per.	69	225	918	638	167	2017	-	-
	Male+Female							
01	16	178	435	304	67	1000	6954	436
02	15	109	479	325	71	1000	12589	586
03	52	97	500	271	80	1000	15572	720
04	58	158	477	234	73	1000	19434	868
05	58	101	608	200	33	1000	30013	1215
all	47	121	525	248	59	1000	84562	3825
estd. aged per. (00)	3981	10215	44364	20985	5017	84562	-	-
sample aged per.	160	470	1738	1141	316	3825	-	-

Table 47: Per thousand distribution of cases of hospitalisation for childbirth by age of the mother for each quintile class of UMPCE

quintile class of UMPCE	per 1000 no. of hospitalised cases for childbirth where age of the mother								average duration of stay per case (days)	no. of cases of hosp. for childbirth	
	< 20	20 - 24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	>45	all		estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
	Rural										
01	56	371	311	165	62	32	3	1000	3.1	23129	1422
02	55	428	342	128	43	3	1	1000	3.4	22833	1482
03	53	461	307	117	51	9	1	1000	3.6	23533	1670
04	66	472	298	119	41	4	0	1000	3.8	23313	1738
05	65	421	348	121	37	5	4	1000	4.2	21774	1783
all	59	431	321	130	47	11	2	1000	3.6	114583	8095
estd. no. of cases of hosp. for childbirth (00)	6750	49359	36763	14906	5377	1244	185	114583	-	-	-
sample no. of cases of hosp. for childbirth	437	3320	2710	1157	387	67	17	8095	-	-	-
	Urban										
01	62	409	326	158	38	4	2	1000	4.1	10105	1471
02	45	423	350	142	35	1	3	1000	4.5	10141	1484
03	48	385	393	135	34	4	1	1000	4.3	8650	1383
04	12	328	435	178	40	3	3	1000	4.8	7293	1170
05	4	224	451	239	72	10	1	1000	5.1	5399	984
all	39	369	381	163	41	4	2	1000	4.5	41588	6492
estd. no. of cases of hosp. for childbirth (00)	1617	15362	15849	6797	1712	166	85	41588	-	-	-
sample no. of cases of hosp. for childbirth	224	2205	2487	1166	352	44	14	6492	-	-	-

Table 48R: Per thousand distribution of cases of hospitalisation for childbirth by age of the mother for each State/UT

State/UT	per 1000 no. of hospitalised cases where age of the mother								average duration of stay	no. of cases of hosp. for childbirth	
	< 20	20 - 24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	>45	all	per case (days)	estd. (00)	sample
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh	119	587	206	49	37	0	2	1000	5.5	4562	298
Arunachal Pradesh	42	113	129	525	128	63	0	1000	4.6	41	18
Assam	36	327	381	158	81	7	10	1000	3.7	4097	550
Bihar	26	367	385	150	61	10	1	1000	3.5	11745	376
Chhattisgarh	61	479	208	152	95	6	0	1000	3.5	1570	99
Delhi	0	449	551	0	0	0	0	1000	2.4	26	13
Goa	0	335	283	252	105	24	0	1000	5.9	52	23
Gujarat	20	386	401	124	60	7	1	1000	2.1	4797	333
Haryana	101	421	287	117	62	12	0	1000	3.1	2512	144
Himachal Pradesh	34	316	500	119	23	8	0	1000	3.9	612	110
Jammu & Kashmir	0	183	496	187	112	22	0	1000	4.4	1054	153
Jharkhand	92	385	296	173	38	16	0	1000	2.4	4061	220
Karnataka	82	497	280	118	23	0	0	1000	4.5	5775	377
Kerala	66	306	456	149	23	1	0	1000	6.2	2645	301
Madhya Pradesh	30	557	297	90	19	5	1	1000	3.2	8094	449
Maharashtra	47	533	274	108	30	4	3	1000	4.4	8739	673
Manipur	4	161	370	296	145	17	8	1000	3.6	329	168
Meghalaya	11	187	378	274	128	12	9	1000	3.1	390	117
Mizoram	28	296	383	174	115	4	0	1000	3.0	64	75
Nagaland	0	6	342	406	109	137	0	1000	2.6	54	40
Odisha	29	431	319	142	63	16	0	1000	3.3	5113	408
Punjab	1	450	396	121	32	0	0	1000	3.5	1931	175
Rajasthan	69	437	309	108	69	3	4	1000	3.0	9562	417
Sikkim	118	284	331	246	22	0	0	1000	3.8	32	63
Tamil Nadu	54	420	382	103	42	0	0	1000	5.7	4453	496
Telangana	75	441	315	132	37	0	0	1000	6.0	2303	184
Tripura	90	382	327	189	11	0	0	1000	4.6	312	149
Uttar Pradesh	41	388	323	160	51	35	2	1000	2.5	19935	930
Uttarakhand	18	294	520	111	47	10	0	1000	2.8	699	67
West Bengal	170	465	226	117	21	1	0	1000	4.1	8894	563
A & N Islands	116	457	312	73	42	0	0	1000	3.7	40	34
Chandigarh	0	376	579	45	0	0	0	1000	4.1	4	16
Dadra & N. Haveli	136	410	242	212	0	0	0	1000	1.6	20	10
Daman & Diu	0	414	586	0	0	0	0	1000	2.7	5	14
Lakshadweep	0	0	314	519	146	22	0	1000	8.6	2	16
Puducherry	0	207	544	238	0	11	0	1000	12.6	60	16
All-India	59	431	321	130	47	11	2	1000	3.6	114583	8095

Table 48U: Per thousand distribution of cases of hospitalisation for childbirth by age of the mother for each State/UT

State/UT	per 1000 no. of hospitalised cases where age of the mother								average duration of stay per case (days)	Urban	
	< 20	20 - 24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	>45	all		no. of cases of hosp. for childbirth	
									estd. (00)	sample	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
Andhra Pradesh	151	392	350	95	12	0	0	1000	5.1	1760	285
Arunachal Pradesh	114	692	80	114	0	0	0	1000	3.0	13	9
Assam	14	284	491	158	54	0	0	1000	4.8	478	135
Bihar	32	286	470	153	17	12	29	1000	3.0	1230	197
Chhattisgarh	15	353	416	189	26	0	0	1000	4.6	559	108
Delhi	9	290	424	190	81	2	4	1000	3.9	1009	218
Goa	0	346	327	301	26	0	0	1000	7.3	72	21
Gujarat	19	465	357	138	14	3	4	1000	3.0	2807	307
Haryana	49	389	430	126	6	0	1	1000	2.8	1032	144
Himachal Pradesh	178	324	387	111	0	0	0	1000	3.5	53	32
Jammu & Kashmir	46	91	390	328	109	21	15	1000	3.7	258	128
Jharkhand	71	347	352	198	18	0	15	1000	3.6	901	160
Karnataka	34	424	348	155	37	2	0	1000	5.0	2788	351
Kerala	32	348	410	164	43	4	0	1000	6.0	2046	309
Madhya Pradesh	12	423	344	169	42	6	3	1000	4.0	2419	361
Maharashtra	40	327	367	221	42	2	0	1000	4.7	5527	632
Manipur	33	127	395	229	187	29	0	1000	4.0	127	162
Meghalaya	11	236	421	148	180	4	0	1000	5.1	67	71
Mizoram	41	192	381	261	106	19	0	1000	3.7	61	95
Nagaland	0	53	594	262	85	0	6	1000	2.0	27	39
Odisha	39	399	302	203	56	2	0	1000	4.3	848	169
Punjab	16	289	382	248	65	0	0	1000	3.8	1005	153
Rajasthan	25	407	399	123	36	6	4	1000	3.5	2680	303
Sikkim	63	399	320	167	51	0	0	1000	3.9	9	42
Tamil Nadu	44	400	379	126	51	0	0	1000	5.9	4075	475
Telangana	16	404	433	134	10	4	0	1000	5.7	1376	179
Tripura	133	271	336	163	98	0	0	1000	4.3	96	121
Uttar Pradesh	16	304	442	168	59	10	0	1000	3.9	4808	533
Uttarakhand	0	306	505	43	125	21	0	1000	4.3	212	70
West Bengal	88	429	277	160	43	3	0	1000	5.0	2980	540
A & N Islands	129	469	297	72	33	0	0	1000	3.5	17	26
Chandigarh	13	239	624	54	20	50	0	1000	5.0	104	26
Dadra & N. Haveli	0	382	438	180	0	0	0	1000	3.2	16	15
Daman & Diu	0	701	0	299	0	0	0	1000	3.0	29	12
Lakshadweep	154	343	216	195	92	0	0	1000	5.0	6	16
Puducherry	64	270	477	190	0	0	0	1000	7.1	93	48
All-India	39	369	381	163	41	4	2	1000	4.5	41588	6492

Table 49R: Per thousand distribution of cases of hospitalisation for childbirth by nature of treatment for each State/UT

State/UT	per 1000 no. of hospitalised cases by nature of treatment						Rural no. of hosp. cases for childbirth	
	allopathy	Indian system of medicine	homoeo-pathy	yoga & naturo-pathy	other	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	4562	298
Arunachal Pradesh	917	83	0	0	0	1000	41	18
Assam	995	5	0	0	0	1000	4097	550
Bihar	990	0	0	0	10	1000	11745	376
Chhattisgarh	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	1570	99
Delhi	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	26	13
Goa	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	52	23
Gujarat	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	4797	333
Haryana	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	2512	144
Himachal Pradesh	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	612	110
Jammu & Kashmir	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	1054	153
Jharkhand	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	4061	220
Karnataka	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	5775	377
Kerala	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	2645	301
Madhya Pradesh	999	1	0	0	0	1000	8094	449
Maharashtra	998	0	2	0	0	1000	8739	673
Manipur	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	329	168
Meghalaya	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	390	117
Mizoram	958	0	0	0	42	1000	64	75
Nagaland	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	54	40
Odisha	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	5113	408
Punjab	988	12	0	0	0	1000	1931	175
Rajasthan	992	4	4	0	0	1000	9562	417
Sikkim	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	32	63
Tamil Nadu	989	0	11	0	0	1000	4453	496
Telangana	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	2303	184
Tripura	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	312	149
Uttar Pradesh	999	0	1	0	0	1000	19935	930
Uttarakhand	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	699	67
West Bengal	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	8894	563
A & N Islands	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	40	34
Chandigarh	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	4	16
Dadra & N. Haveli	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	20	10
Daman & Diu	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	5	14
Lakshadweep	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	2	16
Puducherry	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	60	16
All-India	997	1	1	0	1	1000	114583	8095

Table 49U: Per thousand distribution of cases of hospitalisation for childbirth by nature of treatment for each State/UT

State/UT	per 1000 no. of hospitalised cases by nature of treatment						Urban no. of hosp. cases for childbirth	
	allopathy	Indian system of medicine	homoeo-pathy	yoga & naturo-pathy	other	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	1760	285
Arunachal Pradesh	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	13	9
Assam	991	8	0	1	0	1000	478	135
Bihar	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	1230	197
Chhattisgarh	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	559	108
Delhi	987	13	0	0	0	1000	1009	218
Goa	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	72	21
Gujarat	997	0	3	0	0	1000	2807	307
Haryana	997	0	3	0	0	1000	1032	144
Himachal Pradesh	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	53	32
Jammu & Kashmir	997	0	3	0	0	1000	258	128
Jharkhand	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	901	160
Karnataka	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	2788	351
Kerala	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	2046	309
Madhya Pradesh	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	2419	361
Maharashtra	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	5527	632
Manipur	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	127	162
Meghalaya	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	67	71
Mizoram	975	0	0	0	25	1000	61	95
Nagaland	994	0	6	0	0	1000	27	39
Odisha	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	848	169
Punjab	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	1005	153
Rajasthan	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	2680	303
Sikkim	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	9	42
Tamil Nadu	997	0	3	0	0	1000	4075	475
Telangana	993	7	0	0	0	1000	1376	179
Tripura	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	96	121
Uttar Pradesh	996	2	2	0	0	1000	4808	533
Uttarakhand	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	212	70
West Bengal	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	2980	540
A & N Islands	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	17	26
Chandigarh	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	104	26
Dadra & N. Haveli	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	16	15
Daman & Diu	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	29	12
Lakshadweep	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	6	16
Puducherry	1000	0	0	0	0	1000	93	48
All-India	998	1	1	0	0	1000	41588	6492

Table 50: Per thousand distribution of cases of hospitalisation for childbirth by level of care for each social group

social group/ religion	per 1000 no. of hospitalised cases by level of care			
	HSC, PHC & others*	public hospital	private hospital	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
	Rural			
ST	270	579	151	1000
SC	178	606	216	1000
OBC	189	465	346	1000
Others	118	508	374	1000
all	180	520	300	1000
estd. cases of hosp. for childbirth (00)	20610	59601	34371	114583
samp. of cases of hosp. for childbirth	1443	4279	2373	8095
	Urban			
ST	45	466	489	1000
SC	49	581	370	1000
OBC	34	439	527	1000
Others	38	362	600	1000
all	38	436	525	1000
estd. cases of hosp. for childbirth (00)	1596	18142	21850	41588
samp. of cases of hosp. for childbirth	270	2939	3283	6492
	Rural			
Hinduism	181	518	301	1000
Islam	179	534	287	1000
Christianity	205	458	337	1000
Sikhism	55	567	378	1000
Jainism	209	433	358	1000
Buddhism	288	519	193	1000
Zoroastrianism	0	0	0	0
others	145	707	148	1000
all	180	520	300	1000
estd. cases of hosp. for childbirth (00)	20610	59601	34371	114583
samp. of cases of hosp. for childbirth	1443	4279	2373	8095
	Urban			
Hinduism	34	434	532	1000
Islam	57	452	491	1000
Christianity	22	379	599	1000
Sikhism	37	406	557	1000
Jainism	0	238	762	1000
Buddhism	30	556	415	1000
Zoroastrianism	0	0	1000	1000
others	50	800	150	1000
all	38	436	525	1000
estd. cases of hosp. for childbirth (00)	1596	18142	21850	41588
samp. of cases of hosp. for childbirth	270	2939	3283	6492

* includes ANM/ASHA/AWW/dispensary/CHC/MMU

Table 51: Per thousand distribution of cases of hospitalisation for childbirth by type of ward, separately for each type of hospital (public/private) and each quintile class of MPCE

quintile class of UMPCE	per 1000 no. of hospitalised cases by type of hospital							
	public hospital				private hospital			
	free bed	paying general	paying special	all	free bed	paying general	paying special	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
	Rural							
01	936	64	0	1000	78	857	65	1000
02	932	67	1	1000	36	860	104	1000
03	924	70	6	1000	43	845	113	1000
04	870	125	5	1000	37	772	191	1000
05	893	92	15	1000	38	617	345	1000
all	914	81	4	1000	42	757	201	1000
estd. no. of cases of hosp. for childbirth (00)	73342	6515	354	80211	1458	26021	6892	34371
sample no. of cases of hosp. for childbirth	5148	537	37	5722	91	1684	598	2373
	Urban							
01	949	45	6	1000	23	830	147	1000
02	910	87	3	1000	55	700	245	1000
03	900	88	12	1000	29	682	289	1000
04	887	73	40	1000	22	556	422	1000
05	855	114	31	1000	24	406	570	1000
all	916	72	12	1000	32	625	344	1000
estd. no. of cases of hosp. for childbirth (00)	18074	1428	236	19737	688	13651	7510	21850
sample no. of cases of hosp. for childbirth	2880	282	47	3209	96	2040	1147	3283

Table 52R: Per thousand distribution of cases of hospitalisation for childbirth by type of ward, separately for each type of hospital (public/private) and each State/UT

State/UT	per 1000 no. of hospitalised cases by type of hospital							
	public hospital				private hospital			
	free bed	paying general	paying special	all	free bed	paying general	paying special	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	969	31	0	1000	40	654	306	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	1000	0	0	1000	0	533	467	1000
Assam	539	451	10	1000	139	771	89	1000
Bihar	892	99	9	1000	29	839	132	1000
Chhattisgarh	944	56	0	1000	245	709	46	1000
Delhi	813	187	0	1000	0	1000	0	1000
Goa	791	209	0	1000	0	405	595	1000
Gujarat	954	46	0	1000	39	739	222	1000
Haryana	920	80	0	1000	0	952	48	1000
Himachal Pradesh	844	144	12	1000	143	735	122	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	982	9	10	1000	0	919	81	1000
Jharkhand	964	36	0	1000	12	886	102	1000
Karnataka	910	88	2	1000	71	750	179	1000
Kerala	822	102	76	1000	35	164	801	1000
Madhya Pradesh	987	11	2	1000	45	881	73	1000
Maharashtra	920	79	1	1000	49	714	237	1000
Manipur	941	59	0	1000	0	1000	0	1000
Meghalaya	975	7	18	1000	0	749	251	1000
Mizoram	952	37	11	1000	0	980	20	1000
Nagaland	923	77	0	1000	0	508	492	1000
Odisha	985	10	5	1000	0	913	87	1000
Punjab	848	152	0	1000	37	850	113	1000
Rajasthan	1000	0	0	1000	86	874	39	1000
Sikkim	958	42	0	1000	0	879	121	1000
Tamil Nadu	1000	0	0	1000	27	450	523	1000
Telangana	969	31	0	1000	18	877	106	1000
Tripura	933	45	23	1000	89	911	0	1000
Uttar Pradesh	877	119	4	1000	48	842	110	1000
Uttarakhand	858	137	5	1000	0	1000	0	1000
West Bengal	918	77	5	1000	12	934	55	1000
A & N Islands	1000	0	0	1000	0	0	1000	1000
Chandigarh	421	579	0	1000	0	0	1000	1000
Dadra & N. Haveli	1000	0	0	1000	0	0	1000	1000
Daman & Diu	1000	0	0	1000	0	666	334	1000
Lakshadweep	935	65	0	1000	0	0	1000	1000
Puducherry	1000	0	0	1000	354	584	62	1000
All-India	914	81	4	1000	42	757	201	1000

Table 52U: Per thousand distribution of cases of hospitalisation for childbirth by type of ward, separately for each type of hospital (public/private) and each State/UT

State/UT	Urban							
	per 1000 no. of hospitalised cases by type of hospital							
	public hospital				private hospital			
	free bed	paying general	paying special	all	free bed	paying general	paying special	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	1000	0	0	1000	10	538	453	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	1000	0	0	1000	0	1000	0	1000
Assam	818	144	39	1000	0	537	463	1000
Bihar	842	158	0	1000	175	752	73	1000
Chhattisgarh	791	109	100	1000	80	652	268	1000
Delhi	904	88	9	1000	32	752	216	1000
Goa	1000	0	0	1000	0	475	525	1000
Gujarat	925	64	10	1000	42	559	400	1000
Haryana	992	8	0	1000	11	944	44	1000
Himachal Pradesh	581	419	0	1000	173	331	496	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	879	121	0	1000	14	729	257	1000
Jharkhand	890	103	6	1000	69	853	78	1000
Karnataka	907	90	3	1000	11	610	378	1000
Kerala	841	81	78	1000	62	145	793	1000
Madhya Pradesh	983	9	9	1000	21	814	165	1000
Maharashtra	865	125	11	1000	22	631	347	1000
Manipur	935	65	0	1000	0	914	86	1000
Meghalaya	951	36	13	1000	0	503	497	1000
Mizoram	995	5	0	1000	0	887	113	1000
Nagaland	771	229	0	1000	0	682	318	1000
Odisha	966	29	4	1000	0	700	300	1000
Punjab	779	199	22	1000	40	629	331	1000
Rajasthan	975	4	20	1000	0	869	131	1000
Sikkim	902	45	54	1000	0	788	212	1000
Tamil Nadu	998	2	0	1000	18	378	604	1000
Telangana	930	70	0	1000	29	721	250	1000
Tripura	924	66	10	1000	0	608	392	1000
Uttar Pradesh	899	95	6	1000	55	722	224	1000
Uttarakhand	918	82	0	1000	0	927	73	1000
West Bengal	888	106	6	1000	6	840	153	1000
A & N Islands	1000	0	0	1000	0	1000	0	1000
Chandigarh	700	263	37	1000	0	740	260	1000
Dadra & N. Haveli	804	0	196	1000	0	228	772	1000
Daman & Diu	1000	0	0	1000	0	498	502	1000
Lakshadweep	1000	0	0	1000	0	0	1000	1000
Puducherry	811	100	89	1000	0	597	403	1000
All-India	916	72	12	1000	32	625	344	1000

Table 53: Per thousand distribution of cases of hospitalisation for childbirth by duration of stay in hospital and average duration of stay in hospital, separately for government and private hospitals and for each quintile class of UMPCE

quintile class of UMPCE	government hospital						private hospitals						no. of hosp. cases for childbirth	
	per 1000 no. of cases of hosp. for childbirth where duration of stay in hospital was					avg. duration of stay (days)	per 1000 no. of cases of hosp. for childbirth where duration of stay in hospital was					avg. duration of stay (days)	estd. (00)	sample
	< 3 days	3 to < 7 days	7 to < 15 days	15 days or more	all		< 3 days	3 to < 7 days	7 to < 15 days	15 days or more	all			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
Rural														
01	592	347	55	6	1000	2.7	345	367	272	16	1000	5.7	23129	1422
02	514	394	87	4	1000	3.0	345	320	320	16	1000	4.8	22833	1482
03	506	385	102	7	1000	3.2	349	361	259	30	1000	4.7	23533	1670
04	507	380	98	15	1000	3.2	340	333	303	24	1000	4.7	23313	1738
05	461	422	110	7	1000	3.3	252	418	304	26	1000	5.1	21774	1783
all	523	382	88	8	1000	3.0	314	367	295	24	1000	4.9	114583	8095
sample no. of cases of hosp. for childbirth	2609	2436	618	59	5722	632	994	697	50	2373	-	-	-	-
Urban														
01	415	415	140	30	1000	3.9	328	413	248	11	1000	4.5	10105	1471
02	325	485	177	14	1000	4.3	256	465	262	16	1000	4.7	10141	1484
03	350	436	203	11	1000	4.1	260	497	233	9	1000	4.5	8650	1383
04	265	475	226	33	1000	5.0	236	542	213	9	1000	4.6	7293	1170
05	311	457	224	9	1000	4.4	149	574	255	22	1000	5.3	5399	984
all	353	447	178	21	1000	4.2	242	503	242	14	1000	4.7	41588	6492
sample no. of cases of hosp. for childbirth	1149	1437	564	59	3209	736	1659	836	52	3283	-	-	-	-

Table 54a-R: Per 1000 distribution of hospitalisation cases for childbirth by nature of treatment received before hosp., separately for hospitalisation in public hosp. and for allopathic treatment during childbirth

Public Hospital State/UT	nature of treat. during childbirth: Allopathy						Rural
	per 1000 hosp. cases for childbirth-treatment received before hosp. from						
	none	allopathy	Indian system of medicine	homoeo- pathy	yoga & naturopathy	other	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	319	681	0	0	0	0	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	463	537	0	0	0	0	1000
Assam	102	898	0	0	0	0	1000
Bihar	239	761	1	0	0	0	1000
Chhattisgarh	80	920	0	0	0	0	1000
Delhi	0	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Goa	28	972	0	0	0	0	1000
Gujarat	27	970	3	0	0	0	1000
Haryana	98	854	47	0	0	0	1000
Himachal Pradesh	112	888	0	0	0	0	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	39	961	0	0	0	0	1000
Jharkhand	141	858	0	1	0	0	1000
Karnataka	26	969	6	0	0	0	1000
Kerala	90	910	0	0	0	0	1000
Madhya Pradesh	193	807	0	0	0	0	1000
Maharashtra	27	969	0	4	0	0	1000
Manipur	101	899	0	0	0	0	1000
Meghalaya	59	941	0	0	0	0	1000
Mizoram	411	589	0	0	0	0	1000
Nagaland	26	966	0	7	0	0	1000
Odisha	74	926	0	0	0	0	1000
Punjab	106	881	0	13	0	0	1000
Rajasthan	243	752	0	5	0	0	1000
Sikkim	734	266	0	0	0	0	1000
Tamil Nadu	93	907	0	0	0	0	1000
Telangana	272	728	0	0	0	0	1000
Tripura	169	830	0	1	0	0	1000
Uttar Pradesh	273	726	0	0	2	0	1000
Uttarakhand	31	958	0	11	0	0	1000
West Bengal	95	905	0	0	0	0	1000
A & N Islands	0	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Chandigarh	0	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Dadra & N. Haveli	0	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Daman & Diu	237	763	0	0	0	0	1000
Lakshadweep	0	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Puducherry	222	778	0	0	0	0	1000
All-India	164	834	1	1	0	0	1000
avg. duration of treat. before hosp.	-	118	150	128	30	0	99

Table 54a-U: Per 1000 distribution of hospitalisation cases for childbirth by nature of treatment received before hosp., separately for hospitalisation in public hosp. and for allopathic treatment during childbirth

Public Hospital State/UT	nature of treat. during childbirth: Allopathy						Urban
	per 1000 hosp. cases for childbirth-treatment received before hosp. from						
	none	allopathy	Indian system of medicine	homoeo- pathy	yoga & naturopathy	other	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	285	715	0	0	0	0	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	18	873	109	0	0	0	1000
Assam	62	938	0	0	0	0	1000
Bihar	123	877	0	0	0	0	1000
Chhattisgarh	78	922	0	0	0	0	1000
Delhi	155	845	0	0	0	0	1000
Goa	228	772	0	0	0	0	1000
Gujarat	35	965	0	0	0	0	1000
Haryana	351	649	0	0	0	0	1000
Himachal Pradesh	170	830	0	0	0	0	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	8	992	0	0	0	0	1000
Jharkhand	43	955	0	2	0	0	1000
Karnataka	10	990	0	0	0	0	1000
Kerala	44	948	0	8	0	0	1000
Madhya Pradesh	210	784	0	0	0	6	1000
Maharashtra	42	956	0	3	0	0	1000
Manipur	29	968	0	0	3	0	1000
Meghalaya	167	833	0	0	0	0	1000
Mizoram	243	757	0	0	0	0	1000
Nagaland	18	982	0	0	0	0	1000
Odisha	38	953	0	9	0	0	1000
Punjab	156	844	0	0	0	0	1000
Rajasthan	192	808	0	0	0	0	1000
Sikkim	874	126	0	0	0	0	1000
Tamil Nadu	97	903	0	0	0	0	1000
Telangana	183	817	0	0	0	0	1000
Tripura	169	831	0	0	0	0	1000
Uttar Pradesh	294	706	0	0	0	0	1000
Uttarakhand	24	976	0	0	0	0	1000
West Bengal	37	963	0	0	0	0	1000
A & N Islands	0	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Chandigarh	110	890	0	0	0	0	1000
Dadra & N. Haveli	0	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Daman & Diu	0	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Lakshadweep	0	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Puducherry	189	811	0	0	0	0	1000
All-India	125	874	0	1	0	0	1000
avg. duration of treat. before hosp.	-	137	2	208	200	15	120

Table 54b-R: Per 1000 distribution of hospitalisation cases for childbirth by nature of treatment received before hosp., separately for hospitalisation in private hosp. and for allopathic treatment during childbirth

Private Hospital State/UT	nature of treat. during childbirth: Allopathy						Rural
	per 1000 hosp. cases for childbirth-treatment received before hosp. from						
	none	allopathy	Indian system of medicine	homoeo- pathy	yoga & naturopathy	other	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	258	742	0	0	0	0	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	22	978	0	0	0	0	1000
Assam	98	902	0	0	0	0	1000
Bihar	131	864	5	0	0	0	1000
Chhattisgarh	0	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Delhi	0	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Goa	496	504	0	0	0	0	1000
Gujarat	9	991	0	0	0	0	1000
Haryana	358	642	0	0	0	0	1000
Himachal Pradesh	208	792	0	0	0	0	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	0	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Jharkhand	61	939	0	0	0	0	1000
Karnataka	29	964	7	0	0	0	1000
Kerala	65	935	0	0	0	0	1000
Madhya Pradesh	66	934	0	0	0	0	1000
Maharashtra	73	920	2	0	6	0	1000
Manipur	27	973	0	0	0	0	1000
Meghalaya	0	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Mizoram	0	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Nagaland	28	972	0	0	0	0	1000
Odisha	67	933	0	0	0	0	1000
Punjab	77	923	0	0	0	0	1000
Rajasthan	187	813	0	0	0	0	1000
Sikkim	879	121	0	0	0	0	1000
Tamil Nadu	163	837	0	0	0	0	1000
Telangana	291	709	0	0	0	0	1000
Tripura	0	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Uttar Pradesh	296	689	4	0	11	0	1000
Uttarakhand	0	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
West Bengal	18	980	0	2	0	0	1000
A & N Islands	0	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Chandigarh	0	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Dadra & N. Haveli	0	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Daman & Diu	0	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Lakshadweep	0	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Puducherry	280	720	0	0	0	0	1000
All-India	150	845	2	0	3	0	1000
avg. duration of treat. before hosp.	-	136	56	210	188	0	116

Table 54b-U: Per 1000 distribution of hospitalisation cases for childbirth by nature of treatment received before hosp., separately for hospitalisation in private hosp. and for allopathic treatment during childbirth

State/UT	nature of treat. during childbirth: Allopathy						Urban
	per 1000 hosp. cases for childbirth-treatment received before hosp. from						
	none	allopathy	Indian system of medicine	homoeopathy	yoga & naturopathy	other	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	209	791	0	0	0	0	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	0	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Assam	63	898	0	0	39	0	1000
Bihar	168	832	0	0	0	0	1000
Chhattisgarh	51	917	0	0	32	0	1000
Delhi	0	998	2	0	0	0	1000
Goa	0	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Gujarat	192	808	0	0	0	0	1000
Haryana	156	844	0	0	0	0	1000
Himachal Pradesh	91	909	0	0	0	0	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	8	975	8	8	0	0	1000
Jharkhand	196	804	0	0	0	0	1000
Karnataka	17	983	0	0	0	0	1000
Kerala	42	958	0	0	0	0	1000
Madhya Pradesh	201	799	0	0	0	0	1000
Maharashtra	13	987	0	0	0	0	1000
Manipur	47	953	0	0	0	0	1000
Meghalaya	115	885	0	0	0	0	1000
Mizoram	58	942	0	0	0	0	1000
Nagaland	0	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Odisha	32	968	0	0	0	0	1000
Punjab	130	870	0	0	0	0	1000
Rajasthan	63	937	0	0	0	0	1000
Sikkim	638	362	0	0	0	0	1000
Tamil Nadu	186	814	0	0	0	0	1000
Telangana	207	793	0	0	0	0	1000
Tripura	31	969	0	0	0	0	1000
Uttar Pradesh	246	750	0	0	5	0	1000
Uttarakhand	32	968	0	0	0	0	1000
West Bengal	21	977	0	0	2	0	1000
A & N Islands	0	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Chandigarh	0	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Dadra & N. Haveli	0	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Daman & Diu	0	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Lakshadweep	0	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
Puducherry	0	1000	0	0	0	0	1000
All-India	123	876	0	0	1	0	1000
avg. duration of treat. before hosp.	-	150	59	10	122	0	132

Table 55a-R: Per 1000 distribution of hospitalisation cases for childbirth by level of care received before hosp., separately for hospitalisation in public hosp. and for allopathic treatment during childbirth

Public Hospital State/UT	nature of treat. during childbirth: Allopathy						Rural
	per 1000 hosp. cases for childbirth-level of care received before hosp. from						
	none	HSC/ANM/ ASHA/ AWW	PHC/ CHC/ mobile medical unit	public hospital	private doctor/ clinic	private hospital	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	319	41	28	265	66	0	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	463	0	82	455	0	0	1000
Assam	102	272	208	350	58	0	1000
Bihar	239	316	33	288	107	0	1000
Chhattisgarh	80	390	93	283	113	0	1000
Delhi	0	0	0	982	18	0	1000
Goa	28	0	132	668	0	0	1000
Gujarat	27	294	362	202	51	0	1000
Haryana	98	412	139	227	90	0	1000
Himachal Pradesh	112	36	142	674	26	0	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	39	41	35	796	89	0	1000
Jharkhand	141	297	36	334	144	0	1000
Karnataka	26	19	233	409	116	0	1000
Kerala	90	0	80	551	218	0	1000
Madhya Pradesh	193	302	24	302	139	0	1000
Maharashtra	27	104	295	301	135	0	1000
Manipur	101	60	110	482	248	0	1000
Meghalaya	59	72	554	315	0	0	1000
Mizoram	411	146	215	214	3	0	1000
Nagaland	26	47	631	231	65	0	1000
Odisha	74	372	251	214	72	0	1000
Punjab	106	116	129	467	98	0	1000
Rajasthan	243	157	73	385	92	0	1000
Sikkim	734	0	186	80	0	0	1000
Tamil Nadu	93	23	335	497	21	0	1000
Telangana	272	143	111	245	25	0	1000
Tripura	169	55	59	400	317	0	1000
Uttar Pradesh	273	251	104	241	95	0	1000
Uttarakhand	31	20	7	912	0	0	1000
West Bengal	95	114	88	262	435	0	1000
A & N Islands	0	124	868	8	0	0	1000
Chandigarh	0	0	390	610	0	0	1000
Dadra & N. Haveli	0	437	364	177	0	0	1000
Daman & Diu	237	0	682	0	0	0	1000
Lakshadweep	0	0	398	602	0	0	1000
Puducherry	222	0	161	491	0	0	1000
All-India	164	211	126	319	128	0	1000

Table 55a-U: Per 1000 distribution of hospitalisation cases for childbirth by level of care received before hosp., separately for hospitalisation in public hosp. and for allopathic treatment during childbirth

Public Hospital State/UT	nature of treat. during childbirth: Allopathy						Urban
	per 1000 hosp. cases for childbirth-level of care received before hosp. from						
	none	HSC/ANM/ ASHA/ AWW	PHC/ CHC/ mobile medical unit	public hospital	private doctor/ clinic	private hospital	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	285	49	19	481	48	0	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	18	0	855	127	0	0	1000
Assam	62	50	33	613	242	0	1000
Bihar	123	169	47	384	247	0	1000
Chhattisgarh	78	106	94	302	309	0	1000
Delhi	155	17	87	636	52	0	1000
Goa	228	0	0	271	0	0	1000
Gujarat	35	8	16	701	137	0	1000
Haryana	351	281	83	158	43	0	1000
Himachal Pradesh	170	0	100	675	55	0	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	8	0	27	881	84	0	1000
Jharkhand	43	325	12	400	169	0	1000
Karnataka	10	6	42	562	123	0	1000
Kerala	44	4	10	589	275	0	1000
Madhya Pradesh	210	117	14	473	126	0	1000
Maharashtra	42	26	78	543	222	0	1000
Manipur	29	49	137	562	223	0	1000
Meghalaya	167	4	219	474	135	0	1000
Mizoram	243	75	200	407	57	0	1000
Nagaland	18	0	79	792	111	0	1000
Odisha	38	134	179	504	122	0	1000
Punjab	156	0	21	644	69	0	1000
Rajasthan	192	0	3	635	114	0	1000
Sikkim	874	0	0	126	0	0	1000
Tamil Nadu	97	5	139	644	37	0	1000
Telangana	183	0	9	322	145	0	1000
Tripura	169	0	92	464	275	0	1000
Uttar Pradesh	294	69	105	376	133	0	1000
Uttarakhand	24	12	0	921	44	0	1000
West Bengal	37	40	40	477	405	0	1000
A & N Islands	0	59	784	157	0	0	1000
Chandigarh	110	0	151	684	56	0	1000
Dadra & N. Haveli	0	395	0	409	0	0	1000
Daman & Diu	0	0	472	0	0	0	1000
Lakshadweep	0	122	40	838	0	0	1000
Puducherry	189	0	0	727	0	0	1000
All-India	125	54	62	526	162	0	1000

Table 55b-R: Per 1000 distribution of hospitalisation cases for childbirth by level of care received before hosp., separately for hospitalisation in private hosp. and for allopathic treatment during childbirth

State/UT	nature of treat. during childbirth: Allopathy						Rural
	per 1000 hosp. cases for childbirth-level of care received before hosp. from	none	HSC/ANM/ ASHA/ AWW	PHC/ CHC/ mobile medical unit	public hospital	private doctor/ clinic	private hospital
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	258	0	6	28	52	0	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	22	0	0	492	0	0	1000
Assam	98	169	19	52	403	0	1000
Bihar	131	25	10	23	477	0	1000
Chhattisgarh	0	352	53	40	357	0	1000
Delhi	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000
Goa	496	0	0	0	0	0	1000
Gujarat	9	59	33	44	62	0	1000
Haryana	358	67	224	0	30	0	1000
Himachal Pradesh	208	0	35	179	145	0	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	0	0	0	81	0	0	1000
Jharkhand	61	98	8	100	351	0	1000
Karnataka	29	17	66	128	99	0	1000
Kerala	65	0	0	7	71	0	1000
Madhya Pradesh	66	110	26	122	317	0	1000
Maharashtra	73	38	42	17	228	0	1000
Manipur	27	0	0	0	771	0	1000
Meghalaya	0	0	335	0	0	0	1000
Mizoram	0	55	510	0	154	0	1000
Nagaland	28	0	0	35	726	0	1000
Odisha	67	149	135	58	364	0	1000
Punjab	77	32	36	87	139	0	1000
Rajasthan	187	7	5	65	86	0	1000
Sikkim	879	0	0	0	0	0	1000
Tamil Nadu	163	0	94	129	16	0	1000
Telangana	291	1	0	3	132	0	1000
Tripura	0	0	0	89	843	0	1000
Uttar Pradesh	296	74	28	5	317	0	1000
Uttarakhand	0	0	0	0	314	0	1000
West Bengal	18	29	11	77	807	0	1000
A & N Islands	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000
Chandigarh	0	0	0	1000	0	0	1000
Dadra & N. Haveli	0	0	1000	0	0	0	1000
Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000
Lakshadweep	0	0	775	0	0	0	1000
Puducherry	280	0	0	0	0	0	1000
All-India	150	42	35	41	233	0	1000

Table 55b-U: Per 1000 distribution of hospitalisation cases for childbirth by level of care received before hosp., separately for hospitalisation in private hosp. and for allopathic treatment during childbirth

State/UT	nature of treat. during childbirth: Allopathy						Urban
	per 1000 hosp. cases for childbirth-level of care received before hosp. from						
	none	HSC/ANM/ ASHA/ AWW	PHC/ CHC/ mobile medical unit	public hospital	private doctor/ clinic	private hospital	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	209	15	0	22	22	0	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	0	0	1000	0	0	0	1000
Assam	63	10	0	100	661	0	1000
Bihar	168	88	0	13	440	0	1000
Chhattisgarh	51	4	0	0	366	0	1000
Delhi	0	10	63	40	312	0	1000
Goa	0	61	0	176	37	0	1000
Gujarat	192	23	11	25	31	0	1000
Haryana	156	21	17	20	69	0	1000
Himachal Pradesh	91	0	0	468	0	0	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	8	17	0	264	298	0	1000
Jharkhand	196	21	0	17	333	0	1000
Karnataka	17	2	3	29	97	0	1000
Kerala	42	10	0	7	80	0	1000
Madhya Pradesh	201	18	0	102	298	0	1000
Maharashtra	13	9	0	22	243	0	1000
Manipur	47	0	134	0	563	0	1000
Meghalaya	115	0	0	0	81	0	1000
Mizoram	58	78	0	33	744	0	1000
Nagaland	0	0	0	0	130	0	1000
Odisha	32	15	33	88	513	0	1000
Punjab	130	0	21	33	130	0	1000
Rajasthan	63	3	0	92	79	0	1000
Sikkim	638	0	0	0	70	0	1000
Tamil Nadu	186	3	33	33	44	0	1000
Telangana	207	38	0	24	56	0	1000
Tripura	31	0	0	0	844	0	1000
Uttar Pradesh	246	25	4	33	303	0	1000
Uttarakhand	32	69	0	73	346	0	1000
West Bengal	21	15	0	32	737	0	1000
A & N Islands	0	0	500	0	0	0	1000
Chandigarh	0	0	0	740	130	0	1000
Dadra & N. Haveli	0	72	0	0	0	0	1000
Daman & Diu	0	0	101	0	56	0	1000
Lakshadweep	0	0	219	299	0	0	1000
Puducherry	0	0	0	216	0	0	1000
All-India	123	15	8	34	192	0	1000

Table 56R: Average medical and non-medical expenditure (Rs.) per hospitalised childbirth during last 365 days – and break-up of medical expenditure – separately for public and private hospitals and for each quintile class of MPCE

quintile class of UMPCE	average expenditure (Rs.)								Rural
	medical							other	total exp. (Rs. '000)
	package component	doctor's/surgeons fee	diagnostic tests	bed charges	other	medicines	total		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
	Public Hospital								
01	121	68	160	25	156	696	1225	848	4051909
02	235	45	222	10	161	687	1359	1010	4175349
03	210	123	243	40	191	816	1623	1030	4602335
04	246	163	286	35	265	929	1924	1236	4761826
05	527	138	312	71	282	768	2097	1335	3644127
all	243	102	235	33	201	773	1587	1060	21235546
	Private Hospital								
01	3359	2868	1081	1690	586	3498	13082	1708	5298798
02	3317	3845	1087	1651	1071	3268	14239	1907	8401588
03	2395	4033	1348	1537	855	2955	13123	1793	9226357
04	3340	3454	1145	1546	820	2780	13085	1832	12297149
05	4292	4921	1493	2224	1358	3455	17743	2142	22182934
all	3477	4032	1279	1795	1014	3179	14778	1924	57406827
	Public+Private								
01	623	502	302	283	222	1130	3062	981	9350706
02	937	911	419	384	368	1275	4294	1214	12576937
03	785	1151	533	434	365	1378	4646	1231	13828693
04	1340	1327	590	569	461	1584	5870	1447	17058975
05	2456	2589	917	1174	833	2144	10113	1748	25827062
all	1213	1281	548	562	445	1495	5544	1319	78642373

Table 56U: Average medical and non-medical expenditure (Rs.) per hospitalised childbirth during last 365 days – and break-up of medical expenditure – separately for public and private hospitals and for each quintile class of MPCE

quintile class of UMPCE	average expenditure (Rs.)								total exp. (Rs. '000)
	medical							other	
	package component	doctor's/surgeons fee	diagnostic tests	bed charges	other	medicines	total		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Public Hospital									
01	158	96	203	28	242	758	1484	855	1609518
02	176	103	312	76	232	1063	1962	1081	1603095
03	276	253	342	82	356	1080	2389	1223	1483991
04	980	193	381	110	354	1187	3205	1458	1130083
05	1271	202	477	119	266	1108	3443	1326	504906
all	348	148	297	67	278	978	2117	1091	6331594
Private Hospital									
01	3239	3355	1150	1498	841	2902	12985	1361	4627846
02	3743	3902	1204	1744	1295	2971	14859	1291	7871057
03	4661	4883	1553	1949	1200	3493	17739	1526	8747985
04	9607	4987	1625	1990	1179	3575	22964	1663	11991810
05	11414	7747	2330	3347	1689	5154	31681	2088	14655894
all	6690	5031	1586	2124	1261	3638	20328	1591	47894592
Public+Private									
01	1141	1137	505	497	433	1442	5156	1017	6237364
02	1891	1929	741	877	743	1980	8161	1182	9474153
03	2578	2684	978	1063	799	2347	10447	1382	10231976
04	6740	3394	1212	1366	904	2782	16398	1595	13121893
05	9425	6268	1967	2714	1410	4360	26143	1938	15160800
all	3680	2714	974	1148	794	2375	11685	1354	54226186

Table 57a-R: Average medical and non-medical expenditure (Rs.) per hospitalised childbirth during last 365 days – and break-up of medical expenditure – separately for public hospitals and for each State/UT

State/UT	Public Hospital								Rural
	average expenditure (Rs.)								total exp. (Rs. 000)
	medical							other	
package comp.	doc./surgeons fee	diagnostic tests	bed charges	other	medicines	total			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Andhra Pradesh	67	189	137	25	204	848	1471	1590	610644
Arunachal Pradesh	0	31	329	0	128	1604	2092	1264	5936
Assam	1976	100	448	52	319	703	3599	1234	1855458
Bihar	676	154	206	46	174	942	2197	999	2887696
Chhattisgarh	142	173	152	28	171	886	1551	973	331538
Delhi	0	96	37	22	101	1076	1331	1707	6403
Goa	0	2090	167	470	467	1620	4814	1745	14367
Gujarat	213	37	96	7	49	377	780	427	213022
Haryana	0	371	333	96	147	583	1530	783	305705
Himachal Pradesh	0	158	671	46	320	1644	2839	1819	242019
Jammu & Kashmir	0	77	882	39	556	1724	3277	1996	524022
Jharkhand	75	56	110	18	168	847	1275	834	710614
Karnataka	9	157	330	27	386	853	1762	1436	1239036
Kerala	6	115	455	208	415	464	1662	1991	305049
Madhya Pradesh	47	14	191	20	106	504	882	938	1324468
Maharashtra	70	85	156	33	147	655	1147	995	916000
Manipur	107	18	1093	14	232	3932	5396	2535	243410
Meghalaya	0	5	121	10	92	584	811	1190	75185
Mizoram	85	156	119	45	133	880	1419	1896	19983
Nagaland	0	39	310	29	151	1472	2001	1368	14615
Odisha	86	85	402	14	410	1601	2598	1557	1927284
Punjab	525	47	364	45	173	1067	2220	1001	350871
Rajasthan	0	19	79	0	109	257	464	1243	1350542
Sikkim	0	4	234	21	658	1070	1987	2776	14220
Tamil Nadu	0	11	72	0	207	34	325	1811	633785
Telangana	0	0	318	20	177	996	1511	1265	232159
Tripura	600	268	351	229	573	2292	4312	1296	160498
Uttar Pradesh	120	186	173	50	126	640	1296	517	2447040
Uttarakhand	0	102	233	25	184	814	1358	746	129454
West Bengal	190	55	362	29	297	1129	2061	984	2122817
A & N Islands	0	0	0	0	94	0	94	1023	4432
Chandigarh	0	0	1696	242	352	1378	3669	957	1852
Dadra & N. Haveli	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	258	505
Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1317	265
Lakshadweep	0	0	70	260	241	96	667	973	247
Puducherry	0	0	57	0	273	635	965	3540	14406
All-India	243	102	235	33	201	773	1587	1060	21235546

Table 57b-R: Average medical and non-medical expenditure (Rs.) per hospitalised childbirth during last 365 days – and break-up of medical expenditure – separately for private hospitals and for each State/UT

State/UT	Private Hospital								Rural
	average expenditure (Rs.)								total exp. (Rs. 000)
	medical							other	
	package comp.	doc./surgeons fee	diagnostic tests	bed charges	other	medicines	total		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Andhra Pradesh	1121	4672	1334	2562	736	3202	13626	1792	3957852
Arunachal Pradesh	0	911	1504	1481	999	3987	8883	2413	26331
Assam	6073	1677	1089	927	735	2000	12502	1988	372781
Bihar	3858	3561	1393	2341	793	4375	16322	2699	5153831
Chhattisgarh	8447	695	193	297	127	915	10675	1753	317835
Delhi	0	2200	600	3000	450	1100	7350	450	4193
Goa	0	10594	1142	7143	1687	4191	24757	2959	83300
Gujarat	332	2833	748	1038	554	1997	7502	926	2554809
Haryana	185	4800	2030	2194	2135	4862	16206	1946	2160723
Himachal Pradesh	3439	1308	1264	797	286	3262	10357	1995	114141
Jammu & Kashmir	9073	1097	2766	3232	2438	5143	23750	2617	159091
Jharkhand	1577	3183	960	1345	662	2846	10573	2058	872502
Karnataka	4	6582	1594	2059	1318	4205	15762	2348	3442121
Kerala	3040	5144	1669	2409	3141	4040	19443	2453	3963861
Madhya Pradesh	7423	1836	856	1372	529	1802	13818	2025	1290913
Maharashtra	3282	4131	1425	2269	1234	3197	15537	1865	7766205
Manipur	15862	209	1067	245	751	3368	21503	2322	53168
Meghalaya	0	10162	2516	1880	4255	2177	20989	2280	32231
Mizoram	0	2446	3206	1458	1143	3739	11992	3961	5631
Nagaland	0	623	275	1051	854	2404	5207	1666	7300
Odisha	4131	4595	1239	2128	1183	3293	16569	3119	933078
Punjab	7111	3186	1543	1624	1059	3541	18064	1679	1661117
Rajasthan	3506	3215	1407	1130	843	2651	12751	2207	2463674
Sikkim	0	2839	1196	1563	890	1753	8241	6093	3388
Tamil Nadu	8888	9156	1745	3123	1502	4447	28862	2950	4724541
Telangana	5141	6424	1984	2211	759	3536	20054	2047	3240984
Tripura	17244	930	134	301	253	982	19844	2074	55787
Uttar Pradesh	3419	2914	909	1245	662	2816	11965	1503	8671937
Uttarakhand	0	1728	493	1129	446	1903	5699	928	55149
West Bengal	8217	2673	955	682	490	1803	14821	1769	3189857
A & N Islands	0	16000	10750	14500	11000	5250	57500	7750	4187
Chandigarh	0	2857	2714	3857	0	5428	14857	571	414
Dadra & N. Haveli	0	4500	400	500	200	1950	7550	350	122
Daman & Diu	5056	1969	506	714	634	1283	10162	1406	2979
Lakshadweep	4968	1724	2493	3717	1479	2307	16688	4714	503
Puducherry	0	4613	3576	4390	843	4617	18039	3453	60292
All-India	3477	4032	1279	1795	1014	3179	14778	1924	57406827

Table 57c-R: Average medical and non-medical expenditure (Rs.) per hospitalised childbirth during last 365 days – and break-up of medical expenditure – separately for public and private hospitals and for each State/UT

State/UT	Public+Private								Rural
	average expenditure (Rs.)								total exp. (Rs. 000)
	medical							other	
package comp.	doc./surgeons fee	diagnostic tests	bed charges	other	medicines	total			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Andhra Pradesh	660	2712	810	1452	503	2173	8311	1704	4568496
Arunachal Pradesh	0	531	997	842	623	2959	5953	1918	32267
Assam	2233	199	489	107	345	784	4158	1281	2228239
Bihar	1410	940	480	575	317	1734	5456	1391	8041528
Chhattisgarh	1495	258	159	71	163	890	3038	1100	649373
Delhi	0	523	151	627	172	1081	2555	1452	10596
Goa	0	7009	731	4330	1173	3107	16351	2448	97667
Gujarat	288	1804	508	659	368	1400	5028	742	2767831
Haryana	88	2470	1137	1090	1089	2611	8484	1334	2466428
Himachal Pradesh	519	332	761	159	315	1889	3974	1846	356160
Jammu & Kashmir	519	135	989	222	664	1919	4449	2032	683113
Jharkhand	331	588	254	244	252	1187	2857	1042	1583116
Karnataka	7	2271	746	696	693	1956	6369	1736	4681157
Kerala	2082	3557	1286	1714	2281	2911	13830	2307	4268910
Madhya Pradesh	790	197	258	156	148	635	2184	1047	2615381
Maharashtra	1710	2152	804	1175	702	1953	8496	1439	8682205
Manipur	1175	31	1092	30	267	3894	6488	2521	296578
Meghalaya	0	366	206	76	240	641	1529	1229	107416
Mizoram	81	283	290	123	189	1039	2004	2011	25614
Nagaland	0	154	303	230	289	1655	2631	1427	21915
Odisha	461	503	479	210	481	1758	3893	1701	2860361
Punjab	3394	1415	878	733	559	2145	9124	1296	2011987
Rajasthan	604	569	308	195	235	669	2580	1409	3814216
Sikkim	0	212	305	134	675	1120	2446	3019	17608
Tamil Nadu	2964	3061	630	1042	639	1506	9842	2191	5358326
Telangana	3274	4091	1379	1415	547	2613	13320	1763	3473144
Tripura	1959	322	333	235	546	2185	5581	1359	216285
Uttar Pradesh	1186	1067	411	436	299	1343	4742	835	11118977
Uttarakhand	0	296	264	156	216	943	1875	767	184603
West Bengal	1925	621	490	170	339	1275	4820	1154	5312674
A & N Islands	0	255	171	231	267	84	1008	1131	8619
Chandigarh	0	179	1760	469	330	1632	4371	933	2266
Dadra & N. Haveli	0	35	3	4	2	15	59	259	627
Daman & Diu	2838	1105	284	401	356	720	5704	1367	3244
Lakshadweep	670	232	397	726	408	394	2827	1477	750
Puducherry	0	2156	1702	2052	539	2496	8944	3499	74698
All-India	1213	1281	548	562	445	1495	5544	1319	78642373

Table 57a-U: Average medical and non-medical expenditure (Rs.) per hospitalised childbirth during last 365 days – and break-up of medical expenditure – separately for public hospitals and for each State/UT

State/UT	Public Hospital								Urban
	average expenditure (Rs.)								total exp. (Rs. 000)
	medical							other	
package comp.	doc./surgeons fee	diagnostic tests	bed charges	other	medicines	total			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Andhra Pradesh	0	81	291	0	216	644	1232	1253	139602
Arunachal Pradesh	36	0	9	0	0	727	773	287	1375
Assam	4524	220	814	50	282	1058	6949	1594	332588
Bihar	792	80	332	98	269	1013	2584	684	269982
Chhattisgarh	829	978	276	73	368	875	3399	878	151626
Delhi	837	131	485	28	210	1472	3163	1434	294591
Goa	0	0	0	0	0	639	639	2471	6540
Gujarat	0	141	135	51	229	939	1495	469	156629
Haryana	0	40	360	10	119	1145	1674	759	100154
Himachal Pradesh	104	0	364	103	247	1989	2807	1436	20048
Jammu & Kashmir	0	420	613	13	292	1908	3246	1256	88031
Jharkhand	104	129	214	55	147	1208	1857	790	110188
Karnataka	5	213	294	31	736	1356	2635	1133	427697
Kerala	0	132	316	205	318	563	1534	1708	206265
Madhya Pradesh	28	39	115	15	123	351	672	683	215281
Maharashtra	218	294	329	231	231	1178	2480	911	702482
Manipur	136	0	1537	8	250	3952	5883	2420	79136
Meghalaya	0	48	567	45	493	907	2061	1468	17688
Mizoram	106	17	235	0	293	1503	2154	1283	15071
Nagaland	12	151	432	146	472	2193	3406	1104	7030
Odisha	247	111	330	40	392	1887	3008	1357	268567
Punjab	627	223	345	121	153	1685	3153	678	140482
Rajasthan	224	22	115	4	219	387	972	970	344188
Sikkim	0	0	153	77	454	670	1355	1029	1615
Tamil Nadu	0	7	216	2	165	271	661	2039	544275
Telangana	0	117	519	111	274	1411	2433	1152	105063
Tripura	1107	300	379	78	645	2700	5209	922	49861
Uttar Pradesh	652	190	156	51	229	868	2147	897	607539
Uttarakhand	33	313	526	33	304	965	2173	945	48669
West Bengal	449	168	513	71	477	1530	3208	911	804401
A & N Islands	0	0	0	0	114	0	114	1139	1947
Chandigarh	0	188	854	509	284	2861	4695	1635	55545
Dadra & N. Haveli	0	0	166	98	293	626	1183	405	374
Daman & Diu	0	0	169	0	101	0	271	820	751
Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	487	250
Puducherry	0	0	109	366	150	683	1308	1758	16062
All-India	348	148	297	67	278	978	2117	1091	6331594

Table 57b-U: Average medical and non-medical expenditure (Rs.) per hospitalised childbirth during last 365 days – and break-up of medical expenditure – separately for private hospitals and for each State/UT

State/UT	Private Hospital							Urban	
	average expenditure (Rs.)								total exp. (Rs. 000)
	medical							other	
(1)	package comp.	doc./surgeons fee	diagnostic tests	bed charges	other	medicines	total		(9)
Andhra Pradesh	3456	5551	1667	2478	852	3763	17767	1129	2263378
Arunachal Pradesh	4500	1500	980	2000	1500	2000	12480	7000	405
Assam	21729	1947	1679	884	1082	2710	30031	3275	294304
Bihar	4409	3162	900	1112	1446	2767	13795	1120	603018
Chhattisgarh	8649	2831	813	1413	391	1777	15875	1483	355711
Delhi	26997	2107	623	1130	613	1085	32556	2138	1277096
Goa	0	11687	2162	5268	1725	6457	27300	2952	153237
Gujarat	4767	3724	767	1197	1170	1926	13551	895	2902165
Haryana	6216	5383	1953	1971	982	2760	19264	1550	1291843
Himachal Pradesh	15687	1132	267	317	0	1769	19172	1388	11475
Jammu & Kashmir	3258	4919	1117	2085	303	3095	14778	1797	103160
Jharkhand	1504	3060	1777	2233	941	3898	13413	1754	735554
Karnataka	1812	6309	1921	2934	1876	6500	21353	1994	3858781
Kerala	3788	6173	2022	2575	2979	4041	21578	2180	3349656
Madhya Pradesh	6617	3250	1233	1505	652	3031	16288	1758	1497108
Maharashtra	6830	6271	1930	2640	973	4107	22752	1334	8321778
Manipur	18524	225	618	487	636	2215	22706	2472	80680
Meghalaya	1145	7054	1794	3242	1636	2180	17050	1910	32687
Mizoram	1288	7937	1783	1528	287	3215	16040	2361	32108
Nagaland	0	1116	866	1051	1245	2827	7104	994	8869
Odisha	7134	3260	1483	1573	1216	3883	18550	3018	501631
Punjab	8238	4071	1752	3260	871	3823	22015	1550	1503812
Rajasthan	5597	2158	1416	1460	756	2424	13811	1122	1354534
Sikkim	0	4969	1473	3172	1193	1660	12466	4846	3541
Tamil Nadu	8132	9290	2279	2996	1817	5617	30132	2317	6683333
Telangana	5594	7022	2692	2586	1537	4012	23443	1818	2736712
Tripura	18740	1704	372	680	515	953	22965	1792	36202
Uttar Pradesh	7846	2783	921	1416	1058	2694	16717	1324	5074370
Uttarakhand	2471	2499	1766	2367	1012	5999	16114	1992	101362
West Bengal	15694	2799	892	1021	623	1802	22829	1560	2505767
A & N Islands	0	3000	1900	700	1000	3900	10500	3550	2361
Chandigarh	14052	3699	370	740	0	1480	20340	1195	35012
Dadra & N. Haveli	0	7770	852	1721	2158	4150	16651	602	23104
Daman & Diu	16736	1116	167	438	321	537	19314	499	43598
Lakshadweep	0	7654	2235	4588	3652	2819	20949	17984	3649
Puducherry	2593	8566	3732	3810	2225	4210	25137	2888	112592
All-India	6690	5031	1586	2124	1261	3638	20328	1591	47894592

Table 57c-U: Average medical and non-medical expenditure (Rs.) per hospitalised childbirth during last 365 days – and break-up of medical expenditure – separately for public and private hospitals and for each State/UT

State/UT	Public+Private								Urban
	average expenditure (Rs.)								total exp. (Rs. 000)
	medical							other	
	package comp.	doc./surgeons fee	diagnostic tests	bed charges	other	medicines	total		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Andhra Pradesh	2353	3805	1228	1687	649	2767	12488	1169	2402979
Arunachal Pradesh	107	24	24	32	24	747	958	393	1781
Assam	7706	540	974	205	430	1364	11219	1905	626892
Bihar	1980	1093	518	431	656	1590	6268	828	873000
Chhattisgarh	3693	1657	473	564	376	1205	7969	1099	507337
Delhi	10380	852	536	430	357	1330	13886	1691	1571687
Goa	0	8258	1527	3723	1219	4750	19477	2811	159777
Gujarat	3412	2706	587	871	903	1645	10125	774	3058794
Haryana	3738	3252	1318	1189	638	2116	12251	1235	1391997
Himachal Pradesh	1751	120	354	126	221	1965	4536	1431	31523
Jammu & Kashmir	787	1506	735	514	294	2195	6031	1387	191191
Jharkhand	857	1706	1055	1227	574	2655	8075	1308	845742
Karnataka	1076	3826	1259	1752	1411	4406	13731	1643	4286478
Kerala	2610	4295	1492	1838	2152	2960	15346	2033	3555921
Madhya Pradesh	2288	1141	499	526	304	1270	6028	1052	1712389
Maharashtra	4352	4031	1330	1737	695	3009	15154	1175	9024259
Manipur	4763	57	1306	128	347	3515	10116	2433	159817
Meghalaya	293	1841	881	863	785	1233	5897	1581	50375
Mizoram	443	2272	676	435	291	1990	6107	1590	47179
Nagaland	7	549	611	519	791	2454	4932	1058	15898
Odisha	2136	975	646	460	618	2435	7271	1812	770197
Punjab	5461	2667	1239	2115	609	3043	15133	1232	1644294
Rajasthan	2043	745	555	497	401	1077	5318	1021	1698722
Sikkim	0	1152	459	795	625	900	3931	1914	5156
Tamil Nadu	4110	4699	1258	1516	1000	2973	15556	2179	7227608
Telangana	4403	5551	2230	2059	1268	3458	18969	1676	2841775
Tripura	3794	514	378	170	625	2434	7914	1054	86064
Uttar Pradesh	4860	1707	603	849	714	1936	10670	1147	5681909
Uttarakhand	677	890	853	649	491	2294	5854	1221	150031
West Bengal	5705	1075	644	398	527	1624	9973	1135	3310168
A & N Islands	0	293	185	68	200	381	1128	1374	4308
Chandigarh	2197	737	778	545	239	2645	7141	1567	90558
Dadra & N. Haveli	0	6609	750	1478	1879	3623	14340	572	23478
Daman & Diu	12745	850	167	334	269	409	14774	576	44349
Lakshadweep	0	1179	344	707	563	434	3228	3183	3899
Puducherry	1125	3718	1682	1861	1050	2214	11650	2249	128654
All-India	3680	2714	974	1148	794	2375	11685	1354	54226186

Table 58R: Median medical expenditure and non-medical expenditure (on account of hospitalisation) for childbirth cases for each quintile class of MPCE, for each State/UT, for each type of hospital, and for each nature of treatment, by sector

characteristic	median of expenditure		median of total	estd. total exp. (Rs. 000) for hosp.	Rural hospitalisation cases	
	medical during stay at hospital (Rs.)	other on account of hosp. (Rs.)			estd. (00)	sample
	(1)	(2)			(3)	(4)
01	850	650	1650	9350706	23129	1422
02	1048	800	2065	12576937	22833	1482
03	1500	800	2568	13828693	23533	1670
04	2475	1000	4000	17058975	23313	1738
05	5000	1200	6700	25827062	21774	1783
all	1500	850	2770	78642373	114583	8095
public hosp.	700	700	1600	21235546	80211	5722
private hosp.	11000	1450	13000	57406827	34371	2373
all	1500	850	2770	78642373	114583	8095
allopathy	1500	850	2800	78445200	114221	8075
Indian System	575	450	1025	21256	109	8
Homeopathy	1000	1100	2225	146271	134	6
Yoga	0	0	0	0	0	0
others	1900	400	2600	29646	120	6
all	1500	850	2770	78642373	114583	8095
Andhra Pradesh	5100	1400	6680	4568496	4562	298
Arunachal Pradesh	5900	1800	7200	32267	41	18
Assam	2500	985	3585	2228239	4097	550
Bihar	1500	850	2426	8041528	11745	376
Chhattisgarh	1050	600	1825	649373	1570	99
Delhi	1475	470	2712	10596	26	13
Goa	15225	2125	17275	97667	52	23
Gujarat	4000	600	4650	2767831	4797	333
Haryana	3100	900	4500	2466428	2512	144
Himachal Pradesh	2625	1375	4420	356160	612	110
Jammu & Kashmir	3000	2000	5175	683113	1054	153
Jharkhand	1152	712	1950	1583116	4061	220
Karnataka	2200	1200	3840	4681157	5775	377
Kerala	9875	1845	11815	4268910	2645	301
Madhya Pradesh	225	700	1200	2615381	8094	449
Maharashtra	4200	1075	5600	8682205	8739	673

Table 58R: Median medical expenditure and non-medical expenditure (on account of hospitalisation) for childbirth cases for each quintile class of MPCE, for each State/UT, for each type of hospital, and for each nature of treatment, by sector

characteristic	median of expenditure		median of total	estd. total exp. (Rs. 000) for hosp.	hospitalisation cases	
	medical during stay at hospital (Rs.)	other on account of hosp. (Rs.)			estd. (00)	sample
	(2)	(3)			(6)	(7)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Manipur	5150	1800	7450	296578	329	168
Meghalaya	330	1100	1630	107416	390	117
Mizoram	700	1500	2635	25614	64	75
Nagaland	2030	1500	3130	21915	54	40
Odisha	1950	1200	3200	2860361	5113	408
Punjab	4100	625	4650	2011987	1931	175
Rajasthan	10	900	1478	3814216	9562	417
Sikkim	1300	2225	3425	17608	32	63
Tamil Nadu	300	1550	2940	5358326	4453	496
Telangana	12075	1450	13375	3473144	2303	184
Tripura	3550	1000	4600	216285	312	149
Uttar Pradesh	1146	450	1710	11118977	19935	930
Uttarakhand	1274	600	1832	184603	699	67
West Bengal	2000	900	2915	5312674	8894	563
A & N Islands	0	425	475	8619	40	34
Chandigarh	2450	1100	2050	2266	4	16
Dadra & N. Haveli	0	200	200	627	20	10
Daman & Diu	5800	1000	7300	3244	5	14
Lakshadweep	0	552	552	750	2	16
Puducherry	2800	2500	10800	74698	60	16
all	1500	850	2770	78642373	114583	8095

Table 58U: Median medical expenditure and non-medical expenditure (on account of hospitalisation) for childbirth cases for each quintile class of MPCE, for each State/UT, for each type of hospital, and for each nature of treatment, by sector

characteristic	median of expenditure		median of total	estd. total exp. (Rs. 000) for hosp.	hospitalisation cases	
	medical during stay at hospital (Rs.)	other on account of hosp. (Rs.)			estd. (00)	sample
	(1)	(2)			(3)	(4)
01	1665	600	2600	6237364	10105	1471
02	4400	750	5370	9474153	10141	1484
03	6000	1000	7245	10231976	8650	1383
04	13025	1000	14520	13121893	7293	1170
05	20225	1420	22500	15160800	5399	984
all	5675	850	6800	54226186	41588	6492
public hosp.	800	655	1800	6331594	19737	3209
private hosp.	16000	1100	17675	47894592	21850	3283
all	5675	850	6800	54226186	41588	6492
allopathy	5675	850	6802	54129221	41513	6476
Indian System	3725	3250	6975	77032	35	8
Homeopathy	226	1750	4509	19861	38	6
Yoga	100	100	200	9	0	1
others	0	420	420	63	2	1
all	5675	850	6800	54226186	41588	6492
Andhra Pradesh	10600	660	11710	2402979	1760	285
Arunachal Pradesh	228	370	448	1781	13	9
Assam	6415	1500	8430	626892	478	135
Bihar	3000	645	3400	873000	1230	197
Chhattisgarh	4750	550	5550	507337	559	108
Delhi	3450	1200	5125	1571687	1009	218
Goa	15950	2825	19050	159777	72	21
Gujarat	7175	400	7700	3058794	2807	307
Haryana	8100	1000	9750	1391997	1032	144
Himachal Pradesh	1432	528	2020	31523	53	32
Jammu & Kashmir	2500	1000	4500	191191	258	128
Jharkhand	3518	950	4505	845742	901	160
Karnataka	7565	1000	8610	4286478	2788	351
Kerala	12680	1500	14290	3555921	2046	309
Madhya Pradesh	725	600	1750	1712389	2419	361
Maharashtra	9000	800	10050	9024259	5527	632

Table 58U: Median medical expenditure and non-medical expenditure (on account of hospitalisation) for childbirth cases for each quintile class of MPCE, for each State/UT, for each type of hospital, and for each nature of treatment, by sector

characteristic	median of expenditure		median of total	estd. total exp. (Rs. 000) for hosp.	hospitalisation cases	
	medical during stay at hospital (Rs.)	other on account of hosp. (Rs.)			estd. (00)	sample
	(2)	(3)			(6)	(7)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Manipur	5800	2000	8450	159817	127	162
Meghalaya	1275	1200	3015	50375	67	71
Mizoram	2200	1300	3875	47179	61	95
Nagaland	3555	1000	4600	15898	27	39
Odisha	3000	1000	4200	770197	848	169
Punjab	9500	800	10200	1644294	1005	153
Rajasthan	1000	600	2250	1698722	2680	303
Sikkim	1475	950	3185	5156	9	42
Tamil Nadu	5488	1500	8350	7227608	4075	475
Telangana	15750	1200	17450	2841775	1376	179
Tripura	4445	875	5250	86064	96	121
Uttar Pradesh	5975	700	6625	5681909	4808	533
Uttarakhand	1659	700	3507	150031	212	70
West Bengal	4428	850	5175	3310168	2980	540
A & N Islands	0	1085	1100	4308	17	26
Chandigarh	5000	1175	6000	90558	104	26
Dadra & N. Haveli	8225	500	8675	23478	16	15
Daman & Diu	7025	500	7435	44349	29	12
Lakshadweep	0	165	165	3899	6	16
Puducherry	3425	2100	5250	128654	93	48
all	5675	850	6800	54226186	41588	6492

Table 59: Per 1000 women aged 15-49 who were pregnant any time during last 365 days and their distribution by outcome of pregnancy separately for each age-group, social-group and MPCE class

characteristic	no. per 1000 of women preg. during last 365 days	outcome of pregnancy						no. of preg. women aged 15-49	
		preg-nancy continue	live birth	still birth	abortion	other	all	estd. no. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Rural									
< 20	36	340	637	16	7	0	1000	13320	630
20 - 24	239	201	769	17	13	0	1000	82135	4500
25 - 29	192	184	785	19	12	0	1000	61835	3761
30 - 34	89	131	807	33	29	0	1000	25736	1652
35 - 39	35	143	800	4	54	0	1000	10420	587
40 - 44	10	30	917	18	35	0	1000	2278	128
> 45	3	43	913	43	0	0	1000	511	30
all	96	190	774	19	17	0	1000	196236	11288
01	106	156	806	17	21	0	1000	41353	2465
02	100	175	805	10	10	0	1000	40417	2393
03	95	149	821	16	15	0	1000	38963	2214
04	95	243	718	26	12	0	1000	39628	2178
05	84	233	712	28	27	0	1000	35874	2038
all	96	190	774	19	17	0	1000	196236	11288
ST	108	230	745	13	12	0	1000	26909	2085
SC	99	170	773	35	22	0	1000	42653	2162
OBC	94	194	777	12	17	0	1000	85443	4476
Others	90	178	786	21	14	0	1000	41231	2565
all	96	190	774	19	17	0	1000	196236	11288
Urban									
< 20	22	260	577	21	136	6	1000	2968	316
20 - 24	153	225	739	19	16	0	1000	23546	2782
25 - 29	161	206	751	14	29	0	1000	23370	3048
30 - 34	66	125	815	14	46	0	1000	9648	1458
35 - 39	24	301	657	21	20	2	1000	3255	464
40 - 44	3	197	783	0	20	0	1000	371	72
> 45	1	0	989	0	11	0	1000	108	17
all	68	208	743	16	31	1	1000	63266	8157
01	86	177	781	16	25	0	1000	15218	1911
02	83	192	763	13	30	1	1000	15058	1874
03	75	218	723	20	38	0	1000	13985	1767
04	58	231	726	11	33	0	1000	10746	1442
05	43	246	695	24	32	2	1000	8259	1163
all	68	208	743	16	31	1	1000	63266	8157
ST	89	203	719	9	69	0	1000	2851	633
SC	82	185	757	21	37	0	1000	10405	1259
OBC	71	218	736	14	30	1	1000	28298	3328
Others	59	206	750	18	25	1	1000	21712	2937
all	68	208	743	16	31	1	1000	63266	8157

Table 60: (i) Per thousand distribution of women aged 15-49 pregnant any time during last 365 days by nature of pre-natal care received, (ii) per 1000 distribution of women aged 15-49 who gave birth during last 365 days by nature of post-natal care received, and (iii) average expenditure on pre-natal care and post-natal care by nature of care received for each age-group

age-group	per 1000 no. of pregnant women reporting pre-natal care					average expenditure incurred on pre-natal care (Rs.)			per 1000 no. of pregnant women reporting post-natal care					average expenditure incurred on post-natal care (Rs.)			no. of preg. women aged 15-49	
	not received	received			all	AYUSH	non-AYUSH	all	not received	received			all	AYUSH	non-AYUSH	all	estd. no.(00)	sample
		AYUSH	non-AYUSH	both						AYUSH	non-AYUSH	both						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
Rural																		
< 20	112	19	790	79	1000	818	2363	2198	200	48	683	70	1000	745	1717	1348	13320	630
20 - 24	95	31	781	94	1000	1932	2629	2389	217	26	654	103	1000	1383	1601	1352	82135	4500
25 - 29	106	46	754	95	1000	2042	2587	2261	224	34	617	125	1000	2410	1443	1216	61835	3761
30 - 34	146	34	717	103	1000	2715	2515	2252	252	36	613	98	1000	983	1428	1106	25736	1652
35 - 39	193	29	618	160	1000	824	2427	1969	267	37	574	122	1000	763	1273	941	10420	587
40 - 44	238	12	736	14	1000	141	1361	1083	446	7	514	32	1000	335	1235	757	2278	128
> 45	132	7	445	416	1000	600	1114	860	284	8	318	390	1000	500	1662	1338	511	30
all	113	35	754	98	1000	1979	2557	2535	229	31	631	108	1000	1573	1514	1604	196236	11288
Urban																		
< 20	112	37	824	27	1000	2806	2883	2555	257	36	661	46	1000	701	1058	846	2968	316
20 - 24	49	19	865	67	1000	3363	3663	3406	161	29	721	89	1000	1672	1787	1568	23546	2782
25 - 29	84	27	820	71	1000	4508	4310	3940	152	23	729	95	1000	2254	2216	1958	23370	3048
30 - 34	82	24	829	65	1000	4136	4853	4427	138	30	737	95	1000	1698	2508	2162	9648	1458
35 - 39	48	17	909	26	1000	2764	4402	4151	172	24	738	66	1000	5064	2157	1966	3255	464
40 - 44	191	29	705	75	1000	2514	3277	2574	284	35	555	126	1000	2194	1808	1396	371	72
> 45	32	5	829	133	1000	500	7987	6848	4	56	907	34	1000	528	1908	1862	108	17
all	70	23	842	64	1000	3897	4083	4017	159	27	724	90	1000	1939	2057	2134	63266	8157

Table 61: (i) Per thousand distribution of women aged 15-49 pregnant any time during last 365 days by nature of pre-natal care received, (ii) per 1000 distribution of women aged 15-49 who gave birth during last 365 days by nature of post-natal care received, and (iii) average expenditure on pre-natal care and post-natal care by nature of care received by level of care

age-group	per 1000 no. of pregnant women reporting pre-natal care					average expenditure incurred on pre-natal care (Rs.)			per 1000 no. of pregnant women reporting post-natal care					average expenditure incurred on post-natal care (Rs.)		
	not received	received			all	AYUSH	non-AYUSH	all	not received	received			all	AYUSH	non-AYUSH	all
		AYUSH	non-AYUSH	both						AYUSH	non-AYUSH	both				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
Rural																
HSC &PHC	0	51	812	137	1000	746	1163	1174	0	53	761	185	1000	881	861	1004
public hosp.	0	31	882	88	1000	2870	1789	1848	0	32	847	122	1000	1238	1030	1108
private doc.	0	18	872	110	1000	2931	3854	3805	0	40	793	167	1000	2224	2155	2091
private hosp.	0	37	896	66	1000	5115	5589	5737	0	42	850	108	1000	2537	2536	2723
not received	1000	0	0	0	1000	0	0	249	1000	0	0	0	1000	0	0	29
all	113	35	754	98	1000	1979	2557	2535	229	31	631	108	1000	1573	1514	1604
Urban																
HSC &PHC	0	41	840	120	1000	2164	1918	1976	0	42	791	165	1000	1275	932	1017
public hosp.	0	32	895	73	1000	1879	1826	1788	0	43	855	102	1000	1257	1169	1241
private doc.	0	17	903	80	1000	8473	4929	4895	0	48	852	100	1000	1828	2626	2701
private hosp.	0	17	944	39	1000	6283	6116	6129	0	19	879	102	1000	3405	2727	2837
not received	1000	0	0	0	1000	0	0	381	1000	0	0	0	1000	0	0	11
all	70	23	842	64	1000	3897	4083	4017	159	27	724	90	1000	1939	2057	2134

Appendix B

Note on Sample Design and Estimation Procedure

Note on Sample Design and Estimation Procedure

1.1 **Subject Coverage:** The 71st round (January 2014 – June 2014) of NSS was devoted to the subject of Social Consumption and earmarked for surveys on ‘Health’ and ‘Education’. The last survey on health was conducted in 60th round of NSS (January 2004 - June 2004) and the same on education was conducted during 64th round of NSS (July 2007 - June 2008).

1.2 **Geographical coverage:** This survey covered the whole of the Indian Union.

2.0 Outline of Survey Programme

2.1 **Period of survey and work programme:** The period of survey was of six months duration starting on 1st January 2014 and ending on 30th June 2014.

2.2 **Sub-rounds:** The survey period of this round was divided into two sub-rounds of three months’ duration each as follows:

sub-round 1 : January - March 2014

sub-round 2 : April - June 2014

2.3 In each of these two sub-rounds equal number of sample villages/ blocks (FSUs) was allotted for survey with a view to ensuring uniform spread of sample FSUs over the entire survey period. Attempt had been made to survey each of the FSUs during the sub-round to which it was allotted. *Because of the arduous field conditions, this restriction was not strictly enforced in Andaman and Nicobar Islands, Lakshadweep, Leh (Ladakh) and Kargil districts of Jammu & Kashmir and rural areas of Arunachal Pradesh and Nagaland.*

2.4 **Schedules of enquiry:** During this round, the following schedules of enquiry were canvassed:

Schedule 0.0 : List of Households

Schedule 25.0 : Social consumption: Health

Schedule 25.2 : Social consumption: Education

2.5 **Participation of States:** In this round all the States and Union Territories except Andaman & Nicobar Islands, Chandigarh, Dadra & Nagar Haveli and Lakshadweep participated. The following was the matching pattern of the participating States/ UTs.

State/UT	Extent of matching
Nagaland (U)	triple
Andhra Pradesh, Telangana, Jammu & Kashmir, Manipur	double
Maharashtra (U)	one and half
Remaining States/ UTs	equal

3.0 Sample Design

3.1 Outline of sample design: A stratified multi-stage design was adopted for the 71st round survey. The first stage units (FSU) were the census villages (Panchayat wards in case of Kerala) in the rural sector and Urban Frame Survey (UFS) blocks in the urban sector. The ultimate stage units (USU) were households in both the sectors. In case of large FSUs, one intermediate stage of sampling was the selection of two hamlet-groups (hg's)/ sub-blocks (sb's) from each rural/ urban FSU.

3.2 Sampling Frame for First Stage Units: For *the rural sector*, the list of 2011 census villages (henceforth the term 'village' would mean Panchayat wards for Kerala) constituted the sampling frame. In case of Kerala, due to the non-availability of Panchayat wards based on census 2011, the available list of Panchayat wards based on census 2001 was used as the rural frame. For the urban sector, the latest updated list of UFS blocks (phase 2007-12) was considered as the sampling frame.

3.3 Stratification: Stratum had been formed at district level. Within each district of a State/UT, generally speaking, two basic strata were formed: (i) rural stratum comprising of all rural areas of the district and (ii) urban stratum comprising of all the urban areas of the district. However, within the urban areas of a district, if there were one or more towns with population 1 lakh or more as per Census 2011, each of them formed a separate basic stratum and the remaining urban areas of the district had been considered as another basic stratum.

3.3.1 Special stratum in the rural sector: There are some villages in Nagaland and Andaman & Nicobar Islands which remain difficult to access. As in earlier rounds, a special stratum was formed at State/UT level comprising these villages in the two State/UTs.

3.4 Sub-stratification:

3.4.1 Rural sector: If 'r' was the sample size allocated for a rural stratum, the number of sub-strata formed was ' $r/2$ '. The villages within a district as per frame were first arranged in ascending order of population. Then sub-strata 1 to ' $r/2$ ' were demarcated in such a way that each sub-stratum comprised a group of villages of the arranged frame and had more or less equal population.

3.4.2 Urban sector: If 'u' was the sample size allocated for an urban stratum, the number of sub-strata formed was ' $u/2$ '. For all strata, if $u/2 > 1$, implying formation of 2 or more sub-strata, all the UFS blocks within the stratum were first arranged in ascending order of total number of households in the UFS Blocks as per UFS phase 2007-12. Then sub-strata 1 to ' $u/2$ ' were demarcated in such a way that each sub-stratum had more or less equal number of households.

3.5 Total sample size (FSUs): 8300 FSUs were allocated for the central sample at all-India level.

3.6 Allocation of total sample to States and UTs: The total number of sample FSUs were allocated to the States and UTs in proportion to population as per *Census 2011* subject to a minimum sample allocation to each State/UT. While doing so, the resource availability in terms of number of field investigators was kept in view.

3.7 Allocation of State/ UT level sample to rural and urban sectors: State/UT level sample size was allocated between two sectors in proportion to population as per *Census 2011* with double weightage to urban sector subject to the restriction that urban sample size for bigger states like Maharashtra, Tamil Nadu etc. did not exceed the rural sample size. A minimum of 16 FSUs (minimum 8 each for rural and urban sector separately) were allocated to each State/ UT.

3.8 Allocation to strata: Within each sector of a State/UT, the respective sample size was allocated to the different strata in proportion to the population as per Census 2011. Stratum level allocation was adjusted to multiples of 2 with a minimum sample size of 2.

For special strata in the rural areas of Nagaland and A & N Islands, 4 FSUs were allocated to each.

3.9 Allocation to sub-strata: Allocation for each sub-stratum was 2 in both rural and urban sectors.

3.10 Selection of FSUs: For the rural sector, from each stratum/sub-stratum, required number of sample villages was selected by Probability Proportional to Size With Replacement (PPSWR), size being the population of the village as per Census 2011.

For the urban sector, from each stratum/sub-stratum, FSUs were selected by Probability Proportional to Size With Replacement (PPSWR), size being the number of households of the UFS Blocks.

Both rural and urban samples were drawn in the form of two independent sub-samples and equal number of samples was allocated among the two sub rounds.

3.11 Selection of hamlet-groups/ sub-blocks

3.11.1 Criterion for hamlet-group/ sub-block formation: After identification of the boundaries of the FSU, it was determined whether listing will be done in the whole sample FSU or not. In case the approximate present population of the selected FSU was found to be 1200 or more, it was divided into a suitable number (say, D) of 'hamlet-groups' in the rural sector and 'sub-blocks' in the urban sector by more or less equalising the population as stated below.

approximate present population of the sample FSU	no. of hg's/sb's formed
less than 1200 (no hamlet-groups/sub-blocks)	1
1200 to 1799	3
1800 to 2399	4
2400 to 2999	5
3000 to 3599	6
.....and so on	-

For rural areas of Himachal Pradesh, Sikkim, Uttarakhand (except four districts Dehradun, Nainital, Hardwar and Udham Singh Nagar), Poonch, Rajouri, Udhampur, Reasi, Doda, Kistwar, Ramban, Leh (Ladakh), Kargil districts of Jammu and Kashmir and Idukki district of Kerala, the number of hamlet-groups was formed as follows:

approximate present population of the sample village	no. of hg's formed
less than 600 (no hamlet-groups)	1
600 to 899	3
900 to 1199	4
1200 to 1499	5
1500 to 1799	6
.....and so on	-

3.11.2 Formation and selection of hamlet-groups/ sub-blocks: In case hamlet-groups/ sub-blocks were formed in the sample FSU, the same was done by more or less equalizing population. Note that while doing so, it was ensured that the hamlet-groups/ sub-blocks formed were clearly identifiable in terms of physical landmarks.

Two hamlet-groups (hg)/ sub-blocks (sb) were selected from a large FSU wherever hamlet-groups/ sub-blocks were formed in the following manner – one hg/ sb with maximum percentage share of population was always selected and termed as hg/ sb1; one more hg/ sb was selected from the remaining hg's/ sb's by Simple Random Sampling (SRS) and termed as hg/ sb2. Listing and selection of the households was done independently in the two selected hamlet-groups/ sub-blocks. The FSUs without hg/ sb formation was treated as sample hg/ sb number 1.

3.12 Formation of second stage strata and allocation of households:

Three SSS were formed for Schedule 25.0 as per following criteria:

SSS	composition of SSS within a sample FSU	number of households surveyed	
		FSU without hg/sb formation	FSU with hg/sb formation (for each hg/sb)
SSS 1	households having at least one child of age less than 1 year	2	1
SSS 2	from the remaining, households with at least one member (including deceased former member) hospitalised during last 365 days	4	2
SSS 3	other households	2	1

3.13 Selection of households: From each SSS, the sample households were selected by SRSWOR.

4.0 Estimation Procedure

4.1 Notations:

s = subscript for s-th stratum

t = subscript for t-th sub-stratum

m = subscript for sub-sample (m = 1, 2)

i = subscript for i-th FSU [village (panchayat ward)/ block]

d = subscript for a hamlet-group/ sub-block (d = 1, 2)

j = subscript for j-th second stage stratum in an FSU/ hg/sb [j = 1, 2 or 3]

k = subscript for k-th sample household under a particular second stage stratum within an FSU/ hg/sb

D = total number of hg's/ sb's formed in the sample FSU

D* = (D - 1) for FSUs with D = 1

Z = total size of a rural/urban sub-stratum (= sum of sizes for all the FSUs of a sub-stratum)

z = size of sample village/UFS block used for selection.

n = number of sample FSUs surveyed including 'uninhabited' and 'zero cases' but excluding casualty for a particular sub-sample and sub-stratum.

H = total number of households listed in a second-stage stratum of an FSU / hamlet-group or sub-block of sample FSU

h = number of households surveyed in a second-stage stratum of an FSU / hamlet-group or sub-block of sample FSU

x, y = observed value of characteristics x, y under estimation

\hat{X} , \hat{Y} = estimate of population total X, Y for the characteristics x, y

Under the above symbols,

$y_{stmidjk}$ = observed value of the characteristic y for the k-th household in the j-th second stage stratum of the d-th hg/ sb (d = 1, 2) of the i-th FSU belonging to the m-th sub-sample for the t-th sub-stratum of s-th stratum.

However, for ease of understanding, a few symbols have been suppressed in following paragraphs where they are obvious.

4.2 Formulae for Estimation of Aggregates for a particular sub-sample and stratum \hat{Y} sub-stratum:

4.2.1 Schedule 0.0:

4.2.1.1 Rural/Urban:

- (i) For estimating the number of households in a stratum \times sub-stratum possessing a characteristic:

$$\hat{Y} = N \frac{Z}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{z_i} \mathbb{1}_{\{y_{i1} < D_i^* \hat{Y} \leq y_{i2}\}}$$

where, y_{i1} , y_{i2} are the total number of households possessing the characteristic y in hg's 1 & 2 of the i -th FSU respectively.

- (ii) For estimating the number of villages in a stratum \times sub-stratum possessing a characteristic:

$$\hat{Y} \approx \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{z_i} y_i$$

where y_i is taken as 1 for sample villages possessing the characteristic and 0 otherwise.

4.2.2 Schedules 25.0 & 25.2:

4.2.2.1 Rural/ Urban:

- (i) For j -th second-stage stratum of a stratum \times sub-stratum:

$$\hat{Y}_j = \sum_{i=1}^{n_j} \frac{1}{z_i} \left[\frac{H_{i1j}}{h_{i1j}} \sum_{k=1}^{h_{i1j}} y_{i1jk} + D_i^* \times \frac{H_{i2j}}{h_{i2j}} \sum_{k=1}^{h_{i2j}} y_{i2jk} \right]$$

- (ii) For all second-stage strata combined:

$$\hat{Y} \approx \sum_j \hat{Y}_j$$

4.3 Overall Estimate for Aggregates for a sub-stratum:

Overall estimate for aggregates for a sub-stratum (\hat{Y}_{st}) based on two sub-samples in a sub-

stratum is obtained as: $\hat{Y}_{st} \approx \frac{1}{2} \sum_{m=1}^2 \hat{Y}_{stm}$

4.4 Overall Estimate for Aggregates for a stratum:

Overall estimate for a stratum (\hat{Y}_s) will be obtained as

$$\hat{Y}_s \approx \sum_t \hat{Y}_{st}$$

4.5 Overall Estimate of Aggregates at State/UT/all-India level:

The overall estimate \hat{Y} at the State/ UT/ all-India level is obtained by summing the stratum estimates \hat{Y}_s over all strata belonging to the State/ UT/ all-India.

4.6 Estimates of Ratios:

Let \hat{Y} and \hat{X} be the overall estimates of the aggregates Y and X for two characteristics y and x respectively at the State/ UT/ all-India level.

Then the combined ratio estimate (\hat{R}) of the ratio ($R = \frac{Y}{X}$) will be obtained as

$$\hat{R} = \frac{\hat{Y}}{\hat{X}}$$

4.7 Estimates of Error: The estimated variances of the above estimates will be as follows:

4.7.1 For aggregate \hat{Y} :

$$V\hat{a}r(\hat{Y}) = \sum_s V\hat{a}r(\hat{Y}_s) = \sum_s \sum_t V\hat{a}r(\hat{Y}_{st}) \text{ where } V\hat{a}r(\hat{Y}_{st}) \text{ is given}$$

by

$$V\hat{a}r(\hat{Y}_{st}) = \frac{1}{4} \left(\hat{Y}_{st1} - \hat{Y}_{st2} \right)^2, \text{ where } \hat{Y}_{st1} \text{ and } \hat{Y}_{st2} \text{ are the estimates for sub-sample 1 and sub-sample 2 respectively for stratum 's' and sub-stratum 't'.$$

4.7.2 For ratio \hat{R} :

$$M\hat{S}E(\hat{R}) = \frac{1}{4\hat{X}^2} \sum_s \sum_t \left(\hat{Y}_{st1} - \hat{Y}_{st2} \right)^2 < \hat{R}^2 \sum_s \left(\hat{X}_{st1} - \hat{X}_{st2} \right)^2 > 2\hat{R} \sum_s \left(\hat{Y}_{st1} - \hat{Y}_{st2} \right) \left(\hat{X}_{st1} - \hat{X}_{st2} \right)$$

4.7.3 Estimates of Relative Standard Error (RSE):

$$R\hat{S}E(\hat{Y}) = \frac{\sqrt{V\hat{a}r(\hat{Y})}}{\hat{Y}} \times 100$$

$$R\hat{S}E(\hat{R}) = \frac{\sqrt{M\hat{S}E(\hat{R})}}{\hat{R}} \times 100$$

5.0 Multipliers:

The formulae for multipliers at stratum/sub-stratum/second-stage stratum level for a sub-sample and schedule type are given below:

sch type	sector	formula for multipliers	
		hg / sb 1	hg / sb 2
25.0/ 25.2	rural/urban	$\frac{Z_{st}}{n_{stmj}} \times \frac{1}{z_{stmi}} \times \frac{H_{stmi1j}}{h_{stmi1j}}$	$\frac{Z_{st}}{n_{stmj}} \times \frac{1}{z_{stmi}} \times D_{stmi}^* \times \frac{H_{stmi2j}}{h_{stmi2j}}$
	(j = 1, 2, 3)		

Note:

- (i) For estimating any characteristic for any domain not specifically considered in sample design, indicator variable may be used.
- (ii) Multipliers have to be computed on the basis of information available in the listing schedule irrespective of any misclassification observed between the listing schedule and detailed enquiry schedule.
- (iii) For estimating number of villages possessing a characteristic, $D_{stmi}^* = 0$ in the relevant multipliers and there will be only one multiplier for the village.

Appendix C

Schedule 25.0

RURAL		*
URBAN		

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY OFFICE
SOCIO-ECONOMIC SURVEY**

CENTRAL		*
STATE		

**SEVENTY-FIRST ROUND: JANUARY TO JUNE, 2014
HOUSEHOLD SCHEDULE 25.0: SOCIAL CONSUMPTION: HEALTH**

* tick mark (Ø) may be put in the appropriate place

[0] descriptive identification of sample household	
1. state/u.t.:	5. hamlet name:
2. district:	6. investigator unit /block:
3. tehsil/town:*	7. name of head of household:
4. village name:	8. name of informant:

[1] identification of sample household							
item no.	item	code			item no.	item	code
1.	srl. no. of sample village/ block				10.	sub-round	
2.	round number	7		1	11.	sub-sample	
3.	schedule number	2	5	0	12.	FOD sub-region	
4.	sample (<i>central-1, state-2</i>)				13.	sample hg/sb number	
5.	sector (<i>rural-1, urban-2</i>)				14.	second-stage stratum number	
6.	NSS region				15.	sample household number	
7.	district				16.	serial number of informant (as in column 1 of block 4)	
8.	stratum				17.	response code	
9.	sub-stratum				18.	survey code	
					19.	reason for substitution of original household	

CODES FOR BLOCK 1

item 17: **response code:** informant: *co-operative and capable -1, co-operative but not capable -2, busy -3, reluctant -4, others -9.*

item 18: **survey code:** *original -1, substitute -2, casualty -3.*

item 19: **reason for substitution of original household:** *informant busy -1, members away from home -2, informant non-cooperative -3, others -9.*

[2] particulars of field operations									
sl. no.	item	field investigator (FI) / asstt. superintending officer (ASO)				field officer (FO)/ superintending officer (SO)			
(1)	(2)	(3)				(4)			
1.(a)	(i) name (block letters)								
	(ii) code								
	(iii) signature								
1.(b)	(i) name (block letters)								
	(ii) code								
	(iii) signature								
2.	date(s) of:	DD	MM	YY	DD	MM	YY		
	(i) survey/ inspection								
	(ii) receipt								
	(iii) scrutiny								
	(iv) despatch								
3.	number of additional sheet(s) attached								
4.	total time taken to canvass the schedule by the team of investigators (FI/ASO) (in minutes) [no decimal point]								
5.	number of investigators (FI/ASO) in the team who canvassed the schedule								
6.	whether any remark has been entered by FI/ASO/supervisory officer (yes-1, no-2)	(i) in block 12/13							
		(ii) elsewhere in the schedule							

[12] remarks by investigator (FI/ASO)

--

[13] comments by supervisory officer(s)

--

[3] household characteristics										
1. household size				6. social group (code)						
2. principal industry (NIC-2008)	description:				7. type of latrine (code)					
	code (5-digit)				8. type of drainage (code)					
3. principal occupation (NCO-2004)	description:				9. major source of drinking water (code)					
	code (3-digit)				10. primary source of energy for cooking during the last 30 days (code)					
4. household type (code)				11. amount of medical insurance premium paid for household members in last 365 days (Rs.)						
5. religion (code)				12. household's usual consumer expenditure (Rs.) in a month						

CODES FOR BLOCK 3

item 4: household type: for rural areas: self-employed in agriculture -1, self-employed in non-agriculture -2, regular wage/salary earning -3, casual labour in agriculture -4, casual labour in non-agriculture -5, others-9

for urban areas: self-employed -1, regular wage/salary earning -2, casual labour -3, others -9

item 5: religion: Hinduism -1, Islam -2, Christianity -3, Sikhism-4, Jainism -5, Buddhism -6, Zoroastrianism -7, others -9

item 6: social group: Scheduled Tribes-1, Scheduled Castes -2, Other Backward Classes -3, Others- 9

item 7: type of latrine: latrine: service -1, pit -2, septic tank/ flush system -3, others -9; no latrine -4

item 8: type of drainage; drainage: open kutch -1, open pucca -2, covered pucca -3, underground -4; no drainage -5

item 9: major source of drinking water: bottled water -1, tap -2, tube-well/hand pump-3, tankers -4, pucca well -5, tank/pond reserved for drinking -6, river/canal -7, others -9

item 10: primary source of energy for cooking: coke, coal -01, firewood and chips -02, LPG -03, gobar gas -04, dung cake -05, charcoal -06, kerosene -07, electricity -08, others -09; no cooking arrangement -10

[5] particulars of former household members who died during the last 365 days								
srl. no.	name of deceased member	sex (male -1, female-2)	age at death (years)	whether medical attention received before death (yes-1, no-2)	whether hospitalised (yes-1, no-2)	if 1 in col. 6, no. of times hospitalised	*if 2 in col. 3 and age 15-49 in col.4,	
							whether pregnant any time during last 365 days (yes-1, no-2)	if 1 in col. 8, time of death (code)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
91								
92								
93								

*information not to be sought for unmarried females, but may be recorded if voluntarily provided

CODES FOR BLOCK 5

col.9: time of death: deaths related to pregnancy: during pregnancy -1, during delivery -2, during abortion -3, within 6 weeks of delivery/abortion -4,

other deaths -9

[4] demographic particulars of household members															
sl. no.	name of member	relation to head (code)	sex		age (yrs)	marital status (code)	general education (code)	whether resident of student's hostel (yes-1, no-2)	during last 365 days		whether suffering from any chronic ailment (yes -1, no -2)	whether suffering from any other ailment		whether covered by any scheme for health expenditure support (code)	reporting of columns 11-13 (self- 1, proxy- 2)
			(male -1, female-2)						whether hospitalised (yes-1, no-2)	if 1 in col. 9, no. of times hospitalised		any time during last 15 days (yes-1, no-2)	on the day before the date of survey (yes -1, no -2)		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	

CODES FOR BLOCK 4

col. relation to head: self - 1, spouse of head - 2, married child - 3, spouse of married child - 4, unmarried child - 5, grandchild - 6, 3: father/mother/father-in-law/mother-in-law - 7, brother/sister/brother-in-law/sister-in-law/other relatives - 8, servant/employees/other non-relatives - 9

col. marital status: never married - 1, currently married - 2, widowed - 3, divorced/separated- 4
6:

col. general education: not literate -01, literate without any schooling: 02, literate without formal schooling: through NFEC -03, literate 7: through TLC/ AEC -04, others-05; literate with formal schooling: below primary-06, primary-07, upper primary/middle-08, secondary-10, higher secondary -11, diploma/certificate course (up to secondary)-12, diploma/certificate course (higher secondary)-13, diploma/certificate course (graduation & above)-14, graduate-15, postgraduate and above-16

col. whether covered by any scheme for health expenditure support: government funded insurance scheme (e.g. RSBY, Arogyasri, CGHS, 14: ESIS, etc.) -1, employer supported health protection (other than govt.) -2, arranged by household with insurance companies-3, others-4, not covered-5

[6] particulars of medical treatment received as in-patient of a medical institution during the last 365 days						
1.	sr1. no. of the hospitalisation case	1	2	3	4	5
2.	sr1. no. of member (as in col. 1, block 4/5) hospitalised					
3.	age (years) (as in col.5, block 4/ col.4, block 5)					
4.	nature of ailment (code list on pages 11-12)					
5.	nature of treatment (code)					
6.	level of care (code*)					
7.	type of ward (free -1, paying general -2, paying special -3)					
8.	when admitted (code)					
9.	when discharged (code)					
10.	duration of stay in hospital (days)					
details of medical services received (not received -1; received: free -2, partly free -3, on payment -4)						
11.	surgery					
12.	medicine					
13.	X-ray/ECG/EEG/Scan					
14.	other diagnostic tests					
15.	whether treated on medical advice before hospitalisation (yes -1, no-2)					
if 1 in item 15	16.	nature of treatment (code)				
	17.	level of care (code)				
	18.	duration of treatment (days)				
19.	whether treatment on medical advice continued after discharge from hospital (yes -1, no-2)					
if 1 in item 19	20.	nature of treatment (code)				
	21.	level of care (code)				
	22.	duration of treatment (days)				

*For item 6, code 4 is not applicable. Code 1 is also not applicable, except for ailment code 88.

CODES FOR BLOCK 6

item 5, 16, 20: nature of treatment:

<i>Allopathy</i>	-1	<i>Homoeopathy</i>	-3
<i>Indian system of medicine</i>		<i>Yoga & Naturopathy</i>	-4
<i>(desi dawai: ayurveda, unani or siddha)</i>	-2	<i>other</i>	-9

items 6, 17, 21: level of care:

<i>HSC/ANM/ASHA/AWW</i>	-1	<i>private doctor/clinic</i>	-4
<i>PHC/dispensary/CHC/mobile medical unit</i>	-2	<i>private hospital</i>	-5
<i>public hospital</i>	-3		

item 8: when admitted: during last 15 days - 1, 16 days to 365 days ago - 2, more than 365 days ago - 3

item 9: when discharged: not yet -1, during last 15 days -2, 16 days to 365 days ago -3

[7] expenses incurred during the last 365 days for treatment of members as in-patient of medical institution						
1.	srl. no. of the hospitalisation case (as in item 1, block 6)	1	2	3	4	5
2.	srl. no. of member hospitalised (as in item 2, block 6)					
3.	age (years) (as in item 3, block 6)					
4.	whether any medical service provided free (yes: Govt. -1, private -2; no -3)					
expenditure for treatment during stay at hospital (Rs.)						
5.	package component (Rs.)					
non-package component (Rs.):		#####				
6.	doctor's/ surgeon's fee (hospital staff/ other specialists)					
7.	medicines					
8.	diagnostic tests					
9.	bed charges					
10.	other medical expenses (attendant charges, physiotherapy, personal medical appliances, blood, oxygen, etc.)					
11.	medical expenditure (Rs.): total (items 5-10)					
expenditure for treatment during stay at hospital (Rs.)						
12.	transport for patient					
13.	other non-medical expenses incurred by the household (Rs.) (food, transport for others, expenditure on escort, lodging charges if any, etc.)					
14.	expenditure (Rs.): total (items 11-13)					
15.	total amount reimbursed by medical insurance company or employer (Rs.)					
16.	major source of finance for expenses (code)					
17.	2 nd most important source of finance (code)					
18.	place of hospitalisation (state code)					

CODES FOR BLOCK 7

items 16, 17: source of finance for expenses:

household income/ savings -1
 borrowings -2
 sale of physical assets -3

contributions from friends and relatives -4
 other sources -9

[8] particulars of spells of ailment of household members during the last 15 days (including hospitalisation)							
1.	srl. no. of spell of ailment		1	2	3	4	5
2.	srl. no. of member reporting ailment (as in col.1 of block 4/5)						
3.	age (years) (as in col.5, block 4/ col.4, block 5)						
no. of days within the ref. period	4.	ill					
	5.	on restricted activity					
	6.	confined to bed					
7.	nature of ailment (code list on pages 11-12)						
8.	whether chronic (yes-1, no-2)						
9.	status of ailment (code)						
10.	total duration of ailment (days)						
11.	nature of treatment (code)						
12.	whether hospitalised (yes-1, no-2)						
13.	if 1-4 or 9 in item 11, whether treatment taken on medical advice (yes -1, no -2)						
if 1 in item 13	14.	level of care (code)					
	15.	if 4 or 5 in item 14, reason for not availing govt. sources (code)					
if 2 in item 13	16.	reason for not seeking medical advice (code)					
	17.	whom consulted (code)					
18.	loss of household income, if any, due to ailment (Rs.)						

CODES FOR BLOCK 8

item 9: status of ailment:

started more than 15 days ago and is continuing -1 started within 15 days and is continuing -3
 started more than 15 days ago and has ended -2 started within 15 days and has ended -4

item 11: nature of treatment:

Allopathy -1 Homoeopathy -3 No treatment -5
 Indian system of medicine Yoga & Naturopathy -4
 (desi dawai: ayurveda, unani or siddha) -2 Other -9

item 14: level of care:

HSC/ANM/ASHA/AWW -1 private doctor/clinic -4
 PHC/dispensary/CHC/mobile medical unit -2 private hospital -5
 public hospital -3

item 15: reason for not availing govt. sources:

required specific services not available -1 quality satisfactory but involves long waiting -4
 available but quality not satisfactory -2 financial constraint -5
 quality satisfactory but facility too far -3 other -9

item 16: reason for not seeking medical advice:

no medical facility available in the neighbourhood -1 facility of satisfactory quality involves long waiting -4
 facility of satisfactory quality not available -2 ailment not considered serious -5
 facility of satisfactory quality too expensive -3 other -9

item 17: whom consulted: self/ other household member/ friend - 1, medicine shop - 2, others - 9

[9] expenses incurred during the last 15 days for treatment of members (not as in-patient of medical institution)						
1.	srl. no. of ailing member (as in item 2, block 8)					
2.	age (years) (as in item 3, block 8)					
3.	whether any medical service provided free (yes: Govt. -1, Pvt. - 2; no - 3)					
details of medical services received (not received - 1; received: free - 2, partly free - 3, on payment - 4)						
4.	surgery					
5.	medicine received (AYUSH)					
6.	medicine received (other than AYUSH)					
7.	X-ray/ECG/EEG/Scan					
8.	other diagnostic tests					
medical expenditure for treatment (Rs.)						
9.	doctor's/ surgeon's fee (hospital staff/ other specialists)					
10.	medicines: AYUSH					
11.	medicines: other than AYUSH					
12.	diagnostic tests					
13.	other medical expenses (attendant charges, physio-therapy, personal medical appliances, blood, oxygen, etc.)					
14.	medical expenditure (Rs.): total (items 9-13)					
15.	transport for patient					
16.	other expenses (Rs.) incurred by the household (food, transport for others, expenditure on escort, etc.)					
17.	expenditure (Rs.): total (items 14-16)					
18.	total amount reimbursed by medical insurance company or employer (Rs.)					
19.	major source of finance for expenses (code)					
20.	2 nd most important source of finance for expenses (code)					
21.	place of treatment (state code)					

CODES FOR BLOCK 9

items 19, 20: source of finance for expenses:

household income/ savings	-1	contributions from friends and relatives	-4
borrowings	-2	other sources	-9
sale of physical assets	-3		

[10] particulars of economic independence and state of health of persons aged 60 years and above					
1.	srl. no. of member (as in col. 1, block 4)				
2.	age (years) (as in col. 5, block 4)				
3.	number of sons living				
4.	number of daughters living				
5.	state of economic independence (code)				
6.	if 1 in item 5 , no. of dependants				
7.	if 2 or 3 in item 5 , person financially supporting aged person (code)				
8.	living arrangement (code)				
9.	physical mobility (code)				
10.	if 1 or 2 in item 9 , person helping (<i>household member -1, other than household member -2, none -3</i>)				
11.	own perception about current state of health (code)				
12.	own perception about change in state of health (code)				

CODES FOR BLOCK 10

item 5: state of economic independence: not dependent on others - 1, partially dependent on others - 2, fully dependent on others - 3

item 7: person financially supporting aged person: spouse -1, own children -2, grandchildren -3, others -9

Item 8: living arrangement:

living alone:as an inmate of old age home -1	living with spouse and other members - 4
living alone:not as an inmate of old age home -2	living without spouse but with: children -5
living with spouse only - 3	other relations - 6
	non-relations - 9

item 9: physical mobility: physically immobile: confined to bed - 1, confined to home - 2, able to move outside but only in a wheelchair - 3; physically mobile - 4

item 11: own perception about current state of health: excellent/very good - 1, good/fair - 2, poor - 3

item 12: own perception about change in state of health: compared to previous year: much better - 1, somewhat better - 2, nearly the same - 3, somewhat worse - 4, worse - 5

[11] particulars of pre-natal and post-natal care for women of age 15-49 years during the last 365 days													
for women aged 15-49 years													
serial no. (as in block 4/5)	age (years) (as in block 4/5)	whether pregnant any time during last 365 days (yes-1, no-2)	if 1 in col. 3										
			serial no. of pregnancy (1/2)	whether received tetanus toxoid vaccine during pregnancy (yes-1, no-2)	whether taken IFA during pregnancy (yes-1, no-2)	whether any other pre-natal care received (code)	if 1-6 in col. 7	total expenditure incurred on pre-natal care (Rs.)	out-come of pregnancy (code)	if 1-3 in col. 10		if 1-6 in col. 12	
							nature of pre-natal care (AYUSH-1, non-AYUSH-2, both-3)			place of delivery/abortion (code)	whether any post-natal care received (code)	nature of post-natal care (AYUSH-1, non-AYUSH-2, both-3)	expenditure incurred on post-natal care (Rs.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)

CODES FOR BLOCK 11

cols. 7, 12: whether any other pre-natal/ any post-natal care received:

<i>yes, from HSC/ANM/ASHA/AWW</i>	-1	<i>yes, from private doctor/clinic</i>	-4
<i>yes, from PHC/dispensary/CHC/mobile medical unit</i>	-2	<i>yes, from private hospital</i>	-5
<i>yes, from public hospital</i>	-3	<i>no</i>	-8

col. 10: outcome of pregnancy: live birth -1, stillbirth -2, abortion-3, pregnancy continuing -4

col. 11: place of delivery/ abortion:

<i>in HSC</i>	-1	<i>in private clinic</i>	-4
<i>in PHC/dispensary/CHC/mobile medical unit</i>	-2	<i>in private hospital</i>	-5
<i>in public hospital</i>	-3	<i>at home</i>	-6

CODES FOR "NATURE OF AILMENT"

Block 6: item 4; Block 8: item 7

<i>Reported Diagnosis and/or Main Symptom</i>	<i>Code</i>	<i>Reported Diagnosis and/or Main Symptom</i>	<i>Code</i>
INFECTIOUS		EYE	
Fever with loss of consciousness or altered consciousness	01	Discomfort/pain in the eye with redness or swellings/ boils	27
Fever with rash/ eruptive lesions	02	Cataract	28
Fever due to DIPHThERIA, WHOOPING COUGH	03	GLAUCOMA	29
All other fevers (Includes malaria, typhoid and fevers of unknown origin, all specific fevers that do not have a confirmed diagnosis)	04	Decreased vision (chronic) NOT including where decreased vision is corrected with glasses	30
TUBERCULOSIS	05	Others (including disorders of eye movements – strabismus, nystagmus, ptosis and adnexa)	31
Filariasis	06	EAR	
Tetanus	07	Earache with discharge/bleeding from ear/ infections	32
HIV/AIDS	08	Decreased hearing or loss of hearing	33
Other sexually transmitted diseases	09	CARDIO-VASCULAR	
Jaundice	10	HYPERTENSION	34
Diarrheas/ dysentery/ increased frequency of stools with or without blood and mucus in stools	11	Heart disease: Chest pain, breathlessness	35
Worms infestation	12	RESPIRATORY	
CANCERS		Acute upper respiratory infections (cold, runny nose, sore throat with cough, allergic colds included)	36
CANCERS (known or suspected by a physician) and occurrence of any growing painless lump in the body	13	Cough with sputum with or without fever and NOT diagnosed as TB	37
BLOOD DISEASES		Bronchial asthma/ recurrent episode of wheezing and breathlessness with or without cough over long periods or known asthma)	38
Anaemia (any cause)	14	GASTRO-INTESTINAL	
Bleeding disorders	15	Diseases of mouth/teeth/gums	39
ENDOCRINE, METABOLIC, NUTRITIONAL		Pain in abdomen: Gastric and peptic ulcers/ acid reflux/ acute abdomen	40
DIABETES	16	Lump or fluid in abdomen or scrotum	41
Under-nutrition	17	Gastrointestinal bleeding	42
Goitre and other diseases of the thyroid	18	SKIN	
Others (including obesity)	19	Skin infection (boil, abscess, itching) and other skin disease	43
PSYCHIATRIC & NEUROLOGICAL		MUSCULO-SKELETAL	
Mental retardation	20	Joint or bone disease/ pain or swelling in any of the joints, or swelling or pus from the bones	44
Mental disorders	21	Back or body aches	45
Headache	22		
Seizures or known epilepsy	23		
Weakness in limb muscles and difficulty in movements	24		
Stroke/ hemiplegia/ sudden onset weakness or loss of speech in half of body	25		
Others including memory loss, confusion	26		

<i>Reported Diagnosis and/or Main Symptom</i>	<i>Code</i>	<i>Reported Diagnosis and/or Main Symptom</i>	<i>Code</i>
GENITO-URINARY		INJURIES	
<i>Any difficulty or abnormality in urination</i>	46	<i>Accidental injury, road traffic accidents and falls</i>	52
<i>Pain the pelvic region/reproductive tract infection/ Pain in male genital area</i>	47	<i>Accidental drowning and submersion</i>	53
<i>Change/irregularity in menstrual cycle or excessive bleeding/pain during menstruation and any other gynaecological and andrological disorders incl. male/female infertility</i>	48	<i>Burns and corrosions</i>	54
		<i>Poisoning</i>	55
		<i>Intentional self-harm</i>	56
		<i>Assault</i>	57
		<i>Contact with venomous/harm-causing animals and plants</i>	58
OBSTETRIC		<i>Symptom not fitting into any of above categories</i>	59
<i>Pregnancy with complications before or during labour (abortion, ectopic pregnancy, abortion, hypertension, complications during labour)</i>	49	<i>Could not even state the main symptom</i>	60
<i>Complications in mother after birth of child</i>	50	<i>Childbirth – Caesarean/ normal/ any other (for both live birth and stillbirth)</i>	88
<i>Illness in the newborn/ sick newborn</i>	51		

Appendix D

Relative standard error (RSE) of Proportion of ailing persons (PAP) and Hospitalisation case

Table D1: Relative Standard Error (RSE) of Proportion of ailing persons (PAP) estimates (%) for each State/UT

State/UT	rural			urban		
	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	11.15	9.48	7.76	8.18	8.34	6.39
Arunachal Pradesh	24.66	17.85	15.44	34.98	30.79	26.64
Assam	20.94	17.48	13.94	40.61	46.69	32.06
Bihar	13.65	10.72	8.93	21.16	14.85	13.40
Chhattisgarh	21.57	16.15	15.33	35.68	29.64	25.86
Delhi	58.59	47.52	54.85	19.44	25.30	17.70
Goa	19.83	33.10	19.21	21.41	16.47	16.06
Gujarat	9.61	9.56	7.76	12.02	9.85	9.71
Haryana	20.34	18.64	15.64	25.44	18.05	19.09
Himachal Pradesh	18.53	15.48	13.29	40.61	38.62	33.24
Jammu & Kashmir	22.11	18.23	16.55	23.37	23.73	17.67
Jharkhand	21.85	19.40	14.47	30.68	16.54	14.80
Karnataka	12.44	10.29	9.95	11.34	9.99	8.04
Kerala	5.93	5.15	4.61	6.51	4.79	4.36
Madhya Pradesh	11.05	12.14	8.35	12.73	10.77	7.98
Maharashtra	9.78	7.44	6.08	10.53	10.50	8.35
Manipur	12.00	25.92	13.37	52.30	53.15	50.87
Meghalaya	27.35	19.39	19.22	53.60	34.24	31.42
Mizoram	35.82	42.96	29.80	31.45	19.20	16.44
Nagaland	70.29	47.30	56.70	83.20	42.04	39.66
Odisha	9.75	9.35	7.34	14.93	13.89	9.54
Punjab	10.68	8.01	5.56	14.02	9.75	10.54
Rajasthan	14.89	12.47	10.80	15.40	11.08	11.92
Sikkim	27.83	54.21	33.26	35.76	29.62	20.49
Tamil Nadu	9.06	7.99	7.08	8.21	6.45	5.47
Telangana	14.55	14.11	11.08	12.28	14.10	9.64
Tripura	29.16	13.32	13.13	32.38	22.14	22.58
Uttar Pradesh	6.25	6.55	4.75	8.23	8.09	6.84
Uttarakhand	29.00	17.56	17.64	29.66	26.83	20.43
West Bengal	6.98	6.07	5.32	8.07	7.17	6.38
A. & N. Island	14.41	19.35	15.50	26.94	24.24	21.49
Chandigarh	61.12	32.46	2.30	20.05	24.33	11.48
Dadra & N. Haveli	19.41	60.68	36.71	48.44	18.53	29.89
Daman & Diu	34.79	16.26	7.27	63.96	11.56	11.03
Lakshadweep	22.00	30.60	27.10	36.93	32.06	32.35
Puducherry	66.26	23.87	54.25	17.72	14.53	10.69
all-India	2.55	2.23	1.84	2.75	2.38	2.05

Table D2: Relative Standard Error (RSE) of estimates of hospitalisation cases (%) for each State/UT

State/UT	rural			urban		
	male	female	all	male	female	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	8.27	12.71	7.51	10.40	8.01	7.26
Arunachal Pradesh	20.63	13.51	14.56	17.74	24.68	17.30
Assam	10.76	11.24	7.84	13.74	17.19	12.47
Bihar	12.87	7.41	7.16	9.57	14.41	10.63
Chhattisgarh	24.94	32.29	20.48	18.92	9.74	12.48
Delhi	20.75	33.67	18.60	14.33	12.29	11.44
Goa	21.92	27.21	7.26	21.54	18.24	11.99
Gujarat	7.42	7.04	4.68	8.95	8.08	6.95
Haryana	11.21	10.13	7.16	25.68	15.22	18.50
Himachal Pradesh	10.33	14.68	9.90	20.51	9.62	11.15
Jammu & Kashmir	21.09	17.24	9.54	13.13	13.93	10.91
Jharkhand	18.51	18.96	13.47	11.45	13.20	11.20
Karnataka	6.52	7.50	5.37	9.44	7.92	7.11
Kerala	8.09	7.89	6.14	7.25	8.94	5.93
Madhya Pradesh	6.19	11.65	6.88	7.06	7.93	5.34
Maharashtra	5.56	6.27	4.45	6.63	8.64	5.56
Manipur	8.60	8.50	5.31	13.42	12.79	9.72
Meghalaya	27.86	13.69	16.39	33.75	39.14	36.18
Mizoram	13.76	12.11	10.56	11.33	15.02	11.48
Nagaland	6.93	17.28	9.15	16.57	15.30	10.03
Odisha	7.28	9.20	6.67	7.25	12.71	7.43
Punjab	8.06	15.19	9.81	10.93	12.42	10.74
Rajasthan	7.40	8.13	5.49	7.57	10.47	6.93
Sikkim	13.44	17.51	10.62	24.59	14.75	15.59
Tamil Nadu	6.85	10.02	6.04	7.50	7.47	6.67
Telangana	8.85	10.48	7.43	11.61	26.55	15.73
Tripura	6.64	7.67	4.39	13.77	10.25	8.79
Uttar Pradesh	6.58	6.17	4.65	6.84	9.57	6.51
Uttarakhand	27.29	16.19	20.15	21.74	22.65	20.73
West Bengal	7.18	7.04	5.17	8.79	7.21	6.97
A. & N. Island	38.51	21.85	21.72	20.65	50.04	26.42
Chandigarh	32.68	10.99	23.64	32.20	29.37	26.17
Dadra & N. Haveli	25.17	28.96	11.37	30.23	18.49	22.63
Daman & Diu	26.84	60.36	39.36	26.39	61.41	40.90
Lakshadweep	34.52	49.22	1.84	49.98	25.34	18.86
Puducherry	17.61	17.93	12.78	12.89	9.22	7.99
all-India	2.05	2.23	1.57	2.34	2.61	1.95

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1	403	Small Trading Units in India	150	11	7	380	27	17
2	403/1	State Level results on small trading units in India: Vol.-I	250	18	11	710	51	32
3	403/1	State Level results on small trading units in India: Vol.-II	250	18	11	710	51	32
		Land & livestock holdings and Debt & investment, NSS 48th Round						
4	407	Operational land holdings in India, 1991-92: Salient features	250	18	11	710	51	32
5	408	Live-stock and Agricultural implements in Household operational holdings, 1991-92	150	11	7	380	27	17
6	414	Seasonal variation in the operation of land holdings in India, 1991-92	250	18	11	710	51	32
7	419	Household Assets and Liabilities as on 30.6.91	250	17	11	1140	75	46
8	420	Indebtedness of Rural Households as on 30.6.1991	250	15	9	1370	82	50
9	421	Indebtedness of Urban Households as on 30.6.1991	250	15	9	1370	82	50
10	431	Household Borrowings and Repayments during 1.7.91 to 30.6.92	250	15	9	1140	68	42
11	431	Household Borrowings and Repayments during 1.7.91 to 30.6.92	250	15	9	1140	68	42
12	432	Households Assets and Indebtedness of Social Groups as on 30.6.91	250	15	9	1140	68	42
13	432	Households Assets and Indebtedness of Social Groups as on 30.6.91	250	15	9	710	43	26
14	437	Household capital expenditure during 1.7.91 to 30.6.92.	250	15	9	1370	82	50
		Housing Conditions and Migration with special emphasis on slum dwellers, NSS 49th round						
15	417	Slums in India	150	11	7	380	27	17
16	429	Housing Conditions in India	150	11	7	380	25	16
17	430	Migration in India	250	15	9	710	42	26
		Employment & Unemployment, NSS 50th Round						
18	406	Key Results on Employment & Unemployment	150	11	7	610	44	26
19	409	Employment & Unemployment in India, 1993-94	250	18	11	710	51	32
20	411	Employment & Unemployment situation in cities and Towns in India, 1993-94	150	11	7	380	27	17
21	412	Economic activities and school attendance by children in India, 1993-94	150	11	7	380	27	17
22	416	Participation of Indian women in household work and other specified activities, 1993-94	150	11	7	380	27	17
23	418	Unemployed in India, 1993-94: Salient Features	150	11	7	380	27	17
24	425	Employment & Unemployment situation among social groups in India, 1993-94	250	17	10	480	32	19
25	438	Employment & Unemployment situation among religious groups in India, 1993-94	150	10	7	610	37	23
		Consumer Expenditure, NSS 50th Round						
26	401	Key results on Household Consumer Expenditure, 1993-94	150	11	7	380	28	17
27	402	Level and Pattern of Consumer Expenditure	250	19	12	710	52	32
28	404	Consumption of some important commodities in India	250	18	11	710	51	32

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29	405	Nutritional intake in India	250	18	11	710	51	32
30	410/1	Dwellings in India	250	18	11	710	51	32
31	410/2	Energy used by Indian households	150	11	7	380	28	17
32	413	Sources of household income in India, 1993-94	150	11	7	380	28	17
33	415	Reported adequacy of food intake in India, 1993-94	150	11	7	380	28	17
34	422	Differences in level of consumption among socioeconomic groups	150	11	7	380	28	17
35	423	IRDP assistance and participation in Public Works, 1993-94	150	11	7	380	28	17
36	424	Ownership of Live-Stock, cultivation of selected crops and consumption levels, 1993-94	150	11	6	610	40	24
37	426	Use of durable goods by Indian households, 1993-94	150	11	7	380	28	17
38	427	Consumption of tobacco in India, 1993-94	150	11	7	610	40	24
39	428	Wages in kind, Exchanges of Gifts and Expenditure on Ceremonies and Insurance in India, 1993-94	150	11	7	610	40	24
		Consumer Expenditure and Unorganised Manufacture, NSS 51st Round						
40	433	Unorganised Manufacturing Sector in India Its Size, Employment and Some Key Estimates.	250	15	9	710	43	26
41	434	Unorganised Manufacturing Enterprises in India: Salient Features	250	15	9	710	43	26
42	435	Assets and Borrowings of the Unorganised Manufacturing Enterprises in India	150	10	7	380	23	15
43	436	Household Consumer Expenditure and Employment Situation in India, 1994-95	150	10	7	610	36	23
		Education, NSS 52nd Round						
44	439	Attending an Educational Institution in India: Its level, nature and cost	250	15	9	1140	68	42
		Consumer Expenditure, NSS 52nd Round						
45	440	Household Consumer Expenditure and Employment Situation in India, 1995-96	150	10	7	610	36	23
		Health, NSS 52nd Round						
46	441	Morbidity and Treatment of ailments.	250	15	9	1140	68	42
47	445	Maternity and Child Health Care in India	150	10	7	1270	76	46
		Aged in India, NSS 52nd Round						
48	446	The Aged in India: A Socio-Economic Profile, 1995-96	150	10	7	610	36	23
		Consumer Expenditure, NSS 53rd Round						
49	442	Household Consumer Expenditure and Employment Situation in India, 1997	150	10	7	610	36	23
		Unorganised Trade, NSS 53rd Round						
50	443	Small Trading units in India and their Basic Characteristics: 1997 Vol. I	250	15	9	710	43	26
51	444	Small Trading Units in India and Their Basic Characteristics: 1997 Vol. II	250	15	9	710	43	26
		Consumer Expenditure, Common Property Resources, Sanitation & Hygiene, Services, NSS 54th Round						
52	448	Household Consumer Expenditure and Employment Situation in India	150	10	7	610	36	23
53	449	Drinking water, sanitation and hygiene in India	250	15	9	1140	68	42

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54	450	Travel and Use of Mass Media and Financial Services by Indian Households	150	10	7	610	10	7	
55	451	Cultivation Practices in India	250	15	9	1370	82	50	
56	452	Common Property Resources	250	15	9	1370	82	50	
		Choice of Reference Period for Consumption Data, NSS 51st, 52nd, 53rd & 54th Round							
57	447	Choice of Reference Period for Consumption Data	150	10	7	1700	102	64	
		Consumer Expenditure, NSS 55th Round (July'99 to June 2000)							
58	453	Household Consumer Expenditure in India (July – December 1999) – Key Results	150	10	7	610	36	23	
59	454	Household Consumer Expenditure in India, 1999–2000 - Key Results	150	10	7	610	36	23	
60	457	Level and Pattern of Consumer Expenditure in India, 1999 – 2000	250	15	10	1520	81	57	
61	461	Consumption of some important Commodities in India, 1999-2000	250	15	10	1370	73	52	
62	463	Sources of household income in India, 1999-2000	150	10	7	380	28	17	
63	464	Energy Used by Indian Households, 1999-2000	150	10	7	610	36	23	
64	466	Reported Adequacy of Food Intake in India, 1999 – 2000	150	10	7	610	36	23	
65	467	IRDP Assistance and Participation in Public Works: 1999-2000	150	10	7	610	36	23	
66	471	Nutritional Intake in India, 1999-2000	250	15	10	710	43	26	
67	472	Differences in the level of consumption among socio economic groups, 1999-2000	250	15	10	480	32	19	
68	473	Literacy and Levels of Education in India, 1999 – 2000	250	15	10	610	36	23	
69	474	Sources of household consumption in India, 1999 – 2000	250	15	10	710	43	26	
		Employment & Unemployment, NSS 55th Round (July'99 to June 2000)							
70	455	Employment and Unemployment in India, 1999-2000 - Key Results	150	10	7	610	36	23	
71	458 (Part-I)	Employment and Unemployment Situation in India, 1999 – 2000	250	15	10	750	40	28	
72	458 (Part-II)	Employment and Unemployment Situation in India, 1999 – 2000	250	15	10	1370	73	52	
73	460	Non agricultural workers in Informal Sector based on Employment and Unemployment Survey, 1999-2000	150	10	7	610	36	23	
74	462	Employment and Unemployment situation in Cities and Towns of India, 1999-2000	150	10	7	610	36	23	
75	465	Participation of Indian Women in Household work and other specified activities, 1999-2000	150	10	7	610	36	23	
76	468	Employment and Unemployment among religious groups in India, 1999-2000	150	10	7	610	36	23	
77	469	Employment and Unemployment among social groups in India, 1999-2000	250	15	10	2950	156	110	
78	470	Migration in India, 1999-2000	250	15	10	1140	68	42	

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		Non-agricultural Enterprises in Informal Sector 1999-2000, NSS 55th Round (July'99 to June 2000)						
79	456	Non-agricultural Enterprises in the Informal Sector in India, 1999-2000 – Key Results	150	10	7	610	36	23
80	459	Informal Sector in India, 1999 – 2000 – Salient Features	250	15	10	1600	85	60
		Consumer Expenditure, NSS 56th Round (July 2000 – June 2001)						
81	476	Household Consumer Expenditure and Employment – Unemployment Situation in India, 2000 – 2001	150	10	7	1040	66	41
		Unorganised Manufacturing, NSS 56th Round (July 2000 – June 2001)						
82	477	Unorganised Manufacturing Sector in India 2000-2001 – Key Results	250	15	10	710	52	32
83	478	Unorganised Manufacturing Sector in India 2000-2001 – Characteristics of Enterprises	250	15	10	1370	82	50
84	479	Unorganised Manufacturing Sector in India, 2000 – 2001: Employment, Assets and Borrowings	250	15	10	1370	82	50
85	480	Unorganised Manufacturing Sector in India, 2000 – 2001: Input, Output and Value added	250	15	10	1370	82	50
		Pilot Survey on Suitability of Reference Period for Measuring Household Consumption						
86	475	Results of a Pilot Survey on Suitability of Different Reference Periods for Measuring Household Consumption	150	10	7	610	36	23
		Consumer Expenditure, NSS 57th Round (July 2001 – June 2002)						
87	481	Household Consumer Expenditure and Employment – Unemployment Situation in India, 2001 – 2002	250	15	10	2680	158	105
		Unorganised Service Sector, NSS 57th Round (July 2001 – June 2002)						
88	482	Unorganised Service Sector in India 2001 – 02 Salient Features	250	15	10	1925	98	65
89	483	Unorganised Service Sector in India 2001 – 02 Characteristics of Enterprises	250	15	10	1370	82	55
		Consumer Expenditure, NSS 58th Round (July 2002 – December 2002)						
90	484	Household Consumer Expenditure and Employment – Unemployment Situation in India, 2002 – 2003	150	8	4	2380	129	70
		Disability, NSS 58th Round						
91	485	Disabled Persons in India, July-December 2002	250	14	7	7080	385	208
		Urban Slums, NSS 58th Round (July 2002 – December 2002)						
92	486	Condition of Urban Slums, 2002: Salient Features	250	14	7	2080	112	62
		Village facilities, NSS 58th Round (July 2002 – December 2002)						
93	487	Report on village facilities, July-December 2002	150	8	4	980	53	29
		Housing Condition, NSS 58th Round (July 2002 – December 2002)						
94	488	Housing Condition in India, 2002: Housing stock and constructions	250	15	10	9280	548	350
95	489	Housing Condition in India, 2002: Household Amenities and Other Characteristics	250	15	10	9220	524	285

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96	490	Household Consumer Expenditure and Employment – Unemployment Situation in India	150	8	4	1580	85	47
		Situation Assessment Survey of Farmers, NSS 59th Round (January – December 2003)						
97	495	Consumption Expenditure of Farmer Households, 2003	250	15	10	2140	121	67
98	496	Some Aspects of Farming, 2003	250	15	10	2680	149	83
99	497	Income, Expenditure and Productive Assets of Farmer Households, 2003	250	15	10	3480	209	139
100	498	Indebtedness of Farmer Households	150	8	4	1380	78	43
101	499	Access to Modern Technology for Farming, 2003	250	15	10	1680	93	52
		Land & livestock holdings and Debt & Investment, NSS 59th Round						
102	491	Household Ownership Holdings in India, 2003	250	15	10	3680	221	147
103	492	Some Aspects of Operational Land Holdings in India, 2002-03	250	15	10	5080	305	203
104	493	Livestock Ownership Across Operational Land Holding Classes in India, 2002-03	150	8	4	1580	84	42
105	494	Seasonal Variation in the Operational Land Holdings in India, 2002-03	250	15	10	2080	125	83
106	500	Household Assets and Liabilities in India as on 30.06.2002	250	15	10	4880	293	195
107	501	Household Indebtedness in India as on 30.06.2002	250	15	10	6000	360	240
108	502	Household Borrowings and Repayments in India during 1.7.2002 to 30.6.2003	250	15	10	4750	285	190
109	503	Household Assets Holdings, Indebtedness, Current Borrowings and Repayments of Social Groups in India as on 30.06.2002	250	15	10	3880	233	155
110	504	Household Capital Expenditure in India during 1.7.2002 to 30.6.2003	250	15	10	7280	437	291
		Consumer Expenditure, NSS 60th Round (January – June 2004)						
111	505	Household Consumer Expenditure in India, January – June 2004	150	8	4	2580	138	69
		Employment & Unemployment, NSS 60th Round (January – June 2004)						
112	506	Employment and Unemployment Situation in India, January – June 2004	250	15	10	3580	202	112
		Health, NSS 60th Round (January – June 2004)						
113	507	Morbidity, Health Care and the Condition of the Aged	250	15	10	4480	269	179
		Consumer Expenditure, NSS 61st Round (July 2004 – June 2005)						
114	508	Level and Pattern of Consumer Expenditure, 2004-05	250	16	8	5080	322	163
115	509 Vol. I	Household Consumption of Various Goods and Services in India, 2004-05 Vol. I	250	16	8	4480	284	144
116	509 Vol. II	Household Consumption of Various Goods and Services in India, 2004-05 Vol. II	250	16	8	4080	259	131

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117	510 Vol. I	Public Distribution System and Other Sources of Household Consumption, 2004-05 Vol. I	250	16	8	3880	246	124
118	510 Vol. II	Public Distribution System and Other Sources of Household Consumption, 2004-05 Vol. II	250	16	8	3680	234	118
119	511	Energy Sources of Indian Households for Cooking and Lighting, 2004-05	250	16	8	2480	157	79
120	512	Perceived Adequacy of Food Consumption in Indian Households 2004-2005	150	10	5	1780	113	57
121	513	Nutritional intake in India, 2004-2005	250	16	8	3680	234	118
122	514	Household Consumer Expenditure among Socio-Economic Groups: 2004 – 2005	250	16	8	2880	183	92
		Employment & Unemployment, NSS 61st Round (July 2004 – June 2005)						
123	515 (Part-I)	Employment and Unemployment Situation in India, 2004-05 (Part-I)	250	16	8	4680	297	150
124	515 (Part-II)	Employment and Unemployment Situation in India, 2004-05 (Part-II)	250	16	8	4680	297	150
125	516	Employment and Unemployment Situation Among Social Groups in India, 2004-05	250	16	8	3680	234	118
126	517	Status of Education and Vocational Training in India 2004-2005	250	16	8	2680	170	86
127	518	Participation of Women in Specified Activities along with Domestic Duties	150	10	5	1380	88	44
128	519 (Part-I)	Informal Sector and Conditions of Employment in India, 2004-05(Part-I)	250	16	8	3880	246	124
129	519 (Part-II)	Informal Sector and Conditions of Employment in India, 2004-05(Part-II)	250	16	8	4480	284	144
130	520	Employment and Unemployment Situation in Cities and Towns in India, 2004-2005	150	10	5	1570	100	50
131	521	Employment and Unemployment Situation among Major Religious Groups in India, 2004-05	250	16	8	2480	157	79
		Employment & Unemployment, NSS 62nd Round (July 2005 – June 2006)						
132	522	Employment and Unemployment Situation in India, 2005-06	250	16	8	4480	284	144
		Consumer Expenditure, NSS 62nd Round (July 2005 – June 2006)						
133	523	Household Consumer Expenditure in India, 2005-06	150	10	5	1380	88	44
		Unorganised Manufacturing Enterprises, NSS 62nd Round (July 2005 – June 2006)						
134	524	Operational Characteristics of Unorganised Manufacturing Enterprises in India, 2005-06	250	16	8	4880	310	156
135	525	Unorganised Manufacturing Sector in India, 2005-06 – Employment, Assets and Borrowings	250	16	8	2880	183	92
136	526	Unorganised Manufacturing Sector in India, 2005-06 – Input, Output and Value Added	250	16	8	4280	272	137
		Consumer Expenditure, NSS 63rd Round (July 2006 – June 2007)						
137	527	Household Consumer Expenditure in India, 2006 – 07	150	7	5	1380	69	48

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		Service Sector Enterprises, NSS 63rd Round (July 2006 – June 2007)						
138	528	Service Sector in India (2006-07): Operational Characteristics of Enterprises	250	12	9	880	44	30
139	529	Service Sector in India (2006-07): Economic Characteristics of Enterprises	250	13	8	1280	68	43
		Consumer Expenditure, NSS 64th Round (July 2007 – June 2008)						
140	530	Household Consumer Expenditure in India, 2007-08	150	8	5	1380	75	48
		Employment & Unemployment and Migration Particulars, NSS 64th Round (July 2007 – June 2008)						
141	531	Employment and Unemployment Situation in India, 2007-08	250	14	9	4080	221	152
142	533	Migration in India, 2007-2008	250	14	9	2280	123	85
		Participation & Expenditure on Education NSS 64th Round (July 2007 – June 2008)						
143	532	Education in India : 2007-08 Participation and Expenditure	250	14	9	6280	345	232
		Particulars of Slum NSS 65th Round (July 2008 – June 2009)						
144	534	Some Characteristics of Urban Slums, 2008-09	150	8	6	1180	64	44
		Housing Condition NSS 65th Round (July 2008 – June 2009)						
145	535	Housing Condition and Amenities in India 2008-2009	360	20	13	720	41	25
		Domestic Tourism NSS 65th Round (July 2008 – June 2009)						
146	536	Domestic Tourism in India, 2008-09	430	24	15	860	48	31
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147	KI (66/10)	Key Indicators of Employment and Unemployment in India, 2009-10	-	-	-	-	-	-
148	537	Employment and Unemployment Situation in India, 2009-10	360	18	12	720	37	23
149	539	Informal Sector and Conditions of Employment in India	300	15	10	600	29	19
150	543	Employment and Unemployment situation among Social Groups in India	360	17	11	720	34	21
151	548	Home-based Workers in India	360	17	11	720	34	22
152	550	Participation of Women in Specified Activities along with Domestic Duties, 2009-10	270	13	9	540	26	18
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164	KI (67/2.34)	Key Results of Survey on Unincorporated Non-agricultural Enterprises (Excluding Construction) in India	-	-	-	-	-	-
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167	KI (68/1.0)	Key Indicator of Household Consumer Expenditure in India.	-	-	-	-	-	-
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169	558	Household Consumption of Various Goods and Services in India, 2011-12	260	11	7	520	22	14
170	560	Nutritional Intake in India, 2011-12	380	15	10	760	30	20
171	562	Household Consumer Expenditure across Socio-Economic Groups, 2011-12	440	18	12	880	36	24
172	565	Public Distribution System and Other Sources of Household Consumption, 2011-12	360	15	9	720	30	18
173	567	Energy Sources of Indian Households for Cooking & Lighting, 2011-12	330	13	8	660	26	16
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174	KI (68/10)	Key Indicator of Employment and Unemployment in India, 2011-12	-	-	-	-	-	-
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178	563	Employment and Unemployment situation among Social Groups in India	390	16	10	780	32	20
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188	572	Livestock Ownership in India	180	7	5	360	14	10
		All India Debt & Investment NSS 70th Round (January 2013-December 2013)						
189	KI (70/18.2)	Key Indicators of Debt and Investment in India	-	-	-	-	-	-
190	570	Household Assets and Liabilities	470	18	12	940	36	24
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193	573	Some Aspects of Farming	260	10	7	520	20	14
		Social Consumption: Health NSS 71st Round (January 2014-June 2014)						
194	KI (71/25.0)	Key Indicators of Social Consumption: Health	-	-	-	-	-	-
195	574	Health in India	475	17	12	950	34	24
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